

## ■ STUDY ABROAD ■

# Navigating the UK undergraduate admission process

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Applying to universities abroad can be an intimidating process, especially when aiming for the United Kingdom. While guides for applying to the US are abundant, information on the UK system can be harder to find. To help you navigate the process, here's a comprehensive guide to applying for undergraduate studies in the UK.

#### Researching courses and universities

The first step is to decide which course and university best align with your academic interests, career goals, and personal preferences. The UK offers a wide range of undergraduate courses, from traditional fields like medicine and law to niche areas like bioengineering and philosophy. For each university, you apply to a specific course and your profile is assessed against the requirements for admission to that course.

Research is crucial. Consider factors such as course content, teaching style, tuition fees, university rankings, and campus culture. Platforms like YouTube are excellent for understanding the environment and facilities.

#### Understanding the requirements

Each university has its own requirements like minimum grades and entrance exams such as the Law National Aptitude Test (LNAT) or Biomedical Admissions Test (BMAT), etc. All this information is available on individual university websites under each specific course. Some universities require you to attend interviews to personally assess your academic capabilities and most require English proficiency test scores if you choose to get admitted. The interviews are usually conducted after you have already submitted your application.

#### How to apply

Undergraduate admissions in the UK are managed through the Universities and Colleges

Admissions Service (UCAS) – a system similar to the US Common Application. For a fee of GBP 28.50, you can only apply to a maximum of five universities. However, you cannot apply to both University of Oxford and University of Cambridge in the same undergraduate admission cycle. The website itself is very helpful and provides all the resources to help you complete your application.

Compared to the US Common Application, the application process on UCAS is pretty straightforward. Start by creating an account, filling in personal details, and entering your grades. A key component is the personal statement – a 4000-character essay where you explain why you wish to study your chosen subject and demonstrate how you have already pursued it through extra-curricular activities like research, internships, external reading, etc. It's important to craft a compelling and authentic narrative that demonstrates your enthusiasm for the subject and your suitability for the course.

The UCAS essay is very different from the Common Application personal essay where you talk about who you are as a person. This focus is because UK universities admit students to specific courses, and switching majors later is typically not allowed.

Lastly, you'll also need to invite a teacher or academic mentor to write a reference, providing an evaluation of your abilities and giving context to your educational background. Note that UCAS does not require financial documents or details about other extracurricular activities.

#### The financial aspect

Tuition fees differ based on your course and your nationality. For instance, STEM courses for

international students always have the highest fees. Full scholarships for international undergraduate students are rare and highly competitive. However, there are some small awards which you can usually find under a university's "scholarship finder" website.

#### The timeline

Most UK undergraduate courses start in September, so applications typically begin a year earlier. If you're completing your final school exams (for instance, A

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Levels) in June 2025 and plan to start university without a gap year, you can open your UCAS account and start your application from May 2024. You can then start submitting from the beginning of September 2024.

The deadline for applications to the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, and for most courses in Medicine, Dentistry, and Veterinary is October 15. The deadline for most other universities is January 29. However, entrance exams often have earlier registration deadlines, so check these in advance.

Decisions for Oxford and Cambridge are typically released by mid-January, while other universities aim to notify applicants from late March to mid-May and some admit students on a rolling basis.

Unlike the US, where all decisions are announced on a fixed date, UK universities respond within eight to ten weeks of receiving your application. If you don't receive any offers, UCAS offers options like "Extra" or "Clearing" where you can apply to courses with available vacancies. Offers can be either 'unconditional' or 'conditional', in which case you will have to fulfil certain criteria to secure admission. So, make sure to read your offer letter properly.

Final advice: start early. Do your research, contact your recommender, and work hard to meet the admission requirements.

With the right preparation, you can look forward to a rewarding academic experience in the UK.



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