A hazy pre-election atmosphere



THE STREET VIEW

Mohammad Al-Masum Molla

MOHAMMAD AL-MASUM MOLLA

Eid has always been a singular occasion for mass campaigns. Aspiring electoral candidates seize the opportunity to meet their voters in And given the tradition of long campaigns leading up to national elections, it would not have been up for their outreach programmes during the holidays as this Eid was the last time that candidates would find most of their voters home en masse.

But the hype has been absent. Other than a few pre-recorded voice messages that elicited little more than irritation, the initiatives taken this time paled in comparison to the previous occasions. Although not a voter in either district, this correspondent received two messages from the lawmakers of Sirajganj and Lakshmipur. As such, one could say that attempts to reach out to the electorate this time have been quite insignificant.

On the other front, the BNP has already made it clear that it would not join the upcoming parliamentary election under the incumbent government. The ruling Awami League has also made it clear that the election would be held according to the constitution, meaning it would not step down. This sort of uncertainty is not new in Bangladeshi politics where parties appear to be entrenched in their positions due to mistrust. On the last two occasions, the government proceeded with the elections regardless of BNP's position or protests. This time, however, it seems different.

The Awami League appeared to be more sure-footed about the elections and did not appear to mind so much that the BNP might not join their constituencies amid festivities. the elections. But things may have changed since the evening of May 24, when it was announced that the United States would restrict visas to unusual to see candidates gearing any Bangladeshi citizens believed to be responsible for or complicit in undermining democratic election processes in the country.

Initially, the announcement was warmly welcomed all around – by the ruling Awami League, Jatiya Party, main opposition in parliament, and BNP, main opposition camp on the streets. Arch-rivals Awami League and BNP both claimed that the measure was aimed at the other and that they had nothing to worry about. Shortly, however, the ruling

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This photo from 2018 shows a press busy printing election posters.

party distanced itself from that is that when the ruling party

position, especially with the ruling party leaders vocally protesting the measure as nothing but an attempt to oust the incumbent government. Through its visa restrictions, the

US has made it clear that it wants to see a free and fair election in Bangladesh and that basic freedoms and rights needed for a democratic environment are upheld. This announcement, in a way, seemed inevitable if one considers that Bangladesh was not even invited to the democracy summits for two consecutive times. The latest measure might be a planned attempt pressure the government to ensure a free and fair election at the

members started criticising the US, Bangladesh's development partner China came up with a statement following a questionand-answer session of the Chinese foreign ministry. Without directly mentioning the US, the Chinese statement said "a certain country has long been interfering in the internal affairs of Bangladesh and many other developing countries under the pretext of democracy and human rights."

The statement further read, "We firmly support Bangladesh in safeguarding its sovereignty, and territorial independence integrity, upholding independent domestic and foreign policies, What's even more interesting and pursuing a development path. China regarding the next general be strengthened.

that suits its national realities. We stand ready to work together with Bangladesh and other countries to oppose all forms of hegemonism and power politics, uphold the UNcentred international system, the international order underpinned by international law and the basic norms governing international relations based on the purposes and principles of the UN Charter, and build a community with a shared future for

FILE PHOTO: RAJIB RAIHAN

This reaction clearly indicates that rivalry between China and the US has now touched upon Bangladesh. This is a rather ominous sign, especially when our foreign policy is "friendship to all, malice to none.

mankind."

While the attitude of the US and

election in Bangladesh may seem clear, we are vet to know what India's position is. We know that our neighbour wholeheartedly supported the 2014 election in which 153 lawmakers were elected uncontested. We have also seen them support the 2018 election. India is yet to make any official comment, but various Indian media outlets have given their interpretations. Most of the explanation focuses on supporting the Awami League regime and some articles also mention what the ruling party should do. But the necessity of holding a free and fair election where people's hopes and aspirations will be projected received little attention. Obviously, India will consider its geopolitical interests, especially regarding the security situation in the Seven Sisters.

Eid is over and people are returning to the cities. BNP has already warned that it would go for its one-point movement to materialise the demand for an election under a non-partisan interim government. A threemember high-powered US delegation is also expected to visit Bangladesh later in July. Media reports suggest that the US officials are likely to hold talks with political parties and civil society members.

While we have politicians, civil society members and other stakeholders, it seems that the next election is largely dependent on the attitudes of the big powers. It seems we are waiting to see how the big powers react in the coming days. Some are criticising the US, some China, while others are expressing their reservations about India's attitude.

If any one quarter is to be held responsible for such a turn of events. it would have to be the politicians. Unfortunately, no one is talking about the main stakeholders of the election - the people. Without them, democracy will neither flourish nor

US politics and the Paris finance summit



Barbados Prime Minister Mia Mottley

and French President Emmanuel Macron

23 to reach a new "global pact" to finance

the fight against poverty and human-

induced climate change. All kudos for

the ambition, yet few dollars were put

on the table. To an important extent, the

continuing global failure to finance the

fight against poverty and climate change

reflects the failings of US politics, since

the US, at least for the moment, remains at

the centre of the global financial system.

start with the history of the British empire.

As Britain became an imperial power, and

then the world's leading power of the 19th

century, British philosophy changed to

justify Britain's emerging empire. British philosophers championed a powerful

state (Thomas Hobbes' Leviathan),

the protection of private wealth over redistribution (John Locke's right to "life, liberty, and property"), markets over government (Adam Smith's "Invisible Hand"), and the futility of aiding the poor

(Malthus' law of population).

To understand US politics, we should

invited world leaders to Paris on June 22

is a world-renowned economist, academic, and public policy analyst who serves as the director of the Center for Sustainable Development at Move the World: JFK's Quest for Peace.

