



BCB springs surprise, opens door to Shakib's return P11



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Onslaught of AI content aims to sway voters

Unofficial pro-BNP, pro-Jamaat actors flood social media with disinformation, manipulative narratives; pro-AL pages target interim govt, NCP's female politicians

ABDULLAH HEL BUBUN and ABIR AYON

On January 11, a Facebook reel featured a police officer at a staged press conference, where the official confidently predicted that Bangladesh Jamaat-e-Islami would secure 200 seats in the upcoming election. The clip also uses derogatory language to accuse the Bangladesh Nationalist Party (BNP) of systematic extortion.

Just days earlier, another reel featured a supposed Islamic preacher, vehemently criticising Jamaat for allegedly deviating from the principles of Islam practised in Madinah. In a third short clip, a purported news presenter claims that the United States is sparing no effort to ensure the Awami League's return to power.

But look closer, and the inconsistencies are glaring: facial movements such as blinking and lip-sync appear unnatural, the lighting and textures don't match, and backgrounds often show distortion. And the audio fails to align with the speaker's mouth movements.

Fact is, both videos are fake, made with deepfake and cheapfake artificial intelligence (AI) tools. Social media has no shortage of such content. As the February 12 election draws closer, AI-generated misinformation and disinformation are increasingly flooding Facebook, an investigation by The Daily Star

has found.

Between December 14, 2025, and January 14, 2026, this newspaper documented and analysed 97 pieces of AI-generated content on Facebook, most of them videos,

Many viewers were found to be believing the contents to be true, comment analysis shows.

Data also show an accelerating trend in such AI content as the election day nears. Between the



coming from 19 pages and profiles (see methodology online).

These contents pushed political agendas across parties, attacking

opponents or boosting

their own camps, often through manipulation and disinformation. Together, these contents drew 1.6 million engagements within the first 24 hours after they were posted, underscoring the vast number of users exposed to them and raising questions about their potential influence on voters.

first week and final week of data collection, incidents of spreading such content more than tripled from 9 to 33, or a 267% increase within this limited dataset.

Experts point out that AI content acts as a strategic tool to sway public opinion, although its danger must be measured by whether it crosses the "harm threshold" of inciting violence or suppressing voters.

Noting that social media platforms have the technical capacity to detect coordinated inauthentic behaviour, experts also stressed that the platforms should

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Bangladesh replaced by Scotland in T20 WC

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

Bangladesh's hopes of featuring in the upcoming ICC Men's T20 World Cup ended yesterday after the International Cricket Council confirmed Scotland as their replacement for the tournament, scheduled to be held in India and Sri Lanka from February 7 to March 8.

The decision brings to a close more than three weeks of uncertainty following the Bangladesh Cricket Board's (BCB) refusal on January 4 to travel to India for their scheduled matches, citing security concerns and the government's directive.

Thus, Bangladesh, a cricket-crazy nation that began its World Cup

journey at the 1999 ODI World Cup, will miss a cricket World Cup for the first time since.

In a media release yesterday, the ICC stated that following a meeting on Wednesday, the ICC Business Corporation (IBC) Board asked the BCB to confirm within 24 hours whether Bangladesh would participate as scheduled. As no confirmation was received within the stipulated deadline, the ICC moved forward with its replacement process.

In response, the BCB said it has accepted the ICC's decision and won't press the matter any further following a board of directors' meeting last night.



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MANIFESTO EXPECTATIONS

With the national election less than a month away, political parties are finalising their manifestos. The Daily Star spoke to experts to identify the pressing issues that should top the agenda for parties.

Commit to equity, quality in edn

ARAFAT RAHAMAN

Political parties must place education at the centre of their manifestos and pledge to address deep-rooted problems – from poor learning outcomes to widening inequality in the sector, say educationists.

They also stress the need for research-based policies and stronger governance to restore public confidence in the education system.

Manzoor Ahmed, professor emeritus at BRAC

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STORIES, PHOTOS FROM THE CAMPAIGN TRAIL ON PAGE 2

UNBOWED
The Daily Star
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The Daily Star, marking its 35th anniversary, has been bringing you a five-part series of in-depth supplements examining some of the most pressing issues. Today, we present the concluding part of the 200-page supplement, themed

PRIORITIES FOR TOMORROW

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In the run-up to February 12 polls, Shakeel Anwar visits outlying constituencies to hear directly from voters about their hopes, demands and expectations.

An election in the shadow of grief

SHAKEEL ANWAR from Rangpur

As the February 12 elections approach, Bangladesh's political conversation is growing louder, shaped by party narratives, elite analysis and the arithmetic of power. I wanted to step away

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DEEPAL

DHS AUTOS

TOUCH THE FUTURE

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18 DAYS TO VOTE



PHOTO: STAR/COLLECTED/AZAHAR UDDIN/TITU DAS

ON THE CAMPAIGN TRAIL... Clockwise from top left: Islami Andolan Bangladesh Ameer Mufti Syed Muhammad Rezaul Karim addresses a rally in support of the party candidate for Dhaka-3. BNP candidate Shafiqul Haque Milon, from Rajshahi-3, during a voter outreach programme in Naohata. Bangladesher Samajtantrik Dal nominee Dr Manisha Chakraborty, from Barishal-5, meets voters in town. The National Citizen Party unveils its election theme song at Shahbagh. The photos were taken yesterday.

‘Engaging children in sports, culture can curb online harm’

Tarique addresses reels competition winners; Zaima urges awareness against online harassment

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

BNP Chairman Tarique Rahman yesterday said effective primary education and engaging children in productive activities would help reduce the misuse of the internet and harmful exposure among the youth, stressing his party’s plans to include sports and culture in school curricula.



“If we teach children from an early age what is right and what is wrong, what is fair and what is unfair, then when a child reaches a certain stage, these ideas will stay in their mind.

“When these children pass primary and secondary education and enter society – whether in business, jobs or other professions – they will gradually apply these social values,” he said at a meet and greet with 10 winners of the national reel-making competition “Amar Bhabnay Bangladesh” at Justice Shahabuddin Park in the capital’s Gulshan yesterday afternoon.

Emphasising the role of primary school teachers, he said, “A primary teacher shows a child the world. If teachers teach values properly, children will remember them. This is how gradual change can be brought.”

“That’s why we want to give more importance to primary education. Our goal is not to build new three- or four-storey school buildings. Instead, we want to use that budget to make primary teachers more qualified and provide them with training.”

About internet misuse and exposure to harmful content, Tarique said more work was needed in this area. “A child between the ages of

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‘They wanted to isolate us, but now they are alone’

Says Islami Andolan chief

OUR CORRESPONDENT, Munshiganj

Mufti Syed Muhammad Rezaul Karim, ameer of Islami Andolan Bangladesh (IAB), has said a section of people began dreaming of coming to power alone after the July uprising, but have since become isolated.

“We were following a simple and sincere path. But that section created such a situation through various conspiracies that we would either have to fall into a trap or be left alone,” he said, without naming anyone directly.

The party chief, who is also the Pir of Charmonai, made the remarks yesterday afternoon while addressing an election rally at Sonarang Amtali Madrasa field in Tongibari upazila, in support of party candidate KM Billal Hossain for the Munshiganj-2 constituency.

“They trapped other non-Islamist parties and created trouble to push us out. Islami Andolan Bangladesh is no longer alone. Rather, they [conspirators] have become isolated,” he said.

He further claimed that those who carried out conspiracies using Islam would not run the country under Shariah law because they had become detached from true Islamic principles. “People who love Islam have left them and come to us,” he added.

Rezaul also alleged that while IAB genuinely loves the country, the “conspirators” held secret meetings with the United States in the name of patriotism.

At the rally, he urged voters to cast their ballots for IAB’s Billal.

On January 16, IAB announced it would contest the national election independently, pulling out of the Jamaat-e-Islami-led 11-party alliance.

The alliance was formed ahead of the polls through a joint movement of eight mostly religion-based parties to press demands including elections under a proportional representation system and a referendum before the polls.

Besides Jamaat and Islami Andolan, the parties in the alliance were Bangladesh Khelafat Majlis, Khelafat Majlis, Bangladesh Khelafat Andolon, Jatiya Ganatantrik Party, Nezam-e-Islam Party, and Bangladesh Development Party.

‘Will form inclusive govt if voted to power’

Jamaat ameer tells rally in Sirajganj

STAR REPORT

Jamaat-e-Islami Ameer Shafiqur Rahman yesterday said his party would form an inclusive government involving all sections of people if it came to power.

“If we get the opportunity to govern, Insha’Allah, we will form a government taking everyone along. United efforts are needed to move the country forward,” he said while addressing an election rally at Islamia Government College ground in Sirajganj.

Shafiqur also said justice would be ensured for all irrespective of religion or ethnicity, adding that the establishment of justice in the judicial system would accelerate the country’s overall development.

At a different rally during his tour of North Bengal, the Jamaat



ameer said he does not want to “humiliate” young people by offering unemployment allowances and promised jobs for educated youth.

“We don’t want to turn Bangladesh into a factory of the unemployed by offering unemployment allowances. We want to turn every young hand into that of a nation-builder. As soon as their education is completed, we want to ensure dignified employment for educated jobseekers.”

To create jobs, he promised to establish agri-based industries and export processing zones (EPZs) in the northern districts, alongside restoring the vitality of the region’s rivers.

Expressing determination to rebuild what he described as a “gradually strangled” North Bengal through education, industry and healthcare, Shafiqur called on the local youth to create a wave of support in favour of a “Yes” vote in the referendum.

The Jamaat chief made these remarks yesterday, when he addressed six rallies across four districts on the second day of his North Bengal tour ahead of the 13th national election slated for February 12.

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‘The days of neglecting Dhaka-9 over’

Says Tasnim Jara as she reveals her six-point manifesto

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

Tasnim Jara, an independent candidate for the Dhaka-9 constituency and a former NCP leader, yesterday unveiled her six-point election manifesto, pledging to address the area’s long-standing problems.

Sharing the manifesto on Facebook, she said she would present a concrete action plan to resolve the issues if elected.

“The days of neglecting Dhaka-9 are over. We pay equal taxes; our rights must be equal. This time, we will claim our fair share,” she said, referring to her constituency, which covers Khilgaon, Sobujbagh, and Mugda thana areas under the Dhaka South City Corporation.

Though not a “professional politician”, Tasnim said she belongs to the area.

“During elections, leaders come, take votes, and disappear. The state treats us only as a source of revenue. We pay the same taxes as Gulshan-Banani but receive third-class services,” she wrote, outlining proposals to end the disparity.

She proposed a ‘No Service, No Bill’ policy for gas and utility services and promised to draft a law in parliament to enforce it. She also vowed to dismantle the

SEE PAGE 9 COL 1



Family, farmers cards BNP ploy to buy votes: Nahid

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

Nahid Islam, convener of the National Citizen Party (NCP) and the 10-party alliance candidate for Dhaka-11, yesterday alleged that the BNP is using family and farmer cards to buy votes.

“People do not trust these promises anymore. They want implementation because they have heard too many false assurances in the past,” Nahid told journalists while campaigning at Queens Garden area in his constituency, where he inaugurated an election office.

He also alleged that the BNP is violating the electoral code of conduct and intimidating NCP activists.

Nahid claimed that the party has prepared a list of NCP well-wishers, supporters, and activists and is either filing false cases against them or planning to “deal with them” after the polls.

The NCP leader said BNP activists were hanging and plastering posters in the area in clear violation of the electoral code of conduct, while his banners and posters were being torn down.

“We are witnessing an atmosphere of fear in different areas of my constituency,” he said, adding that the prevailing environment is not conducive for voters to cast their votes freely.

“If we see the Election Commission lose its neutrality at the final stage, we will launch an all-out movement against it. This is our warning,” he said.

He also alleged that land grabbing and illegal occupation have intensified since August 5 under a specific political group.

“Land grabbing is continuing, particularly by our rival candidate. We are committed to fighting corruption, discrimination, and authoritarianism,” he said, reaffirming his pledge to push

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BNP leader shot on Thursday night, dies

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

A union-level BNP leader in Dhaka’s Keraniganj upazila died at a hospital in the capital yesterday after he was shot by unidentified individuals on Thursday night.

Hasan Molla died while undergoing treatment at Holy Family Red Crescent Medical College Hospital around 3:00pm, Jahangir Alam, additional superintendent of police (Keraniganj Circle), told The Daily Star.

Police are investigating the shooting incident and trying to arrest those involved, he added.

Hasan, general secretary of BNP’s Hazratpur union unit, was shot near his residence in Keraniganj’s Dhalikandi around 9:30pm on Thursday.

Critically injured, he was first taken to Dhaka Medical College Hospital (DMCH).

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BNP dismisses India deal claim as ‘disinformation’

Slams fraudulent attempts centring its welfare plans

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

The BNP has rejected the claim of a deal with India, calling it “complete disinformation meant to create controversy” ahead of the election.

Mahdi Amin, spokesperson for the BNP’s election steering committee, outlined the party’s position at a press conference at the party office in the capital’s Gulshan yesterday.

His remarks followed a statement by Jamaat Nayeb-e-Ameer Syed Abdullah Mohammad Taher, who claimed at a rally in Cumilla that a party was “making a deal with India” to rule the country.

Responding, Mahdi said, “Naturally, he could not and will not be able to present any proof to support his claim. The information in his claim that appeared in the media has no minimum basis in reality and no truth at all.

“If he was given wrong information or this was done to spread confusion, then is that his ignorance? We believe it is either a political tactic or ignorance.”

Mahdi emphasised that BNP’s politics is pro-Bangladesh. “The politics of our leader Tarique Rahman puts Bangladesh first – Bangladesh’s interests, sovereignty and empowerment of the people,” he said.

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9 Indian officials leave Rampal plant without approval

OUR CORRESPONDENT, Bagerhat

Nine Indian officials from the Rampal Power Plant, operated by the Bangladesh India Friendship Power Company Limited (BIFPCL), have left Bangladesh without prior approval.

The plant’s Deputy General Manager (Public Relations), Anwarul Azim, told The Daily Star yesterday, “Nine Indian officials, including eight engineers and one finance officer, left the plant today without formally notifying the authorities. We only became aware of their departure this morning when they were absent from their posts.”

The plant authorities later confirmed that the officials had returned to India without informing the management.

