That evening, it rained and it rained,

and then it rained a little bit more. A

group of friends were returning from the beach town of Cox's Bazar on a

microbus. As rain dribbled down on

the window panes, everyone settled into their seats for the journey ahead.

One-third of the way out, the group got stuck on a flyover in the port city, for seven whole hours. Why?

The downpour had inundated the

city below, and bumper-to-bumper

traffic lay ahead. There was no

choice but to ride out the rain on the

flyover - incidentally one that had been constructed to tackle traffic

jams. The wait was so long that one

of the passengers had to fashion a

holder out of a bottle to relieve their

bladder. The bottle was left on the

curbside; slowly filling to the brim

with urine. I have been told that the group watched - in horror and some

amusement - as it filled up with

water, mixing with human excreta, to

road to complete a 251 km journey,

then three more hours to get to

Dhanmondi from Uttara, or the

regular peak-hour traffic that sucks

out our will to live, are commonplace

nearly 4.5 crore people has one of

the highest population densities

in the world. To accommodate its

exponentially growing population, the capital too has grown on all

fronts. The pro-development ruling

party has altered the cityscape during

its lengthy tenure. The elevated

expressway is starting to take shape,

the roads around the airport have

changed, many U-loops have been

inaugurated, the Metro Rail is no

longer a far-off dream, and all the

The city with a population of

An excruciating 19 hours on the

eventually spill onto the road.

in a Dhaka resident's life.

More roads are not the answer to Bangladesh's traffic problem

Abida Rahman Chowdhury Star with interests in wildlife and biodiversity

ABIDA RAHMAN CHOWDHURY

and Development (BIGD) revealed that traffic congestion in Dhaka eats up around five million working hours every day and costs the country \$11.4 billion each year. The financial loss is a calculation of the cost of time lost in traffic congestion and the money spent on operating vehicles for the

study by Brac Institute of Governance not the answer to our traffic problem. the total number of miles driven in not gotten worse – it has remained This is true for other megacities as well. Why else is a 50-lane highway in China regularly plagued by gridlock?

Economists describe phenomenon as induced demand. The more roads you build, the more cars there will be to fill them up. went up by 10 percent. According to the use of cars, increasing taxation

those cities between 1980 and 2000. What they found was described as a one-to-one relationship. If a city increased its road capacity by 10 percent between 1980 and 1990, then the amount of driving in said city

the same and has readjusted.

So, what exactly is the solution?

Dhaka's traffic problem was not born out of just one issue, and there is no one answer, either. Experts have recommended discouraging I am no expert, but the numbers their paper, "The Fundamental Law on the ownership of multiple cars, mandating school buses especially for English medium schools -, investing in public transit, introducing bicycle lanes, and lastly, not building more roads.

The existing roads should introduce more and more bicycle lanes, encouraging people to opt for other modes of transport while simultaneously discouraging car use. Adding to that, big cities such as Dhaka, Chattogram, Khulna, and Sylhet should think about introducing both parking and congestion pricing. It should be ensured that if someone is parking illegally during rush hours, they have to pay a hefty fine. As for congestion pricing, it is a tested tool to tackle traffic congestion that works by charging people during rush hour. One way to do this would be to introduce a kiosk or toll plaza at choking points to charge people using private cars during rush hours, unless they are in a medical emergency. Moreover, there should be dedicated lanes for ambulances and emergency vehicles so that they always have access to free roads.

In a city starved for public spaces, existing roads can serve the purpose of community spaces. This has been done in many neighbourhoods abroad, so why not for us? During weekends, the main thoroughfares can be used to host fairs or garage sales, hence encouraging more community participation.

