Italicisation policing, penning with a colonised mind

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This advice came from a wellmeaning woman with NZ poetry on her business card and an English accent in her mouth.

I have been thinking about this advice.

The publishing convention of italicising words from other languages

clarifies that some words are imported:

it ensures readers can tell the difference between a foreign language and the language of

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Marking the foreign words is also a kindness:

Every potential reader is reassured that although obviously you're expected to understand the rest of

it's fine to consult a dictionary or native speaker for help with the italics.

I have been thinking about this

- **Alice Te Punga Somarville,** How to Write while Colonised

Like many bilingual writers, the world leaps from many places for me; one exists where thought is birthed and forged, another where thought becomes utterance and text. So, I'm thinking in Bangla, but I'm penning the thoughts in English. Often, I find myself between a rock and a hard place while writing/using words (as it is) that we grow up with but are not English. Should we italicise the words foreign, the question then is: to

My friend was advised to italicise and learners, isn't it our humble all the foreign words in her poems. responsibility to cross the boundary of literal translations and find joy in learning?

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Ghosh asked a question, which I becomes "other." Etymologically,

VISUAL: SALMAN SAKIB SHAHRYAR

Writer and poet Khairani text is being written—is highlighted Barokka and essayist Madhushree in italics in a work of literature, it

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myself often ask: how normalised it still belongs to the sentence; but is italicising words of our own if you can think beyond grammar,

not decades to unlearn? and the supposed "ethos" of using you stop, look at it again because our mother and grandmothers italicisation is to highlight them it stands out. You perceive it as raised us with? If these words are and keep the cultural "purity." something alien-something out of When a foreign word—one that isn't the usual. Then you dive back into whom, though? As readers, writers part of the language in which the the safe waters of the familiar, eyes

languages, that it takes us years, if you will understand how it has been set apart, singled out, left to fend Native terms from a "foreign" for itself. When you are reading language are the words that are a passage with italicised words, not used in the dominant culture, you cannot help but stumble over;

words that haven't been italicised. understand the practice of italicising Maybe unintentionally, but the such words as a form of linguistic notion of Us vs Them crystallises, becomes the standard. Even if the aim is to highlight the uniqueness of the word or signpost it so the reader won't trip over it, such italicisation in the text: the non-italicised. Such also implies how hard we try to pass or pass through. Passing is what you have to do because or when your legitimacy is in question. If the word is Other, then it does not belong.

This process also renders a distance between the italicised and unitalicised that doesn't necessarily elevate the former—that, in fact, yourself, your own life, in language. emphasises the importance of language in use. (I always prefer Bhaat-Maach-Bhorta, over pizza

gliding over the page, devouring the or spaghetti, see?) I've come to gatekeeping-a demarcation between which words are "exotic" or "not found in the English language," and those that have a rightful place slanted truth very tactfully pushes you to the "other" box. If you are a person who has eaten bhaat-bhorta millions of times in your life, this aspect of your life will be othered. of those people and are italicising bhaat-bhorta, you are othering

In the case of us Bangladeshis, the unitalicised to the dominant there is an extra layer in the we are; they represent us and our gatekeeping process. So many of us eons-old culture. Let's embrace our say masala, instead of moshla; saree true self.

instead of sharee: roti instead of ruti (when you open a word document and type these words, you will notice that red lines show up only under the latter words; ever wondered why?). Thanks to colonisation, there is a large South Asian population that speaks English, there are many South Asian migrants in Englishspeaking countries, where curry is a pub staple and ethnic apparel is in vogue, hence "masala" and "saree" being unitalicised and made grammatically correct. However, we the successors of a "peasant" society are left behind with our "peasant" language which never made it to the realm of unitalicised dictionary. Now, the question is: did we try though?

Every colonised people, in whose soul an inferiority complex has been created by the death and burial of its local cultural originality, always attempts subconsciously to elevate above his/her peasant status at any cost. And sometimes the cost is by agreeing to be alienated in the name of "standing out" just to feel included.

Understanding decolonisation from the linguistic lens and italicisation policing might be hard to grasp for some people, but if you really think about it, you will understand. Feminist scholar Sara Ahmed said we can dislodge a lodge by showing how we are lodged, how we are sealed into the object or thing, not subject, not human, not universal.

In this month of celebrating Bangla language, let's embrace what our ancestors taught us. Let's embrace our native tongue in its true sense; let's unapologetically own the And subconsciously, if you are one terms sharee, ruti, bhorta, to name a few, even when we are writing them in English (let's practise writing them without italicisation). They might not look/sound trendy, but that's what



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e-Tender Notice

Tender ID	Description of supply	Tender closing & opening date and time
953538	Online UPS	19-Mar-2024 12:00:00
954173	Office Furniture	19-Mar-2024 12:00:00
954174	Office Furniture	19-Mar-2024 12:00:00
954175	Computer and Accessories	19-Mar-2024 13:00:00
954178	Office Equipment	19-Mar-2024 13:00:00

Rosaulbour **Md Rezaul Karim Project Director**

GD-290

Office of the Benapole Pourashava

District: Jashore.

Memo No.41.08.02.001.070.00.2024-41

Date: 08.02.2024

CORRIGENDUM e-TENDER NOTICE Open Tender Method (OTM)

This is to notify for all concerned that the e-Tender Notice No: 03/2023-24 from the office of the undersigned vide Memo No: 41.08.02.001.070.00.2024- 09, Dated: 09.01.2024, the following change have been made due to unavoidable circumstances.

Tender	Package No.	Tender Document Last Selling	Tender Closing/ Opening
ID No.		(Date and Time)	(Date and Time)
933310	LGCRRP/Benapole/ 2023-24/W-03	18/02/2024 16:00 Instead of 11/02/2024 16:00	12/02/2024 13:00 Instead of 19/02/2024 13:00
933676	LGCRRP/Benapole/ 2023-24/W-04	18/02/2024 16:00 Instead of 11/02/2024 16:00	12/02/2024 13:00 Instead of 19/02/2024 13:00

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(Md. Mosharaf Hossain) **Executive Engineer** Benapole Pourashava District: Jashore.

