Stocks show signs of recovery

Investors buoyed by BSEC decision to lower circuit breaker

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

The domestic stock market showed signs of recovery yesterday after news broke that the Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC) would take steps to curb the recent falling trend.

The market was in a volatile state for the first two hours of the trading session but it ultimately settled down when the BSEC's decision became known.

As such, the DSEX dropped 138 points within one hour of trading before the benchmark index of the Dhaka Stock Exchange bounced back by 17 points, or 0.27 per cent, to close at 6,474.

Besides, the BSEC's decision to lower the circuit breaker limit to 2 per cent from 10 per cent in order to curb the freefall of stocks amid the war between Russia and Ukraine was welcomed by investors.

For example, Shuvo Rahman, a general stock investor, said the move would help slow the downward trend of stocks in the country and so, he feels better about the market's prospects.

"If the fall reduces, then investors will regain confidence and invest further," he added.

However, a merchant banker feared that the market may become illiquid due to this decision if buyers feel unsafe with the prices as share prices could fall slowly

'This is a short-term policy to tackle the market fall, but it cannot save it in the long-run," he said, adding that foreign investors in the domestic market will feel now because they want a free-float market

And although foreign investment is comparatively

low in Bangladesh, this may negatively impact the index as they hold stocks of well-performing

companies and have a higher influence on the index. Turnover at the country's premier bourse rose to Tk 746 crore yesterday while it was Tk 740 crore a day

Beximco Ltd was the most traded stock with shares worth Tk 59 crore changing hands followed by Bangladesh Shipping Corporation, Beacon



Pharmaceuticals, Square Pharmaceuticals, and British American Tobacco Bangladesh.

The stock market bounced back after four days of a sharp fall as investors regained their confidence based on the decision taken by the BSEC to cut the circuit breaker to 2 per cent, International Leasing Securities said in its daily market review.

Among the sectors, cement rose 2.5 per cent, services and real estate edged up 2 per cent and ceramics ascended 1.8 per cent while tannery dropped 0.9 per cent, food and allied shed 0.9 per cent and

general insurance fell 0.7 per cent.

Investors' attention was mainly concentrated on pharmaceuticals and chemicals (16.3 per cent), miscellaneous (12.4 per cent) and textiles (12.3 per cent). According to a merchant banker, the ups and downs in the domestic stock market are a result of changes in the global economy, which is in a tough spot right now due to high oil prices.

"So, the fall of the index was not unexpected as the oil market has become jittery," he said, adding that some investors still take risks in such situations by investing their funds.

Not one stock market regulator in the world has yet taken any steps to curb the market fall, but the markets can rebound on their own strength.

"But as the number of general investors in our market is higher, its strength is lower. With this backdrop, the regulator became concerned to boost it," the merchant banker said.

At the DSE, 217 stocks advanced, 116 declined and 45 remained unchanged. BD Thai Food topped the gainer list, rising 9.84 per cent, followed by Sun Life Insurance, BDCOM Online. Envoy Textiles and Intech Ltd.

Reliance Insurance shed the most, dropping 6.12 per cent, followed by BD Finance, Vanguard AML Rupali Bank Balanced Fund, Pragati Insurance, and Aramit

The Chittagong Stock Exchange also rose yesterday. The Caspi, the main index of the port city bourse, rose 28 points, or 0.15 per cent, to 19,018 at the end of the day. Among the 274 traded stocks, 137 rose, 116 fell and 21 remained the same.

WOMEN IN CMSME

Experts call for enabling environment

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

An enabling environment for women entrepreneurs in cottage, micro, small and medium enterprises (CMSMEs) is essential for ensuring sustainable progress in Bangladesh's economic development, according to various experts.

Their comments came yesterday at an event celebrating International Women's Day, jointly organised by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), UN Women and UN Capital Development Fund (UNCDF).

The event, which was an initiative of the "WING: Women's Empowerment for Inclusive Growth" project, was held in presence of officials from several financial institutions operating in Bangladesh.

"We must ensure an enabling environment for women who are in CMSMEs if we want to see

sustainable progress in the country's economic development," said Sudipto Mukerjee, resident representative of UNDP Bangladesh. He informed that the WING project is working with the government,

financial institutions, and local women to help Bangladesh achieve the Sustainable Development Goals by 2030. "In most cases, women entrepreneurs are not aware of the financial services available, how to access them and how to leverage them for sustaining their business," said Diya Nanda, deputy

says an expert

"We must ensure

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women in CMSMEs

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country representative of UN Women. So, it is critical to have gender-responsive policies that identify gender-specific needs to

work with women in CMSMEs, she added. Nanda underscored the need to build up the technical capacity of female entrepreneurs, especially on digital tools.

