BUSINESS

AB Bank's profit surges over 34%

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

AB Bank Ltd posted a 34.75 per cent year-onyear growth in profit in the April-June quarter of 2023.

Thus, the earnings per share rose to Tk 0.31 in the second quarter of the year from Tk 0.23 in the same quarter of 2022.

The private commercial bank registered a 4 per cent year-on-year jump in profit in the first half of 2023 as its EPS rose to Tk 0.43 from Tk 0.41, according to a posting on the Dhaka Stock Exchange.

AB Bank shares closed at Tk 9.7 on the DSE yesterday, unchanged from a day earlier.

The bank's paid-up capital is Tk 878 crore and it provided 2 per cent stock dividend to shareholders in

India to face apple crunch as heavy rain hits production

REUTERS, New Delhi/Srinagar

India's apple production is expected to nearly halve this year after heavy rains and flash floods wiped out about \$122 million worth of fruit in the main producing Himalayan region, officials and farmer unions said.

The mountainous territory and Kashmir Himachal Pradesh produce nearly all of India's apples, which are largely consumed domestically. Less than 2 per cent of the country's apples are exported, mostly to Bangladesh and Nepal.

Heavy rains have not only damaged farms, but also destroyed roads, power lines and infrastructure worth \$550 million in Himachal Pradesh, while bad weather at the same time has hit India's crucial rice crop, which led to an export ban last week.

Fruits including apples have been left rotting in farms after a fungus farmer unions.

"About 10 per cent of Himachal's apple orchards have been washed away, which is a major loss as it takes around 15 years for the tree to give fruit," said Harish Chauhan, the state convener of farmers union Samyukta Kisan Manch.

The Apple Growers Association of India and Kashmir Valley Fruit Growers estimate output in Kashmir, the largest apple grower in the country, will drop 50 per cent this year from 1.87 million metric tons a year ago.



Though average production of large and medium manufacturing units grew 9.02 per cent in the July-March period of fiscal year 2022-23, it is lesser than the 16.5 per cent growth recorded in the same period of the previous year, according to the Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics. The BBS assessment utilised data from 2,040 public and private factories producing apparel, textile, food products, leather and leather goods, basic metals, chemicals and chemical products, fabricated metal products sans machinery, pharmaceuticals, and non-metallic mineral products. PHOTO: SOURAV HOSSAIN SIAM

Industrial production growth almost halves

Industry people blame reduced export demand, inadequate gas and power

MD ASADUZ ZAMAN

Production growth in Bangladesh slowed significantly in the July-March period of 2022-23 due to the global economic slowdown and gas and electricity shortages at home, according to the Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS).

The average production of large and medium manufacturing units grew 9.02 per cent in the first nine months of the previous fiscal year, down from 16.5 per cent in FY22, shows BBS data compiled by the Bangladesh

Mohammad Hatem, executive president of the Bangladesh Knitwear Manufacturers and Exporters Association, said their production levels have fallen due to slower export demand and some domestic issues.

"Currently, our export orders have declined and it may decline further in the coming suffering from it."

For example, the ongoing recession in Germany, a major export market for Bangladesh, recently became acute.

"So, we do not have a ray of hope for increasing sales in the coming days," Hatem

The entrepreneur also mentioned that the domestic gas and power crisis contributed to slower production growth in knitwear industries.

Anwar-ul Alam Chowdhury, president of the Bangladesh Chamber of Industries, said the global market situation has affected domestic industrial production.

Following the fallout of Covid-19 and the Russia-Ukraine War, the global market has become unstable and sales dropped significantly.

"As a result, the domestic market is



Chowdhury pointed out that the US and the EU have lowered their imports away from import control measures, such as by more than 13 per cent and 15 per cent, respectively.

"So, the reduced growth in factory output is not so bad considering the decreased demand from these two major markets. Besides, existing problems in backward linkage in the manufacturing sector are continuously contributing to low productivity."

The BBS collects production data from 2,040 factories, both public and private, on a monthly basis to assess the movement of factory output.

The sectors include wearing apparel, textiles, food products, leather and leather goods, basic metals, chemicals and chemical products, fabricated metal products sans machinery, pharmaceuticals, and non-

metallic mineral products.

Talking to The Daily Star, Zaidi Sattar, chairman and chief executive of the Policy Research Institute of Bangladesh, said production growth has slowed due to compressed imports.

Imports declined by about 12 per cent in the July-March period of FY23.

Sattar said that the country's exports, which are primarily manufactured goods,

"So, import compression will have a dilatory impact on production and consequently, on

GDP growth." The slower manufacturing growth is also reflected in the GDP growth estimate of 6.03 per cent for the previous fiscal year compared

to 7.1 per cent in FY22. The economist said 2021-22 was a record year in terms of exports as well as factory

Sattar suggested the government move limiting or delaying opening letters of credit, and selecting import products.

"These were correct as emergency measures to bring the current account deficit to a sustainable level, and that has been achieved. Now, it is time to let the market mechanism take care of trade and the current account

The former World Bank economist said the taka's depreciation against the US dollar by 25 per cent over the past year should be enough to restrain imports and drive appropriate resource allocation.

