City Edition

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Media always publish fake propaganda

Taliban co-founder Baradar responds to his death rumours

AFP, KABUL

The Taliban co-founder and now deputy prime minister of Afghanistan released an audio statement yesterday saying he was alive and well after news of his supposed demise went viral on social media.

Abdul Ghani Baradar, who was last week named as a number two to Mullah Mohammed Hassan Akhund, blamed "fake propaganda" for the death rumours in an audio message posted by the Taliban.

Social media has been in a frenzy over the speculation -- particularly in India, where rumours swirled that he had been mortally wounded in a shootout between rival Taliban factions at the presidential palace.



"There had been news in the media about my death, Baradar said in the clip.

"Over the past few nights I have been away on trips. Wherever I am at the moment, we are all fine, all my brothers and friends.

"Media always publish fake propaganda. Therefore, reject bravely all those lies, and I 100 percent confirm to you there is no issue and we have no problem.'

It was not possible to authenticate the message, but it was posted on official Taliban sites -- including that of the spokesman of the political office of the new government.

The Taliban's supreme leader, Hibatullah Akhundzada, was also rumoured to have died for several years before the group's spokesman said he was "present in Kandahar" two weeks after they took

Chatter in Pakistan and Afghanistan had suggested he had contracted Covid or been killed in a bombing.



Taliban breaking promises

Says UN rights chief on women's rights in Afghanistan

REUTERS, Geneva

The Taliban are breaking their promises on women's rights and inclusivity in Afghanistan, the UN rights chief said yesterday, as she also criticised violence against protesters and alleged reprisal killings.

Michelle Bachelet said there were "credible allegations" former members of the security forces had been killed, and some people who worked for previous administrations had been detained and later "found dead".

She also highlighted allegations of house-tohouse searches of former officials, raids on civil society groups and "increasing violence against protesters and journalists".

She told the UN Human Rights Council in Geneva she was "dismayed by the lack of inclusivity of the so-called caretaker cabinet, which includes no women and few non-Pashtuns".

The announcement of the government of male loyalists last week was a key step in the Taliban's consolidation of power over Afghanistan, following a military victory that saw them oust the US-backed administration on August 15.

Notorious for their brutal and oppressive rule from 1996 to 2001, the Taliban had promised a more inclusive government this time.

However, all the top positions were handed to key leaders from the movement and the Haqqani network -- the most violent faction of the Taliban known for devastating attacks.

In an update to the council on the rights situation, requested during a special session last month, Bachelet stressed that most Afghans were eager to see an end to decades of conflict and

"They long for peace and stability in a country where they and their children can prosper," she said. And she highlighted promises by the Taliban to install a more moderate brand of rule including protecting women's rights.

"In contradiction to assurances that the Taliban would uphold women's rights, over the past three weeks women have instead been progressively excluded from the public sphere," she said.

Bachelet reiterated her appeal to the council to set up a "dedicated mechanism" to monitor the rights situation in Afghanistan in a bid to ensure accountability for violations.

2020 deadly yr for nature defenders

Report says 227 killed worldwide

AFP, Bogota

SEPTEMBER 14

1901 - US President

William McKinley died

from his wounds after

being shot by an assassin

on September 6.

1982 - Lebanese

president-elect Bashir

Gemayel was assassinated

in a bomb explosion at his

party headquarters in East

1996 - Cambodian King

Norodom Sihanouk

pardoned Khmer Rouge

leader leng Sary for his

role in the "killing fields"

era of the 1970s.

SOURCE: REUTERS

A record 227 people were killed worldwide in 2020 for their defense of nature -- more than four a week on average, and almost three-quarters of them in Latin America, environmental rights organization Global Witness said

For the second year in a row, Colombia was the country vith the highest number of killings -- 65 -- while Nicaragua had the highest per-capita rate, with 12 murders up from five in 2019, the group said in its annual report.

Seven of the 10 deadliest countries for land and environmental defenders were in Latin America, with 165 killings recorded, though Global Witness said the number was "almost certainly" an underestimate. After Colombia, Mexico had the second highest number of deaths globally,

It was followed by the Philippines (29), Brazil (20), Honduras (17), the Democratic Republic of Congo (15), Guatemala (13), Nicaragua (12), Peru (six) and India (four). "This is a crisis against humanity," said the report.

"Land and environmental defenders that have stood up to powerful interests have paid a heavy price -- with their freedom, livelihoods and even their lives.

