# 'We're working very hard to increase Bangladesh's export to China'

Chinese Ambassador to Bangladesh Li Jiming shares his views on the depth and prospects of the bilateral relationship between Bangladesh and China in an exclusive interview with Porimol Palma of The Daily Star, on the occasion of China's 73rd founding anniversary today.

What are the achievements from Bangladesh? the Chinese State Councillor and Foreign Minister Wang Yi's recent visit to Bangladesh?

China and Bangladesh are amicable neighbours and strategic partners of cooperation. Through the visit, China and Bangladesh renewed commitment to their traditional friendship, reiterated the One China principle, agreed to deepen strategic integration, and further enhanced practical cooperation, thereby jointly committing to maintain stability in the region and beyond amid an uneasy international environment.

Bangladesh is going through economic challenges in the wake of the Covid-19 pandemic and the Russia-Ukrainewar.HowcanChina help Bangladesh in mitigating this immediate challenge?

To meet the present challenges, I think Bangladesh can do the following together with China: first, join the Global Development Initiative (GDI) proposed by China; second, fully utilise and benefit from the zerotariff treatment to 98 percent of Bangladeshi products exported to China; third, advance studies on Bangladesh-China FTA and enhance common development of Bangladesh-China economy; fourth, accelerate the promotion of the MoU on special assistance plan for disaster prevention and mitigation; and fifth, promote the work related to takarenminbi currency swap and enhance Bangladesh's foreign exchange payment capacity.

China has two new initiatives: Global Development Initiative (GDI) and Global Security Initiative (GSI).

President Xi Jinping has put forward these initiatives in response to the urgent needs of developing countries as well as global development and world peace, following the guideline of policy coordination and practical cooperation, so as to help the developing countries maintain national stability, promote economic recovery, and advance the 2030 Agenda.

Bangladesh's export to China is less than USD 1 billion a year, though the bilateral trade is USD 25 billion. Why is the trade gap so

To put it in another way, although there is a trade deficit, the imported textile raw materials and mechanical equipment (that comprise most of the amount) are all of great necessity and are helping Bangladesh's RMG exports, manufacturing industry and development. So, we need a right perspective to view this temporary imbalance of trade, and we're working very hard to increase Bangladesh's export to China, to reduce trade deficit and maintain trade balances. The duty-free treatment of 98 percent tariff lines is granted by the Chinese government, precisely to increase Bangladesh's exports to China.

Since September 1, China is giving duty-free access to 98 percent of Bangladeshi products, which has been increased by one percent. What products would be included in the additional percentage, and can it make any significant increase in export to China?

Several kinds of basic leather



Li Jiming, Chinese ambassador to Bangladesh

PHOTO: COURTESY

in the leather industry, an industry with huge potential. Businessmen in the leather industry have already been focusing on the opportunity provided by the 98 percent dutyfree treatment. Programmes such as "Bangladesh leather and leather products promotion webinar" are undergoing and helping Chinese leather product manufacturing enterprises to form business relations with leather exporters in Bangladesh.

Dhaka and Beijing signed an agreement for 27 projects with an estimated cost of USD 20 billion. As of now, only eight projects have been undertaken and USD 3.8 billion has been disbursed. Why is that and how can this be sped up?

Well, this may not be accurate enough. Bangladesh and China have been actively cooperating and working together to promote the progress of products have been added, which is the MoU projects. As far as I know,

progressing smoothly, more than eight are completed, and a good number of the others are expected to be completed by the end of 2024.

Here, we have to make it clear that the MoU on Strengthening Investment and Production Capacity Cooperation, signed during Chinese President Xi Jinping's visit to Bangladesh in 2016, is not a commitment of a basket of Government Concessional Loan (GCL) or Preferential Buyers Credit (PBC). The 27 projects attached to the MoU are only a list of projects to be considered for promotion by both sides, not a list of GCL or PBC projects. It should be stressed that only projects that have been evaluated and approved by both sides and for which loan agreements have been signed are the GCL and PBC projects, for which the Chinese side would commit to provide GCL or PBC loan support.

Chinese Foreign Minister Wang What implications do they have for good news for Bangladeshi exporters most of the major projects have been Yi proposed signing an MoU on How do you want to cooperate visit our website.

