

Run over by train, mother, 2 children die

OUR CORRESPONDENT, Gazipur

A mother and her two children died after being run over by a train in the Bazar Gate area of Pubail railway station in Gazipur yesterday morning.

The deceased were identified as Hafeza Khatun, 35, her daughter, Tabassum, 8, and her son, Maruf, 5.

Locals said Hafeza lived with her children at her in-laws' house.

They said Hafeza and her husband argued yesterday morning. She then dressed her daughter in uniform and left home for school.

Around 10:45am, she went to the outer signal area east of Pubail Bazar rail gate and jumped under the Brahmanbaria-bound Titas Commuter train with her children, they claimed.

All three died on the spot.

Pubail Police Station Officer-in-Charge Atiqur Rahman said, "Whether the incident was a suicide or an accident has not yet been confirmed. The matter is being investigated."

Railway Police Officer at Narsingdi Railway Station Mohammad Nazim Uddin said, "Details related to the incident will be given later."

DGHS issues health directives for polls

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

Health authorities have issued a set of emergency instructions to be enforced nationwide from February 10 to 15 -- aimed at ensuring uninterrupted healthcare services and prompt emergency response.

DGHS Director (hospital) Abu Hussain Md Moinul Ahsan said the directives were given to all directors of medical colleges and specialised hospitals, divisional directors, superintendents of district hospitals, civil surgeons, upazila health and family planning officers and the president or general secretary of the Bangladesh Private Hospital/Clinic and Diagnostic Centres Owners Association.

Under the directives, medical teams will be formed at all administrative levels -- six in each city corporation, four at the divisional level, three at the district level, two at the upazila level and one at each union.

In addition, 24-hour control rooms will operate at all divisional health offices and civil surgeon offices throughout the election period to respond swiftly to any health-related emergencies.

Hospitals have also been asked to deploy additional staff in emergency departments, if necessary, while ambulances must remain on standby round the clock.

Institution heads are required to remain present at their workplaces during the election period, and if on leave, must delegate responsibility to a qualified official and inform the DGHS of the person's name, designation and mobile number.

Private hospitals and clinics have been directed to keep emergency departments operational at all times with doctors on duty.



Unscrupulous traders openly sell squirrels at a weekly bird market, in violation of the Wildlife Conservation Act. Under the law, hunting, selling and transporting squirrels are punishable offences. These traders trap squirrels from nearby forests and villages, threatening the species' survival, and sell them for Tk 500 to Tk 2,000 depending on age. The photo was taken recently at the Noyabati bird market in Khalishpur, Khulna.

PHOTO: HABIBUR RAHMAN

Uneven access, weak financial protection plague healthcare

Experts tell policy dialogue on Universal Health Coverage

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

Although Bangladesh has made measurable progress in several health outcomes, including immunisation and maternal healthcare, the country is lagging in many indicators for achieving Universal Health Coverage (UHC) by 2030, health experts and professionals said yesterday.

They said access to quality health services remains uneven, while financial protection against health-related expenditures continues to be limited for a large segment of the population.

They emphasised the need for targeted initiatives, expansion of quality primary healthcare and an increase in the health budget, among several other interventions, to achieve the targets.

The observations came at a policy dialogue titled "Monitoring Progress on Universal Health Coverage", held yesterday at the CIRDAP Auditorium in the capital.

The Power and Participation Research Centre (PPRC) and the UHC Forum organised the dialogue with support from Unicef.

Aminul Hasan, member secretary of the UHC Forum, gave a detailed presentation on progress and challenges, citing recent data.

According to service coverage indicators, Bangladesh's score stands at 54 out of 100, driven mainly by gains in childhood immunisation at 98 percent and tuberculosis treatment at 95 percent.

However, the country is lagging in the management of non-communicable diseases, including hypertension and diabetes, as well as in the people-to-



SUGGESTIONS

Increase allocation for health budget

- Expand quality primary healthcare services
- Reduce out-of-pocket health expenditure
- Improve access for low-income, marginalised groups
- Strengthen NCD prevention, treatment

healthcare worker ratio.

