Evacuation starts as cyclone nears India's west coast

India is preparing to evacuate thousands of people from low-lying areas along its western coast as a powerful cyclone is expected to make landfall on Tuesday morning in the state of Gujarat. "It is very likely to intensify further during the 24 hours, and move north-northwestwards and reach Gujarat coast in the evening of 17th (May)," the India Meteorological Department said in a statement. Cyclone Tauktae, which formed in the Arabian sea, is expected to cross Gujarat with wind gusts of up to 175 kmph and is expected to make landfall in the state the following morning. The meteorological agency also warned that there could be destruction of houses and flooding of escape routes. Disruption to railway services was also expected until May 21.

Myanmar anti-coup fighters retreat from town in Chin state

Fighters of a local militia opposed to Myanmar's junta have pulled back from the northwestern town of Mindat after days of assault by combat troops backed by artillery, a member of the group said yesterday. The United States and Britain called on the army to avoid civilian casualties and a shadow National Unity Government formed by loyalists of Myanmar's detained elected leader, Aung San Suu Kyi, appealed for international help. The fighting in the hill town of Mindat, about 100 km (60 miles) from the Indian border in Chin state, is

some of the heaviest since the coup plunged

Myanmar into chaos with daily protests, strikes and the emergence of new local militias. The US-funded RFA website quoted a member of the group as saying five of its fighters were killed, but it believed it had inflicted losses several times that many on the army, widely known as the Tatmadaw. The fighting marks the emergence of the Chinland Defence Force, one of several new groups to spring up in opposition to the junta in a country which already had about two dozen ethnic armed groups. The fighters also say they are part of the People's Defence Forces of the shadow government.

Chileans vote for body to rewrite constitution



Chileans head to the polls yesterday in a second day of voting to elect 155 people who will rewrite the country's dictatorship-era constitution in a bid to address deep-seated social inequality that gave rise to deadly protests in 2019. Some 14 million people are eligible to vote this weekend in what many consider to be Chile's most important election since its return to democracy 31 years ago. More than three million people, or approximately 20.4 percent of the electorate, cast their ballot Saturday, according to the country's Electoral Service. Chile's constitution dates from 1980, enacted at the height of dictator Augusto Pinochet's 1973-1990 rule, and is widely blamed for blocking equitable progress in a country ranked as one of the most unequal among advanced economies.

West Bengal orders lockdown after 'super-spreader' election

An Indian state stricken by coronavirus after mass rallies were held for a key election ordered a two-week lockdown on Saturday in a bid to halt the spread. All offices, stores and public transport in West Bengal were told to close for 15 days after the region reported its biggest spike yet in deaths and infections. West Bengal along with a host of southern states are bearing the brunt of a Covid-19 surge in India that has taken the nation's infection total to nearly 25 million with more than 265,000 deaths. The strain of the virus responsible has been declared a variant of "global concern" by the World Health Organization.



A father, who himself is wounded, mourns his dead child at the site of Israeli air strikes, in Gaza City yesterday. Israeli air strikes killed 40 Palestinians, including at least eight children, in Gaza early yesterday, Gaza health officials said as the new round of violence on the enclosed Palestinian enclave, often termed as the largest open prison in the world, entered 7th

PHOTO: REUTERS

Bloodbath for political gains?

Violence gives Netanyahu a political lifeline as Hamas eyes to sideline Abbas

It took just days for decades-old tensions between Israel and the Palestinian Islamist group Hamas to spiral out of control, causing deaths and chaos not just in Gaza but across the Jewish state.

As the escalating violence ignites riots in mixed Jewish-Arab towns in Israel and spurs wide unrest in the West Bank, what do both sides want to achieve in the worst flare-up of violence since 2014?

Hamas, rulers of the impoverished and blockaded Gaza Strip, the crowded home to some two million Palestinians often compared with a open prison, aims to become the de facto standard bearer of the Palestinian cause, capitalising on the fading leadership of the Palestinian Authority, based in the West Bank.

Israel meanwhile has seized the moment to try to wipe out once and for all Hamas's sway in the territory by attacking its very infrastructure, analysts say, causing nearly 200 deaths including at least 52 children.

The explosion of unrest has centred around Palestinian anger at Israel's occupation and annexation of east Jerusalem since 1967, amid a threat to evict four Palestinian families from their homes to give them to Jewish settlers.