Added to that, more and more investment in public transit - the Metro Rail and a fully functional bus service which is women-friendly – can change how we commute altogether. If people are aware that taking their cars out for a spin means more trouble, it is more likely they will try to avoid using their cars for everything. People need to know that there are other modes of reliable transport that are easily available. This in turn will reduce overall car use, hence bringing down both air and noise pollution. At the same time, the city needs to ensure that pedestrians can walk freely without their safety being

All in all, if we do not find a way to



The more roads you build, the more cars there will be to fill them up. I am no expert, but the numbers don't lie.

has experienced a similar flurry of improving its road network. Despite these interventions, people still get stuck on flvovers for hours, couples still think one of them living in Uttara and another in Mohammadpur is akin to being in a long-distance

flyovers around Pragati Sarani and the one in Kalshi (promising to take relationship, and the country – deep you to the airport from Mirpur in in the throes of an economic crisis -15 minutes) were also constructed continues to lose a few billion dollars during this government's tenure. in GDP each year to traffic. In fact, Many of these projects were the economy lost Tk 56,000 crore in overpasses, underpasses, expressways undertaken as a means to cure Dhaka 2020 due to traffic, according to the of its traffic problems. After all, for Accident Research Institute (ARI) of Bangladesh University of Engineering

enough roads. Chattogram, too, extra hours.

Our traffic problem has time construction specifically focused on and again been blamed on an insufficient number of roads, traffic mismanagement, lack of operational traffic signals, and the disorderly movement of pedestrians. A development-obsessed Bangladesh decided to first tackle the problem of insufficient roads. I have watched as Dhaka changed before my eyes

the widening of roads, expansion of footpaths, building of flyovers, all in a bid to solve the traffic

don't lie: Despite all the new flyovers of Road Congestion: Evidence from and expressways, Dhaka's traffic is so bad that the average speed has steadily slowed down over the years, according to one World Bank report. In the 10 years until 2018, the average traffic speed in Dhaka dropped from 21 kilometres per hour (kmph) to 7 kmph. And by 2035, the speed might drop to 4 kmph, which is slower than the walking speed, the WB report

Back in 2009, two economists, Matthew Turner of the University of Toronto and Gilles Duranton of the University of Pennsylvania, compared

the actors behind the Telegram app-

based group called Pompom were

Sayem, who used the alias of Mark

saw the opportunity to make easy

money by leaking intimate images of

app users to the web to milk money.

US cities", new roads end up creating new drivers, in essence maintaining the status quo of traffic jams.

FILE PHOTO: STAR

The truth is, the easier we make it for people to move around in their cars, the more drivers will show up. Now, one may argue that heavily investing in public transit will solve the issue. But cases in other megacities have shown that while some opt for mass transit, more cars inevitably fill up the roads.

What happens if a road is removed from the equation, then? Well, in compromised. Paris, where the policy has been So, clearly, trying to make up for the building of new roads and heavily geared towards reducing or disincentivise the overuse of cars, we

years everyone kept saying the big problem was that we did not have and Technology (Buet). A previous insufficient roads with more roads is highways in different US cities and downsizing freeways, the traffic has may never get out of this gridlock. The water tank with many holes

THE WIND

Dr Shamsad Mortuza is a professor of English at

SHAMSAD MORTUZA

As I was about to check in for a domestic flight, a young man with excess baggage requested me to claim one of his bags as my own. It was right in front of the ground staff, who would not have allowed the switch. The transit passenger said he was coming from South Africa and had staff was asking for Tk 2,100 to allow the extra weight.

So, I went to the counter and thought to help this fellow human being and do something good. I gave him a Tk 1,000 note and said to the staff, "Please don't tell him. He can pay his Tk 700 and check in." I didn't want to hurt his pride and walked towards the security check. As I was sitting in the boarding area, the young man came to me and said that he had already asked his brother to bring the extra cash to Sylhet airport to pay me back. I told him that he was not even supposed to know that I had paid. It could have been me in another time and place. The grateful man disappeared for a while and came back with a bag of chocolate bars. He insisted I take them. He had likely brought them for his family members. Out of courtesy, I took a small wafer. But he pulled out the priciest bar of the lot and gave it to me. During the conversation, I also found out that the man had returned home for medical treatment, which he couldn't afford in Freetown.