Anwarul added that the authorities are investigating the reasons behind their sudden departure.

“Despite their sudden exit, there will be no disruptions to the plant’s operations. Our local engineers are capable of managing the facility independently, and we do not anticipate any technical or operational issues,” he said.

Further action will be taken after reviewing the circumstances of the incident, he added.

Man killed, dismembered

Woman arrested

STAFF CORRESPONDENT, Ctg

Police have arrested a woman after recovering the body parts of a murdered butcher in Bayezid Bostami, Chattogram.

The victim, Anis, 38, was identified after police recovered parts of his body from canals and other locations in the Shahidnagar and Loharpul areas over two days until Friday.

Amirul Islam, deputy commissioner of Chattogram Metropolitan Police, said at a press briefing on Friday night that Sufia, 39, a resident of Raozan, was arrested from Shahidnagar after police confirmed the victim’s identity.

Acting on her statement, police recovered additional body parts, he said, adding that Sufia’s brother may also be involved.

Police have also detained two more individuals for questioning in connection with the incident.

Earlier, police recovered two severed hands and two legs of an unidentified person from two separate locations near the Oxygen intersection on Thursday night. A forensic team later confirmed the victim’s identity through fingerprint matching.

Police said Anis was a resident of Raozan upazila and worked as a butcher in the Oxygen area.

Later, police recovered his head from a canal in the Loharpul area on Friday afternoon.

Zahedul Kabir, officer-in-charge of Bayezid Bostami Police Station, said Sufia and Anis had been in an extramarital relationship for a long time.

“Recently, a dispute arose between them. Following this, the killing took place,” he said, adding that the body parts were disposed of in different locations in an attempt to conceal the crime.

Police said further investigation was under way.



PHOTO: PRABIR DAS

A high-level delegation from Unesco visits The Daily Star Centre in Dhaka yesterday to express solidarity with the newspaper following the December 19 mob attacks and arson at its headquarters. Officials from Unesco headquarters in Paris and its Dhaka office toured the fire-damaged sections on the first and second floors.

Security, stability top voter concerns in Dhaka-10

SHARIF M SHAFIQUE and
SADI MUHAMMAD ALOK

Tanima Mahjabin, a resident of Elephant Road, has been a victim of mugging at least five times in Dhanmondi and Kalabagan.

After losing her mobile phone in the latest incident, she has come to believe that such crimes cannot be eliminated without ending the criminalisation of politics.

Tanima refrained from voting in the last three general elections but is now keenly interested in the upcoming polls.

Since the election schedule was announced, she has been searching for candidates contesting the Dhaka-10 constituency. Having grown up in Hazaribagh, she is well informed about the pulse of the locality.

"Everyone should vote for a qualified candidate regardless of party or symbol. I will vote for whoever can ensure women's safety," she told The Daily Star.

Comprising wards 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 22 and 55 of the Dhaka South City Corporation, Dhaka-10 is widely



Voters want more than a power shift; they want an end to corruption, extortion and misrule.

MD JASHIM UDDIN SARKER
Jamaat candidate

If corruption, land grabbing, or extortion occurs, I ask the people to contact me directly.



SHEIKH RABIUL ALAM
BNP candidate

regarded as one of the capital's most "elite" constituencies.

The constituency encompasses vital landmarks, including Dhanmondi Lake, New Market, Jigatola, Tannery Mor, Sat Masjid Road, Green Road, Abahani Grounds, Square Hospital, Shukrabad, Sobhanbagh, Dhaka City College, and Dhaka College.

Despite the modern roads and high-

risers, Dhanmondi and Kalabagan frequently witness incidents of mugging and extortion.

Meanwhile, densely populated areas such as Hazaribagh, Jigatola and Kamrangirchar suffer from chronic waterlogging, gas shortages, and a lack of playgrounds.

Mohammad Kabir, who has been running a tea stall in different parts of Dhanmondi for nearly 30 years, said he has faced repeated evictions despite assurances from politicians about permanent space.

Driven by the need for a livelihood, he has set up his stall once again. Now a voter of Dhaka-10, his perspective is grounded in survival.

"The country has many problems, but I believe unemployment is the foremost," Kabir told The Daily Star. "Unemployment fuels crime, theft, mugging and drug abuse. The new government's top priority should be top priority."

The New Market area, a major commercial and educational hub, continues to face traffic congestion,

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Partho calls for unity, peaceful campaign

OUR CORRESPONDENT,
Barishal

Bangladesh Jatiya Party Chairman Andaleev Rahman Partho yesterday

received a warm and enthusiastic welcome as he returned to his hometown Bhola for a public outreach programme after eight years.

Partho arrived in Barishal by road from Dhaka before travelling to Bhola by speedboat from Laharhat.

People lined the riverbank, roadsides and even rooftops to see and greet the Bhola-born leader.

Addressing the

SEE PAGE 4 COL 3

Plots afoot to undermine July uprising Says Mamunul

OUR CORRESPONDENT,
Pirojpur

Chief of Bangladesh Khelafat Majlis Mamunul Haque yesterday alleged that a conspiracy is gradually taking shape to undermine the July uprising, which he said was achieved through the collective participation of students and general people.

He made the remarks while addressing an election rally of Jamaat-e-Islami at Pirojpur-2 constituency at Government Swarupkathi Model Secondary School field in Nesarabad upazila

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Professor Salimullah Khan speaks at the ninth episode of Itihas Adda, titled "Abu Mohamed Habibullah'r Itihas Chorchha," held at The Daily Star Centre yesterday.

PHOTO: STAR

ABM Habibullah redefined how Bengal's history is read Say speakers at Star Itihas Adda

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

For decades, history in this region focused on dynasties, wars and imperial courts, but Professor ABM Habibullah shifted attention to trade, culture and the social lives of ordinary people in Bengal, said speakers at an event yesterday.

Academics and journalists made the remarks at the ninth episode of Itihas Adda, titled "Abu Mohamed Habibullah'r Itihas Chorchha," held at The Daily Star Centre.

They said Habibullah's work challenged colonial interpretations of history and traced the independent roots of Bangalee Muslim identity.

Professor Salimullah Khan described Habibullah as a lone figure in the intellectual landscape of East Bengal, noting that he stood outside the dominant historical traditions centred on Calcutta or Aligarh.

He said Habibullah's scholarship directly countered the views of colonial-era historians, including Sir Jadunath Sarkar.

"Jadunath Sarkar believed that any significant achievement of the Muslim community in India took place only during the Mughal period," Salimullah said.

"Habibullah Sir rejected that idea. He argued that the Turko-Afghan period, or the Sultanate era, laid the real foundation of Muslim rule and civilisation in the subcontinent," he added.

Salimullah also explained Habibullah's reading of Bengal's long political independence from Delhi during the Sultanate period. According to Habibullah, Bengal remained independent for more than two centuries because of its control over maritime trade routes dominated by Arab merchants.

"As long as the Arabs controlled the Indian Ocean, Bengal

maintained an independent connection with the wider world," Salimullah said.

"When the Portuguese defeated the Arabs and took control of the sea routes, that link was broken. Bengal was then forced to look inward towards Delhi and eventually lost its sovereignty to the Mughals," he added.

Salimullah further said Habibullah's method could be used to question later historical interpretations, including those of historian Richard Eaton on mass conversion in Bengal.

He said Islam in Bengal evolved from an urban, merchant-based religion into a rural social force during the independent Sultanate period, driven mainly by Sufis and missionaries rather than imperial authority.

Md Anisur Rahman, a researcher and teacher at Jagannath

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Dialogue key to navigating bilateral challenges

Says Fouzul at India's Republic Day event

DIPLOMATIC
CORRESPONDENT

The challenges of the bilateral relationship between Bangladesh and India should be approached as opportunities for renewed dialogue, said Power, Energy and Mineral Resources Adviser Muhammad Fouzul Kabir Khan yesterday.

"Like any neighbour, our bilateral relations do have challenges, but our shared experience shows that we have overcome challenges in the past and renewed our partnership for the greater good of the people," he said at India's Republic Day event organised by the Indian High Commission at a city hotel.

The event was attended by politicians, diplomats, journalists, academics, business leaders and civil society members.

"Guided by goodwill, mutual trust and respect, Bangladesh aims to foster strong relations with its neighbouring countries, including India, and expects those relations to be based on fairness, mutual dignity and equity," Fouzul said.

"We are committed to advancing this relationship through a people-centric approach. Placing the welfare of our people at its core, I am confident that our ties will continue to grow," he said.

"Our shared geography reminds us that what unites us -- the rivers, the forests, the mountains, the music, the writings and the dreams of our people -- is more powerful than what divides us," he said.

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China-backed hospital to boost healthcare in north

TUHIN SHUBHIRA ADHIKARY and
MD ASADUZ ZAMAN

The government is set to build a 1,000-bed hospital in Nilphamari at a cost of Tk 2,459 crore, with most of the funds supposed to be coming from China, to improve access to modern healthcare in the northern region.

Officials said a project to establish the "Bangladesh China Friendship Hospital" is expected to be placed before the Ecneec meeting today.

The project, titled "Establishment of a 1,000-bed Bangladesh-China Friendship General Hospital to provide advanced medical services to the people of the northern region and neighbouring countries," is scheduled to be implemented from January this year to December 2029.

Of the total cost, China is supposed to contribute Tk 2,280 crore as investment and grant, while the government will fund the remaining amount.

Once completed, the facility will be the first 1,000-bed hospital located at a district headquarters, as all existing hospitals of similar

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Hindus will no longer have to live in fear: Fakhrul

OUR CORRESPONDENT,
Thakurgaon

BNP Secretary General Mirza Fakhrul Islam Alamgir yesterday said that the party will ensure peace and security for all citizens if it is voted to power.

Fakhrul, also BNP's candidate from Thakurgaon-1 constituency, was addressing an election rally in Auliapur union of Thakurgaon Sadar upazila.

He said the foremost responsibility of a BNP government would be to ensure peace and security for all.

Claiming that the BNP always stands with the Hindu community, he said there is fear and anxiety among Hindu voters, as many believe that if they vote for someone else, they may be harmed.

"Our Hindu brothers and sisters will no longer have to live in fear. This country is yours. You have the same rights as Muslims. It must be remembered that we are all equal citizens of the same country," he also said.

SEE PAGE 4 COL 1

Snow, heavy rain kill 61 in Afghanistan

AFP, Kabul

Snow and heavy rain have killed 61 people in Afghanistan in the last three days, the disaster management authority said yesterday.

The deaths occurred between Wednesday and Friday, mainly in central and northern provinces of the country, according to a map released by ANDMA.

The “initial figures of casualties and destruction” also include 110 injured people and 458 houses either partially or fully destroyed, it added.

The Salang highway, one of Afghanistan’s main roads, has been closed, the provincial authority for Parwan said. Food supplies were distributed to travellers stuck on a mountain pass in the central Bamyan province.



Aurora borealis lights up the sky above a The Nuuk cathedral in Nuuk, Greenland, on Friday.

PHOTO: AFP

Israeli strike kills 2 teenagers in Gaza

US envoys in Israel for talks

AFP, Gaza City

Gaza’s civil defence agency said Israeli forces killed two teenagers in a drone strike yesterday, while the military said it eliminated two “terrorists” who planted an explosive device near troops.

The civil defence agency said the drone killed the two near Kamal Adwan Hospital in Beit Lahia, in northern Gaza. The territory’s Al-Shifa Hospital said it received the two bodies, adding they were two boys aged 13 and 15.

The Israeli military said the pair had posed an “immediate threat” to its soldiers as they crossed the Yellow Line and planted an explosive device in the area. Under a US-brokered ceasefire that came into effect on October 10, Israeli forces have withdrawn to positions behind a so-called “Yellow Line” in Gaza, though they remain in control of more than half of the territory.

Israeli forces have killed at least 477 Palestinians in Gaza since the ceasefire took effect.

Meanwhile, US envoys Steve Witkoff and Jared Kushner were in Israel yesterday to meet with Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu, mainly to discuss Gaza.

The US on Thursday announced plans for a “New Gaza” rebuilt from scratch, to include residential towers, data centres and seaside resorts.

Trump seeking to forge ‘new UN’: Lula

AFP, Brasilia

Brazilian President Luiz Inacio Lula da Silva accused Donald Trump on Friday of trying to create “a new UN” with his proposed “Board of Peace.”



The veteran leftist joins other world leaders who have avoided signing up for Trump’s new global conflict resolution organisation, where a permanent seat costs \$1 billion and the chairman is Trump himself.

“Instead of fixing” the United Nations, “what’s happening? President Trump is proposing to create a new UN where only he is the owner,” Lula said.

Trump unveiled his “Board of Peace” at the World Economic Forum in Davos Thursday, joined on stage by leaders and officials from 19 countries to sign its founding charter.

Lula defended multilateralism against what he called “the law of the jungle” in global affairs.

His remarks come a day after he spoke by phone with Chinese leader Xi Jinping, who urged his counterpart to safeguard the “central role” of the United Nations in international affairs.

NEW NATIONAL DEFENSE STRATEGY

US to limit support for allies

Priority shifts to homeland security; curbing China remains main global focus

AGENCIES

The US military will prioritize protecting the homeland and deterring China while providing “more limited” support to allies in Europe and elsewhere, a Pentagon strategy document released on Friday said.

The 2026 National Defense Strategy (NDS) marks a significant departure from past Pentagon policy, both in its emphasis on allies taking on increased burdens with less backing from Washington, and its softer tone on traditional foes China and Russia.

“As US forces focus on homeland defense and the Indo-Pacific, our allies and partners elsewhere will take primary responsibility for their own defense with critical but more limited support from American forces,” the strategy said.

The previous NDS – released under President Donald Trump’s predecessor Joe Biden – described China as Washington’s most consequential challenge and said that Russia posed an “acute threat.”

Latin America tops the US ‘global’ focus

‘Respectful relations’ with Beijing sought

Russia threat seen as ‘persistent but manageable’

Pentagon foresees ‘more limited’ role in deterring North Korea

The new document however urges “respectful relations” with Beijing – while making no mention of US ally Taiwan, which China claims as its territory – and describing the threat from Russia as a “persistent but manageable” one affecting Nato’s eastern members.

Both the Biden and Trump strategies say homeland defense is important, but their descriptions of the threats facing the US differ significantly.