More than 900 Palestinians were injured in weekend fury which erupted towards the end of the holy month of Ramadan, around the Al-Aqsa mosque compound, the holiest site in Islam after Makkah and Medina.

Amid the chaos, Hamas set an unrealistic ultimatum for all Israeli police to withdraw from the compound by 6:00 pm Monday

Inevitably, the deadline was not met,

and Hamas swiftly unleashed a volley of rockets into Israel drawing an almost immediate response and a relentless Israeli

bombardment of the Gaza Strip. It is a "new strategy and tactic" by Hamas to seek to link "the issue of Jerusalem with the resistance in Gaza," said Jamal Al-Fadi, professor of political science in Gaza.

Political researcher Leila Seurat, from the Brussels-based Observatory of the Arab and Muslim Worlds, agreed, saying Hamas was "clearly seeking to undermine" Palestinian



president Mahmud Abbas "who is already very weakened" by "positioning itself as the safeguard of the Palestinians, and above all

Abbas abruptly postponed this month's Palestinian elections -- the first in 15 years. Setting no alternative date, Abbas said the vote could not take place until Israel

agreed that all Palestinian residents of east Jerusalem can vote. Hamas, which had been hoping to seal its legitimacy at the ballot box, did not hide

Israeli Prime Minister Beleaguered Benjamin Netanyahu also seized the moment to make political capital, as he fights to retain

elections in the past two years.

Swiftly accusing Hamas of crossing "a red line", he ordered in the military for what has been dubbed Operation Guardian of the Walls and, this time, the Israeli army did not just reply with a few missiles.

Since Monday the military has pounded Gaza, and massed troops on the territory's border with Israel, threatening a ground invasion. And the protection from the hail of Hamas rockets offered by Israel's Iron Dome system, which has been intercepting most of the missiles, is buying time for the Israeli military to pursue its goal.

"When the Palestinians get out of their shelters, they will find that many of the symbols of Hamas's control of the Gaza Strip will have been destroyed, from banks to the intelligence centre," said Netanyahu's former national security adviser Yaakov Amidror.

"Everything that is symbolising Hamas as the government of the Gaza Strip" will be gone, he told AFP, as Israel seeks "to destroy their military capability and infrastructure, this is the name of game".

There is also clearly an "effort to kill as many Hamas members as possible and mainly commanders in the whole area of technical expertise who are leading the production system".

Israel is seeking to weaken Hamas and drive an even deeper wedge between the fractious Palestinian factions, said Gaza University political scientist, Naji Shurab.

But he warned "this is the most dangerous scenario" as it could cause the uprising to spread to the West Bank and "this will end the Palestinian Authority," deepening the uncertainty and helplessness the premiership following four inconclusive of a new generation of Palestinians.

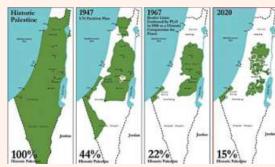
PALESTINIAN TERRITORIES

A brief history since 1947

With fears growing of a "full-scale war" between Israel and the Palestinians, here is a look at the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. The two territories plus Israeli-annexed east Jerusalem were long touted as basis of a Palestinian state in a "two-state" solution to the longrunning conflict. But that goal has become ever more distant, with the West Bank fragmented by Jewish settlements and several states recognising Jerusalem as Israel's "undivided" capital.

THE OCCUPATION: In 1947 the United Nations voted to partition British-ruled Palestine into two states -- one Arab and one Jewish. It made Jerusalem, sacred to the three Abrahamic religions and claimed by both sides as their capital, an international zone. Almost immediately, fighting broke out that would eventually see more than half the Palestinian population -- 760,000 people -- fleeing or being expelled from what was to become Israel. As the British mandate ended in 1948, Israel declared statehood. The next day its Arab neighbours declared war. The conflict ended with Israel controlling 78 percent of mandate Palestine. In the so-called Six-Day War of 1967, Israel occupied both the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. It also occupied and later annexed east Jerusalem, which contains many of the sites holiest to Judaism, Islam and Christianity.

WEST BANK: By far the larger of the two Palestinian territories, the West Bank covers 5,655 square kilometres and is sandwiched between Israel and Jordan. It has been occupied by the Israeli army for the past five decades. The Palestinian Authority, headed by Mahmud Abbas, has limited powers over just 40 percent of the territory, mainly urban centres. Israel, which controls all the entry



points, administers 60 percent of the territory including its Jewish settlements, as well as its vital water resources. Israel has also erected a security barrier partly following its armistice line with the West Bank but also cutting deep into the territory. About 400,000 Israelis live in the West Bank, alongside 2.7 million Palestinians.

