INTERNATIONAL

FROM PAGE 1

1954-1955

The First Taiwan Strait Crisis: Beijing launches artillery attacks on some Taiwan-controlled outlying islands off China's southeastern coast. Taipei loses its control of some islands and moves remaining forces and residents to Taiwan.

1958

The Second Taiwan Strait Crisis: Beijing launches months-long artillery attacks on the Taiwancontrolled outlying islands of Kinmen and Matsu, both close to mainland China. Taipei fights back with some US-supplied weapons.

1971

Taiwan loses UN seat held since 1946 as the Republic of China, to the People's Republic of China. 1979

The United States endorses the "One China Policy" and switches diplomatic recognition from Taipei to Beijing. 1979

The United States enacts the Taiwan Relations Act, which makes clear that the US decision to establish diplomatic ties with Beijing rests upon the expectation that the future of Taiwan will be determined by peaceful

means. 1982

US President Ronald Reagan adopts Six Assurances to Taiwan, including a pledge not to alter the Taiwan Relations Act.

1996

Third Taiwan Strait Crisis: Taiwan holds its first direct presidential vote. In reaction, Beijing launches missiles into waters near Taiwan; Washington dispatches aircraft carriers to the region.

2000

Chen Shui-bian is elected Taiwan president, marking the first time in power for the **Democratic Progressive** Party (DPP), which supports Taiwanese sovereignty and formal independence. 2005

Beijing adopts an antisecession bill in March that makes secession by Taiwan illegal.

2016 **US President-elect** Donald Trump breaks decades of US diplomatic precedent by speaking directly, by telephone,

with President Tsai Ing-wen. 2017

Trump administration approves \$1.4 billion worth of arms sales to Taiwan, prompting anger from Beijing. 2018

Trump signs legislation that encourages the United States to send senior officials to Taiwan to meet Taiwanese counterparts and vice versa, again infuriating

China. 2018

The US State Department approves the sale to Taiwan of spare parts for F-16 fighter jets and other military aircraft worth up to \$330 million, drawing a warning from China that it jeopardises cooperation between

2022 US President Joe Biden and Chinese President Xi Jinping hold a two-hour call.

Beijing and Washington.

August 2

US House Speaker Nancy Pelosi lands in Taiwan in an unannounced visit despite China warnings. (Reuters)

PELOSI'S CONTROVERSIAL VISIT

Taiwan, not US, may pay the price

When US House Speaker Nancy Pelosi touched down in Taiwan on Tuesday night, China was ready

In quick succession, a slew of government and political bodies fired off statements condemning the visit and warning of its "severe impact" on US-China relations, while China's military said it would immediately launch "air and sea exercises" and released a plan for 6-day drills surrounding the island.

Pelosi's visit -- the first by a top-ranked US lawmaker in 25 years and part of a larger Asia tour – was seen by Beijing as a "major political provocation" and a challenge to China's sovereignty. China's ruling Communist Party claims the self-governed democracy of Taiwan as

Pelosi's defiance of China's warnings not to visit the island may have aggravated troubled US-China relations, but analysts say the party likely to end up feeling the brunt of Beijing's pressure is not the United States, but Taiwan.

However, Beijing's response so far has been more restrained than some of the possibilities floated by nationalist voices in China in recent

An official map indicating the location of some of these planned drills – initially set to run Thursday to Sunday - suggest they are closer to the island than previous exercises -- and even encroach on Taiwan's territorial waters. Analysts say that indicates they are an escalation from previous threats leveraged by Beijing against

The map shows the drills will encircle the island more completely than previous exercises including the military exercise areas and missile splashdown zones during a major crisis in the Taiwan Strait in the mid-1990s.

than they ever have before," according to Carl the island if it had to in a later war. Schuster, a former US Navy captain and former director of operations at the US Pacific Command's Joint Intelligence Center.

"The geopolitical signal being sent is that China can close Taiwan's air and sea access whenever it

Taiwan's Defense Ministry in a press briefing yesterday called the plan tantamount to a

"The goal of these exercises, to put it bluntly, is

to prepare for the military fight with Taiwan."

But how significant the exercises would ultimately be would depend on what happens in the coming days, according to political scientist Chong Ja Ian of the National University of Singapore, who said much was at stake for China's image at home and abroad.



that would "maritime and aerial blockade" "threaten international waterway, challenge the international order, undermine cross-strait status quo and endanger regional security."

Analysts spoken to by Reuters say it remains unclear if China will fire cruise or ballistic missiles directly over the island, or attempt a blockade for

Song Zhongping, a Hong Kong-based military commentator, said it appeared the People's With these drills, China has "gone a lot farther Liberation Army wanted to practise blockading

"Beijing (does not) want to escalate things in a way it cannot control. At the same time, it cannot send a signal that looks too weak," said Chong, noting the latter would have domestic ramifications for Chinese leader Xi Jinping and potentially affect Beijing's ability "to make other regional states toe its line.

"What that sweet spot looks like (for Beijing) no one really knows," he said.