Cooperation Framework. How can and climate change actions as signing this MoU help? Is the PPP model more efficient?

It will help the governments to better Climate change and green play the regulatory role, select better quality enterprises to participate in the economic cooperation between Bangladesh and China, constantly improve the quality and efficiency of cooperation, and better avoid risks. At the same time, it will help Chinese companies better and more widely participate in Bangladesh's construction in the fields of energy, urban development, ports, rail transit, roads and bridges, airports, and so on. We believe that signing a G2G MoU on PPP is an ideal way of enhancing bilateral cooperation and will serve the interests of both sides.

High costs of projects and their commercial feasibility are an issue of concern. This is much talked about in the case of Sri Lanka's Hambantota Port. Do you have any new policy in mind regarding cost efficiency in Chinese projects and funding?

All Chinese projects have been both Bangladesh and Myanmar, evaluated and approved by the aiming to improve the ground-level Bangladesh government the Chinese government before environment for commencing implementation. Economic feasibility and cost efficiency of the projects have been fully demonstrated by professional institutions on both sides and recognised by both governments. Bangladesh and China will continue to strengthen cooperation and work together in this area. If anyone can name any single Chinese-funded project that is commercially or financially unfeasible, please tell me.

Public-Private Partnership (PPP) on environmental protection Bangladesh is at the forefront of the challenges?

> development constitute one of the eight areas of GDI. Under this framework, China will carry out more extensive cooperation with Bangladesh in the fields of renewable resources and clean energy. We will encourage and guide Chinese enterprises to adopt more advanced technologies and equipment to invest in more environmentally friendly projects in Bangladesh.

> A common perception is that China is not doing enough in addressing the Rohingya crisis, given that you have strong influence in Myanmar. How do you respond to the criticism?

> China has been a facilitator between the two countries, and has always held that the issue should be resolved peacefully through bilateral negotiation and consultation. We have been providing support to condition and to create a favourable repatriation. Because of the political change in Myanmar early last year, negotiations on the Rohingya issue were once suspended between Bangladesh and Myanmar. The international community should play a constructive role in the process of finding a durable solution to the Rohingya issue.

> To read the full interview, please

## To kill a mocking monster



Dr Shamsad Mortuza Dhaka University.

## SHAMSAD MORTUZA

I am trying to get this image out of my head. Over a hundred people of all ages walked in to find their spots on a boat that would take them to the other side of the Korotoa River to celebrate Mahalaya. These pilgrims joined the herd in good faith - they must go to the temple to invite their goddess before she starts descending from Mount Kailash for the annihilation of the monster. They would also pay tribute to their dead ancestors. There was not an inch of empty space left on the boat. The boatman waded back and forth to check how his passengers had been tucked in. Some last-minute passengers touched the rim in reverence or sprinkled waters with piety before the boat set sail.

were devotees in Panchagarh district, at the northern tip of Bangladesh, who had hired this boat to visit the Bodeshwari temple. Surprisingly, none of them – of the and kept on recording the spectacle.

over a hundred pilgrims - pointed out how dangerous it was to travel like that. Not one soul protested saying, "I am not riding on this boat." They simply sailed to their deaths. Within minutes, the overcrowded boat capsized and most of the devotees perished; at least 68 bodies have been found so far, with many still missing.

What prompted them to join this death march? A belief that they would be taken care of by divine providence! The practical reason was that it was the best they could afford. Who in their right mind would like to see their money wasted? The Korotoa River had other plans, though. However tame it looked in autumn, it had no place for recklessness. Shouldn't I feel pity for these victims? Instead, I am upset by their blind foolishness. I am angry at those people at the shore who allowed them to dock dangerously

BLOWIN' IN I am angry at the relatives who came of the college told *The Daily Star* holding an administrative post at manned the mission and came back to see them off for not talking sense to these people. The accident shows What good is paying compensation per body? Use that money to improve common sense.