The Trump administration’s NDS takes aim at the past administration for neglecting border security, saying this led to a “flood of illegal aliens” and widespread narcotics trafficking.

“Border security is national security,” and the Pentagon “will therefore prioritize efforts to seal our borders, repel forms of invasion, and deport illegal aliens,” it said.

The 2026 NDS also includes no mention of the dangers of climate change.

Like Trump’s national security strategy, which was released last month, the NDS elevates Latin America to the top of the US agenda. The document called that the “Trump Corollary to the Monroe Doctrine,” a reference to the declaration two centuries ago by the then-young United States that Latin America was off limits to rival powers.

The Pentagon also foresees a “more limited” role in deterring North Korea, with South Korea taking primary responsibility, a move that could lead to a reduction of US forces on the Korean Peninsula.

Suicide blast at wedding kills 7 in Pakistan

REUTERS, Dera Ismail Khan

The death toll from a suicide bombing at a wedding near the Afghan border rose to seven yesterday, police said.

The bombing tore through a building housing members of a peace committee during a wedding ceremony on Friday in northwestern Pakistan’s Dera Ismail Khan district, said a police official.

The committees are made up of local residents and elders and supported by Islamabad as part of its efforts to counter militants in the regions along the Afghan border.

No group has claimed responsibility for the bombing.

A death out of nowhere

FROM PAGE 12

As of last night, the police were still going through CCTV footage from the area and could not confirm from which building the rod fell.

“No one has been arrested yet. The investigation is ongoing,” the IO said.

According to the case statement, the incident occurred between 2:00pm and 2:45pm in front of Ashfaq’s office on Road-140 in Gulshan-1.

At the time, construction work was underway on the 25th floor of the Concord MBR Skyline building located across the road.

Ashfaq’s colleague Sazzad Hossain told The Daily Star that they had been standing and talking for five to six minutes when the rod fell from above.

“I am still traumatised. I still can’t believe that a lively man, who I was just talking to, could die in such an unfortunate way. This is just unacceptable,” Sazzad said.

Ashfaq’s brother-in-law, Ashraful Hasan, said Ashfaq’s wife and their

11-year-old daughter have been left numb with grief.

“This cannot be described as mere negligence; it was gross negligence that led to a death. Construction work on a 25-storey building along a busy road cannot be carried out without adequate safety measures,” he added.

CONCORD STATEMENT

In a statement issued yesterday, Concord Group expressed deep sorrow over the death and conveyed condolences to the victim’s family.

The group claimed that at the time of the incident, glass-cleaning work was being carried out at a nearby building, using a scaffold along the footpath. During the work, a small piece of iron rod fell from above and struck the pedestrian on the head, it said.

The statement said workers were seen hurriedly removing the scaffold after the incident. It also claimed that several steel rods were visible on the roof of that building, from where a loose rod may have fallen. Concord

said related video footage and visual evidence have been preserved.

According to the statement, Concord’s MBR Skyline project is located on the opposite side of the road, about 40 to 50 feet from the accident site.

“We want to state firmly and clearly that the rod involved in the accident did not come from the MBR Skyline project.”

Concord further claimed the recovered rod was old, rusted and partially painted and did not match rods used at its construction site.

It added that the northern side of the MBR Skyline building is fully covered with glass cladding and that no rod-related work was underway on that side.

The statement also said the footpath along Road-140 is protected by a tin shed and nylon safety nets, making it “practically impossible” for any object to fall from the building.

Concord said it is fully cooperating with the ongoing police investigation.

Probe points to feud over extortion: DMP

FROM PAGE 12

He added that police were working to dismantle the syndicates and would conduct further drives.

Musabbir, a former general secretary of Swachhasebak Dal’s Dhaka North City unit, was shot dead on January 7 in an alley off Kazi Nazrul Islam Avenue.

His wife filed a murder case with Tejgaon Police Station the following day, accusing four to five unidentified assailants.

On January 11, the DB arrested four suspects – Zinnat, Abdol Kadir, Md Reaz, and Md Bilal. Another alleged shooter, Rahim, was arrested from Narsingdi on Tuesday, bringing

the total number of arrestees to five.

Asked about their identities, Shafiqul said they should be described as extortionists rather than political activists.

“Extortionists have no political ideology. They use political banners only as a cover,” he said.

According to DB sources, Dilip is a close aide of a top criminal from the Tejgaon area.

After the 2024 political changeover, Dilip allegedly began extorting money from businessmen who had shifted their operations from the Bashundhara area to locations near Karwan Bazar.

When some shop owners refused to

pay, he allegedly threatened them over the phone. A video of such threats later circulated on social media.

Musabbir’s family has remained largely silent since the incident and declined to speak on record.

Speaking on condition of anonymity, a family member said they had never heard the name Dilip or Binash before police mentioned it.

“We even spoke to businessmen in the Karwan Bazar area, and they also said they had not heard of anyone extorting money under that name,” the family member said.

“We want the truth to come out quickly and the perpetrators to be brought to justice.”

‘Play a more effective role’

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Everyone should be able to speak freely and campaign independently.”

Majumdar also said that “money is playing a big role in the election”.

He said the authorities should have formed election expenditure monitoring committees for one or more constituencies to reduce costs, prevent irregularities, and ensure control over election spending. But this was not implemented, leaving the previous system intact.

Shujan had also proposed that political parties select candidates through a secret ballot of general members, creating a panel of three from each constituency, from which the party nominee would be chosen, he said.

Majumdar noted that although the existing Representation of the People Order provides for nominations based on such panels, no political party has created panels reflecting grassroots opinion nor

nominated candidates from them. “This is a clear violation of the law, and the Election Commission has taken no action,” he said.

Presenting the keynote paper, Sarkar said, “People want democracy to be institutionalised, the rule of law to be established, and good governance to prevail in all spheres of the state. There is no alternative to a free and fair election to fulfil these aspirations. Only through such an election can democratic transition truly begin.”

A final farewell

FROM PAGE 12

bucket of water and later took her own life,” he claimed.

Swarnali’s father, local Jatiya Party leader Ruhul Amin Howlader, said, “My daughter died by suicide. We do not want to blame anyone. We applied to receive the bodies of my daughter and grandson without delay. Now we will follow whatever decision the administration takes.”

Officer-in-Charge of Bagerhat Sadar Police Station Mohammad Masum Khan said a murder case had been filed over the death of the child.

“At this stage, whether the death of Swarnali was a murder or a suicide will be determined after the official autopsy report is received,” he said, adding that further legal steps would depend on the findings.

He also said issues related to the husband’s parole and other arrangements fall under the jurisdiction of the district magistrate, not the police.

Police said the autopsy report had not been received as of 9:00pm yesterday.

Russian attack aims at derailing talks

FROM PAGE 12

An initial US draft drew heavy criticism in Kyiv and western Europe for heaving too closely to Moscow’s demands, while Russia rejected later versions for proposing European peacekeepers in Ukraine.

Both sides say the fate of territory in the eastern Donbas region is the main outstanding issue in the search for a settlement to a war that has killed tens of thousands, displaced millions and devastated parts of Ukraine.

US President Donald Trump met his Ukrainian counterpart Volodymyr Zelensky at the World Economic Forum in Davos on Thursday and US envoy Steve Witkoff later held talks with Vladimir Putin in the Kremlin.

Thousands of people in Kyiv went without heating in sub-zero temperatures due to Russian strikes.

The European Union, which has sent hundreds of generators to Ukraine, has accused Moscow of “deliberately depriving civilians of heat”.

“Kyiv is under a massive enemy attack,” Mayor Vitali Klitschko posted on Telegram, reporting the latest overnight strikes. He added that several non-residential buildings

had been hit.

Fires broke out in several buildings hit by drone debris while heat and water services in parts of the capital were interrupted, he said.

Zelensky said Russia had launched “over 370 attack drones and 21 missiles of various types”.

The strikes left 88,000 families temporarily without power in Kyiv, according to DTEK, Ukraine’s largest energy provider.

Meanwhile, the head of the northern Chernigiv region, Vyacheslav Chaus, said “hundreds of thousands” were without electricity after Russian strikes on a critical energy facility in the Nizhyn district.

Zelensky last week declared a “state of emergency” in the energy sector, battered by relentless Russian strikes on heat and electricity supplies.

While diplomacy to end Europe’s worst conflict since World War II has gained pace, Moscow and Kyiv appear deadlocked over the issue of territory.

Hours after Putin met Witkoff – and Trump’s son-in-law Jared Kushner – in Moscow, the Kremlin said its demand that Kyiv withdraw from the eastern Donbas region still stood.

“Russia’s position is well known

on the fact that Ukraine, Ukrainian armed forces, have to leave the territory of the Donbas,” Kremlin spokesman Dmitry Peskov said.

“This is a very important condition,” he added.

Kyiv has rejected such terms. “The Donbas is a key issue,” Zelensky told reporters on Friday, ahead of the talks.

Zelensky said he and Trump had agreed on post-war security guarantees in Davos.

Russian and Ukrainian negotiators are last known to have met face-to-face in Istanbul last summer, in talks that ended only in deals to exchange captured soldiers.

The Abu Dhabi meeting is the first time they have faced each other to talk about the Trump administration’s plan.

Putin has repeatedly said Moscow intends to get full control of eastern Ukraine by force if talks fail.

Trump has in the past pressured Ukraine to agree to terms that Kyiv sees as capitulation.

“I believe they’re at a point now where they can come together and get a deal done,” he said on Wednesday.

“If they don’t, they’re stupid – that goes for both of them.”

Why have we failed to end migrant workers’ abuse?

A sinister nexus has been allowed to thrive

A recent Bloomberg investigation confirms what reports in *The Daily Star* and other media have been trying to establish: that a deliberately engineered system exists through which Bangladesh’s migrant workers are recruited, resulting in horrendous exploitations. It is a business model in which workers are charged up to \$6,600 for jobs that are often nonexistent, benefitting everyone in the nexus, including recruiters, political elites, and those working the digital system. Only the worker gets the raw end of the deal, left with huge debts to pay, losing dignity, and in some cases, life itself.

The shocking case of Shofiqul Islam, a Bangladeshi migrant worker who borrowed \$4,400 to get a construction job in Malaysia, only to end up dead in a derelict building outside Kuala Lumpur, is a stark example of the tragic consequences of this nefarious system. Shofiquel, like hundreds of others, reached Malaysia but found that there was no job. His employer disappeared, and he was left stranded in a building.

Over the past decade, more than 800,000 Bangladeshis went to Malaysia, and many of them have fallen into crippling debt, paying for recruitment fees that are far higher than those charged to workers from other countries. Many become victim to debt bondage, forced labour, and human trafficking. Shockingly, all this is happening under the noses of the Malaysian authorities, who seldom do anything meaningful to stop these abuses.

The recruitment process, moreover, is tightly controlled. With a small number of agencies involved, it is facilitated by the introduction of a digitised system under Bestinet, which has actually centralised the corruption. The Bloomberg investigation has identified a Bangladeshi living in Malaysia as allegedly a major player in this system and the founder of Bestinet, who has apparently used political connections in both countries to perpetuate this exploitation.

Even though these abuses were well known and internal discussions about reform had taken place, contracts were extended during the AI regime. Strangely, despite the gravity of Bloomberg’s findings, the governments of both countries did not respond to its queries. Even the current government’s inaction in ending this exploitation is disturbing. This raises the question: are the remittances that migrant workers send home more important than their rights and their lives? Why have these sinister networks not been dismantled despite all the evidence at hand? In fact, even during the interim government’s tenure, official visits of high officials on both sides and promises of solutions have not yielded any change.

There is no denying that workers need to be able to find jobs abroad and that our economy is highly dependent on the remittances they send home. But the state must put an end to this blatant exploitation by breaking the syndicates, enforcing ceilings on fees, and bringing politically connected actors and criminal brokers to book. For the next elected government, these are priority tasks—ensuring that migrant workers pay affordable recruitment fees through legitimate systems, guaranteeing their dignity and safety.

Alarming decline in fish stocks in the Bay

Authorities must take steps to reverse the situation

It is alarming to see the persistent decline in fish stocks in the Bay of Bengal, as well as its effects on the lives of coastal fishing communities. According to an analysis citing the findings of a comprehensive fisheries survey published recently, the stock of small pelagic species—the mainstay of coastal fisheries—has fallen by 78.6 percent in just seven years, from 158,100 tonnes in 2018 to 33,811 tonnes in 2025. The rate at which this is happening is astonishing. Clearly, the crisis goes beyond any temporary or cyclical downturn, with experts pointing to a multidimensional failure rooted in years of overfishing, climate change, pollution, and weak marine governance that has allowed depletion to proceed largely unchecked.

A fall of this magnitude will have serious implications for Bangladesh’s food security. Presently, the Bay of Bengal accounts for about 12-15 percent of the country’s total fish production, according to a Department of Fisheries report dated June 26, 2025. Fish provide nearly 60 percent of national animal protein intake, while also playing a significant role in blue economy exports. Therefore, if the current trend holds, it is not just the fishing communities that will suffer; the consumers, exporters, and the broader economy will also be affected. While talking to this daily, members of fishing communities spoke of facing debt burdens as catches become unreliable, even during peak seasons, and operating costs rise. Higher market prices do help offset losses to some extent, but not enough to make up for the depleting source of revenue.

The question is, what’s causing the crisis? Experts say that no single factor is to blame. Excessive fishing over years has been a major factor, of course, but other reasons including climate change, warming temperature, and the decline in oxygen levels in coastal waters have also disrupted the marine ecosystem in ways that are favouring opportunistic species such as jellyfish, which prey on fish eggs and fry. The decline of natural predators like sea turtles has also upset the predator-prey balance that once kept jellyfish in check. Another factor causing the decline in commercially valuable fish is continued pollution of water.

Considering the gravity and complex nature of this problem, it is vital that the authorities adopt a comprehensive response. They must ensure stricter regulation of fishing activities, protection of critical breeding habitats, and serious action to curb water pollution. Investment in scientific monitoring and enforcement mechanisms is also essential. Equally important is providing support to fishing communities so that any fish conservation effort does not come at the cost of their survival.