Although access to services is increasing, healthcare is becoming more expensive for service seekers due to high out-of-pocket expenditure -- the money people pay directly from their own pockets -- which has reached 73 percent, he said.

There are also significant gaps in access to healthcare based on financial status,

geographic location and gender, he added.

Giving a regional comparison, Aminul said Bangladesh's score stands at 54, compared to 69 for India and 78 for Sri Lanka, while Pakistan's score is 48.

"Bangladesh has made commendable but uneven progress towards UHC, with strengths in maternal and child health, immunisation and reduced mortality since 2015. However, as of 2025, the country remains substantially far from the 2030 goals," he said.

Prof MA Faiz, former director general of the Directorate General of Health Services, said, "The reality indicates that we are not doing well."

He said people from the lower quintile of society, who need services the most, are the ones most deprived of them.

Hossain Zillur Rahman, executive chairman of PPRC and convener of the UHC Forum, stressed the need to move from discussion to strategy and decentralisation at the institutional level.

He said the dialogue focused on how to operationalise identified priorities and chart a clear way forward, and highlighted the growing importance of engaging political actors in health reform.

Ashadul Islam, former health secretary, Prof Abul Kalam Azad, another former director general of DGHS, Mohammad Touhidul Islam, national professional officer (health financing) of WHO Bangladesh, Shamim Hayder Talukder, chief executive officer of Eminence, Aftab Uddin, country director of Hope Foundation for Women and Children of Bangladesh, and Shishir Moral, special correspondent at Prothom Alo, also spoke at the programme.

'Safe water a universal right'

Convention adopts 12-point Khulna Declaration

OUR CORRESPONDENT, Khulna

The third Coastal Water Convention 2026 concluded in Khulna yesterday with a strong call to recognise safe water as a universal right and to adopt integrated, ecosystem-based approaches to address Bangladesh's deepening water crisis.

Held from January 24 to 26 at the CSS Aya Centre, the three-day convention brought together policymakers, researchers, development practitioners and community representatives to discuss water insecurity, climate change impacts and governance challenges in coastal and other vulnerable regions of the country.

The convention ended with the adoption of the 12-point Khulna Declaration, which outlines a comprehensive roadmap to address water scarcity, salinity intrusion, waterlogging, ecosystem degradation and livelihood insecurity across coastal and inland regions.

The declaration emphasises that water should not be treated merely as a resource, but recognised as a fundamental component of ecosystems.



RECOMMENDATIONS

- Adopt ecosystem-based water management
- Formulate water policy, action plan
- End waterlogging, saline water intrusion
- Free rivers from encroachment
- Promote community-based water management

Among its key recommendations, the declaration calls for the formulation of a distinct national water policy and action plan that reflects the ecological sensitivity of Bangladesh's diverse agro-ecological zones. The declaration stresses the need for community-based water and wetland management, combining indigenous knowledge with modern technology to protect biodiversity, livelihoods and cultural practices.

To address environmental degradation, the declaration calls for an end to human-induced waterlogging and saline water intrusion in agricultural lands, and for a ban on unplanned, saline-water-dependent shrimp farming. It also highlights the importance of restoring river connectivity by freeing rivers from encroachment and reconnecting canals and other wetlands to prevent prolonged waterlogging.

The Khulna Declaration further recommends forming a parliamentary caucus on water and ecosystem protection. Special emphasis is placed on protecting the livelihoods of fishers dependent on rivers, wetlands, estuaries and the sea, as well as safeguarding fish breeding ecosystems.

It also advocates ecosystem-centred coastal settlement planning, focusing on reducing land, air and water pollution and conserving critical habitats through sustainable development strategies.