We need to change the mindset of female entrepreneurs along with bank officials so that they understand the need of proper documentation, keeping transaction records and having a bank account or mobile financial service wallet for access to credit," said Md Jaker Hossain, general manager of the SME and special programmes department of Bangladesh Bank.

Anne Van Leeuwen, an ambassador of the Kingdom of the Netherlands to Bangladesh, was present as chief guest. Leeuwen said her government is interested in a stable and economically strong Bangladesh, where plenty of jobs opportunities are available, high value goods are produced and business opportunities are found everywhere.

"Facilitating access to finance for female entrepreneurs is a win-win for both the businesses and financial institutions," she said.

Besides, encouraging and including half the population, i.e. women, in economic activities can only increase the country's economic potential and expedite the country's journey to a middle income nation, Leeuwen added.

IMF for more BB independence

line with Basel standards, including the treatment of rescheduled and nonperforming loans (NPLs).

2009-10 and 2018-19, steadily, despite high showed data from the BB. GDP growth, due to and legal infrastructure, after forbearance measures compounded by lenient weak supervision and weak culture among debtors.

Reported NPLs do not fully reflect the extent of recovery problem assets.

Stressed advances, restructured rescheduled loans. stood at 20.5 per cent of outstanding loans at the end of 2018, about Bangladesh's substantial hurdle for transiting into double the NPL ratio at

does not capture the

Covid-19 shock.

Default loans Bangladesh's Between fiscal years sector surged 16.38 per in February 2021. cent year-on-year to Tk

Identifying early signs end, said the IMF.

It also mentioned some other factors that strategy, Bangladesh has may create a roadblock some large influential to attaining expected economic growth.

"A slower than expected in trading partners of Bangladesh, an increase in food and are key external risks," it previous decade.

development the economic in its 50 years of Supply The current NPL data independence.

impact of policy relaxations poorest nations in 1971. introduced to counter the Bangladesh successfully met the UN criteria to in graduate from the category banking of least developed countries

Since 2010, per capita the NPL ratio increased 103,274 crore in 2021, real GDP growth, averaging 5 per cent annually, has resulted in a steady decline structural weaknesses, of distress will help avoid in poverty, with increasing including in governance large increases in NPLs access to education and healthcare.

Following an exportdevelopment successfully transformed to a more manufacturingbased economy.

significant Despite progress, job creation has been slowing, inequality has been rising, and which comprise NPLs, oil prices, and heightened poverty reduction has been and risks from cyber-attacks slower than during the

Lack of education and skills remain the main formal economy. bottlenecks, especially in transport

constraining growth.

country's GDP The growth is expected to pick up to 6.6 per cent in FY22, supported by a robust rebound in exports, continued implementation of the stimulus packages accommodative monetary and policies.

the external environment improves and the domestic vaccination programme progresses, growth is expected to reach 7.1 per cent in FY23.

The IMF reckons that headline consumer price index inflation was projected to rise to 5.9 per cent in fiscal year 2021-22, slightly higher than the BB's yearly target of 5.3 per

As the economy picks up, non-food inflation is projected to edge up to 6.4 per cent, and food inflation is also expected to rise moderately due to higher international commodity

Current account deficit hits all-time

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months of July and January in FY2021-22, are one of the main reasons for the shortfall in the current account, said Mustafizur Rahman, a distinguished fellow of the Centre for Policy Dialogue.

"Remittances not picked up yet, which has resulted in a large current account deficit," he added.

Between July and expatriate Bangladeshis sent remittances amounting to \$11.94 billion, down 19.88 per cent vear-on-vear.

The central bank should continue to inject the dollar to keep the exchange rate with the taka stable, he said.

However, this would reduce the country's Rahman said.

Ahsan H Mansur, executive director of the Policy Research Institute of Bangladesh, warned that the current account deficit may increase to \$20 billion by the end of this fiscal year if the government fails to control imports.

Russia's invasion of Ukraine will only deepen history. Even the inflow the crisis in days to come in the financial account as it has already worsened could not finance that \$10 the ongoing global supply billion deficit. As a result, chain disruption, he said. the overall payment deficit has exceeded \$2 billion.

