### BUSINESS Star



A man is working at a salt farm in Cox's Bazar. Bangladesh currently has 3.5 lakh tonnes of salt, which is more than four times the 60,000 to 70,000 tonnes required by tanneries during the time of Eid-ul-Azha. PHOTO: COLLECTED

# Salt stock sufficient, no possibility of crisis: millers

#### STAR BUSINESS REPORT

There is no possibility of a salt crisis for leather processing in the upcoming peak season spanning three months after Eid-ul-Azha as the country has a sufficient amount in stock, according to industry people.

Approximately 1.21 lakh heads of cattle, including bulls, buffalos, goats and lambs, have been prepared for sacrifice during this year's Eid-ul-Azha, after which tanners collect the leftover hides that make up about 50 per cent of their annual supply.

Bangladesh currently has 3.5 lakh tonnes of salt, which is more than four times the 60,000 to 70,000 tonnes required by tanneries following the major religious festival for the country's Muslim community.

Besides, even if the price of salt increases in the coming days, the increment will not exceed Tk 1 per kilogramme (kg), they said.

yesterday arranged a view exchange meeting between leather businesses and salt traders in Dhaka's Karwan Bazar in order to maintain adequate supplies of the mineral and keep prices normal ahead of Eid.

Salting is one of the most important steps in tanning as it keeps rawhides from decaying.

Nurul Kabir, president of the Bangladesh Salt Mill Owners Association, said quality salt used for leather processing is being sold at Tk 1,050 per sack weighing 75 kgs while the same amount of the slightly poorer quality is being sold for Tk 920.

'The government has allowed the import of 1.5 lakh tonnes of salt and so, there is no chance for a crisis," he said. "Salt prices are slightly higher now as

tannery owners are stocking up ahead of Eid," Kabir added.

In Narayanganj's Nitaiganj, a wholesale hub for salt, the price of each 75 kg sack of unrefined salt has gone up by Tk 100-150 to between Tk 1.080 and -

Aftab Khan, chairman of the Bangladesh Hide and Skin Merchants Association, said tanners should follow relevant guidelines regarding the hide preservation process.

"So, we have given instructions to traders to store them accordingly after purchase so that the hides are not damaged," he said.

Khan went on to say that rawhide prices are slightly higher now compared to the last Eid-ul-Azha season.

"I can say in advance that business will be better this time but as salt prices are a bit higher, we want support from traders in this regard," Khan added.

AHM Shafiquzzaman, director general of the DNCRP, said action would be taken as per the law against those who raise salt prices without cause.

"We have come to know that tannery owners have already collected 80-85 per cent of the salt they require for the next three months and so, there should not be a shortage in the available reserves,'

ensure that prices remain stable during Eid. For example, cases will be filed against those responsible if there is any price manipulation in the salt market centring the tanning industry.

"Rawhides of sacrificial animals are a national asset. So, the DNCRP drive to preserve hides will be strict this time," Shafiquzzaman added.

Last year, rawhide traders were forced to either dump, burry or burn huge amounts of the main raw material for leather as they had gone rotten for a lack of salt.

"But this will not happen in the upcoming Eid-ul-Azha," the DNCRP director general said.

Rawhide traders aim to collect around one crore cattle skins from this Eid season, according to the Bangladesh Tanners Association.

About 18.30 lakh tonnes of salt have been produced as of the second week of May, as per data from the Bangladesh Small and Cottage Industries Corporation.

### Local firm to invest \$8.5m in Uttara EPZ

### STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Bangladeshi company Texas Clothing Ltd is going to establish a garments factory in Uttara Export Processing Zone (EPZ) in the northwest district Nilphamari by investing \$8.5 million.

Bangladesh Export Processing Zones Authority (Bepza) and Texas Clothing signed an agreement in this regard at Bepza Complex in Dhaka yesterday.

Ali Reza Mazid, member for investment promotion at Bepza, and Md Forhad Hossan, managing director of Texas Clothing, inked a deal in this regard.

Bepza Executive Chairman Major General Abul Kalam Mohammad Ziaur Rahman was present.

The company will produce annually 70 lakh pieces of different garment items like woven shirt, denim pant, twill pant, jacket and woven bottom. The factory is expected to create employment opportunity for 1,450 Bangladeshi nationals, the Bepza said in a statement.