Chattogram port needs a coherent land-use strategy



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AHAMEDUL KARIM CHOWDHURY

For more than three decades, one critical weakness has quietly shaped the development of Chattogram Port Authority (CPA): the absence of a comprehensive and transparent land-use plan. This is not a minor administrative lapse. It is a strategic failure that has persisted across governments and reform agendas, and it now threatens Bangladesh’s ambition to develop Chattogram as a competitive regional port.

As the Bay Terminal project moves forward and international operators prepare to play a greater role in Bangladesh’s port sector, the consequences of this long-standing omission are becoming increasingly evident. Decisions involving some of the country’s most valuable land assets are being taken without a publicly articulated framework explaining how port land is prioritised, what uses are preferred, or how present choices serve long-term national interests. In a modern port system, land use determines capacity, efficiency, and future growth.

During the 1990s, as containerisation in global trade expanded, and throughout the 2000s, as shipping and logistics became increasingly integrated and time-sensitive, Bangladesh failed to establish a guiding spatial vision for its principal port. Prime waterfront parcels—scarce and irreplaceable assets—were leased for long periods without competitive tendering or strategic reassessment. Facilities that could have evolved into customs-bonded logistics zones or export-supporting clusters instead became general-purpose rental spaces, renewed routinely and rarely reviewed against changing trade patterns.

These decisions shape the choices facing the CPA today. The ongoing discussion surrounding the Laldia area illustrates this challenge. Laldia is a vacant waterfront site that the CPA has considered for a greenfield concession involving a global operator. Engaging reputable international firms is not, in itself, problematic. Bangladesh needs foreign expertise and capital to expand port capacity and modernise operations.

The concern lies elsewhere: there is no publicly available land-use framework explaining why this specific parcel is being considered, how it fits into a wider spatial plan, or what alternative uses were evaluated. Without such clarity, debate becomes project-specific rather than strategic, and institutional credibility suffers. This is not how major ports communicate decisions involving nationally strategic assets. Past land allocations highlight

the cost of operating without a plan. Some non-waterfront areas—such as the old X and Y shed zones—were at least partially aligned with off-dock or support functions. At the same time, prime waterfront locations with direct channel access were also used for similar purposes. What planning logic differentiated between these parcels? Why were waterfront and non-waterfront lands treated as interchangeable?

In any world-class port, proximity to the water defines land value and purpose. Using waterfront land for



FILE PHOTO: RAJIB RAIHAN

‘Once waterfront land is misallocated, reclaiming it becomes legally, politically, and financially difficult.’

activities that could be located several kilometres inland is not merely inefficient; it permanently erodes strategic potential. Once such land is misallocated, reclaiming it becomes legally, politically, and financially difficult.

Globally, major port authorities—from Singapore to Rotterdam—anchor land decisions in long-term masterplans, updated regularly to reflect changing economic realities. By contrast, Bangladesh has largely operated on a piecemeal basis, an approach ill-suited to a country aspiring to middle-income status and deeper integration into global supply chains.

To be fair, the CPA has shown that when transparent processes are followed, outcomes improve dramatically. The Sadarghat Lighterage Jetty is a case in point. After lying unused for years, it was

made long-term commitments based on clarity, expansion potential, and regulatory predictability. When these elements are unclear, investors price in institutional risk, and the country risks receiving weaker proposals than its assets deserve.

Third, unplanned land use undermines the competitiveness of the entire port ecosystem. Without designated logistics zones, customs-controlled areas, and value-added clusters, Chattogram cannot match the efficiency of regional competitors such as Colombo or Chennai, let alone emerging hubs in Southeast Asia.

This is not an argument against foreign participation. On the contrary, international operators are essential to Bangladesh’s maritime development. But foreign partnerships must operate within a clear planning framework that prioritises long-term value over short-term expediency. Without such

warehousing, and export support.

The Bay Terminal project offers Bangladesh a major opportunity to strengthen its position in regional supply chains. But new terminal capacity alone will not deliver the intended benefits if surrounding land use remains unplanned. A modern terminal cannot compensate for an under-structured hinterland.

Bangladesh’s port sector now operates in a far more competitive environment than it did three decades ago. Expectations of transparency are higher, competition is more intense, and strategic missteps carry greater cost. This makes disciplined land-use planning essential. Before further long-term land concessions are finalised, a clear and credible land-use framework must be put in place. This will shape Chattogram Port’s role in Bangladesh’s development for decades to come.

Fair pay cannot be left to corporate ‘goodwill’



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NAFIS EHSAS CHOWDHURY

In the air-conditioned classrooms of our universities, we are fed an expensive lie. Many of us spend four years burying our noses in books on marketing theories from the West and human resources philosophies from global conglomerates, which teach us one fundamental truth: human resources are the most valuable asset of an enterprise.

It sounds beautiful. It sounds logical. But when a fresh graduate steps into the corporate reality of Dhaka’s offices, that theory doesn’t just dissolve; it is ripped apart. The reality we have cultivated in Bangladesh is not just inefficient; it is despicable. We have allowed a culture to fester where employees are not treated as assets, but as liabilities to be tolerated. The corporate elites have weaponised the one thing we have in abundance: our youth. Because of the surplus of graduates, companies know they have the upper hand. They know that for every person asking for a dignified wage, there are 50 others

desperate enough to accept half that. This reserve of the unemployed allows corporations to abuse talent with pay structures that are insulting and treatment that is dehumanising.

The tragedy is that these organisations are shooting themselves in the foot. You cannot bully an employee into productivity. When a person feels unwanted and realises that they are viewed as a burden rather than an asset, their motivation collapses. We are currently sitting on a goldmine of bright young minds capable of transforming industries. But they are instead suffering, unable to perform adequately because their employers are too stingy to honour their loyalty.

But the true cost of Bangladesh’s corporate culture isn’t reflected on companies’ balance sheets. It is evident in the living rooms of our homes.

Consider the “officer.” In our society, this title carries weight—they must look the part, wear the suit, maintain the facade, and keep up an “officer-level”

lifestyle. But with payment structures that haven’t kept pace with inflation, many of these professionals are living a lie. They have no savings and are drowning in unpayable liabilities. Most of these high-up professionals are one medical emergency away from ruin.

In an economy like ours, financial instability is the primary building block of domestic chaos. You cannot have a

the system. This implants a trauma in them that is hard to undo, and teaches them that the “straight path” leads to misery.

We are inadvertently pushing our youth towards an unsocial—or rather, anti-social—lifestyle. When the system fails to provide dignity, the path of crime and corruption becomes an attractive alternative.

This must be fixed now. We cannot rely on the “goodwill” of capitalists to solve a problem they profit from. Fair pay cannot be left to the “goodwill” of corporations; it must be a non-negotiable legal mandate. We must establish a mandatory salary floor for professionals, scaled to the size and resources of the employer. This shouldn’t be a polite suggestion, but rather a law of the land. Any company that chooses to exploit talent by ignoring these minimums must face swift and severe disciplinary action.

The Ministry of Labour and Employment can no longer remain a passive observer. It needs to launch genuine research and investigations to see if this crisis is accidental or if it is deliberated by powerful lobbies for unethical gain.

We need a higher level of inclusion and transparency. We need to stop pretending that this is just “how the market works.” It is time to admit that our culture of employee marginalisation is not just bad business—it is a social crime.

Why the interim government’s ‘Yes’ vote advocacy is legitimate



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IMRAN A SIDDIQ

Bangladesh’s upcoming July National Charter referendum has triggered a debate that goes beyond the substance of constitutional reform. At the heart of this debate lies this question: can the interim government openly advocate for a “Yes” vote? Detractors warn that government advocacy undermines neutrality, violates democratic norms, and also risks undermining the political process. However, when examined within the country’s political context and comparative constitutional practices, the case for principled government advocacy is stronger than critics acknowledge.

Much of the criticism rests on the assumption that the interim government is akin to a conventional non-party caretaker government with a narrow mandate to conduct elections. That assumption is flawed. This government did not assume office under any constitutional provision; it arose from a popular uprising that rejected authoritarian rule and demanded a fundamental restructuring of the political order. Its legality originates from the constituent power of the people, and its legitimacy is derived not merely from political neutrality but from its mandate to pursue reforms that would enable a transition to a more accountable system of governance. The referendum on the July National Charter reforms lies at the heart of this mandate. It is the institutional means by which the reform agenda is placed directly before the people. To insist that the government remain silent on the referendum’s outcome is to misunderstand its distinctive character and purpose.

Some argue that the government cannot campaign for a “Yes” vote without influencing the voting process. This argument, however, conflates advocacy with coercion. By supporting the reforms, the government is not denying citizens a choice. No voter is prevented from rejecting the reforms, political parties remain free to campaign for a “No” vote, and any rejection would be binding. If voters approve the reforms, they acquire democratic legitimacy that no uprising alone could supply. By



FILE VISUAL: **SALMAN SAKIB SHAHRYAR**

urging a “Yes” vote, the government is not circumventing public consent but submitting itself to it.

The claim that citizens lose their capacity for independent judgement once a government expresses a preference reflects an authoritarian mindset inherited from the past decade, which sought to regulate every aspect of public life. Democratic theory rests on the opposite premise: that voters are capable of weighing arguments, assessing sources, and deciding for themselves.

Comparative constitutional law offers a useful perspective, particularly through the US Supreme Court’s government speech doctrine. Although Bangladesh’s legal system is distinct, the doctrine captures a core democratic principle: that governments

mandatory levy on beef producers to fund generic advertising, holding that citizens have no constitutional right to object merely because public funds convey a government message they oppose. In *Pleasant Grove City v. Summum* (2009), the court ruled that monuments in public parks constitute government speech, permitting officials to select which messages to display without violating free speech guarantees.

The reasoning here is straightforward. Democratic governments exist to pursue policies. They may advocate their positions, so long as dissenting voices remain free. Government advocacy becomes objectionable only when it crosses into coercion or suppression, not when it advances a case and submits itself to public judgement.

submitted to referendum.” Moreover, the use of public funding for campaigning purposes, while subject to restrictions, has not been strictly prohibited. Thus, the guidelines do not demand governmental silence—they demand proportionality and fairness.

Some critics point to Ireland’s decision in *McKenna v An Taoiseach*, which barred the use of public funds to promote one side of a referendum. But *McKenna* reflects a jurisdiction-specific interpretation grounded in Ireland’s constitutional framework; it does not establish a universal democratic rule. Indeed, many democracies, including the United States, Australia, and the United Kingdom, permit varying degrees of government advocacy in referendums. Comparative practice shows not a single model but differing constitutional balances

between neutrality and political leadership.

Bangladesh must therefore assess this question on its own constitutional and political terms, especially given the transitional, post-uprising context in which this referendum is taking place. There is no constitutional or legal bar preventing the interim government from supporting a “Yes” vote, nor is a reasonable use of public funds for campaigning questionable. The interim government derives its authority from the constituent power of the people and holds office on the strength of its commitment to comprehensive state reforms. In that context, it is not only permitted but also morally obliged to campaign in support of the reforms and submit them to popular approval.

History shows that transitional governments often advocate constitutional reform in the aftermath of popular uprisings. Following Egypt’s 2011 revolution, interim authorities actively campaigned for constitutional changes, explaining the need for reform and urging public approval through successive referendums. Tunisia’s post-Arab Spring transition similarly featured state-led advocacy as part of redefining the political order.

In Bangladesh, the interim government is expected to be neutral with respect to the forthcoming elections, but it is not—and need not be—neutral on the reform agenda. It has already established multiple reform commissions precisely to pursue far-reaching changes. Government advocacy in favour of a “Yes” vote is therefore entirely proper. In this context, advocacy is not authoritarian; it is a necessary element of democratic reconstruction. The government’s silence in the name of neutrality would not protect democracy; it may weaken it. Citizens are entitled to know what the government believes the uprising stood for, which reforms it supports, and why those reforms matter.

The July National Charter referendum presents a clear constitutional question of whether Bangladesh should adopt safeguards designed to prevent the re-emergence of unchecked executive power, or retain the existing constitutional framework. A vote in favour of the charter is not an endorsement of the interim government. It is an endorsement of reform, institutional restraint, and decentralisation of power. The interim government is legally and democratically entitled to articulate this position. The ultimate determination, however, rests with the people.

Greenland and the return of empire politics



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KHAN KHALID ADNAN

The international order built after World War II rests on one hard rule: states may not threaten or use force to take territory. Article 2(4) of the United Nations (UN) Charter was written to make conquest illegitimate, not just unpopular. The UN’s Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations later reaffirmed that borders are not to be changed by coercion. Thus, when a great power signals that sovereignty is negotiable, smaller states should read it as a systemic warning, not colourful rhetoric.

In early January, President Donald Trump revived and escalated his push for the United States to take Greenland. On January 10, he said the US would act on Greenland “whether they like it or not,” adding that it could be done “the easy way” or “the hard way.” That was not bargaining, but more so a threat to change borders using pressure.

A new development now complicates the picture further. At the World Economic Forum in Davos on January 21, Trump said he would not use force to acquire Greenland and spoke of a “framework” for an Arctic and Greenland arrangement being discussed with Nato Secretary General Mark Rutte. The next day, Denmark’s prime minister reiterated that sovereignty can be discussed, but only “with respect for our territorial integrity,” and Greenlandic parliamentarian Aaja Chemnitz stressed that nothing can be negotiated without Greenland’s participation. Meanwhile, it is reported that the emerging idea is not a sovereignty transfer, but an update to existing defence arrangements, alongside Arctic security and raw materials cooperation.

Developments since Davos underline why wording matters. Trump has since touted the understanding as giving the US “total access” to Greenland, even as Denmark and Greenland maintain that sovereignty is not negotiable and key details remain uncertain. Denmark and Nato are discussing how the whole alliance should step up Arctic security,

including talks to revise the 1951 agreement governing US military presence on the island. If the framework is to be off-ramp rather than a precedent, it should be negotiated transparently with Nuuk, Greenland’s capital, at the table, and it should explicitly reaffirm sovereignty while focusing on defined defence tasks, basing rights, and funding.

A renunciation of force is welcome. But it does not erase earlier threats, and it does not satisfy the deeper question: can territorial ambition be pursued through intimidation instead of invasion?

In Davos, Trump framed Greenland as something the US “needs” and hinted that refusal from Greenland would carry consequences. If the goal is still to gain control, the method matters less than the message: borders can be bent to the will of the strong.

