All faiths

enjoy equal

Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina yesterday said the government has been working for the welfare

of the people of all faiths

have

establishing Bangladesh as

a non-communal country.

Here, all citizens have equal

greetings with the leaders of

the Christian community,

joining a function virtually

in Bangladesh Agriculture

Research Council in the

capital's Farmgate from her

She greeted all the

people of the Christian

community in the country

on the occasion of

Christmas, to be celebrated

government has always

stood by all people during

any crisis. "We believe that

we have to work for all

citizens of the country,"

said

The prime minister was

Christmas

living in the country.

rights," she said.

exchanging

on Sunday.

she said.

A step forward to

without trial

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

neutral evaluation.

The

called

resolving disputes

Ministry taking alternative

dispute resolution to fields

The expatriates' welfare ministry is gradually

taking alternative dispute resolution (ADR) to the

field level to address problems of migrant workers,

said Ahmed Munirus Saleheen, secretary of the

ADR refers to the different ways people can

He said ADR will primarily take place at district

A third party may assist the DEMOs during the

Alternative dispute

resolution refers to

the different ways

people can resolve

include mediation,

neutral evaluation.

disputes without

a trial. Common

ADR processes

arbitration, and

SEE PAGE 4 COL 4

manpower and employment offices (DEMOs) in

International Recruiting Agencies (Baira) has

to come forward to "amicably settle" as many

However, it is more important that no dispute

The ministry organised the programme

At the programme, Baira Secretary General

marking International Migrants Day. Various

stakeholders including representatives of migrant-

rights groups and government officials took part.

Shameem Ahmed Chowdhury Noman said it will

be possible to ensure safe migration of workers if

different stakeholders work together in this regard.

happens as "prevention is better than cure", he

Chattogram, Cumilla and Narsingdi.

upon

labour

disputes as possible, he added.

ADR procedure, he added.

different

stakeholders,

including migrant-

rights groups, to

take this as an

address challenges

Besides

Bangladesh

opportunity

Association

the

migration sector.

resolve disputes without a trial. Common ADR

processes include mediation, arbitration, and

ministry, at a "stakeholders' meeting" yesterday.

Hasina

rights: PM

UNB, Dhaka

It's December, why is dengue still around?

The number of dengue cases and fatalities have been much higher in December this year compared to that of the last four years, according to data from 2019 to 2022.

Although experts earlier predicted that the infection rate would come down with the approach of winter, new infections, hospitalisations and deaths are being recorded almost every day.

In December of this year alone, 4,397 people have been hospitalised with dengue fever, and 19 patients died till 8:00am yesterday.

A total of 1,207 patients were admitted to hospitals and seven died in December 2021, the data show. In December 2020, 231 persons were hospitalised but no one died.

In 2019, the highest number of patients, 1,01,354, were admitted to different hospitals in the country. However, in December of that year, 1,247 patients were diagnosed with dengue, and there was no fatality.

Contacted, entomologist Dr Manjur Ahmed Chowdhury told The Daily Star, "The temperature required for the survival of Aedes mosquitoes is still favourable.'

He said there is still a prevalence of dengue as winter is yet to set in properly. However, with the drop in temperature, the dengue menace will decrease.

The entomologist, however, expressed fear that cases of dengue fever may rise further next year. "If the city corporations stop taking measures when the outbreak is over this winter, the dengue situation may turn deadlier next year.

Khalilur Rahman, a former entomologist at Directorate SEE PAGE 4 COL 1



The ugly, tangled mess of overhead cables in Narayanganj's Nayamati area not only blemishes the skyline but also exposes pedestrians to great risks of accidents. The already concerning situation is exacerbated by the fact that this road is always full of people, as shops are situated on both sides. This photo was taken recently. PHOTO: AMRAN HOSSAIN

SEE PAGE 4 COL 4

Take steps to curb mosquito menace

SC lawyer asks government officials STAFF CORRESPONDENT

A Supreme Court lawyer yesterday requested officials concerned the government to take adequate measures to the mosquito menace in all 12 city corporations as well as the whole country.

Advocate JR Robin sent an application to the secretary at the Ministry of Health and Family Planning; and chief executive officers and chief health officers of 12 city corporations, saying that he will take legal steps against them if they fail to take the measures.

The 12 city corpo Dhaka north south, Gazipur, Narayanganj, Chattogram, Cumilla, Rajshahi, Khulna, Sylhet, Barishal, Rangpur and Mymensingh.

According application, the mosquito problem in the country, particularly in urban areas, is becoming more and more menacing. Although the persons concerned try to protect people from the "dengue virus" by taking various measures, those are not sufficient.

In the application, Robin said the number of Aedes mosquitoes, the carrier of dengue, is increasing day by day due to lack of adequate measures.

ONE DEAD, 126 MORE

INFECTED IN 24HRS According to Directorate General of Health Services, at least one dengue patient died, while 126 were hospitalised in the last 24 hours till yesterday morning.

The death toll has now risen to 273, while cases are now 61,755, of which 22,866 have been recorded outside Dhaka.

A total of 60,909 atients, 22,515 from patients, outside Dhaka, have been

released. Some 573 patients, 247 from outside Dhaka, are

still undergoing treatment. **Experts have been urging** authorities concerned to

conduct extensive drives identifying clusters Aedes mosquitoes immediately.





