

## AMENDING LAW Stakeholders consulted, says press council

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

The Bangladesh Press Council rejected allegations that it, without consulting stakeholders, had incorporated financial penalties for journalists in the draft amendment to the Press Council Act.

In a statement circulated to the media, the council stated that it had multiple discussions at the ministerial level and with the council members.

It stated that the proposal for amending the Press Council Act 1974 was first raised in 2005.

"Since 2012, the council had been discussing about amending The Press Council Act 1974 to include financial penalties for journalists. In 2016, a finalised draft of the amendment, prepared at the general meetings of the council, was sent to the law commission," said the statement.

The statement also said that members of the press had routinely

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## REPORT ON DGF Ex-army man, Netra News sued under the DSA

OUR CORRESPONDENT, Dinajpur

A ruling Awami League leader yesterday filed a case under the Digital Security Act against former army officer Hasinur Rahman and Netra News – a news portal – for running a report on the DGF and "tarnishing the country's image".

An interviewee in the report, Hasinur from Cumilla's Laksam upazila, was made the prime accused in the case.

Ilias Ahmed, a freedom fighter, who is also a lawyer at Rangpur Judge's Court and vice president of the district AL, filed the case with Rangpur Cyber Tribunal.

Judge Abdul Majid of the tribunal took the case into his cognisance, and three people were made witnesses.

A description of the video news, which was published in Netra News's Facebook page on August 13, was included in the case documents.

The case statement claimed the video, titled "Mirrorroom, the secret prison of DGF" was false, defamatory and offensive.

It also went against the state, Ilias said in the case.

He further said the country's image was tarnished through the report, which was nothing but a

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Smoke rises above the burning shopping mall Galaktika following recent shelling in the course of Ukraine-Russia conflict in Donetsk, Ukraine yesterday.

PHOTO: REUTERS

## Kyiv will fight 'till the end'

Zelensky vows on Independence Day as Russia-Ukraine war enters seventh month; US pledges biggest military aid package yet

AGENCIES

President Volodymyr Zelensky yesterday vowed that Ukraine will resist the Russian invasion "until the end" without "any concession or compromise", as the nation marked its Independence Day as well as the six-month anniversary of the start of the war.

"We don't care what army you have, we only care about our land," Zelensky said in a defiant morning video address. "We will fight for it until the end."

Referring to Russia – which launched a large-scale attack in the early hours of February 24 – he vowed Ukraine "will not try to find an understanding with terrorists".

"For us Ukraine is the whole of Ukraine," he said. "All 25 regions, without any concession or compromise."

Meanwhile, US President Joe Biden announced nearly \$3 billion for weapons and equipment for Ukraine in Washington's "biggest tranche of security assistance to date", while the head of Nato told Ukrainians they were an inspiration to the world.

"You [Ukrainians] can count on Nato's support. For as long as it takes," Nato Secretary General Jens Stoltenberg said in

a video message.

The planned White House announcement comes as Washington warned Moscow could be planning a surge in strikes on civilian targets coinciding with Independence Day observations, reports AFP.

Gatherings have been banned in the capital Kyiv, where air raid sirens sounded in the morning, and Zelensky has urged citizens to be on guard against "Russian terror".

As the war entered its seventh month with no end in sight, outgoing British Prime Minister Boris Johnson pledged unlimited assistance to Ukraine.

Johnson was in Kyiv yesterday, hailing the "strong will of Ukrainians to resist" Russia's invasion. "We in the UK, not for a second will we give up to Putin's blackmail," Johnson said.

German Chancellor Olaf Scholz warned Russia against further attempts to annex Ukrainian territory in the same way it did the Crimean peninsula in 2014.

Polish President Andrzej Duda also advised against any "appeasement", saying: "There is no return to business as usual in relations with Russia."

And French President Emmanuel Macron vowed European Union support

for Ukraine would continue "for the long term".

United Nations Secretary-General Antonio Guterres called the six-month anniversary of the start of Russia's war in Ukraine a "sad and tragic milestone."

In an absurd message yesterday, Alexander Lukashenko, the authoritarian leader of Belarus – which offered its territory as a staging ground for Russia's invasion – gave congratulations to Ukraine on its Independence Day.

Meanwhile, the head of Russia's state nuclear energy agency yesterday held a meeting with the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) chief to discuss an expected inspection of the Zaporizhzhia nuclear plant, occupied by Russian troops and threatened by shelling, which Moscow blames on Kyiv.

In Russia, police detained one of the last opposition figures still in the country and not behind bars after he reportedly criticised Moscow's military campaign in Ukraine.

Politician Yevgeny Roizman, former mayor of the Urals city of Yekaterinburg, was detained for "discrediting" the Russian army in comments about Moscow's military intervention in Ukraine.

## Prof Yunus seeks stay on labour court case trial

UNB, Dhaka

Prof Muhammad Yunus moved the Supreme Court yesterday, seeking a stay on proceedings in a case filed with the Dhaka Labour Court against him.



