New plants stuck in pandemic Many factories can't kick off production while burden of loans, other expenses gets heavier Vet, the burden of loans and other operational expenses is growing, and the prospect of prospect of

pushed back its plan to start the commercial production at a newly built manufacturing unit in Chattogram.

The facility with a 270-tonne hourly production capacity was ready to take off in March 2020. But Premier Cement had to halt the inauguration after the coronavirus hit the country.

The cement maker moved the opening of the factory to November. However, it could not do so. Its plan to roll out the unit in March this year also did not materialise because of the second wave of infections

Premier Cement had planned to start the production in June. Accordingly, it hired technicians inauguration again. from China and Germany.

NEW

HOTLINE NUMBER

(16704



Premier Cement pushed back commercial production at a unit multiple times

TK Group could not start operations of two factories MGI's five factories face delays

Nitol Niloy Group's two projects have come to a halt

REASONS FOR DELAY Pandemic, absence of foreign experts, lack of energy connections

company says.

of Premier Cement.

RELIEF

Govt may cut interest rate and banks may defer instalment payment for investors

The delay means sales

However, six technicians tested opportunity losses and pressure to positive for coronavirus, forcing pay back bank loans even though the manufacturer to push back the there is no revenue from the new

The unit is one of the two plants that Premier Cement has built by investing Tk 1,300 crore in order to grab a greater share of the fast-growing cement market in Bangladesh.

cost has risen by 20 per cent, the

"It is a harsh reality, and we have

to accept this," said Mohammed

Amirul Haque, managing director

public and private construction and exports, particularly to the pandemic.

project. In addition, the project northeastern states of India.

Premier Cement's second unit in Narayanganj, which has a capacity of producing 460 tonnes of the vital construction material per hour, also faces delay. It is yet to get any gas and power connections.

Likewise, the investment of TK Group, Meghna Group of Industries (MGI), Nitol Niloy Group, Asian Paints, McDonald Steel, Nippon Steel of Japan, and Demand for cement has gone many other firms is stuck as their up, driven by consumption by almost ready factories cannot go into operation because of the

is delayed.

This happens when policymakers are trying to attract investors to the country, which has been suffering from sluggish private investment

Private investment fell to its lowest level in 14 years in the last fiscal year owing to the lingering uncertainty caused by the pandemic and continuing structural weaknesses.

Entrepreneurs say many have kept their investment plans on hold and are waiting for things to return to normalcy. But there is no sign that the pandemic is petering out.

The companies that started the construction of projects before the pandemic have fallen into difficulty. TK Group is one of

The conglomerate has not been able to start the commercial operation of two of its factories -a PVC plant and a blue plant -- at Meghnaghat in Narayanganj due to the impact of the pandemic, said Md Shafiul Ather Taslim, director for finance and operations of TK Group.

The group set up all machinery, and the factories were ready for commercial production in June last year. It also hired 600 workers.

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Terry towel manufacturers and exporters are now demanding easing rules for importing varn through land ports, as had the Bangladesh Garment Manufacturers and Exporters Association (BGMEA), citing that prices of this basic raw material for manufacturing garments have increased in local markets.

The Bangladesh Terry Towel & Linen Manufacturers and Exporters Association (BTTLMEA) yesterday sent letters to the commerce and finance ministers and secretaries, and National Board of Revenue (NBR) chairman in this regard, focusing on imports from India.

M Shahadat Hossain Sohel, chairman of the BTTLMEA, said they currently had a lot of work orders from international retailers and brands and needed a lot of yarn at competitive prices.

"However, the local spinners are facing difficulties in supplying yarn at competitive prices for which we may lose our work orders to competing countries," Sohel told The Daily Star over the phone.

Sohel said factory owners who did not have bond licences should be given the opportunity to import yarn at a concessional rate so that they could be more competitive in the international markets.

Moreover, like the BGMEA, the BTTLMEA also demanded that the government allow import of yarn from India through major land ports, such as that of Bhomra and Sonamasjid.

The government should improve the infrastructure in those land ports, facilitating warehouses and storage of raw materials like cotton, yarn and fabrics for the apparel industry, it said.

Currently, importers can bring over yarn, cotton and fabrics from India only through Benapole Land Port under the bonded warehouse facility as there was a storage.

READ MORE ON B3

New mango varieties gaining ground

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

New mango varieties are getting priority on consumers' list of preferences for being tastier and more attractive unique fragrance and taste, but than the existing ones. Farmers are also gaining interest in cultivating

these varieties, especially the hybrid and those derived through grafting, to avail higher prices for the increase According to scientists, the hybrid and grafted

varieties are high yielding, colourful and sweeter than the existing varieties. Hybrid mango Bari Aam-3 and Bari Aam-4 are the most popular among them. Bari Aam-3 is a popular mango hybrid in India

developed by crossing Dasheri and Neelum. It was introduced in Bangladesh in the 19th century. After research, the Bangladesh Agricultural Research

Institute (Bari) released it in 1996, said Md Sorof Uddin, a senior scientific officer at the Bari in Gazipur. This variety has been made available in the markets widely since 2009-10. Now, Bari-3 is being cultivated in at least 30 districts, including the Rajshahi region,

the major mango-producing belt.

