

# Star BUSINESS

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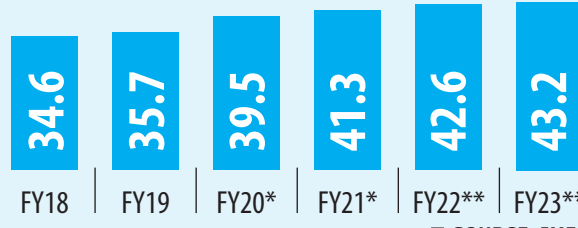


“The asset declaration process also needs to be strengthened. Currently, there is no standard method to utilise and update the declarations to identify and mitigate risks”  
the IMF says



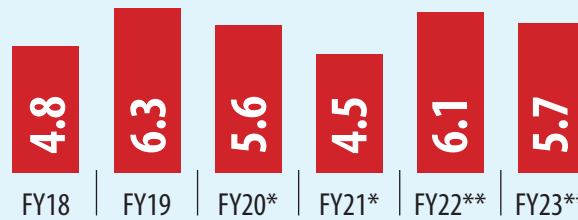
## GOVERNMENT DEBT

In % of GDP  
\* estimated; \*\* projected



## BUDGET DEFICIT

In % of GDP  
\* estimated; \*\* projected



SOURCE: IMF

- Reprioritise health and social spending
- Take steps to reduce corruption
- Initiate reforms in financial sector
- Enhance fiscal transparency and governance
- Strengthen asset declaration process
- Phase out cap on interest rates for lending, borrowing
- Orderly exit from Covid financial policy

# Reprioritise spending, bring financial reforms

IMF offers recipe for better use of public money amid pandemic woes

REJAUJ KARIM BYRON and MAHMUDUL HASAN

The government should reprioritise spending, take steps to reduce corruption and initiate financial sector reforms for better use of public money with a view to overcoming challenges brought on by the pandemic, suggests the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

Containing the pandemic and intensifying efforts to reprioritise spending will be crucial, it said.

“The government should step up efforts to support the health system and re-enact containment measures, while ensuring that export and import channels operate safely, as witnessed during the 2021 nationwide lockdown,” said the multilateral agency.

The IMF made these observations in a report submitted to the government after an IMF team visited Bangladesh from December 5 to December 15 last year.

According to the IMF, near-term policy measures

should make room for health and social spending while enhancing fiscal transparency and governance.

Managing risks amid large-scale uncertainties will require continued support for the economy, close monitoring of the financial sector and gradual rebuilding of buffers for policy manoeuvres as the recovery gets entrenched, it said.

The IMF cautioned that under such an adverse scenario, public finances would be impaired by lower revenue, higher health, social and energy subsidy spending, and contingent liability materialising from explicit and implicit state guarantees provided to state-owned enterprises.

The crisis lender highlighted the importance of strengthening governance to boost investment and said Bangladesh stands to gain

from strengthening economic governance and improving the framework to limit vulnerability to corruption.

“Further progress in digitalising the public sector would help promote transparency and reduce corruption.”



According to Ahsan H Mansur, executive director of the Policy Research Institute of Bangladesh, strong economic governance was mandatory for every country for the attainment of economic prosperity.

Agencies such as the IMF always stress on ensuring good governance since there are severe impediments to

guaranteeing good governance in countries such as Bangladesh, he said.

The IMF also recommends that the asset declaration process of public servants be strengthened.

“Currently, there is no standard method to utilise and update the declaration to identify and mitigate risks,” it said.

The IMF said an audit of Covid-19 related health expenditures has begun, with the audit authorities availing information from the Ministry of Finance. During the initial onslaught of the pandemic, the Washington-based multilateral lender provided over \$700 million to tackle the impacts of the pandemic on the country’s economy.

An audit into the spending of the IMF money has been initiated as it was one of the provisions of the financing, an

official of the finance ministry said.

The lender suggests that the governance and legal structure of Bangladesh Bank needs to be updated to strengthen the autonomy to safeguard resources.

The IMF recommends that the government phase out interest caps on lending and borrowing to strengthen market competitiveness and gradually shift away from the financial policy adopted for the pandemic to lessen the build-up of financial sector vulnerabilities.

The IMF said despite strong economic growth, the banking sector was already weak before the pandemic and an orderly exit from Covid-19 financial policies remains important.

Structural weaknesses in corporate governance alongside in regulatory, supervisory and legal frameworks have contributed to a growing non-performing loans (NPLs) ratio over the years, especially in state-owned commercial banks, said the report.

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## FBCCI opposes proposal to raise gas price

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Businessmen yesterday expressed worries over the energy companies’ latest proposal to raise gas prices, as they believe another hike now will increase the cost of production and ultimately slow down the economic revival amid the ongoing pandemic.

The industries will lose competitiveness if the cost of production is raised at a time when the country is struggling to recover from the epidemic, said the leaders of the Federation of Bangladesh Chambers of Commerce and Industry (FBCCI).

The FBCCI’s Standing Committee on Power, Energy and Utilities raised the concern at its first meeting held at the FBCCI office in Dhaka, the apex trade body said in a statement yesterday.

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## Tea production hits record

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Bangladesh has beat its personal best in tea production as a total of 96.50 million kilogrammes (kgs) of the plant were produced by 167 farms across the country last year.

This is the highest annual yield on record, eclipsing 2020’s harvest by a good 10.111 million kgs, according to officials of the Bangladesh Tea Board.

The previous highest annual production came in 2019, when a record 96.069 million kgs of tea was produced.

In the northern region alone, plain tea gardens and small plantations added a record amount of 14.54 million kgs of tea to the national

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STOCKS	
DSEX ▲	CSCX ▲
0.47%	0.44%
7,089.43	12,465.51

COMMODITIES	
Gold ▲	Oil ▼
\$1,824.46	\$86.07
(per ounce)	(per barrel)

CURRENCIES		STANDARD CHARTERED BANK			
	₹ USD	€ EUR	£ GBP	¥ CNY	
BUY TK	85.05	95.29	114.82	13.15	
SELL TK	86.05	99.09	118.62	13.82	

ASIAN MARKETS							
	MUMBAI	TOKYO	SINGAPORE	SHANGHAI			
▲	1.08%	▼	2.80%	▲	0.12%	▼	0.33%
	60,098.82	27,467.23	3,283.94	3,558.18			



## Prime Bank to offer nano loans

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

The global trend of loan availability at one’s fingertips is gaining grounds in Bangladesh, this time with Prime Bank preparing to launch PrimeAgrim app, an AI-based instant digital nano loan platform.

Customers whose salaries are of a specific range can avail up to 30 per cent of that as a loan within a few seconds through the app, which makes use of machine learning and alternative credit scoring. This service is available 24/7, the bank said in a statement.

A pilot project has already been run since November 8, 2021 with garment maker Ananta through which over 1,000 loans have been disbursed among garment workers.

Prime Bank plans to expand the services for workers of other sectors.

Ant Group, an affiliate of Alibaba, introduced

PHOTO: STAR

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