Now, what lessons can we learn

from this anecdote featuring an honest man who is willing to repay his loan? He is unlike those who create an aura of wealth by skimming the banks or the financial system. He is a wage-earner who brings foreign currencies home, without finding a "home" for our own currency abroad. only Tk 700 on himself. The Biman The government earlier announced a seven percent penalty on those willing to bring back the money they had illegally laundered abroad. Nobody showed any interest in cleansing their tainted money through this amnesty.

The amount of money that we hear has been illegally sent abroad is staggering. My pay scale does not even allow me to envision the zeroes that are thrown about in newspapers. How do they make such obscene amounts of money? Bank fraud, share fraud, over-invoicing, bribing, thuggery – you name it.

Once again, hints of the dark world are available to us through some from Chattogram, who was running

ink or pixels. But here I was with a hardworking "remittance warrior" whose sweat does not lie. He and his kind are trying to refill the proverbial tank of many leaks with their one pipe of inflow. I used to find Jadav Chandra Chakravarti's Arithmetic difficult as a child; now I find it even more difficult to conceptualise those arithmetical problems as a metaphor for our existence. How can we sustain ourselves as a nation when the number of persons who are keen on repaying debts is fast dwindling?

We see project after project in the name of development. For instance, iron grills surrounding parks are now being replaced with tempered glass. While they have become visually attractive, they are stopping the flow of wind, not to mention that they require heavy maintenance in terms of cleaning. The paved areas of the park are replacing greenery in the name of beautification. The city medians are undergoing serious cosmetic surgery. All these projects create opportunities for dirty money and their subsequent cleansing. How do I know? Oh, I have watched Ozark on Netflix. While I am getting ideas from the media, I am sure there are a million others who are getting the urge to apply them in real life.

A confession made by a freelancer rare factual investigative reporting a blackmailing racket based on an

what can we expect from the bottom?

The former president in his outgoing

too late. The water tank is leaking.

speech lashed out against the corruption,

nepotism, and incompetence corroding

our education sector. But it was too little

When corruption occurs at the top,

make their own rules. We do so because we do not have the system to engage our workforce in the production schema. There was a time when being honest was considered a virtue. Now we live in a time when vice is advised at the topmost level.

Why else is a team of six university officials, including the pro-vice-

everyone to become entrepreneurs; pro quo. When corruption occurs at the top, what can we expect from leaks and refill what's been lost?

his debt is becoming a rarity. Yet, he represents the hardworking, honest Bangladesh that can bring real change to the system. Those who are at the helm need to protect and guide these individuals with the incentives they need to check in to the future with dignity and pride. That would

BLOWIN' IN or some fictional representation in adult app, proves my point. Last week, chancellor of Pabna University of Science and Technology, going to Turkey sponsored by a construction eventually nabbed by police. Abu Suckerberg, told the media how he claiming that the foreign trip was Our greed is on the run. There are making a gentleman's agreement too many tutorials available online on in recruiting their offspring to income. Honesty is becoming short how to make quick money. We want

The budget has proposed a minimum payment of Tk 2,000 for anyone submitting a tax return. firm to inspect the lifts that have There are about five lakh TIN holders been procured? And the university with zero tax. Maybe they will be able officials showed no remorse in to refill Tk 100 crore with such an attempt. But in the process, it will included in the project proposal. deter a million others from coming Then we heard of two vice-chancellors under the tax net. The system is becoming conducive to illegal respective universities through quid in supply. The man eager to pay back



ILLUSTRATION: REHNUMA PROSHOON

the bottom? The former president in his outgoing speech lashed out against the corruption, nepotism, and incompetence corroding our education sector. But it was too little too late. The water tank is leaking. How can the government plug these be the smart thing to do for a Smart