MORE NEWS

Malaysian PM, opposition in deal to boost stability

Malaysia's new government signed an agreement to cooperate with the opposition yesterday in exchange for a promise of reforms, a bid to bring stability after intense political turbulence. Less than a month after taking office following the collapse of his predecessor's short-lived government, Prime Minister Ismail Sabri Yaakob has extended an olive branch to his rivals. The new administration's arrival has lowered the political temperature -- at least in the short term -- and fuelled hopes that officials will be able to focus on fighting a serious coronavirus outbreak. Ismail Sabri and representatives of the opposition, led by Anwar Ibrahim, signed the agreement in parliament, as the legislature convened yesterday for the first time since the new premier took power.

Dozens of abducted students freed in NW Nigeria

Nigerian gunmen have freed dozens of schoolchildren kidnapped earlier this month in northwest Zamfara State, according to a local government source and a video showing state officials with the children. The release of the Kaya school students on Sunday came after the army began a crackdown on criminal gangs in the state and local authorities shut down telecoms in Zamfara to disrupt communications between armed groups. More than 70 students and some teachers were snatched in Kaya on September 1 in the latest in a series of mass abductions at schools and colleges this year by heavily armed gunmen known locally as bandits. "A total of 75 hostages taken from the Government Junior Secondary School Kaya were released on Sunday evening," the local government source said. "They looked robust and unharmed." A video released by Zamfara State Governor Bello Matawalle's office showed him greeting buses full of students in the night and asking them if they had been harmed.



North Korea tests new long-range missile

North Korea test-fired a new "long-range cruise missile" over the weekend, state media reported yesterday, with the United States saying the nuclear-armed country was threatening its neighbours and beyond. Pictures in the Rodong Sinmun newspaper showed a missile exiting one of five tubes on a launch vehicle in a ball of flame, and a missile in horizontal flight. Such a weapon would represent a marked advance in North Korea's weapons technology, analysts said, better able to avoid defence systems to deliver a warhead across the South or Japan -- both of them US allies. The test launches took place on Saturday and Sunday, the official Korean Central News Agency said.

SOURCE: AFP, REUTERS



Israeli medics stretch off a wounded man following a reported stabbing attack in Jerusalem yesterday. A Palestinian man stabbed two Israelis in Jerusalem before being shot by a border police officer yesterday, leaving all three wounded, police and medics said.

Won't file detailed affidavit Indian govt tells SC, cites nat'l security

PEGASUS ROW

TOI, New Delhi

The Indian government yesterday informed the Supreme Court that it is not going to file a detailed affidavit on petitions seeking inquiry into alleged use of spyware Pegasus. The government had asked for time to decide on filing the affidavit twice.

Appearing before the top court, Solicitor General (SG) Tushar Mehta said that whether a "particular software

was used or not is not a matter for public domain". He said the matter can be inquired into by a committee of independent domain

"The Supreme Court has given a reasonable and fair opportunity to file detailed affidavit to know its stand on crucial issues linked to petitions. If the government does not, then the Supreme Court will hear parties and pass appropriate orders," a bench of Chief Justice of India NV Ramana, Justices Surya Kant and Hima

experts and it can be filed before apex court.

Kohli told SG Mehta. SG Mehta also said that the government will constitute a technical committee of independent domain experts that will examine the phones of petitioners and those claiming to have been affected by Pegasus to determine if there was snooping or hacking. The experts will not have any employment contract with the government, he said, adding that panel can examine and submit a report to the Supreme Court.

The top court, meanwhile, said it will pass interim order on pleas seeking independent probe into alleged Pegasus snooping row. It asked the

government to mention Pegasus case before it if it re-thinks over filing fresh affidavit as passing of interim order will take 2-3 days. It also told the Centre that "beating around the bush would not take the issue

The court said if a committee is constituted and it files a report, it (the report) may come in the public domain. court to decide if the report will be put in public domain.

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SECOND DOSE OF COVID VACCINE

India worried about growing complacency

REUTERS, New Delhi

India is worried that growing complacency as Covid-19 infection rates and deaths decline could lead to people skipping their second vaccine shots, leaving communities vulnerable to the coronavirus, said two health experts briefed on the matter.

India has administered more than 744 million vaccine doses - with 60% of its 944 million adults getting a first shot and 19% fully vaccinated with the required two shots.

India has the most partly immunized people in the world, according to the Our World in Data website, mainly due to a long gap of between 12 and 16 weeks between doses, as prescribed by the government.

"There's a concern among the highest quarters of an impending vaccine hesitancy, in view of most taking a single dose already and disease incidence at its lowest," said one of the sources, both of whom declined to be

Large numbers of people skipping their second dose would be particularly problematic in areas with low numbers of previously infected people, meaning more people with fewer antibodies so those communities would be more vulnerable, the first expert said.

The second expert said the health ministry had told states to encourage people to get their second doses as soon as possible, so on the 12th week after their first dose, rather than waiting for the latest date, in a bid to ensure people don't miss the second shot.

