The Daily Star recently organised a roundtable titled 'Vision of the Youth.' Students from various universities across the country, who led the quota reform movement, participated in the event to share their vision for a new Bangladesh. Below, we present a summary of the discussion.

## What do the youth really want?



**Mahfuz Anam** 

Editor and publisher, The Daily Star

Today, we want to hear your visions.

You have achieved what once seemed

impossible. When we had almost lost

hope of freeing ourselves from an

undemocratic government, you have

Throughout my long career

in journalism, I have witnessed

the erosion of democracy, the

suppression of free expression, and

countless human rights abuses.

Acknowledging the efforts of my

colleagues, we have strived to

practise free journalism even in

the most challenging times. Yet,

much has remained unsaid, or we

have self-censored due to concerns

for the safety of our reporters

or junior colleagues. With many

refrain from writing about certain

issues. But you have dismantled that

the media are particularly grateful to

The government has changed,

opening up new opportunities.

However, the path forward is far more

complex than simply replacing those

beginning to see signs of deviation

decisions, such as entering the

Secretariat or cancelling exams.

While these actions might seem

justified to you, it is crucial to reflect

on these matters when guiding a state

and fulfilling its associated dreams.

We live within a societal structure

political parties that suffered under

the Awami League (AL) have now

merely replaced the previous ruling

party. The faces are new, but the

must consider how to safeguard

on a mountain peak, surrounded by

It is incredibly difficult to maintain

an environment where true freedom

of expression prevails. Freedom of

expression means that criticism may

be directed at anyone. We have laws

to address; whether such criticism

is based on facts or not. Attacking

actions are the same—abusing power

In reality, I must say that the

that requires certain disciplines.

and a tendency to enforce certain

After your revolution, we are

in power.

taught us to dream again.









WHAT KINDS OF REFORMS

**Masud Rana** 

SHOULD TAKE PLACE WITHIN

Organiser, Raishahi University

suppress other political ideologies.

members of parliament flee after

the government fell? This suggests

could have been stronger if it had







Arif Sohel

University

The greatest strength of any political Over the past 15 years, a fascist

party is its opposition. The mistake regime has rendered the constitution

the Awami League (AL) made was increasingly irrelevant in ensuring

trying to consolidate its own power the proper functioning of the state,

while simultaneously attempting to as evidenced by the removal of the

For example, why did the opposition from the constitution.

Organiser, Jahanairnagai

In this context, it is notable

that the regime frequently makes

they either considered themselves rhetorical references to the 1972 to remain politically active, are

part of the AL or were conditioned constitution. However, the drafting fundamentally undemocratic and

to behave as such. However, the AL process of the 1972 Constitution authoritarian at their core. They are

allowed opposition parties to retain crafted by a small group of lawyers conform to their views and, in fact,



WHAT KIND OF CONSTITUTIONAL August mass uprising, it is both

was itself undemocratic; it was quick to dismiss anyone who does not

without sufficient consultation with are the original proponents of cancel

the diverse groups involved in the culture, which is fundamentally at

internally. Without Liberation War—people from various odds with true democratic political essentially designed to prevent a vote



timely and essential to demand a

new constitution or substantial

reforms to the current one. Without

this, any future democratically

therefore, serious reforms to the

present constitution are imperative.

Contemporary political parties

in Bangladesh, or those trying

Organiser, Jahangirnagar



minister from office.

sectarian demands.

which is fraught with problems. It

a decision is made on whether

they will be granted a permanent

position. This process often leads to

justices feeling compelled to cater

to the ruling regime's whims and

The role of the ombudsman, as

provision worth discussing. The

ombudsman is meant to act as a

and the general public, serving as a

contentious because it was

check and balance on power.





juridical power to remove a prime Mozammel Haque

Another significant issue is the Looking at past elections, especially process of appointing justices, the most recent one, securing the nomination seemed more important elected government could once is said that a justice's performance than winning the election itself, as it again devolve into a fascist regime; is observed for two years before was often assumed that whoever won the nomination would automatically win the election. Those who had more money

wielded more muscle power, utilised the media for propaganda, and exploited the bureaucracy were more likely to secure a nomination. These outlined in Article 77, is another corrupt practices must be stopped. I is not uncommon to see individuals involved in corruption and money mediator between the bureaucracy laundering participating in elections. Such practices must be banned. Meghmallar Basu In countries without proportional

representation, elections often end

the two largest political parties,

thereby hampering political plurality.

