## **ROAD TO ELECTIONS 2023-24** CANTHEECREALLY DELIVER?

The Baily Star DHAKA SUNDAY OCTOBER 15, 2023 **ASHWIN 30, 1430 BS** 

## 'Ensuring a fair election may be challenging without participation of major political parties'

Chief Election Commissioner Kazi Habibul Awal discusses the upcoming general election with Mohiuddin Alamgir of The Daily Star.

With the 12th parliamentary election only a few months away, how confident is the Election Commission about holding a free, fair and participatory election?

Holding a free, fair and participatory national election depends on many factors. If all those factors positively interact to achieve the desired objective, it may certainly be achieved fairly well. The role of the Election Commission as well as the role of the administration and the law enforcement agencies are extremely important. Their roles will have to be mutually cohesive.

Do you see any challenges in conducting the elections?



ILLUSTRATION: BIPLOB CHAKROBORTY



Major political parties are the main players

in parliamentary elections. If they do not

contest effectively, the power balance

expected inside polling stations may be

missing. Ensuring a free and fair election

at polling stations may face challenges in

The ruling Awami League and major

opposition BNP and some parties are

still at odds on the issue of election-

time government system, and as a

result many are sceptical about a

participatory election happening. Do

you think free, fair and participatory

elections are possible with this sharp

Free, fair and participatory elections are,

of course, legally possible. Provided BNP

does not resist. But the cited situation

is certainly not desirable in an ideal

democratic environment. And, even

if free, fair and participatory elections

division among political parties?

a vacuum like that.

backdrop of major political parties not contesting and participating.

You have said earlier that the current political crisis cannot be resolved on the streets and it has to be done through dialogues. Do you see any change in the situation after the call? It is my personal opinion that dialogues in a democracy are a means to resolving

differences, fully or in part. I still do not

see any substantial progress to that end.

Free, fair and participatory elections are, of course, legally possible. Provided BNP does not resist. But the cited situation is certainly not desirable in an ideal democratic environment. And, even if free, fair and participatory elections are held, the legitimacy thereof may be controverted and questioned in the backdrop of major political parties not contesting and participating.

What is needed to hold a political dialogue? Will the EC itself take any steps regarding the matter?

There ought to have been credible, respected and politically unbiased civil societies to undertake the initiatives of dialogues to resolve political disputes. They are not really visible. The EC cannot are held, the legitimacy thereof may do anything in that regard.

be controverted and questioned in the What measures will the EC take to ensure a level playing field for all candidates in the election, and the neutrality of field-level admin officials and the police administration?

> Wait and see. Let the schedule be declared. Then the EC will do its best to ensure a level playing field for all candidates as per provisions of laws and rules. Candidates will also have to understand that and cooperate.

> The European Union said they would not send a full election observation mission this election, citing budget and that "it is not sufficiently clear whether the necessary conditions will be met at the point in time when the election takes place." Do you think their doubt is well-grounded?

> Let them think and decide with their own wisdom. I do not feel like making any comment on that.

> Will the EU decision have negative impacts on domestic and international acceptance of our elections?

I have no comments on that.

How do you see the new US visa policy? Do you believe it will effectively support Bangladesh's aim of conducting a free, fair, peaceful and inclusive national election?

I have no comments on that.

When are you going to announce the election schedule?

Probably sometime in the first half of November 2023.



## Teamwork is the secret to a good election

M SHAKHAWAT HOSSAIN

In a contemporary election system, the Election Commission (EC) serves a pivotal role beyond simply organising elections; it operates within a complex network of stakeholders - the judiciary, political parties, law enforcement agencies, government administrative and legislative bodies, voters, media, and society at large. The collective involvement of these entities is essential for the successful execution of a large-scale national election by the EC.

However, this is the prerequisite amid a political culture that has yet to mature in our country. Political parties and most of the candidates want to win the election by any means even if they don't have adequate support from the voters -

because defeat means not having access to favours of all kinds. Over the past several years, this seems to have become an established fact. Thus, almost all elections under a political government have been marred with electoral corruption in the country to various extents.

We have had 11 parliamentary elections in Bangladesh, only four of which have been standard and participatory as they have been held under neutral, non-political, caretaker governments. These elections were fair to a great extent and were internationally acclaimed and accepted. The rest of the elections, which were held under political governments, have been controversial, as the ruling parties did not want to part with state power. To bring results in their favour, ruling parties politicised the election machineries, particularly at the grassroots levels.

The 2014 election was marred with large-scale violence, and 153 out of 300 constituencies were uncontested. And in 2018, there were allegations of various foul play that included vote-casting in some places the night before the election day. Yet, the EC at that time did not take any notice when these allegations were raised, and even covered by foreign media.

This is why the role of stakeholders is crucial to ensure a free and fair election. Among them, the judiciary arguably plays the biggest role. As the

Moving on to the EC's responsibilities and plaguing issues, the commission has to provide guidelines and ensure protection and monitoring for the parties; it is supposed to function independently under the constitution, something we do not witness. Our ECs, unfortunately, cannot function properly due to selecting the wrong people for the job and lack of help from the stakeholders.



FILE PHOTO: STAF

custodian of the constitution, it ensures that the EC functions following the enshrined principles, and that there is effective support from the administration and executive bodies. In unlikely circumstances, the judiciary is authorised to intervene and resolve any dispute to ensure a smooth electoral process. Law enforcement agencies, which are under the iudiciary, are also crucial to ensure a democratic election due to significant security concerns in our country in such times.

Additionally, if the media does not help the EC with proper and accurate information during and after the election, it becomes very difficult for the commission, as it considers the media its eyes and ears. Sadly, the country's media has failed to shed light on the true scenario in the past two elections, as most of them belong to politically aligned owners.

Moving on to the EC's responsibilities and plaguing issues, the commission has to provide guidelines and ensure protection and monitoring for the parties; it is supposed to function independently under the constitution. Our ECs, unfortunately, cannot function properly due to selecting the wrong people for the job and lack of help from other

Appointed members of the EC cannot be dismissed as they are not the government's people, and according to Article 126 of the constitution, the government has to abide by the EC's instructions. Although the commission holds much power, it cannot function well on the field level unless this power is applied properly.

Recently, there have been many discussions regarding the United States' visa policy, as four categories of people are being sanctioned under it: judiciary, law enforcers, media and political parties. As per the US observation, some of the individuals have not assisted the EC from 2014 to 2018 in fulfilling its duties.

Even though the EC does its best to conduct the national election as smoothly as possible, one notable bad experience was the first city corporation election of Narayanganj in 2011, where we faced many difficulties on the ground as well as from the administration. The EC asked for army deployment, which was denied in spite of the constitutional guarantee. This led to numerous questions among legal experts in the country and even the voters. It was because of the pressure from the candidates and voters that the EC did not cancel the local body election. However, it remained as a bad precedent for both the government and the EC.

Having had two elections that were not wholly recognised by the international community and the people of the country at large, the opposition parties and their supporters have lost faith in the process. How the present EC conducts an election, in the absence of a major party and its allies, needs to be seen. But without its participation and that of their supporters, elections cannot be said to have been participatory. It would end up being another "flawed" election that people of Bangladesh do not

Brig Gen (retd) Dr M Sakhawat Hussain is the former election commissioner of Bangladesh and senior fellow at the South Asian Institute of Policy and Governance (SIPG), North South University.