Greenland is not an ownerless prize on a map. It is a self-governing country within the Kingdom of Denmark. Under the 2009 Act on Greenland Self-Government, Greenland manages most of its own domestic affairs, while Copenhagen (Denmark’s capital) retains responsibility for foreign affairs, defence, and security policy. The Act recognises Greenlanders as a people with the right to self-determination, including the option of independence. “Acquisition” is therefore an error of category error and any legitimate change in status must happen through Greenlanders’ freely expressed choice and Denmark’s constitutional role.

This is why the most basic flaw in Washington’s posture has been political as much as it is legal. Greenland’s future cannot be negotiated over Greenlanders’ heads. Even a Nato-labelled package will look colonial if Nuuk is treated as a bystander. Chemnitz’s warning is not diplomatic theatre. It is the minimum standard for legitimacy: Greenland must be at the table as a political actor, not treated as a strategic surface. The strategic reasons behind the US’s interest in Greenland are real. Greenland hosts the Pituffik Space

Base, central to missile early warning and space surveillance. The island also sits in the Greenland, Iceland, and UK corridor, which is essential for monitoring Russian naval movement in the North Atlantic. Plus, climate change is reshaping risk calculations in the Arctic and will continue to pull major powers northward.

But none of this justifies treating Greenland as an object to be possessed. Strategy is not a

add temptation. Yet, none of these call for annexation, but rather investment, regulation, and contracts under Greenlandic law and consent, with clear local benefits and high standards.

This is where the Nato crisis begins. Nato’s legitimacy rests on collective defence consistent with principles in the UN Charter. If one ally openly pressures another ally over territory, the alliance stops being collective

bargaining chip.

The Davos “framework” can become an off-ramp if it replaces territorial theatre with a consent-based security package. That means three things. First, Denmark and Greenland must be free to say no without facing threats. Second, Greenland must be fully represented in any talks that concern its territory, basing, or resources. Third, any upgraded defence footprint should be paired with transparent



US President Donald Trump holds a bilateral meeting with NATO Secretary General Mark Rutte at the World Economic Forum (WEF) in Davos, Switzerland on January 21, 2026.

PHOTO: **REUTERS**

legal licence because Washington already has extensive access.

The 1951 Defense of Greenland Agreement underpins US defence activity on the island and has been updated since. If deterrence and access are the goal, ownership is unnecessary. If the US wants wider radar coverage, larger runway capacity, or more logistics hubs, it can negotiate expanded arrangements transparently with Denmark and Greenland, and finance what it asks for.

Completing the big picture, Greenland’s rare earth and uranium prospects are often brought up in supply chain debates, even as local politics, environmental constraints, and infrastructure limits make extraction slow and contested. Offshore hydrocarbons

defence and starts looking like coercion inside the club. Denmark’s Prime Minister Mette Frederiksen outlined the stakes when she warned that if the United States attacks a Nato country militarily, “everything stops.” The point was not to dramatise but to draw a line around the basic trust that holds alliances together.

Even without force, coercion can still corrode the system. The Friendly Relations declaration explicitly recalls the duty to refrain from military, political, or economic coercion aimed at another state’s territorial integrity or political independence. Tariff threats over Greenland or hinting that intra-alliance solidarity is conditional present the outward message that sovereignty is a

economic and social investment that Greenlanders themselves prioritise, rather than a narrow extraction agenda.

For Bangladesh, this principle is not remote. Rules against coercive territorial changes act as a shield for every medium and small state. If Greenland can be pressured because it is strategically valuable, others can be pressured because they are “inconvenient.” The discussion on Greenland should therefore be taken as a warning and a test, not a precedent. Bangladesh has its own stake in a world where strategic access is negotiated, not imposed, and where economic pressure is not used to rewrite political realities. When great powers normalise the language of “need” over consent, small states pay the price first.

BEYOND STEREOTYPES: Rupert Grey’s ‘Homage to Bangladesh’



PHOTOS: COURTESY

NAVEEN ISLAM TOREE

“Bangladesh is an international basket case!”

The comment, made by former United States Secretary of State Henry Kissinger in March 1972, reflects a mindset that still lingers in many Western narratives about Bangladesh today.

Rupert Grey, a descendant of Charles Grey and best known professionally as a leading libel and copyright lawyer stood against this statement. “If Bangladesh is a basket case,” Grey tells The Daily Star, “then it is so in the best possible way.” For him, the term collapses under the sheer vitality of the country. A single square metre of a Bangladeshi street, he argues, holds more energy than entire neighbourhoods in London. Where life in England often unfolds in rigid routines, Bangladesh thrives in spontaneity—where a hanging lighter at a tea stall can become a



moment of shared choreography.

For decades, Bangladesh has been framed through a narrow international lens—one shaped largely by narratives of floods, fragility, and poverty. Rarely has the country been viewed by a patient observer willing to look beyond disaster and discover beauty. The stories of everyday resilience, humility, and quiet determination are often overshadowed by inherited prejudices of the Global North. *Homage to Bangladesh* is Grey’s attempt to challenge that perspective.

Grey’s photographic work reveals a deeply personal creative journey—one shaped not by passing curiosity, but by lived experience, long-term engagement, and respect.

These ideas were explored further at a recent *Book Talk* at Justice Shahabuddin Park, where Grey was in conversation with Imran Rahman, Professor of Finance at the University of Liberal Arts

Bangladesh. Sponsored by Securex under its initiative *Voices Shaping Society*, the event positioned the book as more than a visual archive—it became an invitation to rethink how Bangladesh is seen, remembered, and represented.

Grey’s relationship with Bangladesh began in 1992, when he travelled to the Sundarbans with his family. But it was his invitation from the British Council to attend Chobi Mela in 2004 that proved transformative. What began as a professional assignment evolved into a connection spanning nearly two decades.

Rather than foregrounding crisis, *Homage to Bangladesh* documents everyday life—faces caught in thought, labour unfolding at its own rhythm, communities shaped by history yet grounded in the present. In resisting spectacle, the book challenges the reductive stereotypes that have followed Bangladesh since its independence in 1971.

Homage to Bangladesh offers something rare: time. Time to look, to listen, and to recognise a country in its full human complexity.

WHAT’S THE HAPS?

‘Rickshaw Art Festival 2026’

Shei Dhaka & NSUAPC are bringing the *Rickshaw Art Festival 2026*, celebrating Bangladesh’s iconic rickshaw art through a contemporary lens. Blending tradition with pop culture and film-banner aesthetics, the festival will feature exhibitions, workshops, film screenings, and panel discussions. It will bring together students, artists, media, and cultural stakeholders in a vibrant creative exchange.



Date: Wednesday–Saturday | Jan 28–31
Time: 10:00am–6:00pm
Venue: North South University Exhibition Center

Vicky Zahed to direct romantic thriller ‘Pulsirat’

Vicky Zahed is set to direct a new romantic thriller titled *Pulsirat*. The director has officially signed an agreement with SVF Alpha-1 Entertainment Limited and the film’s title has already been registered with the Bangladesh Film Directors’ Association.



In addition to directing *Pulsirat*, Zahed is also writing the screenplay, with the first draft already completed.

Speaking to Prothom Alo, Shahriar Shakil, managing director of SVF Alpha-1 Entertainment Limited, said that the makers are considering Afran Nisho and Mehazabien Chowdhury for the two lead roles. Discussions with both actors are currently underway, though the casting has not yet been finalised.

Vicky Zahed has previously worked with the Nisho-Mehazabien pairing on several popular projects including *Chirokal Aaj*, *Punorjonmo* and *Redrum*.

Apu Biswas returns to OTT with ‘Shikar’

After nearly three years away from regular shooting, Apu Biswas returned to work toward the end of last year. Continuing her comeback, she has now signed a new web film titled *Shikar*, directed by Kamruzzaman Roman, marking her latest venture into web-based content.

Apu previously appeared in the web film *Chayabazi*, directed by Syed Shakil, which

was released in 2023. With *Shikar*, she is once again exploring the digital platform, this time in a thriller set against a border-area backdrop.

In *Shikar*, Apu will star alongside small-screen actor Polash. The story and screenplay have been written by Abdullah Zahir Babu. The cast also includes Rashed Mamun Apu and Mahmudul Islam Mithu, among others.

Most of the film’s shooting is scheduled to take place in Nepal, with the team set to depart in early March. If all goes as planned, the web film will be released on a local OTT platform. The platform name and release date will be announced officially soon.



NEWS

Onslaught of AI content aims to sway voters

FROM PAGE 1
apply their content moderation tools and policies effectively to fight disinformation, especially during elections. **ATTACKER, TARGET, NARRATIVE** More than half the content spread by these actors were classified as manipulative content, followed by disinformation (39.18 percent). The remaining 9 percent were categorised as hate speech, religious provocation, character assassination, and sexual and gender-based violence.

Of them, 50 deepfakes and cheapfakes came from pages or profiles that appear to support Jamaat. BNP-aligned pages contributed 30 contents,

Awami League political landscape, has largely focused on attacking one another on social media as the ground campaign also heats up.

Most of the pro-Jamaat posts targeting BNP centred on allegations of extortion and corruption. For example, a video posted on January 13 by a page called Haque Television depicted a fruit seller claiming that the BNP was planning to steal votes in the same way as the Awami League. He ended with a call to resist “terrorists and extortionists.”

Beyond efforts to delegitimise the BNP, many posts from Jamaat-aligned pages and profiles targeted the general public by promoting

highlighting alleged violations of Islamic principles that turn people away from Jamaat.

In one reel, an AI figure references BNP’s nomination of four individuals from Jamiat Ulama-e-Islam Bangladesh party, portraying the party as the true pro-Islamic one and urging viewers to vote for BNP.

On the other hand, the highest share of Jamaat-aligned AI videos were designed to project broad-based support for the party by attributing endorsements to diverse social groups, including supposed Hindu individuals, rickshaw pullers and other working class people.

In one video, a man speaking in Bangla is shown standing in a desert environment, claiming that, as a migrant, he has “seen everything” and would vote for Jamaat in the upcoming election.

Two more videos explicitly equated voting for and supporting Jamaat and its student wing, Islami Chhatra Shibir, with supporting Islam itself. One urged viewers to “Let your vote be in favour of Islam,” while another framed Shibir’s recent victories in student council elections as a victory for Islam.

Overall, 50 of the 97 AI contents analysed appeared manipulative. Jamaat-aligned pages and profiles accounted for the largest share of these posts (34), followed by BNP-affiliated actors with 14, while Awami League-aligned sources contributed two.

For this investigation, manipulation was defined as content that seeks to generate fear, bias, or false binaries without presenting verifiable or falsifiable evidence, relying instead on insinuation or rhetorical framing.

VOTERS FALL FOR IT Comment sections show that many users are falling for this manipulation trap, taking the content to be true, although some flagged the content as AI-made.

For instance, in an AI-generated video, which received 2,700 comments, a supposedly Hindu individual was depicted saying that this time the Hindus would vote for Jamaat. Commenting on the post, one user said, “Alhamdulillah Bhalo.”

The majority of comments below the same post appear to be positive, although many seem to be coming from bots.

Some users were also quick to call out the deception to alert other users. Md Reazul Hassan, a verified user, commented, “AI Video.”

This pattern of positive comments

and calling out the deception is evident across the AI-generated content from other pages and profiles.

However, the engagement (1.6 million for these 97 contents) is distributed unevenly across parties, with Jamaat-aligned profiles and pages dominating both volume and reach, potentially influencing many of them.

For example, Jamaat-aligned Uttorbongo Television, with 14 videos, alone attracted over 1.06 million engagements, roughly 64 percent of all engagements across all posts. Other Jamaat-aligned pages include Akhi’s Story, Haque Television, and Jamaat Shibir Supporters.

Together, these four pages account for 44.33 percent of the 97 posts analysed, but about 78.37 percent of total engagement, revealing pro-Jamaat actors’ dominance in generating engagement.

Similar to Jamaat-aligned pages, where one or two pages accounted for a disproportionately large share of total engagement, the same pattern was observed among BNP-aligned entities. Of the total engagement attracted by pro-BNP AI content analysed, 97% came from Next Insight Network.

In contrast, Awami League-affiliated pages had a limited reach.

From 17 posts coming from 10 profiles and pages, they generated 11,800 engagements. Although AL-aligned pages produced 17.53 percent of the AI content analysed for this investigation, they accounted for less than 1 percent of engagement, suggesting a weaker circulation network.

The most prominent pro-AL actor was Shipon Islam, who disseminated six AI contents and accounted for 59.15 percent of the total engagement generated by Awami League-aligned actors.

A recent investigation by Dismislab, a fact-checking organisation, identified him as the third-largest spreader of disinformation in 2025, responsible for 62 such content.

Shipon Islam (AL-aligned), Engr. Jahirul Islam Tom (BNP-aligned), and Next Insight Network (BNP-aligned) did not respond to multiple text messages.

Uttorbongo Television and Haque Television (Jamaat-affiliated) replied, denying any political ties and claiming their videos aim to present the “truth” to society.

Both pages avoided direct questions regarding the authenticity of their content or whether their AI-generated videos were misleading the public with disinformation.

Miraj Ahmed Chowdhury, managing director of Digitally Right, said the influence of synthetic media depends entirely on a voter’s individual digital literacy, making public awareness far more effective than police enforcement in preventing deception.

“While some can easily spot AI, others may be deeply misled by the ‘realism’ of the persona presented. This issue cannot be tackled by the police; it requires widespread awareness so that voters understand that what they see online isn’t always real,” he told The Daily Star.

Asked about the role of social media platforms in preventing manipulative AI content and disinformation, he said, “Platforms have the technical capacity to detect coordinated inauthentic behaviour and bot-driven engagement, but there are questions about their will to enforce these policies effectively. We need more transparency from platforms to act as watchdogs, and to share exactly why and under whose directive content is being moderated or removed.”

[Authors are interns at The Daily Star. See online for a more detailed version and full methodology]

Additional reporting and research: Nourin Sultana Toma, Mir Rownak and Tarek Hossain

while pro-Awami League (AL) pages spread 17 such items during the one month period.

However, none of these pages and profiles monitored for this investigation are official handles of any political parties.

Their political affiliation was determined through a review of the 30 most recent posts from each page or profile at the start of the monitoring period in mid-December last year.