Treat discrimination as punishable offence'

Speakers tell dialogue on anti-discrimination law

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

Civil-society leaders yesterday urged the government to treat discrimination as a punishable offence and clarify some clauses of the anti-discrimination draft law, including the definition of discrimination.

They came up with the call in a national dialogue on the antidiscrimination bill placed in parliament recently.

The dialogue was jointly organised by Manusher Jonno Foundation (MJF), Bangladesh Legal Aid and Services Trust (BLAST), Dhaka International University and Nagorik Uddyog.

Persons with disabilities, government officials, anyone faces any discrimination, lawmakers, community leaders, leaders from offence during the draft. However, it took 10 years to make the law a the Dalit community, and jurists when the bill was placed in took part in the dialogue.

Bikash Kumar Das from the Dalit community presented the keynote at the event.

He said any law excluding the

The demand raised from the marginalised community is that there should be a clear definition and schedule for transgender people and members of the Hijra community in the law. Section-02 of the draft law has a provision of protecting the rights of only people with physical disabilities.

> ZAKIR HOSSAIN Chief executive of Nagorik Uddyog

RECOMMENDATIONS

Clarifying definition of discrimination

remains.

Including criminal provision Remedy for victims

Monitoring via representatives of

criminal provision is not a law at all, and the risk of abuse always

the marginalised

"During the drafting of the law, the Law Commission and the Human Rights Commission kept physical the provision of compensation if transgender- which was treated as a punishable parliament, the criminal provision was omitted," he said.

Economist and public policy analyst Debapriya Bhattacharya said MJF, BLAST, Nagorik Uddyog and various platforms indigenous communities contributed to the formulation of the draft law.

"If the country sees an upward trend in discrimination, the goal to be a developed country by 2041 face obstacles. If discrimination declines, access to education increases," he said.

"Though progress can be seen in terms of various indices, we recently saw discrimination surging up centring consumption, income and wealth. The countries with a rooted disparity experienced slow growth," said Debapriya, drawing examples from South America, where many countries got stuck in the lowermiddle income status for three or

Shaheen Anam, executive director of MJF, said it was really a challenge to implement any law after enacting it.

"We have to change our mindset first to eliminate discrimination from our society. Even in this age, people from Dalit communities are not allowed to sit in hotels. This is a grave violation of human rights. The draft law should be designed in a way so that people who are direct victims of discrimination can get a remedy," she said.

In regards to international commitments and sustainable development goals (SDGs), there is a necessity to implement the law,

Sara Hossain, jurist and executive director of BLAST, said reality.

"The law would be more effective once the proposals that came from this dialogue are incorporated in the draft law," she added. Terming the draft law as an

example of positive progress, Sara said there is room to qualify the definition of discrimination in light of the international charter. Sanjeeb Drong,

secretary of Bangladesh Adivasi Forum, underscored the need to keep the true representatives from the tea workers, Dalit and Harijan communities in the monitoring cell to be formed under the law.

Zakir Hossain, chief executive of Nagorik Uddyog, criticised the government for the delay in enacting the law.

"The demand raised from the marginalised community is that there should be a clear definition and schedule for transgender people and members of the Hijra SEE PAGE 4 COL 2

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION Raise its members to 20

Suggests JS body

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

A parliamentary watchdog yesterday recommended increasing the number of members in Bangladesh Public Service Commission (PSC) from 15 to 20.

The parliamentary standing committee on the public administration ministry said the issue of setting up a PSC secretariat should be included in the legal framework and the provision of making rules under the law should be added.

parliamentary The body came up with the recommendation while finalising a bill, titled "Bangladesh Public Service Commission Bill-2022".

PSC deals with the recruitment of civil-service servants in the government. They are responsible for exam related activities.

Mentioning the logic of increasing the number of PSC members from 15 to 20, the parliamentary committee said due to the rising number of for direct candidates recruitment to the posts of grade 12 and above (cadre and non-cadre) pre-selection, written test, viva-voce and practical tests, preparation and publication of results take a long time.

therefore, is. necessary to increase the number of members of the commission to meet SEE PAGE 4 COL 1

ADMISSION ANOMALIES Monitoring teams visiting schools and colleges

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

The education ministry has formed monitoring committees to prevent charging of extra admission and readmission fees in different schools and colleges across the country.

Members of four monitoring teams yesterday started visiting different government and private schools and colleges.

Four deputy secretaries of the education ministry have been leading the teams, according to a government press release.

Besides, 16 monitoring committees formed by the Directorate of Secondary and Higher Education are visiting educational institutions in Dhaka city, eight divisional monitoring committees are visiting divisional headquarters, and 55 district monitoring teams are going to district headquarters. Upazila monitoring committees are also

visiting the upazila-level educational institutions. After visiting the institutions, the teams are submitting reports to the Directorate of Secondary and Higher Education. Appropriate actions will be taken as per the

rules if any irregularities are found, the press



Commuters either have to avoid Tejgaon-Mohakhali road or face the consequence of being stuck in traffic for hours. Although gridlocks are common throughout Dhaka, people who have to regularly pass this road will say that the ordeal centring traffic jams is even worse in this area. Hundreds of vehicles were seen stuck in long queues yesterday.

PHOTO: AMRAN HOSSAIN