Another important issue i

that, according to media reports,

90 percent of former parliament

members were millionaires. We want

representation from different groups,

such as religious minorities and

millions represent someone whose

fundamental class interests are

In my opinion, the two most

critical factors are implementing

proportional representation and

strictly regulating the amount of

money spent in elections and the

We must not overlook the fact

that political influence is not the

only factor corrupting the Election

Commission; powerful businessmen

and industrialists also play a

stipulated that there should be five

members in the Election Commission,

including a woman, to create an

reflected in our current EC. The

women in the EC often lack agency and

rarely have any real scope to voice their

opinions. They tend to serve as mere

puppets or showpieces, which raises

the question: How logical is it to keep

women members in the EC under such

circumstances? This is something we

must critically examine.

Moreover, the 13th Amendment

different from theirs?

sources of that money.

Prapti Taposhi

significant role in this.

HOW DO YOU VIEW THE ROLE up doing more harm than good. In OF RELIGION IN POLITICS? such systems, voters are left with Sabah Anjim Farabi no choice but to vote for one major When discussing religion-based party to remove the other-BNP to politics, it's crucial to consider the oust AL and vice versa. Even when role of religion itself. As a Muslim, I we campaigned for a leftist party or candidate, the most common which teaches that Islam does response was: "Your candidate is not condone interference in the good, but if we vote for you, it will be wasted." This sentiment arises because, if a vote does not cross that individuals of all faiths are the 50 percent threshold, it doesn't count, which is fundamentally undemocratic. Without proportional be held accountable. representation, the fear of a wasted vote drives people to choose between

Nazifa Jannat

The latest Election Commission

Act was passed in 2022. According

to this Act, the Chief Election

Commissioner and three other

individuals will form the Election

Commission, with a six-member

search committee proposing

their names. It is essential for the

search committee to publish their

meeting minutes and resolutions

as public notices. This transparency

would ensure public participation

by keeping people informed about

system of checks and balances. The

media can also play a crucial role

in keeping the public updated and

holding the EC accountable.

Prapti Taposhi Political parties based on religious ideologies often promote extremism and are prone to rejecting differing viewpoints. This issue is compounded in countries which advocates for tolerance and a particular religion can limit representation for others. While everyone should have the right to

inclusivity. Arif Sohel

The concept of religion-based political struggle. politics is often misunderstood. **Umama Fatema** Political parties that are

some might describe their approach as Shariati politics. Additionally, Maulana Bhashani's politics, rooted in Hukumat-e-Rabbania, played a crucial role in

Bangladesh's independence. By adopting an inclusive mindset, the state would naturally evolve from the community rather than imposing itself upon would be reflected in both rural and urban areas, continuing the EC's activities and fostering a a tradition of coexistence. ideas have minimal presence Communities can overcome the in rural areas. Given the state's as war criminals in 1971. limitations of theocracies focused on specific rituals or obligations. governance could create a genuine History demonstrates that genocide has occurred in the name based politics, fostering more of both religion and secularism, underscoring the need to critically evaluate political systems that lack

Meghmallar Basu speak from an Islamic perspective, In theory, religion-based politics could be progressive, as illustrated by the Maulana Bhashani's politics. practice of other religions. It is However, in Bangladesh, parties the government's duty to ensure like Jamaat-e-Islami and Khilafat Mailis, which engage in religion protected, and if the government based politics, often present fails in this responsibility, it should themselves as protectors. This raises the question of why individuals from other religious communities would seek protection rather than

It is crucial to recognise that the longstanding policy of banning these parties has been ineffective. Despite 15 years of where those who align with the repression, Jamaat-e-Islami has not disappeared; rather, such It represented both a social and

it functions merely as a tool for

others through its rules and rituals. Pranbad or Stewardship, these space for discussions on religionmeaningful engagement. People

The current state of student politics requires thorough reassessment. The traditional structures and characteristics are no longer effective, as evidenced by the growing disillusionment among both youths and the general public in

should have the freedom to choose

Bangladesh.

which ideas they accept. Sabah Anjim Farabi inclusivity. Such a bias towards was not banned outright but was League centres its politics around parties. despite their differing on Islam-based principles. Every ideals of law-abiding politics. participate in politics, it is vital views. They reached a consensus to political party, in some way, adheres for political parties to embrace exclude such politics from campus, to its own 'dharma' globally. Even and any attempts by Shibir to those who are anti-religion in their enter were collectively thwarted. politics can inadvertently create a new form of ideological influence.

Nazifa Jannat

voter base. This religion-based this country equally, with equal politics is not grounded in genuine rights and opportunities. In 2024, mass murders occurred,

where students, youths, and the securing votes. Moreover, it seems elderly people were killed by that religion is being weaponised state apparatus under the Awami by political parties to suppress League government. However, we must not forget the events of 1971 While some city-based study or alter the established historical groups discuss concepts like narrative. While condemning the 2024 genocide, it's also important not to forget Jamaat-e-Islami's role repressive nature, a shift in HOW DO YOU VIEW STUDENT

POLITICS IN EDUCATIONAL **Mustafiz Rahman** 

What we have consistently observed before and during the July massacre is violence against student movements. The student wing of the Awami League, Chhatra League, has been disruptive even during This group exerted significant control over students, frequently commanding various aspects of their lives. Many activists would skip lectures to attend political meetings and participate in processions. This dominance has made us increasingly pessimistic about university-level politics in Bangladesh, which is why I support the idea of making student politics illegal.