Lawyer Abdullah Al Mamun filed the petition on behalf of the Nobel laureate and former chairman of Grameen Communications Ltd.

The other accused in the case are Ashraful Hasan, managing director of Grameen Telecom, and its directors Nurzahan Begum and Shahjahan.

According to the case statement, during a visit to Grameen Telecom office, inspectors of the department found that 101 workers who were supposed to be permanent were working as temporary staff. There was no participation or welfare fund for them and the workers were not given 5 percent of the company's profit as stipulated in the law.

On October 12, the labour court granted bail to all four accused.

Later on December 7, Prof Yunus filed a petition with the HC, seeking scrapping of the case.

On December 12, the HC stayed the case proceedings for six months.

## Sagar-Runi murder probe report deferred for 91st time

COURT CORRESPONDENT

A Dhaka court yesterday asked Rapid Action Battalion to submit by September 26 the probe report of the murder case of journalist couple Sagar Sarowar and Meherun Runi.

With this, the deadline for submission of the report has been rescheduled for 91st time.

Dhaka Metropolitan Magistrate Debdash Chandra Adhikary passed the order after Rab Additional Superintendent of Police Khondoker Md Shafiqul Alam, also the investigation officer of the case, failed to submit the report yesterday, court sources said.

Sagar, news editor at private TV channel Maasranga, and his wife Runi, senior reporter at ATN Bangla, were killed in the early hours of February 11, 2012, in their rented flat in the capital's West Razabazar.

After Sher-e-Bangla Nagar police and the Detective Branch of police, Rab was tasked with the probe on April 18, 2012.

## 3 die from Covid, 167 get infected

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

Three people died from Covid-19 and at least 167 got infected with the virus in 24 hours preceding 8:00am yesterday.

With this, the total number of Covid fatalities in the country now stands at 29,319. The mortality rate remains unchanged at 1.46 percent, said a press release of the Directorate General of Health Services.

The total number of cases has gone up to 20,10,490. The daily positivity rate was 3.89 percent after 4,293 samples were tested countrywide during the 24-hour period.

## Dhaka in talks with Moscow

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Russian crude oil would be given to Bangladeshi experts so that they can find out whether it could be refined here.

Primary discussions for exploring mechanisms to replace the US dollar in trade between the two countries have started, he said, adding, "I have recently met the governor of Bangladesh Bank to discuss the issue."

With major logistical obstacles being removed, negotiations are going on between Moscow and Dhaka for the resumption of wheat purchase on a government-to-government basis.

Mutual efforts of the countries made it possible to increase bilateral

trade turnover manifold. Last year, it reached an all-time high of almost \$3 billion, he mentioned.

About the impact of the Ukraine war on bilateral trade, he said Russia-Bangladesh business relations are going through another challenging time due to the Western sanctions. But the Russian and Bangladeshi companies are getting accustomed to the new reality, he said.

Some of them are using alternative transportation routes to continue mutually beneficial trade. A large number of items have been delivered by air, Mantytskiy said.

"As a result, even in the first quarter of 2022, the turnover between our two countries amounted to a solid volume of \$650 million, which is

only slightly less than that of the same period in 2021."

In spite of the widespread delusion that all Russian banks came under sanctions, there are only 14 financial institutions that cannot provide services to the Bangladeshi partners due to the sanctions.

The bilateral trade operations are being carried out successfully through other Russian banks unaffected by the Western restrictions, Mantytskiy said, adding that the Central Bank of the Russian Federation and the Bangladesh Bank remain in close contact for discussing ways to open correspondent accounts.

Regarding energy cooperation, he said the Rooppur Nuclear

Power Plant is being built without hindrances and the project is on schedule.

On August 19, Gazprom International Investments BV launched the drilling of a new well in the gas fields in Bhola. Drilling of two more wells is expected to begin this year.

He assured that Russia stands ready to supply potash fertiliser according to the previously signed contract, as the American sanctions no longer cover non-organic fertilisers and other essential food goods.

"... There is a growing interest in Russia for procuring Bangladeshi medicine and agricultural products," Mantytskiy said.

## Babul hired killers

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was resolved with the help of technology.

According to the report, Babul, who filed the murder case, was later made the main accused in it.

The other accused are Musa, Ehtashamul Haque alias Haniful Haque alias Bholala, Md Motalab Mia Wasim, Anwar Hossain, Khairul Islam Kalu, and Shahjahan Mia.

PBI chief Banaj Kumar Majumdar, additional inspector general of police, said, "The investigation is almost done and a charge sheet is being prepared. It will take a few more days to submit the report to the court."

On June 5, 2016, unidentified criminals gunned down Babul's wife Mitu at the port city's GEC intersection while she was going to drop her son Mahir Akhter, 7, for a bus of

Chittagong Cantonment Public School and College.

Babul then filed the murder case with Panchlaish Police Station, accusing three unidentified men.

The case was transferred to the PBI in 2019 after Mitu's father, a retired police officer, filed a complaint about the CMP's "mishandling" of the case.