The closing message of the convention was delivered by Dr Md Khairul Islam, regional director for South Asia at WaterAid. "If local political leaders are engaged and demands are raised through them, and if those demands are presented in parliament through policy-making processes, some level of resolution will be possible," he said.

The closing plenary was moderated by Prof Dr Kazi Maruf Islam of Dhaka University.

39 noted citizens

FROM PAGE 3

rushed from Bagerhat to Jashore with a parole application. However, due to what the statement described as bureaucratic indifference and the excuse of weekly holidays, no steps were taken to assist them.

Instead, according to media reports cited in the statement, police submitted a report claiming that bringing Saddam out could worsen the law-and-order situation due to a possible gathering of thousands of people, and advised the district administration not to consider the application positively.

"With the son in jail and the daughter-in-law and grandson lying dead at home, is it reasonable to expect a family to know which office to go to -- Bagerhat or Jashore, prison administration or district administration, Friday or Saturday?" the statement asked.

Eventually, the family brought the two bodies from Bagerhat to Jashore Central Jail so that Saddam could see them for the last time. He was allowed only five minutes.

ICT verdict brings grief

FROM PAGE 3

"We strongly condemn and protest this incident. We denounce the inhuman, thoughtless and cruel behaviour of the bureaucracy," it said.

"Saddam was not a death-row convict for whom parole would pose serious danger. Even if he were, the law recognises granting parole to attend the funeral of a close relative," the statement said.

"In this matter, Saddam's political views or whether he is involved in any crime are entirely irrelevant," it added.

The statement was signed by Sultana Kamal of Human Rights Protection Council, Shirin Parvin Haq of Naripokkho, Khushi Kabir of Nijera Kori, Dr Iftekharuzzaman of TIB, Rasheda K Chowdhury of Campaign for Popular Education, Supreme Court lawyer ZI Khan Panna, photographer Shahidul Alam, Barrister Sara Hossain, Shamsul Huda of ALRD, Shaheen Anam of Manusher Jonno Foundation, Dr Shahnaz Huda, Dr Samina Luthfa and Dr Sumaiya Khair of Dhaka University, among others.

policemen. As the verdict was announced, constables Sujan and Nasirul were seen crying in the dock, while their family members wept silently.

Rahima Akhter, who lost her only son Yakub in Chankarpul and had earlier lost her husband, stood quietly among the crowd. "Since my son's death, I have lived in constant grief," she said. "The accused have been given three-year sentences. After three years, they will come out of jail. Then they will be a threat to our safety."

Chief Prosecutor Tajul Islam said the prosecution believed the sentences were inconsistent with justice.

"Considering the way our young people sacrificed their lives in the July uprising, and after the guilt of those who directly opened fire has been proved, such light sentences are not consistent with justice."

"We will appeal and seek the death penalty for each of them. This was not ordinary murder. In crimes against humanity, it is not necessary to prove whose bullet killed whom -- no one can escape punishment simply because that was not proved," he said while briefing journalists after the verdict was pronounced.



The Largest Exhibition of Digital Devices, Innovation, and Technology in Bangladesh

Date: 28-31 January 2026

Venue: Bangladesh-China Friendship Conference Center (BCFC), Agargaon, Dhaka

Time: 10:00 AM – 8:00 PM

Chief Guest

Dr. Muhammad Yunus
Honorable Chief Adviser
Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh

PLATINUM SPONSOR

GOLD SPONSOR

SILVER SPONSOR

STARLINK PARTNER

PARTNER

Key Attractions:

- ★ Exhibition and sales of computers, laptops, mobile phones, and digital devices
- ★ E-Sports competitions
- ★ PC battle, keyboard battle, Cosplay show
- ★ Innovation and startup zone
- ★ Seminars and panel discussions (with participation of local and international experts)

For Registration:

<https://ddiexpo.com.bd/#register> www.facebook.com/ddiexpo2026/

Scan Here

Discounts and Attractive Prizes on Computers, Laptops, and Mobile Phones