EAST JERUSALEM: The status of Jerusalem is possibly the most sensitive issue of the whole conflict. After capturing it in 1967, Israel annexed east Jerusalem, including the Old City, in a move never recognised by the international community. Israel views the whole city as its capital. Palestinians want East Jerusalem as the capital of their own future state. The Old City, a UNESCO World Heritage site, includes the golden Dome of the Rock and Al-Aqsa mosque compound, Islam's third holiest site. This lies directly above the Western Wall, the holiest place where Jews are allowed to pray, a short walk from the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, where Christians believe Jesus was crucified and buried. More than 200,000 Israelis live in east Jerusalem, alongside around 300,000 Palestinians.

GAZA STRIP: This strip of territory bordering Israel sits on the Mediterranean Sea, and also shares a border with Egypt. It is one of the world's most densely populated areas, with some two million people squeezed into a strip just 41 kilometres long and at one point less than six kilometres across. After occupying Gaza for 38 years, Israel unilaterally withdrew in 2005, but soon afterwards imposed a stifling land, air and sea blockade. Islamist movement Hamas, which won Palestinian elections in 2006, seized the territory from the Palestinian Authority the following year. Israel has carried out three full-scale military offensives against Gaza since 2008. More than two thirds of the population depends on humanitarian aid.

SOURCE: AFP



Pro-Palestinian demonstrators attend a protest following a flare-up of Israeli-Palestinian violence, in London, Britain, on Saturday. Protesters marched around the world in support of Palestinians amid the worst Israeli-Palestinian violence since the 2014 Gaza war.

SOURCE: **AFP, REUTERS**

Sarak Bhaban, Tejgaon, Dhaka E-mail: eehdm@rhd.gov.bd Memo No. 506 Date: 11/05/2021

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh

Office of the Executive Engineer, RHD

Database Division

-Tender Notice (Re-Tender)

e-Tender Notice (Re-Tender)									
Name of the work	Tender document	Tender	Tender						
	last		opening						
	selling/downloading	date & time	date & time						
	date & time								
Supply of HDM-4 Version 2	27/05/2021	27/05/2021	27/05/2021						
Software including HDM	12:00	15:30	15:30						
Sentry for HDM analysis									
under Database Division									
during the year 2020-2021.									
	Name of the work Supply of HDM-4 Version 2 Software including HDM Sentry for HDM analysis under Database Division	Name of the work Name of the work Tender document last selling/downloading date & time Supply of HDM-4 Version 2 Software including HDM Sentry for HDM analysis under Database Division Tender document last selling/downloading date & time 27/05/2021 12:00	Name of the work Tender document last selling/downloading date & time						

The above e-Tender is published in the National e-GP System Portal http://www.eprocure.gov.bd. All information and guidelines are available in the e-GP System Portal and from e-GP help desk (helpdesk@eprocure.gov.bd).

BCS Administration Academy

Shahbag, Dhaka-1000

http://www.bcsadminacademy.gov.bd

Sealed tenders are hereby invited from bonafide experienced importers/suppliers/ distributors to supply Compute

Invitation for Tender

Ministry of Public Administration.

05.02.0000.010.14.032.17-114, dated: 17/05/2021

Open Tendering Method (As per PPR 2008) Project budget for FY 2020-21

Capacity Building of BCS Administration Academy (1st Revision) Project.

Project Director, Capacity Building of BCS Administration Academy (1st

All bidders/firms who fulfills the requirements as described in the tender

Revision) Project, BCS Administration Academy, Shahbag, Dhaka-1000.

BCS Administration Academy.



GD-970

Memo No. 05.02.0000.010.14.032.17-114

Ministry/Division

Procuring entity name

Procuring entity district

Invitation Ref No. & date

Procurement method

Tender package No. Tender package name

Tender publication date

Tender last selling date

Tender closing date and time

Tender opening date and time

Name & address of the office(s)

Brief eligibility and qualification of

Source of funds

Agency

15

GD-972

Executive Engineer, RHD Database Division, Sarak Bhaban Tejgaon, Dhaka

Date: 17/05/2021

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh

Software/instruments as per PPA-2006 & PPR-2008. Terms and conditions as follows:

GD-10

17/05/2021

31/05/2021

Computer Software

12:00pm, 01/06/2021

02:00pm, 01/06/2021

Dhaka South City Corporation Office of the Project Director

Expansion of Matuail Sanitary Landfill Including Land Development Waste Management Department Nagar Bhaban, Dhaka

"শেখ হাসিনার মূলনীতি গ্রাম শহরের উরতি"

www.dhakasouthcity.gov.bd Memo No. 46.207.000.12.05.254(MLP).2021

Corrigendum Notice This is to inform all concerned that Tender Notice No. Memo No.