The planned military exercises, meant to "squeeze Taiwan," would likely be followed up with to Yun Sun, director of the China Program at the Stimson Center in Washington,

"The Pelosi visit actually will lead to a new escalation of the Chinese military coercion of Taiwan in the foreseeable future. That punishment is the key of the Chinese response at this point, because it cannot punish the US," she said.

Taiwan is also set to bear an economic penalty for its actions, with China's Taiwan Affairs Office yesterday announcing a suspension on the import of certain citrus fruits and seafood products from the island. Chinese Customs in a separate statement pegged the suspensions to hygiene concerns, but it is not the first time China has banned Taiwanese products amid escalating tensions.

China's Ministry of Commerce also announced it would immediately suspend its export of natural sand to Taiwan, a key component for the production of semiconductor chips -- a move Taiwan's Bureau of Mines said would have "limited" effect.

And in the face of China's plans for military drills, Taiwan's Maritime and Port Bureau also issued three notices yesterday, asking vessels to use alternative routes for seven ports around the

Taiwan also started negotiating with neighboring Japan and the Philippines to find alternative aviation routes to avoid Chinese assets.

Now, Pelosi has departed the island, leaving a defiant Taiwan under even more pressure as China vents its fury.

When asked during a regular news briefing in Beijing whether the export suspension was meant to punish Taiwan over Pelosi's visit, China's Assistant Minister of Foreign Affairs Hua Chunying refused to comment on specific trade actions but said "one thing is certain here."

"The US and Taiwan separatist forces must take the responsibility and pay the price for the mistakes they made," she said.

Asean urges de-escalation of tensions over Taiwan

Warns Myanmar against more executions; Russia backs junta's efforts to 'stabilise' the crisis-wracked country

AGENCIES

Foreign ministers of the Association of Southeast Asian (Asean) yesterday expressed concern over rising tensions concerning Taiwan, an official from chair country Cambodia said.

Asean hopes all sides will try their best to de-escalate tensions on Taiwan and avoid actions Kung Phoak, Secretary of State of Cambodia's foreign ministry, told a news conference.

Malaysia and Thailand echoed the calls for calm, with Malaysian Foreign Minister Saifuddin ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{Abdullah}}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathsf{urging}}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathsf{all}}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathsf{sides}}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathsf{to}}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathsf{total}}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathsf{al$ "very carefully". foreign Thai ministry

spokesman Tanee Sangrat said the kingdom called for "utmost

"any actions that would aggravate tensions".

Attention will now turn to Chinese Foreign Minister Wang Yi and his American counterpart Antony Blinken who will join Asean and other ministers for regional security talks today and

Cambodian Prime Minister Hun Sen, opening the meeting as chair that contribute to an escalation, of Asean, condemned Myanmar for executing four prisoners last month in defiance of widespread international pleas for clemency.

Hun Sen said the bloc was "disappointed and disturbed" by the executions and warned that further use of capital punishment would mean a "rethink" of the fivepoint peace plan agreed to last year with Myanmar. The plan calls for an immediate

between

restraint" and warned against end to violence and dialogue between the junta and coup opponents, reports AFP.

Meanwhile, Russia the Myanmar junta's efforts to "stabilise" the crisis-wracked country and hold elections next year, its foreign minister said in talks with top generals yesterday, according to Russian state media.

"We are in solidarity with the efforts [by the junta] aimed at stabilising the situation in the country," Sergei Lavrov said during talks in Myanmar's capital Naypyidaw, according to the TASS news agency.

On Monday junta chief Min Aung Hlaing -- who travelled to Moscow last month -- said polls could only take place when the conflict-wracked country was "stable and peaceful".

West Bengal CM revamps cabinet

NDTV ONLINE

West Bengal Chief Minister Mamata Banerjee's cabinet expansion -- billed as the biggest since the party came to power in 2011 -- included five new faces. Sources said the expansion will be followed by a reshuffle of ministries.

The biggest among the newcomers is Babul Supriyo -- a former Union minister of the BJP who joined the Trinamool Congress last year, shortly after the party won a third consecutive term in power.

Along with Babul Supriyo, Snehashish Chakraborty. Partha Bhowmik, Udayan Guha and Pradip Majumder will be allotted seats in the cabinet. Four junior ministers will be Birbaha Hansda, Biplab Roy Chowdhury, Tajmul Hossain and Satyajit Burman.

Sri Lanka faces 'great danger'

President warns as economic crisis drags on



month after his predecessor Gotabaya Rajapaksa was forced to flee the country and resign after months of protests, said the financial meltdown had turned into a serious political crisis. "Today we are facing an unprecedented situation that our country had never faced in recent history," he said while opening a new session of parliament. "We are in great danger." Wickremesinghe said the only way to escape the crisis was "if we all face this challenge together as one people," and asked all parties in parliament to join his initiative for a "unity government".

Dhaka too may feel the heat

contestation

due

China Sea. South China

Sea has been an area of

these two countries for a

long time, but increasingly

China seems to be gaining

an upper hand, especially

advances and its willingness

to technological

FROM PAGE 1 ALI RIAZ "Tension in the East and

Southeast regions has tacit influence on South Asia. Besides, Bangladesh is a part of a larger Indo-Pacific region. The country is already in the midst of the geopolitical tug-of-war."