On May 12 last year, the PBI submitted its final report and arrested Babul in another case filed by Mitu's father. Babul has been behind bars since then.

On November 3 last year, a Chattogram Court rejected the final report of the PBI in the murder case and ordered it to conduct further investigation.

The PBI in its fresh investigation found Babul's involvement in his wife's murder.

## JRC crippled by a lack of political will

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torpedoed by West Bengal, stalling the minister-level JRC talks for 12 years.

Yet, the JRC remains the lone platform for meetings with India to discuss sharing of water, joint management, sharing of flood-related data, interventions in Indian territory to control flow, embankment and river bank protection work adjacent to borders, and other pertinent issues.

The JRC has now become a consultation platform and it does not have any executive power. It cannot take charge. It can only recommend and execute what the governments of the two countries decide, said Prof Shahab Enam Khan of international relations at Jahangirnagar University.

The discussions at the JRC meetings are not made public and the so-called decisions made there do not always reflect the people's desires. "If we want to make the JRC successful, the information provided to the JRC has to be made public," said the professor.

Water sharing between Bangladesh and India is more of a political issue

than a technical one. "Hence, we need to enhance the capacity of our bureaucrats and technical experts to deal with hydro diplomacy and hydro politics," he said.

Activists and environmentalists alleged that India had built dams unilaterally on almost all transboundary rivers and has diverted water without Bangladesh's consent.

Bangladesh could not handle the issues properly due to a lack of competency and expertise, they alleged.

Sharif Jamil, general secretary of Bangladesh Paribesh Andolon (Bapa), said the JRC was an ineffective platform. Delegates of the JRC were supposed to sit twice a year to solve issues but they do not do so.

"... India has unilaterally built more than 40 structures on transboundary rivers in recent years. We have photographs of those structures and also have other proofs," said Sharif.

The United Nations adopted the UN Watercourses Convention in 1997 under which states are allowed to utilise water in an equitable and reasonable manner.

China had voted against it; India and Pakistan abstained; Nepal and Bangladesh voted in favour but did not ratify it.

Syeda Rizwana Hasan, chief executive of Bangladesh Environment Lawyers Association (Bela), said Bangladesh should ratify the convention to raise its voice at the international level. The convention has provisions for a party to place its demands before the international community and the UN secretary general has the authority to form a fact-finding mission.

"Bangladesh would not be able to avail itself of the facilities if it did not ratify the convention," she said.

"They [JRC] should make all the information and documents public. It is already proven that discussions of bureaucrats, without ensuring any accountability even if they are for hundreds of hours, are not fruitful."

Today, India's Jal Shakti (Water Resources) Minister Gajendra Singh Shakhawat and State Minister for Water Resources of Bangladesh Zahid Faruk will lead their delegations to the 38th JRC ministerial-level meeting in

New Delhi.

The meeting is being held ahead of Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina's visit to India in early September.

At today's meeting, the two sides are expected to finalise a joint study on the utilisation of the Ganges water and an agreement for the withdrawal of water from the Kushiara, sources familiar with developments said.

They added that a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) on sharing data on the water flow of six rivers that enter Bangladesh from India's North-East could be finalised. The rivers are the Monu, Muhuri, Khowai, Gumti, Dharla and Dudhkumar.

The JRC has been talking about these six rivers since 1985 but failed to reach an agreement.

The sources said Bangladesh would raise the Teesta issue at the meeting.

When our New Delhi correspondent sought comments from the members of the Indian delegation at the JRC, they declined to comment and said there would be a statement issued after the JRC meeting.

## Collusive deals

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Additionally, "collusive contracting" contributed to corruption, such as more expensive plants receiving orders before their lower-cost counterparts, when it should have been the other way around, said Mushtaq while presenting the paper.

"Expensive power plants should be supplying power in peak hours, but instead they are supplying base loads. Similarly, the more expensive plants get gas earlier than the less expensive ones, which suggests there is some informal collusion," he added.

"The overpriced plants are also prioritised in dispatch orders [the order of running plants according to their cost of operations] and fuel supplies because their high mark-ups allow them to corruptly influence these decisions," the research said.

The research study found that "the government's contracts with the high-cost rental power plants say that if they were not given orders for power, they would still be paid for 60 percent of the power [capacity charge] they could have produced."

The result: profits of these plants

are larger if they do not get to generate power.

The solution lies in competitive bidding by investors who are not politically connected, said Mushtaq. "You have to make it viable for an unconnected investor to want to invest," he said. This would lead to as much as a 26 percent reduction in plant-level prices, Mushtaq said.

The research found that providing support from development finance institutions (like World Bank, Asian Development Bank) and fixing the land lease support can reduce power prices by as much as 36 percent.

"Feasible and effective anti-corruption [action] requires identifying and incentivising actors who can and want to implement it [the actions]," recommended Mushtaq.

Binayak Sen, director general of BIDS, spoke about the need for transparency to supplement the feasible anti-corruption strategy.

"Nowadays it is very difficult to get access to classified information, such as defaulters, in the area of property taxation, etc.," said Binayak, who moderated the event.