Classification was based on the consistency of narratives, including sustained promotion of a particular political party, repeated opposition to specific actors, the nature of interventions in ongoing political debates as well as visual and symbolic cues.

Analysis shows the BNP was the most frequently targeted political actor, with 27 posts directed against the party, all originating from pro-Jamaat entities. Jamaat closely followed, facing 26 posts, 24 of which came from pro-BNP actors, which is 80 percent of the total pro-BNP content analysed.

This pattern indicates that online political activity between the two parties, now the most prominent contenders in Bangladesh’s post-

pro-Jamaat narratives intended to shape public opinion. These included false endorsements from AI-made characters, fabricated achievements, and portrayals of Jamaat as morally upright and superior to BNP.

By contrast, Awami League-aligned pages and profiles have been targeting the interim government that replaced them, the individuals leading the new administration, and actors associated with the removal of the AL regime. These targets included student coordinators, interim government advisers, and leaders of the National Citizen Party (NCP).

The pro-AL entities also attacked prominent female politicians such as Tasnim Jara, DUCSU leader Fatima Zuma, and July uprising frontliner Tahrira Jannat Surovi. These posts, often suggesting moral laxity and sexual corruption, placed female leaders, sometimes alongside their male counterparts, into fabricated or compromising scenarios.

MANUFACTURING CONSENT Majority of BNP-aligned manipulative content sought to undermine Jamaat’s Islamic credentials, calling out its role in the 1971 Liberation War, suggesting covert affiliations with India, and

স্থান পরিবর্তন

ব্র্যাক ব্যাংক বিজয়নগর শাখা

এখন নতুন ঠিকানায় আরও বড় পরিসরে

পুরাতন ঠিকানা	নতুন ঠিকানা
ডবলের নাম: টেপা কমপ্লেক্স হোল্ডিং নং: ১৬৯ (১/১ সাবেক) সড়ক: সৈয়দ নজরুল ইসলাম সরণি, ওয়ার্ড নম্বর: ১৩ সিটি কর্পোরেশন/পৌরসভা: ঢাকা দক্ষিণ সিটি কর্পোরেশন থানা: পল্টন, জেলা: ঢাকা	ডবলের নাম: আকরাম টাওয়ার (২য় তলা) হোল্ডিং নং: ১৯৯ (বিজয়নগর), সড়ক: সৈয়দ নজরুল ইসলাম সরণি, ওয়ার্ড নম্বর: ২০ সিটি কর্পোরেশন/পৌরসভা: ঢাকা দক্ষিণ সিটি কর্পোরেশন থানা: রমনা, জেলা: ঢাকা

২৪ ঘণ্টা কল সেন্টার: ১৬২২১

BRAC BANK
অস্ফু অফিস

An election in the shadow of grief

FROM PAGE 1
from that noise and listen instead to how politics is understood at the grassroots.

For the first episode of this series, I travelled to Babanpur, a village in Rangpur’s Pirganj, that briefly entered national consciousness after Abu Sayed was shot dead by police during a demonstration on July 16, 2024, turning him into a symbol of the movement that ultimately led to the collapse of Sheikh Hasina’s 16-year rule.

Eighteen months later, Babanpur is quiet again. The attention has largely faded, but the consequences remain.

On the afternoon of January 23, I met Mokbul Hossain, Abu Sayed’s father, at his home, along with his eldest son, Ranjan Ali, and Rubiya Begum, a neighbour and sister-in-law. When I asked whether they could feel the election approaching, Rubiya said yes, activists from both the BNP and Jamaat-e-Islami had been visiting homes in the area.

Beyond that, however, national politics felt distant to her.

“I don’t know what is happening around the country,” she said.

That sense of detachment stood in sharp contrast to the scale of campaign promises circulating nationally. I asked what they thought of the BNP’s proposal for family cards providing Tk 2,500 a month to millions of households, or Jamaat’s pledge to help hundreds of thousands of unemployed young people.

None of them appeared particularly interested. They were unfamiliar with the details, and the promises stirred little expectation.

Their scepticism was not rooted in ideology, but in experience. Mokbul told me that such pledges are routine before elections and rarely followed through. “These things are said every time before elections,” he said. “Then they are forgotten.”

Rubiya’s response went further. For her, politics should not be complicated. “We want a peaceful life,” she said. “What they give or don’t give does not matter to us. My brother-in-law was killed. I don’t want anyone else in the family to be killed. No mother should lose her child.”

Government assistance, she added, rarely reaches people like them anyway. “All those dalals (middlemen)

take the lion’s share,” she said. Peace and security, not promises, were her priorities.

When I asked Mokbul whom he would vote for, he did not name a party or candidate. He said he would wait and see where public support appeared to be moving before deciding. Most people in the village, the elderly farmer said, preferred to be on the side of the eventual winner.

Later that afternoon, I stopped at a tea stall in Jalarpara Bazar, about a mile from Babanpur. There, Abul Hossain, Nazrul Islam and Abdur Razzak, all farmers in their 50s, spoke with greater political engagement. Unlike the family in Babanpur, they were eager for an election and believed it could bring an end to the current uncertainty.

“This government is not representative,” Nazrul told me. “It was not voted in by the people.”

Asked how they decided whom



to support, Abul Hossain offered a simple explanation. “You can sense who is a good man,” he said. “We want someone who can run the country properly.” Pressed on what “properly” meant, he said all they wanted was a life without constant disruption.

The men at the tea stall expressed deep scepticism about campaign rhetoric. Abul laughed as he described what he saw as outlandish promises. “They even give certificates to Jannat (heaven),” he said. “All fraud.”

Nazrul raised the question that cuts through much of rural political debate. “The country itself is needy,” he said. “Where will the money for all these pledges come from?”

Abul admitted to having a soft corner

for the BNP and spoke cautiously about its chairman, Tarique Rahman. Years spent abroad involuntarily, he hoped, might have changed him. “Maybe he has learned something,” Abul said. “Maybe he will be more sensitive.”

Others at the tea stall remained non-committal, weighing their options. Posters and banners of both BNP and Jamaat candidates competed for space around Jalarpara Bazar.

A few hours in Babanpur and Jalarpara made it clear to me that for many in rural Bangladesh, work, faith and survival come first. There is little trust in politics or government, but enduring faith in the Almighty. People are convinced they must survive through hard work, regardless of who is in power.

Mokbul Hossain’s parting words captured that sentiment succinctly: “If the government helps us that is good. But we do not rely on them.”

Meanwhile, campaigning in northern Bangladesh is intensifying. On the day I landed at Saidpur airport, BNP Secretary General Mirza Fakhrul Islam Alamgir arrived from Dhaka on his way to Thakurgaon. That same night, Jamaat Ameer Shafiqur Rahman addressed a rally in Rangpur city after touring other northern districts. The choreography of the election is clearly underway.

Babanpur, too, bears traces of political attention. The village road has been paved since Abu Sayed’s death. Senior government figures have visited. On the day I was there, government adviser Adilur Rahman Khan briefly paid respects at Abu Sayed’s grave. Jamaat leaders were also expected to visit.

Yet for Abu Sayed’s family, these visits and gestures do not translate into political faith. The election feels close in time, but distant in meaning. In Babanpur, the ballot is measured not against manifestos, but against memory, loss and a fragile hope that this time power will not demand such a personal cost.

As he saw me off, Babanpur resident Tota Mia offered a confident warning: whoever comes to power after the election can no longer govern the way the Hasina administration did. “People will come out onto the streets once again if they do,” he said.

(Shakeel Anwar is a former BBC journalist.)

Engaging children in sports

FROM PAGE 2
six and 18 has a lot of physical and mental energy. That energy must be used properly. If given the right place, it will be used in the right way. If not, it will be used in the wrong way...”

“Keeping children engaged would reduce their misuse of the internet,” he said, stressing plans to include sports, a third language, recitation, art, music and culture in school syllabuses.

Tarique’s daughter Barrister Zaima Rahman, who accompanied him at the programme, stressed the importance of digital education to prevent online harassment and highlighted the need for personal safety.

She urged the attendees to raise awareness regarding online harassment, especially among young social media users, adding that preventing hacking, teaching people how to report incidents, and setting up community desks could play an effective role in tackling online harassment.

‘Will form inclusive govt if voted to power’

FROM PAGE 2
The day’s programmes began in Pirganj upazila of Rangpur with a visit to the grave of Shaheed Abu Sayed. He later met Abu Sayed’s parents and family members to express condolences.

“Not an inch of this country’s land will be mortgaged to anyone. Just as Abu Sayed and others stood firm with their chests bared, we too are prepared to do the same,” he said after offering prayers at Abu Sayed’s grave.

“Martyrs like Abu Sayed have placed the nation’s trust in our hands by sacrificing their lives. If necessary, we too are ready to give our lives to protect that trust.

Warning that no country would be tolerated as a master over Bangladesh, he added, “Our children showed hegemonism a red card in July; it is a permanent red card. This card will never turn green, nor even yellow.”

At 11:00am, addressing a rally at the SM Pilot High School ground in Palashbari upazila of Gaibandha, Shafiqur spoke about the development of North Bengal.

“We want to turn North Bengal into a fully industrial zone. Farmers are denied fair prices for two reasons – first,

Tarique also spoke about teaching compassion for animals, referring to incidents of cruelty shared on social media, and said his party was considering introducing a system where students would care for an animal as part of learning responsibility.

He highlighted other key initiatives his party would undertake if voted to power, saying restoring law and order and tackling corruption would be his top priorities, as these two are central to addressing many of the country’s problems.

“Our first task is to ensure law and order. That means... we must ensure that everyone can stay safe on the streets. And corruption -- we have to address it in any way possible.”

Asked about who would receive family cards and whether widows would be eligible, Tarique said, “Single mothers, brides facing various problems, women whose husbands have left them -- look, as far as I understand, there are 138

projects running under the Bangladesh government’s social safety net. These are run by different ministries or departments, but in a scattered way. This is not right.

“We want to organise this system through family cards. We want to make it universal. For example, a farmer’s wife will get it, a van driver’s wife will get it, and an office worker’s wife will also get it.”

TARIQUE REACHES CTG
Meanwhile, Tarique reached Chattogram last evening to address a grand rally at the historic Railway Polo Ground around 11:00am today.

This is his first visit to the port city in 21 years.

Shahadat Hossain, mayor of Chattogram City Corporation and former president of Chattogram city BNP, yesterday said, “His [Tarique’s] visit has sparked immense enthusiasm among BNP activists and the general public alike.”

middlemen, and second, extortionists at every ghat. We will eradicate these extortionists.”

At noon, at a 10-party alliance election rally at the Altafunnesa playground in Bogura, he promised to upgrade Bogura to a city corporation.

Pledging to ensure women’s safety at home and outside, he said there would be zero tolerance for harassment.

“There will be no place for harassers on Bangladesh’s soil. Ensuring that mothers are safe at home and women can move freely and safely on the streets is the government’s responsibility and commitment. They will contribute to nation-building alongside men with confidence, dignity and peace.”

After 2:00pm, at a rally at Mahipur playground in Sherpur upazila, he said, “We promise that if, by your votes, Allah bestows His grace upon us and gives us the opportunity to form the government, we will not lay a hand on a single taka of the people’s money. We will not tolerate the existence of extortionists anywhere within Bangladesh’s 56,000 square miles.”

From there, the Jamaat ameer joined a rally at the Islamia Government College ground in Sirajganj town. Addressing

Family, farmers cards BNP ploy to buy votes: Nahid

FROM PAGE 2
for national reforms.

He identified water shortages and gas crises as major problems in the constituency and promised to address them.

In the afternoon, Nahid visited Subastu Market and held meeting in Sayed Nagar.

At a rally there, he said, “We do not want Bangladesh to return to the

past. We will not tolerate the rise of a new autocracy.”

He also urged people to vote ‘Yes’ in the referendum, saying the struggle for justice, fairness, and against authoritarianism that Sharif Osman Hadi, a frontline leader of the July uprising who was killed in December last year, began would be carried forward.

“If we can form the government,

ensuring justice for the killings of our brothers during the July uprising, including martyr Sharif Osman Hadi, will be one of our key agendas,” he added.

As part of the day-long campaign organised by the 10-party alliance, Nahid also took part in public interaction programmes in the Banshtola, Nobodhara Road, Ekota Road, and Nure Chala Bazar areas.

Bangladesh replaced by Scotland in T20 WC

FROM PAGE 1
“We have accepted the ICC’s decision. The ICC has said that it will not allow us to play elsewhere or relocate our matches to Sri Lanka. Our stance remains the same that in the current situation, we cannot go to India to play. We are not going into any separate arbitration or any other process.” BCB media committee chairman Amzad Hossain said at a press conference.

The ICC also mentioned in yesterday’s statement that the decision was taken after an “extensive process” that found no “credible or verifiable security threat” to the Bangladesh national team in India.

“The ICC engaged with the BCB through multiple rounds of dialogue conducted in a transparent and constructive manner,” the statement read, adding that the process included video conferences, in-person meetings, independent security assessments, and detailed reviews of federal and state-level security arrangements.

The ICC said it had shared enhanced security and operational plans with the BCB at several stages, including during discussions involving the IBC Board. However, after assessing all available information, the ICC concluded that altering the published schedule “so close” to the tournament was not justified.

“The ICC also noted the importance of preserving the integrity and sanctity of the tournament schedule, safeguarding the interests of all participating teams and fans,

and avoiding the establishment of precedents that could undermine the neutrality and fairness of ICC events,” the release added.

Earlier on Wednesday, the ICC had formally rejected the BCB’s request to relocate Bangladesh’s matches from India to Sri Lanka. A vote was held during the ICC Board meeting, where only the Pakistan Cricket Board (PCB) supported Bangladesh’s stance, while the remaining members voted to retain the original schedule.

PCB chairman and Pakistan’s Interior Minister Mohsin Naqvi reiterated his support for Bangladesh yesterday, accusing the ICC of double standards.

“Bangladesh has been treated unfairly,” Naqvi was quoted as saying in several media reports. “You cannot have double standards, where one country can make whatever decision whenever and do the total opposite for another country.”

Asked about a potential boycott of the World Cup by Pakistan, he said the government would make the decision. “We are waiting for the prime minister to return,” he said, adding that a final decision would be taken then.

