

In Cox's Bazar. We provide comprehensive and lifesaving humanitarian assistance based on the needs identified by the communities. In the camps, KOM's activities cover Protection, Shelter/Non-Food Items (SNFI), Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH), Site Management and Site Development (SMSD) and Health. KOM also distributes liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) to refugees and host communities to address their cooking fuel needs. KOM champions innovative, climate-friendly solutions to minimise negative impacts on the environment. We coordinate closely with the government, humanitarian agencies, development partners and NGOs, leveraging their expertise to best meet the needs of the affected population.

TDK: The Rohingya refugee issue is a long-term crisis. What should be done to solve this crisis?

AE: Although Bangladesh has generously hosted the Rohingya refugees for the past five years, one country cannot and should not bear this responsibility alone. International and local humanitarian actors must continue to support the response led by the Government of Bangladesh to enable the Rohingya refugees to live dignified lives while in displacement. KOM also recognises the needs of host communities in Cox's Bazar. We work closely with the local authorities to provide

complementary assistance to both refugees and host communities. As the crisis stretches into its fifth year and becomes protracted in nature, Rohingya refugees should be empowered through increased access to education and skills development to help support themselves and prepare for a sustainable, dignified and safe return to Myanmar when conditions permit.

TDK: Some factors, such as the Ukraine-Russia war, appear to be diverting attention from the Rohingya refugee crisis. The fund is also decreasing every year. What needs to be done in this regard?

AE: As the world increasingly experiences humanitarian crises, rising food prices and the lasting impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, international funding for the humanitarian response for the Rohingya refugees in Cox's Bazar has declined. The needs, however, remain, and in many senses, they have increased. There is a need for further advocacy for continued humanitarian support to Rohingya refugees. The humanitarian community and the Government of Bangladesh should work together to ensure that this response is not forgotten. Humanitarian agencies should streamline their operations to maximise the impact of their funds.



A Rohingya family is seen seeking for shelter in front of the Kutumpon Camp.

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