"Depreciating the local currency against the dollar is a major tool for reducing import payments," Mansur

Women take lead

release by Meta celebrating Bangladeshi women coming together online to empower others and drive positive change on the occasion of International

Women's Day 2022. Ibnat Nahian founder of Trivents, started her event management business through Facebook and Instagram.

"We started around the pandemic and have used Facebook and Instagram ever since to showcase our designs and services. There were uncertainties but through our excellent service we are still able to keep on growing," she said.

founder of 6 Yards Story, mentioned how she had to diversify her business to stay relevant during the pandemic.

"During the pandemic, we relied on our Facebook group to keep our business running. We tried to ensure quality local products

July and January.

imbalance."

creating a kind of external

If such price increases

the customers, including NRBs," said Sabera Anwar, founder, Go Deshi - Made

about created by women.

According to a study by Halima Haque, an assistant professor at Jahangirnagar University, women entrepreneurs on Facebook had seen complexities dealing with the supply chain.

Moreover, research also illustrates how women in f-commerce had to Zerin Tasnim Khan, undergo scrutiny, internal and external pressure, and cyberbullying. These had been echoed by many f-commerce entrepreneurs.

in Bangladesh. Meta, formerly known

as Facebook, also informed that, since 2021, 40 per cent of Facebook groups entrepreneurship in Bangladesh have been

"Our business grew quite a few folds, but this growth was not easy," said Esrat Jahan Anika, owner of Zilbab Attire, a Facebookthrough our platform for based Islamic-wear seller.

"But they would not do that to a male relative of mine. Upon confronting them, they later lowered the price," said Anika. industry

"We had to deal with

delivery platforms and

suppliers. They initially

tried to press higher costs

as they thought we had no

other option," she said.

However, experts say the challenges to growth of women-led businesses in f-commerce as well as e-commerce is growing in Bangladesh.

"It's true that women are doing well in f-commerce,' said Mohammad Sahab Uddin, vice president, e-Commerce Association of Bangladesh (e-CAB).

"During the pandemic, women have taken up entrepreneurship and they have switched to online based businesses," he said.

"The e-CAB community has 27 per cent women entrepreneurs, which goes to show that women are contributing fairly well in the economy," he added.

From being one of the infrastructure, foreign exchange reserve, Runaway energy prices Stocks can't fall

crore in the stock market from the stabilisation fund in order to ensure higher liquidity in the market.

already started," Ahmed

June last year, the BSEC passed a rule that formed the market undistributed unclaimed dividends of listed companies. The same reason. aim is to use the funds to

of the stock market and general investors.

The BSEC commissioner "The investment has protecting investors is a key task of his organisation and so, they take many steps in this regard.

Lowering the limit and and stabilisation fund using to pour in money from rumours before taking any and the stabilisation fund investment decision. came in line with the

safeguard the interests rumours concerning the entities in the country. If war and its impact on the stock market.

"But we traced these went on to say that people and have decided to periods," Ahmed said. take action against them,"

General investors should not pay heed to rumours, instead analyse directing fund managers the reality behind the

"We have proper acts on market makers even BSEC, was present at the Some people spread though there are no such event.

there were some market makers, they could help the market in such tough

"The Investment Corporation of Bangladesh also cannot play a proper role when the market falls, so the turnaround becomes slow," he added.

Mohammad Karim, executive director and spokesperson of the

some pressure on the According exchange rate, he said. economist, the immediate The challenge is the balance of

second major challengeforthegovernment payments. Bangladesh's will be the policy decision -current account deficit whether it will make further crossed \$10 billion between adjustments or subsidies in the next budget.

"We have never seen "The issue is whether such a deficit in our recent the government will pass the entire burden on to the private sector or it will absorb some of it for this interim period," he said.

If it does not pass on the burden, the subsidy will increase. In this case, subsidy prioritisation continue, there will be keep the subsidy under will stoke inflation."

control, he added.

"If not, the price will have to be increased by another fold. As the pressure of inflation increases, so will the pain of the people."

Khondaker Moazzem, research director of the Centre for Policy Dialogue, suggested the government borrow from the international agencies to clear soaring import bills.

'This will reduce fiscal pressure on the government as increasing administered prices of petroleum will be needs to be revisited to politically unpopular as it