JEFFREY D SACHS

dominate healthcare. Wall Street runs the a little bit of money, and rich campaign financial system. Big Oil runs the energy system. And the military-industrial lobby runs the foreign policy.

This brings us to the global climate crisis. The most powerful nation in the world has a domestic energy policy still in the hands of Big Oil. It has a foreign through wars. And it has a Congress not collaborate with it. designed to protect the rich from the

funders aren't interested. Second, it would accelerate the global transition from fossil fuels, and America's Big Oil lobby wants to delay, not accelerate, the transition. Third, it would hand more policy influence to global institutions in which China participates, yet the militarypolicy that aims to preserve US hegemony industrial complex wants to fight China,

Thus, while developing countries



The US leaders who attended the Paris finance summit have long-standing commitments to fighting poverty and climate change, yet they cannot deliver the actual US policy.

When humanitarian crises arose in the British empire, such as the Irish famine in the 1840s and the famines in India later in the century, Britain rejected providing food aid and left millions of its subjects to starve, even though food supplies were available to save them. The inaction was in line with a *laissez-faire* philosophy that viewed poverty as inevitable and help for the poor as morally unnecessary and Simply put, Britain's elites had no

interest in helping the poor subjects of the empire (or indeed Britain's poor at home). They wanted low taxes and a powerful navy to defend their overseas investments and profits.

The United States learnt its statecraft at the knee of Britain, the mother country of the American colonies. America's founding fathers moulded the new country's political institutions and foreign policies according to British principles, albeit inventing the role of president instead of a monarch. The US overtook Britain in global power in the course of World War II.

The lead author of the US Constitution. James Madison, was an ardent enthusiast

wealth and was interested in protecting wealth from the masses. Madison feared direct democracy, in which the people participate in politics directly, and championed representative government, in which the people elect representatives who supposedly represent their interests. Madison feared local government because it was too close to the people and too likely to favour wealth redistribution. Madison, therefore, championed a federal government in a far-off capital.

Madison's strategy worked. The US federal government is largely insulated from public opinion. The public majority opposes wars, supports affordable healthcare for all, and champions higher taxes on the rich. The Congress routinely delivers wars, over-priced private healthcare, and tax cuts for the rich.

The US calls itself a democracy but is in fact a plutocracy. (The Economist Intelligence Unit categorises the US a "flawed democracy.") The rich and corporate lobbies finance the political campaigns, and in return, the government delivers low taxes for the rich, freedom to of Locke. He was born into slave-owning pollute, and war. Private health companies

poverty or to fight climate change.

The US leaders who attended the Paris finance summit, John Kerry (US special presidential envoy for climate) and Janet Yellen (US treasury secretary), are individuals of outstanding ethics and deep and long-standing commitments to fighting poverty and climate change. Yet, they cannot deliver the actual US policy. Congress and the US plutocracy stand in

The leaders at the Paris summit recognised the urgent need for a massive expansion of official development Multilateral financing from the Development Banks (MDBs), meaning the World Bank, the African Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, and others. Yet, to expand their lending by the amounts needed, the MDBs will require more paid-in capital from the US, Europe, and other major economies. Still, the US Congress opposes investing more capital in the MDBs, and the US opposition is (so far) blocking global action.

The Congress opposes more capital for three reasons. First, it would cost the US

demands of the masses, whether to fight need hundreds of billions of dollars in additional MDB lending each year, backed by additional MDB capital, the US and Europe are instead pressing the MDBs to lend slightly more with their existing capital. The MDBs might possibly squeeze out another \$20 billion in loans each year with their current capital – a tiny fraction of what's needed.

The exasperation of the developing world was on full display in Paris. Brazil's President Lula da Silva and several African presidents made it clear that there are too many summits and too few dollars. China's Premier Li Qiang spoke quietly and courteously, pledging that China will do its part alongside the developing countries.

Solutions will finally come when the rest of the world moves forward despite US foot-dragging. Instead of allowing the US to block more capital for the MDBs, the rest of the world should move forward with or without the US. Even the US plutocrats will realise that it's better to pay the modest price of fighting poverty and climate change than to face a world that rejects their greed and belligerency.

BY THOMAS JOSEPH

33 Outback

ACROSS 1 Cats' quarries bird 5 Made amends 11 Revered one 12 Famed isthmus 13 Transmit 14 Trample 15 They're not too risky 17 Much of N. Amer. 18 Impudent 22 Rash Spinetingling 25 Here, in France 26 "Not dare!"

27 Vault

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DOWN 1 Fall short of 2 Concept 3 Puzzlement 4 Senior 5 Church area 6 Be a snitch 7 Infant outfit 8 Catch some z's

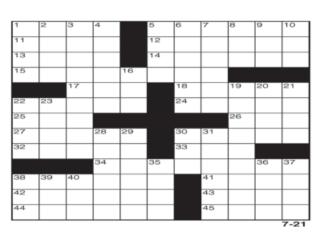
9 Moody music 10 Dapper

16 Inlet 34 Lunar 19 Abundance events 20 Freshener 38 White scent Rabbit's cry 21 Calendar 41 Opera set in span Egypt 22 In the 42 Carter's clouds successor 23 Plot unit 43 Beef cut 28 Glacial 44 Ticks off 45 Pot start

fellow

period 29 Sweet drink 30 Island souvenir 31 Gazelle's cousin 35 Eye part 36 Fix a story 37 Rational 38 Nest egg acct. 39 Fellows 40 Fall back

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WEDNESDAY'S **ANSWERS**

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