Moreover, the depreciation has provided a boost to exports that still have good potential as the "China Plus One" geo-economic strategy is taking deeper roots.

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UCB's profit falls 43.50% in April-June

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

United Commercial Bank PLC suffered a 43.50 per cent year-on-year decline in profit in April-June of 2023 owing to a significant decrease in operating profit stemming from a spike in interest expenses on deposits and borrowings and operating

The profit stood at Tk 51.68 crore in the second quarter of the financial year, down from Tk 91.55 crore during the identical period a year ago, according to the unaudited financial statements of the private commercial lender.

Thus, the consolidated earnings per share were Tk 0.35 in April-June of 2023 against Tk 0.62 in the same three-month period a year ago.

UCB posted a Tk 100.41 crore profit in January June, a year-on-year decrease of 20 per cent from Tk 125.51 crore in the first half of 2022. As a result, the consolidated EPS fell to Tk 0.68 from Tk 0.85.

The EPS fell owing to a significant decrease in the operating profit caused by a spike in interest expenses on deposits and borrowings and the hike in the operating expenses, said UCB in a filing on the Dhaka Stock Exchange. However, the consolidated net operating cash

flow per share returned to the positive territory to stand at Tk 28.95 in the first half from a negative Tk 8.77 a year ago.

The growth in the disbursement of loans was lower than that of deposits, resulting in the increase in the NOCFPS, the filing said.

The consolidated net asset value per share rose to Tk 29.09 on June 30 this year from Tk 27.32 on the same day in 2022.

UCB shares closed unchanged at Tk 12.40 on the DSE yesterday.

Uttara Bank's profit declines

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Uttara Bank's profits fell 18 per cent year-on-year in the first six months of 2023.

The bank's earnings per share (EPS) stood at Tk 1.64 in the January to June period of the current financial year, down from Tk 2 in the same period of the previous year.

Despite the profit fall, the bank's stock price remained unchanged at Tk 22 for consecutive two days at the Dhaka Stock Exchange (DSE).

According to a posting on the DSE website, the bank's EPS dropped to Tk 0.9 in the second quarter of 2023 from Tk 1.38 in the same period

Uttara Bank's paid-up capital is Tk 733 crore. It provided a 14 per cent stock and a 14 per cent cash dividend for its shareholders in 2022.

NRB Commercial Bank's losses widen

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

NRB Commercial Bank's losses widened in the April-June quarter of 2023.

The fourth-generation bank's earnings per share hit Tk 0.51 in the negative in the second quarter of 2023, against Tk 0.065 in the negative in the same period of 2022.

The bank's EPS also declined in the January June period: it was Tk 0.51 in the first half of 2023, down from Tk 0.73 in the same period the previous year, according to a filing on the Dhaka Stock Exchange.

The bank's paid-up capital is Tk 828 crore. It provided 7.5 per cent cash and 4.50 per cent stock dividends to shareholders in 2022. NRB Commercial Bank's shares closed

unchanged at Tk 16.8 on the DSE vesterday.

IMF raises 2023 global economic growth forecast

RETUERS, Washington

The International Monetary Fund on Tuesday raised its 2023 global growth estimates slightly given resilient economic activity in the first quarter, but warned that persistent challenges were dampening the medium-term

The IMF in its latest World Economic Outlook said inflation was coming down and acute stress in the banking sector had receded, but the balance of risks facing the global economy remained tilted to the downside and

The global lender said it now projected global real GDP growth of 3.0 per cent in 2023, up 0.2 percentage point from its April forecast, but left its outlook for 2024 unchanged, also at 3.0 per cent.

The 2023-2024 growth forecast remains weak by historical standards, well below the annual average of 3.8 per cent seen in 2000-2019, largely due to weaker manufacturing in advanced economies, and it could stay at that level for years.

"We're on track, but we're not out of the woods," IMF chief economist Pierre-Olivier Gourinchas told Reuters in an interview, noting that the upgrade was driven largely by first-quarter results. "What we are seeing when we look five years out is actually close to 3.0 per cent, maybe a little bit above 3.0 per cent. This is a significant slowdown compared to what we had pre-Covid."

This was also related to the aging of the global population, especially in countries like China, Germany



Coins and banknotes of China's yuan are seen in this illustration picture taken on February 24, 2022.

China state banks selling USD to prop up yuan

REUTERS, Shanghai

China's major state-owned banks were seen selling US dollars to buy yuan in both onshore and offshore spot markets in early Asian trade on Tuesday, three people with direct knowledge of the matter said, moves aimed at supporting the Chinese currency.

China's state banks usually trade on behalf of the central bank in the country's foreign exchange market, but they could also trade on their own behalf.

The dollar sales come after China's top leaders pledged on Monday to step up policy support for the economy amid a tortuous post-Covid-19 recovery, focusing on boosting domestic demand and signalling more stimulus Policymakers also said

China will keep the yuan exchange rate basically

PHOTO: REUTERS

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