

At 50, Bangladesh lifts millions from proverty

BY SHAREAMERICA

Bangladesh is enjoying rapid economic development and improved living standards for its people.

Bangladesh has lifted more than 25 million people out of poverty in the last 15 years and cut poverty in half since 2000. "Bangladesh has made remarkable progress in reducing poverty, supported by sustained economic growth," the World Bank noted in November 2018.

The United States has long supported Bangladesh's development, aiding its rise Kanto Shikari double his production of rice, a staple of the Bangadeshi diet. With the increased revenue, he sent his daughter to college. "When I was young I didn't have the opportunity to study. But now my children have the choice," Taroni said. "They can go into any profession they desire." USAID's Food for Peace program seeks

to address the root causes of poverty through work in multiple sectors, including agriculture and health care. The program has reached 3.5 million Bangladeshis since 2010, improving incomes by 90% in targeted areas.

Monjuara Begum, of Sirajganj, says she increased her vegetable harvests with techniques learned in the program. She's invested her increased revenues in

"My ducks and chickens lay eggs, some of which I sell," Monjuara said. "I also feed the eggs to my children, and I eat some

USAID has also partnered with the government of Bangladesh and WorldFish to significantly increase harvests of hilsa, the country's national fish, through sustainable practices.

The United States continues to support Bangladesh, aiding the country's fight against the COVID-19 pandemic and bolstering its economic recovery. The US donated 72 million doses of COVID-19 vaccines to Bangladesh.

In June 2020, the United States announced \$173 million to complement Bangladesh's fight against COVID-19 and support post-pandemic economic recovery and development, adding to the nearly \$37 million the United States already contributed to the country's COVID-19 response.

In 2019, USAID provided more than \$200 million in aid to improve health and education and to bolster economic opportunity and food security in Bangladesh.

"I'm proud that USAID has been a long-standing partner of Bangladesh and is committed to helping achieve Bangladesh's goal of becoming an uppermiddle-income country by 2031," USAID Mission Director Derrick Brown said in June 2020.

International Development's (USAID) Feed the Future program has helped reduce poverty an estimated 37% in the areas where it has operated since 2011. In 2015, the program trained 2 million

Bangladeshi

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farmers in

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AMBASSADOR'S MESSAGE

Good afternoon, everyone!

And thank you for joining us for this celebration of the 246th anniversary of U.S. independence. Independence Day in America is a day of red, white, and

a day of pride;

a day of patriotism;

a day when we remember that our nation emerged after a bloody war of independence;

a day when we honor the sacrifices made by veterans to keep our democracy safe.

This year, as we celebrate 50 years of bilateral relations with Bangladesh, we pay tribute to another nation that emerged after a bloody war of independence.

We pay tribute to a nation that has overcome great adversity.

And we look forward to what the future will bring to Bangladesh - and what Bangladesh will bring to the

Neither of our nations is perfect. America's founding fathers expressed their desire to build "a more perfect union".

That is a challenge that Americans face every day - with humility and



Peter Haas

confidence - as we address weaknesses to our democracy.

Independence Day in America is also a day of fun. A day for getting together with friends and family.

A day for barbeques, parades, and fireworks.

That is why this year, we decided to celebrate our Independence Day a bit more like we would back home - with jeans, with sliders and hotdogs, with deep-fried pickles and Oreos, with games, and with music.

And of course with all of you.



PHOTO: COLLECTED

Monjuara Begum, of Sirajganj, improved her vegetable harvests through **USAID's Food for** Peace initiative. (Josh Estey/USAID)

from one of the world's least developed countries to one now eyeing uppermiddle-income-country status by 2031.

Since 1971, the United States has provided Bangladesh more than \$8 billion in foreign assistance. The support has trained farmers and fisherman, brought electricity to rural communities and improved access to health care, education and other services.

The U.S. Agency for International Development's (USAID) Feed the Future program has helped reduce poverty an estimated 37% in the areas where it has operated since 2011. In 2015, the program trained 2 million Bangladeshi farmers in agricultural techniques, leading to a 20% increase in revenues.

USAID training helped farmer Taroni



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