I am trying to get another image out of my head. Hundreds of female students of Eden Women's College

that previous investigations were still ongoing, and she now seeks job at the oldest university in the bus under the sky. Their performance how cheap our lives have become. psychological counsellors to change the students' mindsets.

lethal than their male colleagues, whom we have recently seen in full action. And the sad part is that the existential label that they are carrying were seen shouting and yelling, and the jerseys that they are donning

The Panchagarh boat capsize shows how cheap our lives have become. What good is paying compensation per body? Use that money to improve transport quality and safety rules. Use it to educate people and inculcate common sense.

each other's hair, and banging on the iron gate in the middle of the night. The scene was raucous; I did not turn up my TV volume. A déjà vu. The allegations are serious and outright illegal: student leaders are allegedly engaged in seat-trading, extortion, torture, forcing other students to indulge in unethical activities, and controlling hostels and cafeterias. We have heard it before. The principal

beating up one another, pulling at are but temporary. Their essential identity is tied with power politics. They blindly join the party vehicle with the hope of being blessed by some divine providence. This is a slow death of a different kind: the mass killing of a generation. And the worst part is that they devour the image of their founder, who struggled to give

> I am trying to get this image out of my head. After a hiatus from

Shelley. The author believed that she was responsible for the death of her mother, who died of postpartum infection. Mary Shelley, therefore, wanted the human race to continue without the need for biological birth that kills many women. Her science fiction involves creating a life without the need for a mother. She makes her male protagonist, Victor Frankenstein, bring dead bodies to come to life in his lab.

My feminist reading of the novel shows gender performativity to argue that gender roles are elaborate social performances that one puts on in their everyday life. It goes beyond the fixed conceptions of "man" "masculine" and "woman" as "feminine." Victor is the "mother" of the creature, for instance.

I gave further examples of our national women's football team, whose valour at the Dasharath stadium in Kathmandu, Nepal earned the nation a coveted trophy that had been eluding their male

a private university, I resumed my as national heroes riding a roofless country. I am assigned a course was masculine. But when some of named "Novels through Theory," these girls were returning to their My common sense tells me not to wherein I am teaching *Frankenstein*, hometown in a public bus, they were transport quality and safety rules. Use rock the boat carrying the Eves of a multi-layered text from the 19th verbally abused by some conservative it to educate people and inculcate Eden. They are no less mighty and century written by a 19-year-old Mary men for their supposed "abnormal" gender performance in "skimpy clothes. In that remote private space, the girls were reduced to being "stereotypical women."

As I said these words, I noticed a couple of students in my class shaking their heads with visible displeasure. The cue was obvious. I must be careful with my examples. Just like when giving one of the definitions of Frankenstein, I had to check myself from referring it to our student body. Frankenstein is "something that destroys or harms the person or people who created it." But the irony is: even Frankenstein, a wrongly attributed name given to the monstrous creature, wanted to learn. He read history, poetry, philosophy, and politics, and wanted to know himself before his self-annihilation for the sake of humanity. He realised that the purpose of life is to give meaning to it, not die meaninglessly. or become the cause of harm to

I am trying to get these colleagues for decades. These women meaningless images out of my head.

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**ACROSS** 1 Antlered animal 5 Kick off 10 Flaring star 11 Painter's place 12 N. Mex. neighbor 13 Sentence ender, of a sort 14 Rebate 16 It's behind home plate 20 Earlier 23 Flamenco cry 24 Be real 25 Boat's load 27 Pulled off 28 Buckeye 29 Journey break 32 Catch up with and pass

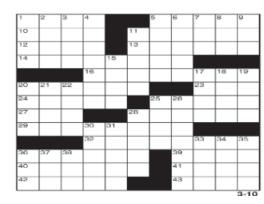
36 Changing room fixture 39 Region 40 Set straght 41 Wee bites 42 Fruit basket items 43 Designer Spade

**DOWN** 1 Unseen problem 2 Singer Amos 3 Tel 4 Garden pavilions 5 Pancake order 6 Ankara natives 7 Say further 8 Carnival city 9 Great weight

15 Homer's son 17 Matador's foe 18 Gymnast Korbut 19 Lowly worker 20 Hotel units 21 Way to go 22 Rover's pal 25 "Believe" singer 26 Scuba need

28 Plain to see 30 Game of hands 31 Pizzeria sights 33 Sills song 34 Retained 35 Comfort 36 Cut short 37 Lode material 38 Snoop grp.

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