When student politics leads to practices such as extortion and terrorism, it becomes a serious repression often enhances the It's crucial to recognise that setting a poor example for with the principles of secularism, party's image as a symbol of no politics is entirely free from academic institutions. Student resistance. In the 1980s, Shibir religious influence. The Awami politics must be banned as it has it would not necessarily end of student politics were upheld already been corrupted and is at challenged through a collective Mujib-dharma, the BNP around risk of further being influenced by divides could emerge, as groups agreement among active student Zia-dharma, and Jamaat-e-Islami propaganda, leaving behind the might feel marginalised.

Masud Rana

always been relevant. A recurring inevitably impact student politics. issue with youth-based political Political actors in Bangladesh groups is that final approvals must confront this issue and are typically granted by higher strive to build more equitable Labelling groups as majorities authorities. I am uncertain about communities.

theocracy, yet religion encompasses from some linguistic differences. objective should be to unite as and hindered the development of 1980s. DUCSU elections were more more than just theocratic rule; Since most people are religiously Bangladeshi citizens, ensuring student leaders. Student politics regular at that time, and student inclined, these parties exploit equal rights for everyone without should be for students and should leaders had to demonstrate their religious rhetoric to build their categorisation. We all belong to not be exploited by major parties effectiveness. In recent decades, like the AL and BNP to extend their however, political figures have increasingly neglected the need to

> gain approval from the masses. Certain regulations from The current state of student politics 1990s require revision requires thorough reassessment. The traditional structures and should not be allocated based on characteristics are no longer political affiliation. Such practices effective, as evidenced by the disadvantage ordinary students growing disillusionment among by prioritising those with specific both youths and the general public ideological or organisational ties. Ensuring fair access to We currently lack successful accommodation would support models for student politics that the development of progressive truly address the needs of the people. To rectify this, we must

> > Prapti Taposhi

first focus on developing effective

principle is essential if we are to

prepare Bangladesh for modern,

internationally recognised political

Bangladesh, involving both

students and teachers, tends to

Meghmallar Basu

University-level politics

policies and mobilising resources A university should be a haven for to meet political aspirations. free thought. I envision Bangladeshi Practical experience is crucial educational institutions where and should be given serious students are granted the liberty to consideration. Only through this express themselves openly. Issues approach can we build a solid such as U.S. imperialism, Indian foundation for student politics aggression, and both local and that is recognised nationally. international politics are crucia As emphasised, student politics subjects that students need to should primarily serve the interests debate and understand. of young people. Upholding this

Mozammel Hague

The pressing need is for corruption free youth politics. To achieve this, we must ensure transparent and equitable processes for accommodation facilities and student elections. University administrations need to be both

be highly polarised. I support the recent calls to eradicate corruption Umama Fatema from student politics. These Before addressing the legality of concern. At Jagannath University, demands are part of a broader student politics, we must focus such activities have been prevalent, narrative advocating for a ban on the condition of student

Until 1990, some traditions campus polarisation. Instead, new despite widespread rigging. The 28-year hiatus of DUCSU suggests loss of essential ethical standards. Student politics is influenced Today, it is crucial for students by societal dynamics. Divisions with genuine intentions to step Student politics in Bangladesh has and discrimination within society up. Banning student politics would only create unnecessary obstacles.



journalists or vandalising newspaper or TV channel offices does not eventually collapse. Every party has people, to become the architects and provisions to suppress opposition, could be to allow MPs to vote represent freedom of expression. Your voices have given me hope, making me believe in the possibility **Through our** not democratically selected any of its movement, we have The nomination process was entirely managed to remove undemocratic. We, the students, **the Awami League** urge existing political parties to be as

aim is not to simply Nazifa Jannat **replace it with any** Organiser, East West University other political party. stressed.

of a Bangladesh we have aspired to since its birth. To achieve this vision, you must foster a culture of tolerance. You have set many examples already, and I am confident you can set examples in this regard as well.