On Thursday, following a meeting with cricketers, Youth and Sports Adviser Asif Nazrul on said there was “no scope” for the Bangladesh team to travel to India as the security situation there has not changed.

Hours after that meeting, the BCB claimed to have approached the ICC’s Dispute Resolution Committee (DRC)

to intervene in the relocation request.

Scotland, the highest-ranked T20I side which did not originally qualify for the tournament, will now take Bangladesh’s place in Group C, alongside West Indies, Italy, and England. They are currently ranked 14th in the ICC T20I rankings – ahead of seven teams already in the competition, namely Namibia, UAE, Nepal, USA, Canada, Oman, and Italy.

This is not the first time Scotland has been named as a replacement in an ICC event, having also stepped in for Zimbabwe at the 2009 T20 World Cup due to political relations between Zimbabwe and the UK.

Past tournaments have also seen teams withdraw over security concerns. Australia pulled out of the 2016 Under-19 World Cup in Bangladesh, while Sri Lanka received walkovers in the 1996 World Cup after Australia and West Indies declined to tour. England and New Zealand skipped matches in Zimbabwe and Kenya, respectively, during the 2003 World Cup.

The current standoff began on January 3, when Bangladesh pacer Mustafizur Rahman was dropped by Indian Premier League (IPL) franchise Kolkata Knight Riders under directives from the Board of Control for Cricket in India (BCCI). Despite continued discussions, both the ICC and BCB never changed their stances, causing a deadlock that has now cost Bangladesh their place at the World Cup.

economy, she said, “There is talent, but no capital. The system is not youth-friendly.” She pledged to launch a ‘Start-up Dhaka-9’ fund for young entrepreneurs and set up community daycare centres for working mothers.

She also promised to establish permanent constituency offices and launch an open digital dashboard for lodging complaints.

Tasnim ended her post, urging voters to support her with the ‘football’ symbol in the upcoming election.

‘The days of neglecting Dhaka-9 over’

FROM PAGE 2
LPG syndicate, modernise drainage and waste management systems, and ensure accountability in road construction.

Highlighting healthcare challenges, she said Mugda Medical College Hospital faces immense pressure, serving 700,000 to 800,000 patients a month. She pledged to upgrade community clinics into mini-hospitals and establish a year-round dengue task force.

On security, she said, “A city that

BNP leader shot on Thursday

FROM PAGE 2
After undergoing surgery at DMCH, he was later shifted to the ICU of Holy Family Hospital, where he died yesterday afternoon, Hasan’s younger brother Rakib Hossain told reporters.

Rakib earlier said Hasan suffered a gunshot wound to the right side of his abdomen when two armed criminals shot him while he was returning home from a waz mahfil on Thursday night.

Talking to The Daily Star yesterday, Rakib, who is an assistant publicity secretary of BNP’s Hazaratpur union, said the motive behind the attack on his brother was not clear to him.

He said there is no influence of any political party other than BNP in their area and claimed that his brother, who was a land broker, had no known enemies.

However, he suspected that the attack might have stemmed from an internal conflict within the party.

cards to create controversy.

“If BNP is given responsibility through people’s votes, these cards will be delivered completely free of cost, through state initiatives, to rightful recipients,” he said.

He urged citizens to report any fraudulent activity to the BNP and law enforcement agencies, stressing that attempts to exploit the initiatives were unacceptable.

To strengthen communication with voters, the BNP has launched an election hotline (16543) and a WhatsApp hotline (01806977577).

Mahdi said the services would provide information on election laws, monitor voter complaints, and receive feedback.

“Our main goal is to ensure a transparent, acceptable and citizen-friendly election by involving people from cities and villages across the country,” he said.

MENSTRUAL MIGRAINE

The hormone-linked headache many dread

STAR HEALTH DESK

Menstrual migraine is a form of migraine that follows a monthly pattern, appearing shortly before or during a period. It is not simply a bad headache. Attacks can involve intense, pulsing pain, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and strong sensitivity to light, sound, or smells. For some, daily routines become almost impossible until the episode passes.

The main driver is thought to be hormonal change, particularly the sharp fall in oestrogen that happens just as menstruation begins. This shift can affect chemical pathways in the brain that control pain, making certain people especially prone to migraines at this time of the cycle. Those who already experience migraine for other reasons often notice that their worst attacks cluster around their period.

One feature of menstrual migraine is its predictability. Because it tends to strike at similar points each month, keeping track of cycle dates and symptoms can be extremely useful. This



record can help people and their doctors anticipate attacks rather than simply reacting once pain has started.

Management usually combines lifestyle habits with medication. Eating regularly, staying hydrated, keeping sleep patterns steady, and reducing stress around high-risk days may lessen severity. Some take pain-relieving or migraine-specific medicines at the first sign of symptoms, or even just before attacks are expected. In certain cases, hormonal approaches are used to smooth fluctuations.

Although menstrual migraine can feel relentless, understanding the pattern is a powerful first step. With tailored treatment and planning, many people find they can reduce disruption and regain control of their month.



WORLD LEPROSY DAY 2026

Time to put an end to stigma as disease remains curable

STAR HEALTH DESK

Every year, on the last Sunday of January, the world observes World Leprosy Day. In 2026, this falls on today, 25th January. This day is an opportunity to raise awareness about leprosy, remind the global community that it still affects people today, and to confront the stigma and discrimination that too often surround the disease.

This year's theme – “*Leprosy is curable; the real challenge is stigma*” – is a direct call to action aimed at increasing public understanding of the disease, confronting harmful stereotypes, and encouraging communities worldwide to support those affected. Although effective and free antibiotic treatment is available that cures leprosy and prevents complications if started early, negative attitudes and fear still prevent many people from seeking care promptly.

According to World Health Organisation (WHO), World Leprosy Day 2026 is an opportunity not only to raise awareness about the disease itself but also to celebrate the dignity and resilience of people living with leprosy and those who have

experienced it. The theme reflects evidence from communities where individuals affected consistently identify stigma as one of their most significant challenges. Many affected people face discrimination that affects nearly every aspect of their lives – including employment, housing, family relationships and education.

Stigma is rooted in widespread misconceptions. Too many people continue to believe that leprosy is highly contagious, incurable or even a punishment for wrongdoing – ideas that have no basis in science. In reality, leprosy is caused by a specific type of bacteria, and the disease is cured with simple antibiotic treatment. When treatment begins early, there are no lasting complications, and transmission is effectively interrupted. However, fear of discrimination often leads people to hide symptoms and avoid seeking medical help, resulting in delays that can cause unnecessary suffering and long-term disability.

World Leprosy Day also helps sustain momentum around global efforts to eliminate leprosy as a public health problem. Leprosy remains classified as a neglected tropical disease, and it persists in many regions

of the world. By spotlighting the lived experiences of affected individuals and by promoting accurate medical information, WHO and partner organisations aim to reduce new cases and eliminate social barriers that hinder disease control.

For communities and governments, the observance serves as a reminder that public health progress must go hand in hand with social change. Access to diagnosis and treatment alone is not enough if affected people continue to be ostracised, excluded or demeaned because of outdated beliefs. Addressing stigma requires education, respectful dialogue and inclusive policies that protect the rights and dignity of every individual.

The day's observance also forms part of larger advocacy efforts that link leprosy control with broader health and human rights goals. By mobilising civil society, health workers and policymakers, WHO aims to foster environments in which people affected by leprosy can live without fear of discrimination – and where communities are equipped with the knowledge to prevent stigma before it takes root.

Source: World Health Organisation

Five minutes that could change everything!

What if living longer did not mean gym memberships, fitness plans, or dramatic lifestyle overhauls? What if it simply meant moving a little more than you do now?

New research published in *The Lancet* suggests that even the smallest changes in daily movement can make a meaningful difference to how long people live. We are not talking about marathon running or intense workouts. Just a few extra minutes of walking each day—the kind most people could manage without thinking twice—may have a surprisingly powerful effect on overall health.

The message is simple and quietly encouraging: every bit of movement counts. For people who are already fairly active, doing just a little more still seems to help. But the biggest gains appear among those who move the least — the people who feel they are “too busy”, “too tired”, or “not the sporty type”. For them, even a modest increase can matter.

The study also highlights something many of us already know but often ignore: sitting for long stretches is not great for us. Cutting down on daily sitting time—by standing up more often, moving around the house, or taking short breaks—may also play a role in improving long-term health.

What makes this research stand out is that it challenges the idea that health benefits only come from hitting official targets or following strict rules. Instead, it points to a more realistic truth: small, achievable changes can still add up.

This is not about personal fitness advice or telling people what they must do. It is about shifting how we think. Movement does not have to be perfect to be powerful.

Sometimes, five extra minutes is enough to start changing the story.



Kidneys in silent mode: Early signs you should not ignore

ABIDA TASNIM

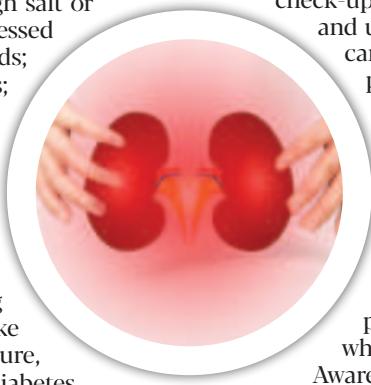
You wake up tired, sip your second cup of coffee, skip water again because of work-related deadlines or classes, and scroll through your phone while grabbing instant noodles or something greasy for breakfast. Feels like just another normal morning? Not for your proactive kidneys - they are burning out in silence. Most young adults and even older people rarely think about their kidneys unless something goes seriously wrong, and there comes the danger; kidney damage is often silent and slowly progressive. Unlike a sprained ankle or a fever, your kidneys will not send alerts urgently.

Our kidneys always work quietly — filtering our blood, balancing fluids, removing waste and regulating blood pressure. Beyond these jobs, the kidneys help to keep the electrolytes in balance — an essential process for normal functioning of the brain, heart, nerves and muscles. Ignoring subtle signals can quietly set a person on a path toward chronic kidney disease (CKD), increased strain on the heart, and life-altering outcomes like dialysis — an increasingly common health challenge today.

The early whispers are easy to ignore — mild swelling around the eyes or ankles, slightly foamy urine,

frequent or painful urination, unexplained fatigue, slight back pain, or recurrent headaches. Most people brush these off as stress, late nights, or too much caffeine, but these subtle signs are often your body's hints that the filtration system is under pressure.

The causes are frequently lifestyle-driven: chronic dehydration from skipping water; high salt or sugar diets; processed and fast foods; energy drinks; excessive use of over-the-counter painkillers like paracetamol or ibuprofen; and prolonged sitting or sedentary habits. Underlying conditions like high blood pressure, obesity, and diabetes can make it worse, silently accelerating kidney decline without any obvious warning. The stakes are high because kidneys are deeply interconnected to almost every vital system — when they cannot afford to function properly, the heart struggles, blood pressure increases, toxins build up, and even the brain can be affected. Yet, the empowering fact is that much of this damage is preventable or manageable if it can



be detected earlier.

Simple daily habits — which include drinking enough water, choosing balanced meals, getting exercise done for at least thirty minutes a day, avoiding unnecessary self-medications, and monitoring blood pressure regularly — can make a profound difference to reduce the risk of kidney diseases. Routine check-ups with simple blood and urine tests under the care of core healthcare providers can detect effects of kidney stress long before it becomes an irreversible serious issue. Kidneys don not shout — they whisper.

Unfortunately, most people only notice when it's too late. Awareness, small lifestyle changes, and paying attention to the subtle body signals can protect silent yet essential organs. Early detection and proper management of kidney disease play a crucial role in slowing down its progression and reducing life-threatening severe complications.

The writer is a medical student at United Medical College & Hospital, Dhaka. Email: tasnimabida.30@gmail.com

The silent health threat many people carry alone

Loneliness is far more than an unpleasant feeling. New research suggests it is closely linked to depression and poorer physical health, marking it out as a growing public health concern in the United States.

By examining several years of nationwide telephone surveys, researchers found that feeling persistently lonely went hand in hand with far worse mental well-being and noticeably poorer physical health. People who described themselves as constantly lonely were far more likely to experience depression and to struggle through repeated days each month feeling mentally or physically unwell. Patterns also



varied across groups, with women generally reporting greater mental strain linked to loneliness, while some ethnic differences appeared in how strongly depression was connected to feeling isolated.

Although the study relied on people reporting their own experiences and could not account for every life circumstance, the message is clear: loneliness has tangible consequences for health. The

authors argue that it should be treated with the same seriousness as other major risk factors.

They suggest that doctors and health services could begin asking routinely about loneliness, helping to spot those at risk early and direct them towards social programmes or community support.

The wider implication is striking. Loneliness is not simply a private struggle; it may be shaping national health in quiet but powerful ways. Tackling isolation, the researchers conclude, could play a vital role in improving overall well-being and reducing depression across society.

Source: PLOS One

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umchlt.com

সুস্থতায় কাটুক নতুন বছর

ইউনিভার্সেল মেডিকেল কলেজ হাসপাতাল ও
ইউনিভার্সেল কার্ডিয়াক হাসপাতাল, ঢাকা

সেবাসমূহ

- এডাল্ট আইসিইউ (বেডসাইড জায়ালাইসিসমহ)
- পেডিয়াট্রিক আইসিইউ (PICU)
- নবজাতক আইসিইউ (NICU)
- ইন্টারভেন্টশনাল কার্ডিওলজি
- কার্ডিয়াক সার্জারী
- হাই ডিপেন্ডেন্সি ইউনিট (HDU)
- রেসপাইরেটরি কেয়ার ইউনিট (RCU)
- ফিজিওথেরাপি ও স্ট্রোক সেন্টার
- হেমোডায়ালাইসিস ইউনিট
- আর্থোপেডিক, ট্রমা ও স্পাইন সেন্টার
- ডায়াগনস্টিক সেন্টার- ২৪ ঘন্টা
- জায়াবেটিস, হরমোন ও ওবেসিটি সেন্টার
- রিসেশনাল পরামর্শ (দিবা-রাত্রি)
- আইসিইউ অ্যাম্বুলেন্স এবং হেলিকপ্টার পরিষেবা
- ২৪ ঘন্টা কার্ডিয়াক এবং জরুরী পরিষেবা
- ২৪ ঘন্টা মডেল ফার্মেসী

সিবিআলএল জেনা ফোন ককন
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জেল রোড, শ্রীক্ষমণ্ডিয়া

নিউ ওয়াশপোর্ট রোড, মধ্যাণী, ঢাকা
বিশেষজ্ঞের সিনিয়র ডাঃ ০১৬৪৪ ৪৮০০০০

How Bangladesh’s T20 World Cup HOPES UNRAVELLED

STAR SPORTS DESK

With events unfolding over more than three weeks, the International Cricket Council (ICC) yesterday officially confirmed that Bangladesh will be replaced by Scotland in the upcoming T20 World Cup, co-hosted by Sri Lanka and India from February 7. The sequence of events is as follows:

JAN 3: Indian Premier League (IPL) franchise Kolkata Knight Riders drop Mustafizur Rahman from their squad on instructions from the Board of Control for Cricket in India (BCCI). Youth and Sports Adviser Asif Nazrul instructs the Bangladesh Cricket Board (BCB) to request the ICC to move Bangladesh’s World Cup matches outside India and calls for IPL broadcasts in Bangladesh to be halted.