Prof Riaz said there are two reasons for the US ramping up the rhetoric and actions on Taiwan issue: recent assertive posturing of China in South China Sea, and the fear of a repeat of Ukraine-like situation in

He said the situation in Taiwan Straits is an extension of what is in happening South

ANM MUNIRUZZAMAN

under a lot of pressure.

but that stance is coming

to extend direct support

to any side. Staying neutral

or not tilting towards a

particular side has become

more challenging than

ever. We can only depend

on our skills in order to stay

trading partner and any

negative impact on the

supply chain will affect

Bangladesh severely.

China is

largest

"In fact, all parties

involved are under constant hold

pressure. We are unwilling supplies. Taiwan is the

"Due to the Ukraine war, the message that they can

we are already suffering determine all the terms.

FROM PAGE 1

neutral."

He said

Bangladesh's

tank Atlantic Council. its strategic interests in the region.

"The US is trying to reclaim

to confront the US, said Prof Riaz, also a nonresident senior fellow of Washington-based think-He said the US administration is trying to send a strong message that it will continue to pursue

its influence through the Indo-Pacific

from trade and supply-

chain related issues. The

issue at hand will further

increase the complexities.

Both China and Taiwan

world's number-one chip

maker. Any delay here

will have a global effect;

from cars to computers to

almost everything else. We

have to stay vigilant and

keep track on these issues."

visit is significant, because

the strategic competition

between the US and China

has recently reached new

heights, and yet the US

managed to give China

Muniruzzaman said the

sensitive

some

Strategy (IPS) while China is not only trying to prevent but expand its control. The region has become the site of competing vision of international order. Taiwan is the most obvious case of such competition." Prof Riaz said the recent tension will further

escalate tension. conflict between China and US is not

militarise the region and

imminent, but escalation will continue. A further polarisation is a likely outcome of the growing tension. But such consequence does not augur well for China or the US," he added.

"Also, the US took their commitment towards Taiwan to newer heights. In a way, the US broke the One China policy." Analysing the event, he

said China is pragmatic and has very communications with the international system as a whole, and moreover, the US and China are highly interdependent.

"Considering all this, we can safely assume that the current conflict will not escalate further. This time around, China did two new things -- they deployed a cyber-attack, and also promised to deliver a financial punishment to Taiwan."

FROM PAGE 1 **MUNSHI FAIZ AHMAD**

afford another war. The Ukraine-Russia war has already left millions of people across the globe, especially the poor, in trouble. Inflation is high and food supplies are short," he said in a telephone interview with The Daily Star

He said China perceives that the visit by US House Speaker Nancy Pelosi has symbolic value and is akin to recognising Taiwan something that angered China, which has already been a rival of the US.

The US, like most other

countries of the world, has maintained diplomatic relations with China, not with Taiwan. On the other hand, the US also works for democracy in Taiwan and supports Taiwan in its defence from any military attacks, he said.

Meanwhile, visited Taiwan though the Pentagon discouraged it. So, why Pelosi visited the country is not clear yet, said Munshi Faiz, former chairman of the Bangladesh Institute of International and Strategic Studies.

"Though China threatened of military actions, it has not done it in

practice. It knows that will be very very problematic in the long run," said the international analyst.

He thinks that the US would also not do anything that leads to a war. "We want peace. The

people all across the world want peace, not war. Bangladesh should promote the diplomacy of peace and economy," Munshi Faiz said.

international community encourage the ways of how China and the US can work together over Taiwan, instead of going into war, he



Anniversary of Dr : Nawab Ali. M.B (Calcutta); MRCP (Edin.) FRCP (Edin) Former Professor of Medicine and former Principal, Dhaka Medical College. Dr. Nawab Ali Memorial Welfare Trust will hold Memorial Meeting and dua on 27 August-2022, in Dhaka. Trustees home and Abroad are requested to Contact- 01729093558



UNIVERSITY OF DHAKA: Applications in prescribed form, obtainable from the office of the Registrar, are invited from the Bangladeshi nationals for filling up 02 (Two) permanent posts of Lecturer in the Department of Finance. In the pay scale of Tk. 22,000-53,060/- (National pay scale-

QUALIFICATIONS FOR LECTURER: Candidates must have minimum CGPA of 3.75 out of 4.00 in both four-year BBA in Finance and MBA in Finance with a minimum GPA/CGPA 4.25 out of 5.00 in both S.S.C. & H.S.C. Examinations. In case of candidates who have achieved first position/highest CGPA in Honors or Masters Examinations, the condition of S.S.C./H.S.C. GPA may be relaxed. Other qualifications being equal preference may be given to those who have higher degree in Finance.

Eight copies of application together with attested copies of certificates, testimonials, grade sheets/mark sheets and proof of experience along with a Pay Order / Bank Draft of the value of Tk. 750/- (Seven hundred fifty) only, payable to the Registrar, should reach him on or before 23.08.2022 Candidates already in service must apply through proper channel.