Shuchismita Tithi Sub-editor, The Daily Star, and moderator of the Session The movement started as a student-

led demand for quota reform but the general public. quickly expanded into a wider resignation.

accountable. For example, the AL has Meghmallar Basu representatives in the last 15 years. **regime. but our** democratic as possible.

a fundamental weakness: their of the colonial state. disconnection from the common rights. This resulted in a significant breakdown in their connection with

Through our movement, we have protest against the government's managed to remove the Awami suppression and oppression. Initially, League regime, but our aim is not students called for the Prime Minister to simply replace it with any other to retract her speech. In response, the political party. This point must be student wing of the Awami League, stressed. In the process of restoration, the Chhatra League, launched an political parties must prioritise attack on the University of Dhaka, the public interest when selecting prompting students to protest mandates and formulating policies. against the Chhatra League itself. If political parties can reconnect with Gradually, the movement evolved the people, it will become evident to demand the Prime Minister's which party offers the best approach from a policy-making perspective.

its own cultural framework, which is advocates of a new constitution, one especially within the AL and BNP. crucial for any political organisation. founded on equity, human dignity, when every layer of it is held of our Declaration of Independence.

Organiser, Dhaka University

The Digital Security Act, which was later revised and renamed the Cyber Sabah Anjim Farabi Security Act, serves as a case in point. It is important to recognise that this act can be traced back to the AL formed the government, of 1860. Thus, it could be argued The former ruling party and that, over the years, we have merely **This point must be** the opposition parties shared reproduced the repressive apparatus

The framework of our current people. Their laws, mandates, and constitution is undoubtedly overall governance were not people- influenced by this colonial discourse, centric. The main opposition party which is incompatible with a spent much of its time in protest but sovereign nation like ours—one that failed to lead effectively or provide a is largely homogeneous in its nature clear path forward. Similarly, other vet celebrates cultural pluralism.

The religious fanaticism and To uphold the spirit of the 2024 Party of Bangladesh (CPB) and leftist dehumanisation we are witnessing uprising, we need an entirely new groups, were unable to secure the today can be directly traced back to constitution. While it is important mandates needed to protect people's this colonial repressive apparatus. to acknowledge that the 1972 Additionally, the severe human rights Constitution includes inclusive violations faced by certain ethnic principles, such as socialism and minorities in the Chittagong Hill Tracts (CHT) are often a consequence mindless duplication of the Indian of the colonial legacy that continues constitution, its fundamental to shape our current constitution.

Umama Fatema

Organiser, Dhaka University There is considerable debate about reform the existing one, or amend it. As students and leaders of this

A party becomes culturally strong and social justice—the core principles of reform in inheritance laws, where women have long been denied agency and rights. Additionally, we must move away from the factionalism that dominates our society.

Organiser, BRAC University After the 2008 election, when

the colonial-era Special Powers Act it quickly moved to abolish the caretaker government, a step taken by amending the constitution. This action subsequently impeded the decentralisation process in Bangladesh. Whenever a political party comes to power, it often turns the entire country into its party office, frequently justifying its actions through the constitution. This culture needs to changed.

secularism, and is not merely a organising principles are still heavily rooted in colonial ideology. The creation of a new constitution would require a constituent assembly. Certain clauses in the current

whether we need a new constitution, constitution need further elaboration. For instance, Article 33 of the judiciary must be guaranteed. allows for the indefinite detention of Without an independent judicial movement, we must closely consider individuals. Additionally, it is crucial system, Bangladesh will never be the people's aspirations concerning to note that there is no provision in able to establish a foundation for fair colonial legacy to ensure a truly the constitution. In light of the July the constitution that provides the elections.

We can also anticipate some form except in cases of 'no confidence', without losing their membership in parliament. Although I believe Article 70 should be open in all inclusive body. However, this is not cases, if there is a concern about stability, this exception could be WHAT SHOULD BE THE PROCEDURE FOR AN ELECTION. AND HOW SHOULD THE **ELECTION COMMISSION (EC)** 

against their party in all instances,

Mustafiz Rahman Organiser, Jagannath University First, we must consider the context of the last 16 years to understand the nature of elections conducted under the Election Commissionthe 2014 election by selection, the 2018 election with votes cast the night before, and the 2024 dummy election. Reflecting on these three elections, it is clear that reforming the Election Commission is essential to ensure transparency and

Secondly, if we are moving towards an election, we must analyse the history of the past 16 years to implement necessary changes through an interim government and guide the country toward improvement. It is also crucial to determine how long the interim government can remain in power according to the constitution.

Furthermore, the independence

**Arif Sohel** In the 1991 and 2001 elections, the EC acted transparently under the caretaker government, serving as an intermediary among various elite groups. It established a mechanism to balance the interests of pro-Awami and pro-BNP factions, ensuring that elected officials could assume their positions and those who were not elected would remain secure. To effectively realise the people's democratic will, we must begin at the grassroots level. We need an election that includes the millions who are not part of these elite groups. While this will be a challenging task, it is essential to prevent the mass uprising from being in vain.

It is also crucial to recognise that our election practices are still influenced by a colonial mindset. inherited from British rule. The British established the framework for our elections, and this outdated approach continues to shape our understanding of democracy and law. The EC must move beyond this democratic election process.