46.20	6.207.000.12.05.251(MLP).2021, Date: 15/04/2021 the following corrigendum is as follows					
SI.	Package No.	Identification of lot		Existing	Amendmen	
No.				date & time	date & time	
1.	egp-dscc-emslld-	Tender ID No.	Documents	16/05/2021	23/05/2021	
	2020-21/01	566153	last selling	up to	up to	
	&	Construction of	date & time	05:00pm	05:00pm	
	egp-dscc-emslld-	Main Embankment	Closing	17/05/2021	24/05/2021	
	2020-21/04	for extended new	date	up to	up to	
		landfill site.		02:00pm	02:00pm	

Tender ID No.

567730

Improvement of

Approach and

internal roads of

Matuail Sanitary Landfill Site. All other terms & condition as laid down in that Invitation of Tender & Tender Document will be unchanged. This Corrigendum Notice with above amendment shall be part of the Tender Documents

Dr. Md. Sufi Ullah Siddik Bhuyan

Project Director Including Land Development Waste Management Department Dhaka South City Corporation Phone: 9586543

IS claims Afghan mosque blast

Fighting resumes in south as three-day Eid ceasefire ends

The jihadist Islamic State claimed it carried out this week's attack on a mosque on the outskirts of the Afghan capital that left 12 worshippers dead, SITE Intelligence Group

The explosion happened inside a mosque in Shakar Darah district of Kabul province during Friday prayers and shattered the relative calm of a three-day ceasefire agreed between the Taliban and the Afghan government. IS said its fighters had placed an explosive device inside

the mosque and detonated it after worshippers arrived to offer prayers on the second day of the Eid al-Fitr holidays, the US monitor of jihadist groups said late Saturday.

Meanwhile, fighting between the Taliban and Afghan government forces resumed in full force yesterday in the restive southern province of Helmand, officials said. Violence has soared as the United States military

presses ahead with a plan to withdraw all of its troops by September, bringing an end to a 20-year military operation "The fighting started early today and is still ongoing,"

Attaullah Afghan, head of the Helmand provincial council, told AFP. He said Taliban fighters attacked security checkpoints on the outskirts of Lashkar Gah, the capital of Helmand province, and some other districts. An Afghan army spokesman in the south confirmed

fighting had resumed, and the Helmand governor's office said that 21 Taliban fighters had been killed so far. Washington has vowed to end America's longest war but missed a May 1 deadline to pull out, as agreed with the Taliban last year in return for security guarantees and a

promise to launch talks with the Afghan government.

schedule (Except blacklisted bidders/ firms). bidders Brief description of goods As described in the Section-6 of the tender schedule/document Price of tender document (Tk) BDT 15,000/-. should be payable in favour of Md. Nazrul Islam, Project Tender security Director, Capacity Building of BCS Administration Academy (1st Revision) Project via Pay Order. Md. Nazrul Islam, Project Director, Capacity Building of BCS Administration Name, designation & address of official inviting tender Academy (1st Revision) Project, BCS Administration Academy, Shahbag, Dhaka-1000. Contact details of official inviting Md. Nazrul Islam, Director (Planning & Development). Phone: +88 02 55165907 tender Note: The procuring entity reserves the right to reject all tenders or annul the tender proceedings a) If the date of selling, receiving & opening of tender is disturbed under any unavoidable circumstances, the next working day will be applicable for the same respectively; b) Contract agreement shall be made after allocation of fund (GoB) and necessary administrative approval of the process.

Md. Nazrul Islam Project Director

Director (Planning & Development) BCS Administration Academy Shahbag, Dhaka 1000 Telephone: +88 02 55165907 E-mail: nazrul5927@gmail.com

ডিএসসিসি/পিআরডি/১৯২/২০২০-২০২১ জিডি-৯৬৭

Expansion of Matuail Sanitary Landfill E-mail: peemslld@dhakasouthcity.gov.bd