Bari Aam-3, which starts arriving in the market on June 15 and continues to be available up to mid-August, is getting more popular among the consumers for its flavour, size, colour and taste.

According to the Department of Agricultural Extension (DAE), 25 lakh tonnes of mango have been produced on two lakh hectares of land this season. READ MORE ON B3

Fazli losing lustre

AKANDA MUHAMMAD JAHID

Fazli always seemed to be a cut above other mangoes due to its this widely acclaimed 200-yearold variety is losing popularity day

This is because new varieties are entering the market, making it difficult for Fazli mangoes to keep hogging all the demand, according to agriculturists.

"The Fazli variety had the best reputation until 2010, but after the arrival of new varieties, such as Amrapali, the demand started to shift," said Md Sorof Uddin, a senior scientific officer at the Horticulture Research Centre of the Bangladesh Agricultural Research Institute (BARI) in Gazipur.

Fazli mangoes are usually harvested from June 20 onward in Rajshahi and Chapainawabganj, the two main mango producing districts in Bangladesh.

The harvesting of Amrapali



16,000 hectares of land across the country, begins on June 15.

Amrapali mangoes are quickly becoming the preferred variety among consumers as they are comparatively sweeter and juicier.

Other than its flavour, Amrapali is also popular because of its mangoes, grown on around attractive look, say farmers, Fazli mangoes while the rest buy

consumers and experts.

"As the harvesting of Fazli and Amrapali mangoes begins almost simultaneously, the former is falling behind in consumer preferences. This is the main reason," Uddin said, adding that only one out of 10 buyers buy

Uddin, who has been working in this sector for a long time, said the Amrapali variety was released in 1996-97, but it hit the market

The variety has been cultivated in many districts, including hilly areas, from 2009-10. Thanks to its growing popularity, about 90 per cent of the mangoes ordered online are the Amrapali variety.

"The younger generation prefers Amrapali mangoes, but older people still like Fazli," Uddin said. It is said that Fazli has been widely admired in the Indian subcontinent for over 200 years.

During the India-Pakistan partition, three upazilas of West Bengal's Malda were included in Chapainawabganj.

At the time, there were big Fazli and Ashwina mango orchards in the areas.

Besides, Fazli has been grown in Rajshahi, especially in Bagha and Charghat upazilas, for a long time

READ MORE ON B3

Chinese firm to invest \$6m in Dhaka EPZ

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Chinese company Kaixi Fashion Bangladesh Co Ltd plans to invest \$6 million to establish a lingerie manufacturing factory in the Dhaka Export Processing Zone.

It will produce 24 million pieces of ladies undergarments annually, Bangladesh Processing Zones Authority (Bepza) said in a statement yesterday.

The industry will also create 2,031 jobs for Bangladeshi nationals, according to the statement. Mohammad Faruque

Alam, a member of Bepza, and Xiao Hongxi, managing director of Kaixi Fashion Bangladesh, signed a deal in this regard at the Bepza Complex in Dhaka yesterday.

Major General Md Nazrul Islam, executive chairman of Bepza, was also present.

Trade thru Benapole suspended

Indian traders protest BSF harassment

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Import and export activities through Benapole land port have remained suspended since yesterday morning due to protests from Indian traders for allegedly being harassed by India's Border Security Force (BSF).

As a result, thousands of trucks are stuck on both sides of the Benapole-Petrapole port, reports our local correspondent quoting traders and port sources.

Indian traders said their truck drivers constantly face harassment from BSF men of Jaitpur camp in India, said Benapole Port Director Abdul Jalil. The traders also threatened that they will keep importexport activities shut if such harassment continues.

However, other activities at Benapole port continued as normal, said Md Azizur Rahman, commissioner of the Benapole Customs House.



SOHRAB HOSSAIN

Fishermen engaged in catching hilsa in Agunmukha river at Patuakhali's Golachipa upazila. Market supply in the locality is yet to pick up following a 65-day ban on netting the fish running from May 20 to July 23 to facilitate breeding. Hilsa production nearly doubled to 5.3 lakh tonnes in fiscal year 2018-19, from 2.98 lakh tonnes a decade ago, data from the Department of Fisheries showed. The photo was taken recently.

Govt signs 50m euro financing deal with AFD

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

The government recently signed a €50 million credit facility agreement with the Agence Française de Développement (AFD) to accelerate Bangladesh's economic transition to a

The fund will finance projects related to energy efficiency, renewable energy and women entrepreneurship through Bangladesh Infrastructure Finance Fund (BIFFL).

It aims to increase the volume of investments in energy efficiency and renewable energy production in Bangladesh and the dissemination of such investments in those areas

within the private sector, according to a statement. The project will help promote female entrepreneurship as well.

It is a loan to the government of Bangladesh, with a maturity period of 15 years, including a three-year grace period.

READ MORE ON B3



অটোমেটেড চালান সিস্টেম এর মাধ্যমে ইউনিয়ন ব্যাংকের সকল শাখা ও উপশাখায় পাসপোর্ট ফি. ভ্যাট, ট্যাক্স এবং সরকারি অন্যান্য ফি জমা নেয়া হয়