### Range Rover sees highest bid of Tk 53 lakh in auction

#### STAR BUSINESS REPORT

A 2006 model Range Rover attracted the highest bid of Tk 53 lakh at the Chattogram Custom House's attempt to auction off 108 cars.

Chattogram-based trading company Farzana Trading offered the price for the 4197cc car, the reserve value of which was Tk 4.31 crore.

Luxury vehicles of different brands, including BMW, Land Rover, Mitsubishi, Mercedes and Lexus, were also up for auction, according to the list of the highest bidders.

The auction started on June 13 and it ended on June 21 where over 1,000 bidders took part. The customs house published the list of the highest bidders on the concluding day.

The second highest bid for another 2005 model Range Rover was Tk 45 lakh. Dhaka-based company Nawshi International Ltd offered the price for the 4197cc car.

The reserve value of the 2005 model Range Rover was about Tk 3.46 crore. The lowest bid in the auction was for a 1834cc 2000 model Mitsubishi mini jeep car.

### **US consumer** confidence falls

#### AFP, Washington

Americans' feelings about the economy slumped further in June after falling sharply the month before amid concerns over skyrocketing inflation, according to a survey released Tuesday.

Amid the fastest increase in US consumer prices in more than four decades, made worse by the war in Ukraine, the consumer confidence index fell to 98.7 from 103.2, its lowest level since

The Directorate of National Consumers Right Protection (DNCRP)

Tk 1,150 over the past month.

he said.

Bhutan,

The salt production season runs from However, activities are still ongoing to November to May each year.

February 2021, according to The Conference Board's monthly survey.

## Bangladesh gets \$753m

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of landlocked Nepal and Bhutan with the gateway upgrade the 43km twocountries of Bangladesh lane Sylhet-Charkai-Sheola and India.

Regional enormous of South Asia. But regional trade accounts for only 5 per time by 30 per cent. cent of South Asia's total trade, while in East Asia, it accounts for 50 per cent.

significantly and create Burimari land ports, the of people by increasing in Bangladesh handling regional trade and trade regional and connectivity," said Hartwig of land-based trade. Schafer, vice-president of the WB for South Asia.

On the Bangladesh

side, the \$753.45 million house, which handles 90 ACCESS Project will per cent of all import and export declarations in Bangladesh.

road to a climate-resilient While the trade between trade offers four-lane road, connecting Bangladesh, untapped the Sheola Land Port with India, and Nepal grew six potential for the countries the Dhaka-Sylhet Highway. times from 2015 to 2019, This will cut down travel The will project

support digital systems, for Bangladesh, said Mercy infrastructure, and more Tembon, country director "South Asia can streamlined processes at of the WB for Bangladesh boost economic growth Benapole, Bhomra, and and Bhutan. opportunities for millions three largest land ports Bangladesh

> approximately 80 per cent transport and automation It will also support resilience to crises like the the modernisation of the Covid-19 pandemic." Chattogram customs

This is expected to reduce travel time by 30 per cent, the unexploited potential for regional trade is thus providing better access estimated at 93 per cent to India's western seaports. "Nepal has untapped potential for regional trade and exports. Low regional trade is often "The project will help a result of the high cost of connectivity," said Faris improve Hadad-Zervos,

Lanka.

\$275

million ACCESS Nepal's preparedness and Project will upgrade the subsequent implementation 69km two-lane Butwalof the Motor Vehicle Gorusinghe-Chanauta Agreement. The second road, along the East-West phase of the programme will Highway, to a climateinclude Bhutan. "A key focus of the

resilient four-lane highway. programme ACCESS is to support solutions that can most effectively reduce dwell times at large trade gateways, which is vital to lowering trade costs. This entails greater border cooperation and coordination within and between countries. cutting down the physical country director of the WB for the inspection of goods, and Maldives, Nepal and Sri simplifying regulations and processes," said Erik Nora, task team leader of

The programme will also help advance Bangladesh and the programme.

**3cr people in Bangladesh** 

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Bangladesh, according to the report.

About 53 per cent of the adult population in Bangladesh had an Nigeria report was published.

in 2021 as per the report.