JAN 4: BCB formally requests the ICC to relocate Bangladesh’s matches, citing security concerns and following government advice. The board also announces Bangladesh’s 15-member T20 World Cup squad.

JAN 5: The interim government decides to suspend IPL broadcasts.

JAN 6: The ICC writes back and seeks detailed security observations from the BCB regarding travel to India.

JAN 8: BCB sends a second letter to the ICC, reiterating its relocation request with detailed security observations.

JAN 12: Asif Nazrul reaffirms Bangladesh’s stance against travelling to India and



refers to three security points raised by the ICC Security team through inter-departmental communication between the ICC and the BCB.

JAN 17: An ICC delegate arrives in Bangladesh for further discussions, with another ICC delegate, Gaurav Saxena, joining the meeting virtually. Both parties maintain their initial stance.

JAN 21: The ICC again rejects Bangladesh’s

relocation request and gives the BCB one day to consult the government during a virtual meeting. The meeting includes a vote on Bangladesh’s relocation request, with the majority voting against it. The ICC issues a press release confirming the schedule remains unchanged, with Bangladesh’s matches in India. BCB president Aminul Islam Bulbul says he is waiting for a “miracle from ICC.”

JAN 22: Bulbul and Asif Nazrul meet with cricketers for the first time during the period. The BCB seeks intervention from the ICC’s Dispute Resolution Committee after Asif Nazrul states there is “no scope” to travel to India due to security concerns.

JAN 24: The ICC confirms Scotland as Bangladesh’s replacement in the T20 World Cup after no agreement is reached.

BCB springs surprise, opens door to Shakib’s return

SPORTS REPORT

The Bangladesh Cricket Board (BCB) on Saturday, out of the blue, said it would consider Shakib Al Hasan for the national team, subject to his availability.

“The board has unanimously decided that the selection panel will consider Shakib Al Hasan for selection, provided there is availability, fitness and his accessibility,” BCB media committee chairman Amzad Hossain told reporters after a board of directors’ meeting in Mirpur.

Amzad added that the board recently had been in contact with Shakib, and he has expressed desire to retire on home soil and informed he is available for both home and away series.

Addressing concerns regarding Shakib’s legal and personal matters, the board maintained that these were issues for the government and the courts. “The board wants Shakib in the team purely as a player,” a BCB official said, adding that BCB president Aminul Islam Bulbul will discuss the administrative and security aspects with high-level government officials.

During the press conference, a heated exchange took place between journalists and BCB officials, with questions raised over whether Shakib’s issue was being brought up to divert attention from Bangladesh being replaced by Scotland in the upcoming ICC T20 World Cup.

The board rejected the claim, claiming Shakib’s name surfaced during routine discussions on players’ central contracts. “This was not linked to any other issue,” an official said.

Shakib, a former MP from Awami League, has not returned to Bangladesh following the fall of the Awami League government in the face of a mass uprising in July 2024.

He last played for Bangladesh in the Kanpur Test in India in September 2024. He wanted to play his farewell Test in Dhaka against South Africa in October 2024, but could not return amid protests and wider security concerns. In a recent interview, Shakib said he has not retired from any format of international cricket yet.



Heat bakes, Djokovic shines

Brutal heat dominated the Australian Open on Saturday, forcing a five-hour suspension of matches on outside courts as temperatures soared to 38C at Melbourne Park. The tournament’s Heat Stress Scale hit the maximum level of five, with players and spectators baking in extreme conditions. Reigning champion Jannik Sinner visibly struggled, seen using a cooling tube between games during his third-round match against American Eliot Spizzirri. Battling cramps and losing his first set since October under a blazing sun, the Italian was a limping wreck before the extreme heat policy allowed the roof at Rod Laver Arena to be closed, helping him recover and reach the last 16 with a dramatic 4-6, 6-3, 6-4, 6-4 win. Meanwhile, Novak Djokovic escaped the worst of the heat to beat Botic van de Zandschulp 6-3, 6-4, 7-6 (7/4), securing his 102nd match victory at Melbourne to match Roger Federer’s record, while also becoming the first player to reach 400 Grand Slam wins.

PHOTO: AFP/REUTERS

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A final farewell at Jashore jail gate

Wife, infant of jailed BCL leader found dead; family cites despair over denied bail

OUR CORRESPONDENT, Bagerhat

As evening fell yesterday, an ambulance stopped at the gate of Jashore Central Jail, carrying the bodies of a young woman and her nine-month-old child.

There, their husband and father – jailed Bagerhat Sadar Chhatra League President Jewel Hasan Saddam – came to see them for one last time.

Earlier, Saddam's family had applied for his release on parole but then had to arrange for the bodies to be taken to the jail gate.

The jail authorities said six family members were allowed in the jail gate area with the ambulance.

Around 7:30pm, Saddam went to see his wife, Kaniz Suborna Swarnali, 22, and his only child Nazim.

Earlier in the day, police recovered the bodies of the mother and child. Swarnali was found hanging, while the child was lying lifeless on the floor at a house in Sabekdanga village of Bagerhat Sadar upazila around noon.

After post-mortem at Bagerhat 250-bed District Hospital, the bodies were handed over to the family.

Speaking to reporters, Swarnali's brother, Shubho, said his sister had married Saddam around five years ago. Saddam was arrested in Gopalganj following the fall of the Awami League regime on August 5, 2024, and had been charged in several cases.

"My sister had been mentally distressed since her husband's imprisonment. She tried in many ways to secure his release... This caused severe mental stress and depression. Out of frustration, she drowned her nine-month-old child in a

SEE PAGE 5 COL 6



PHOTO: REUTERS

A person on a balcony watches the scuffles between federal agents and community members, amid tear gas clouds, at the scene of a shooting involving federal immigration agents in Minneapolis, Minnesota, US, yesterday. A man was shot dead by federal agents in Minneapolis yesterday, the second fatal shooting involving federal agents this month. The man, who has not been identified, was armed with a handgun and two magazines, the Department of Homeland Security said in a statement.

Russian attack aims at derailing talks

Says Ukraine as second day of US-backed talks in Abu Dhabi conclude; Zelensky opposes territorial concessions to Moscow

AFP, Abu Dhabi

Ukraine yesterday accused Russia of undermining negotiations to end their almost four-year war by launching fresh deadly strikes, as officials from both countries and the United States met for a second day of direct talks in Abu Dhabi.

Bombardments killed one person and injured 27 in Kyiv and the northeastern city of Kharkiv overnight, authorities said, as Ukrainian and Russian

negotiators were set for a second day of talks on the latest US-brokered proposals.

"Peace efforts? Trilateral meeting in the UAE? Diplomacy? For Ukrainians, this was another night of Russian terror," Ukraine's Foreign Minister Andriy Sybiga said.

He said Russia's President Vladimir Putin "ordered a brutal massive missile strike against Ukraine right while delegations are meeting in Abu Dhabi to

advance the America-led peace process. His missiles hit not only our people, but also the negotiation table."

The first known direct contact between Ukrainian and Russian officials on the proposal began on Friday.

Ukraine's chief negotiator Rustem Umerov said the discussions focused "on the parameters for ending Russia's war and the further logic of the negotiation process".

SEE PAGE 5 COL 1

'Play a more effective role'

Shujan slams EC for allowing loan defaulters, dual citizens to run

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

Shushashoner Jonno Nagorik (Shujan) yesterday urged the Election Commission to play a more effective role in ensuring free and fair polls, as allegations of violations of the electoral code of conduct by various candidates continue to emerge.

The civic platform said there were already allegations that the EC had given concessions to loan defaulters and dual-citizen candidates, and that fresh allegations were now surfacing against many candidates over breaches of the code.

"This is badly affecting the election environment. It is unexpected for the people," Shujan Chief Coordinator Dilip Kumar Sarkar said at a press conference in the capital.

The event, titled "The Role of Stakeholders in Ensuring Free and Fair Elections," was held at the Sagor-Rumi Auditorium of Dhaka Reporters Unity.

Shujan Secretary Badiul Alam Majumdar described the

Some candidates are being attacked with eggs and dirty water. ... If these incidents are not halted immediately, the situation could spiral out of control.

Badiul Alam Majumdar, secretary of Shujan

EC's stance on allowing loan defaulters and dual citizens to contest the February 12 polls as "disgraceful".

"Some candidates are being attacked with eggs and dirty water. The Election Commission and the government must take strong measures to stop this. If these incidents are not halted immediately, the situation could spiral out of control," he said.

He also urged the EC to take active steps to prevent the spread of misinformation during the election.

Highlighting the necessity of elections for a functioning democratic system, Majumdar said, "Democracy means equal treatment and equal opportunity for all.

SEE PAGE 5 COL 4

MUSABBIR MURDER

Probe points to feud over extortion: DMP

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

A dispute over extortion in the capital's Karwan Bazar area led to the killing of Swetchhasebak Dal leader Azizur Rahman Musabbir, allegedly on the instructions of underworld criminal Dilip alias Binash, police said yesterday.

Shafiqul Islam, additional commissioner of Dhaka Metropolitan Police and chief of the Detective Branch (DB), disclosed the findings at a press conference at the DMP Media Centre.

Eight to nine extortion syndicates operate in Karwan Bazar, both openly and covertly, and Musabbir's growing influence in the area brought him into conflict with Dilip, who later hired assailants to carry out the murder, Shafiqul said.

SEE PAGE 5 COL 4



PHOTO: REUTERS

Indonesian rescue members carry a body bag containing the remains of a victim from the site of a landslide at West Java's Pasirlangu village in Indonesia yesterday. Seven people have died and 82 are missing in the landslide.

A death out of nowhere

Man dies after rod falls on his head; family sues for negligence

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

A regular afternoon turned into a family's worst nightmare, as a man died after a piece of iron rod fell from above and hit him on the head in Gulshan on Thursday.

Ashfaquzzaman Chowdhury, 45, a logistics manager at GE Healthcare Technologies, was standing on the footpath, chatting with a colleague after lunch when the tragedy struck.

He was rushed to the United Hospital but was declared dead on arrival.

The family has filed a lawsuit against three top officials of Concord Group, including its chairman and managing director, accusing them of gross negligence.

Meanwhile, Concord Group yesterday issued a statement regarding the death and claimed that the incident did not occur near its building but in front of another structure.

Ashfaq's father-in-law, Sirajul Islam Talukder, filed the case with Gulshan Police Station on Thursday, naming Concord Group Managing Director Shahriar Kamal, Chairman SM Kamal Uddin, project in-charge Al Amin, and 10 to 12 unnamed individuals as accused, Sub-Inspector Aziz Mahmud, the investigation officer of the case, told The Daily Star.



Ashfaquzzaman

SEE PAGE 5 COL 1

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
National Legal Aid Services Organization
Law and Justice Division
Ministry of Law, Justice and Parliamentary Affairs
www.nlaso.gov.bd

Memo No.: 10.07.0000.002.28.038.16-235 Date: 8th Magh 1432
22nd January 2026

Public Notification

It is hereby notified for the information of all concerned that, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 1 of the Legal Aid Services (Amendment) Ordinance, 2025 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 2025) and in pursuant to Notification No. S.R.O-25/2026 dated 19 January 2026, the Government has fixed the **25th day of January, 2026**, as the date on which the provisions of section 21kha of the Legal Aid Services Act, 2000 (Act No. VI of 2000) will come into operation in the districts of Munshiganj, Chapainawabganj, Joypurhat, Kurigram, Narsingdi, Jhenaidah, Magura, Lakshmipur.

According to the Schedule of the amended law, **it is mandatory to go through mediation process at the Legal Aid Office before filing a case** arising under the following 7 (seven) categories of cases:

1. Matters under Section 5 of Family Courts Act, 2023;
2. Disputes under Premises Rent Control Act, 1991;
3. Disputes relating to partition under the jurisdiction of the Civil Judge's Court;
4. Pre-emption disputes under section 96 of State Acquisition & Tenancy Act;
5. Pre-emption disputes under section 24 of Non-Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1949;
6. Disputes relating to maintenance of parents under Section 8 of The Maintenance of Parents Act, 2013;
7. Complaints regarding dowry under section 3 and 4 of Dowry Prohibition Act, 2018.

For further information, please visit: www.nlaso.gov.bd or during office hours, contact Legal Aid **toll-free helpline: 16699**.

Executive Director
National Legal Aid Services Organization
Law and Justice Division
Ministry of Law, Justice and Parliamentary Affairs

কিছু মানুষ সময়ের উর্ধ্বে উঠে যান
ঐরাবীতি, সত্য ও দায়বদ্ধতার
অজ্ঞান আদর্শ হয়ে প্রজন্মকে পথ দেখান।

মোস্তফা গোলাম কুদ্দুস
(৪ মার্চ, ১৯৪৯-২০ জানুয়ারী, ২০২০)
স্বাধীনতা, প্রতিষ্ঠা ও প্রগতির চেয়ারম্যান, মোস্তাফী লাইফ ইন্স্যুরেন্স প্রাইভেট লিমিটেড
প্রগতির চেয়ারম্যান, ক্রমশী ইন্স্যুরেন্স কোম্পানী লিমিটেড
প্রতিষ্ঠাতা ও ব্যবস্থাপনা পরিচালক, ড্রাগন গ্রুপ

SLI PLC
DragonGroup