The gender gap in the use of digital payments have decreased despite the by account owners varies lack of growth in overall substantially developing economies.

is 17 percentage points 19 percentage points. and 18 percentage points respectively. Bangladesh

and have account in 2021, up from gender gaps in the use 50 per cent in 2017, when of digital payments, at the preceding World Bank 15 percentage points and 16 percentage points such as Bangladesh, India Some 43 per cent respectively, on top of a and Malaysia, there is women and 49 per cent of gender gap in account virtually no difference poor adults had an account ownership of about 20 percentage points.

> However, gender gaps across account ownership.

Bangladesh, for In six economies, example, showed no 69 per cent of unbanked including four in South growth in overall account adults having a mobile Asia, it reaches double ownership between 2017 phone. digits. In India and and 2021, although the Sri Lanka, countries growth in mobile money example, women are 22

account ownership, it narrowed the gender gap to likely than men to have a mobile phone. Similarly, Pakistan saw

of processes will build

On the Nepal side, the

ownership.

urban and rural areas.

India and Bangladesh its gender gap narrow from are near the South Asian 28 percentage points to 15 average, with gaps in mobile large percentage points, despite ownership of 19 percentage points and 20 percentage a flat overall account points respectively. In Pakistan, women are half In developing economies as likely as men to have a mobile phone. A field experiment in

in account ownership Bangladesh found that between adults living in factory workers saved more when they received However, Bangladesh their wages through direct saw increases in mobile deposit. But there was no money account ownership such effect for the control from 2017 to 2021, with groups paid in cash, said the report.

Citing a recent study, the WB report said the In South Asia, for with no gender gap in accounts of women percentage points less digital channels had an assistance.

impact in Bangladesh.

It found that nearly 80 per cent of mothers preferred the digital payments, largely because it did away with the need to travel and wait for cash disbursements. Instead, it allowed

mothers to draw down money securely and at their convenience.

However, in Bangladesh, more than 90 per cent of adults with an account made merchant payments only in cash.

Research has shown the benefits of "learning by doing". For example, factory workers in Bangladesh who were paid into an shifting of education account also learned to subsidies from cash to use their account without

Showkat Hossain, director of Union Bank, and ABM Mokammel Hoque Chowdhury, managing director, hand over a cheque worth Tk 10 crore to Ahmad Kaikaus, principal secretary to the prime minister, for the flood-affected people of the country at the Prime Minister's Office in Dhaka recently. Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina attended the event virtually from the Gono Bhaban. PHOTO: UNION BANK

### Stabilisation need of the hour

higher import payments

impact on the foreign

imports went up by 41 per

cent to \$68.66 billion,

28, whereas it was \$46.15

restore stability in the

foreign exchange market,"

ensure the money supply to

the productive sectors.

Salehuddin Ahmed, a

Hossain said.

"Special

billion on December 31.

Between July and April,

exchange reserves.

Monzur

FROM PAGE B1 Inflation, which surged to an eight-year high of 7.42 restoring macroeconomic per cent in May, will be stability. tackled if import payments

"A disaster will hit the economy if the central

Development Studies, said bank tries to keep the have already left an adverse cheap money available in the market," he warned. The former official of the International Monetary Fund says nobody has thought six months ago that Bangladesh's foreign exchange regime would

face the crisis it currently experiencing. "The situation will

worsen after six months if the central bank continues to follow the ongoing relaxed monetary programmes."

Credit growth to the private sector, which stood at 12.94 per cent in May against the full fiscal-year target of 14.8 per cent, will have to be contained, according to Mansur.

for pursuing higher GDP should be rolled out to hike.

growth. Rather, we all keep the economy afloat,' should pay attention to he said.

'Such money supply will help generate jobs and give Hossain, a breathing space to the research director of the public as they fight against Bangladesh Institute of

a spike in inflation." Mustafa K Mujeri, a former chief economist of the BB, said although there is some excess demand in the economy, the inflation is largely cost-push, led by food inflation.

"Under the current bringing the reserves down circumstances, demand to \$41.7 billion on June management by using the policy rate and the bank interest rate will "The central bank not be that effective to should take measures to contain inflation. The main task should be to find a balance between demand management and maintaining the former governor of the BB, recovery effort and growth urged the central bank to momentum."

Heurged the central bank to ensure a smooth import refinance of essential commodities schemes for the small and and encourage finding medium enterprises and alternative sources of "Now is not the time the agriculture sector imports to tackle the price

are restrained, he said.