

Tarique Afzal, president and managing director of AB Bank, and Asif Ahmed, acting general manager of Pan Pacific Sonargaon Dhaka, exchange documents after signing a deal yesterday facilitating reciprocal services, including buy-one-get-one buffet meals at Café Bazar.

deliver hydrogen in blends with gas and

store hydrogen as a form of renewable

think that continuing to use this

infrastructure allows the whole economy

to decarbonise at a lower cost," said

Dennis Van Puyvelde, head of gas for

last year found that to achieve net zero

emissions by 2050, building a hydrogen

distribution network would cost half

as much as expanding power networks

to serve businesses and industries that

currently rely on gas, and save Australia

Pipeline companies are working on a

shorter time frame than 2050, as some

states are pushing to have 10 per cent

hydrogen in gas pipelines by 2030. A study

done for the government found hydrogen

can be safely added to gas supplies at up to

10 per cent by volume without having to

blending hydrogen into gas allows for a

gradual buildup of the hydrogen industry,

requiring electrolysers of up to 1 gigawatt,

compared with the much bigger, more

costly electrolysers that will be needed for

Van Puyvelde said the advantage of

modify pipelines or appliances.

A study done for the industry body

Energy Networks Australia.

some A\$13 billion.

'At the end of the day, we also

gas networks look to go

green with hydrogen

energy storage.

## Microsoft teams up with EU publishers amid Facebook's Australian spat

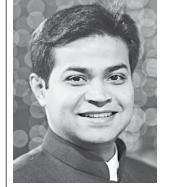
REUTERS, Brussels

Microsoft and European media groups on Monday urged EU regulators to require online platforms to seek arbitration in disagreements over how to share revenues with news publishers, a sticking point in the spat between Facebook and Australia.

The EU's 2019 overhauled copyright rules, which force Alphabet unit Google and other online platforms to sign licensing agreements with musicians, authors and news publishers to use their work, are not sufficient, Microsoft and the publishers said.

"This initiative is a logical next step," Microsoft Vice President Casper Klynge said, adding that the company already shares revenues with publishers via its product

Facebook last week imposed a news ban in Australia in protest against a forthcoming law that would require online platforms to reach deals to pay news outlets for content, or agree on a price through arbitration.



Soumya Basu

## Visa announces new country head

STAR BUSINESS DESK

has announced appointing Soumya Basu as its country manager here. Soumya will head

operations in Bangladesh, and

according to a statement. Late last year, Visa announced plans establish a country liaison

office in Dhaka It will host a team professionals, headed by Soumya, and introduce new services for Bangladeshi consumers, playing a more prominent

payments. With Visa 2016, Soumya has been instrumental in the strategy and execution of its South Asian franchise.

role in the growth of digital

He previously held management positions in multinationals in India including Tata Group, and Diebold Nixdorf.

## Singer exchanging washing machines

STAR BUSINESS DESK

Bangladesh Singer machines in exchange of old ones with cashbacks of up to Tk 3,000 along with up to 5 years' warranty, free installation, and free home delivery.

The home appliance maker is also accepting up to 12 monthly installments

# Future proofing: Australia's | Unusually dry February renews risk to Argentina's soybeans and corn

KAREN BRAUN

After plentiful January rainfall that saved Argentine corn and soybeans from potential disaster, this month is on pace to be the country's seconddriest February in more than three decades, once again raising harvest concerns.

City

Bumper crops were never expected in 2021 for the No. 3 corn and soybean exporter, but last month's rainfall had some estimates on the uptrend. Crop conditions remain stable, though forecasts suggest Argentina is nearly two weeks away from its next substantial rainfall opportunity.

Soybean planting began in earnest in November, while corn planting started more than a month earlier. Rainfall between October and December hit a 10-year low across the country's grain belt, and soil moisture reserves were at a 12-year low for the time of year by the end of December.

January rainfall was nearly 30 per cent above the month's recent average. That set crops up well to enter the crucial yield-formation stages in February and beyond, but precipitation has again turned sparse.

The rest of the month will likely remain dry, with weather models as of Thursday predicting the first week of March could feature the next

below the five previous years. Thin 2021, but unlike the present season, rainfall throughout that entire season coupled with hot temperatures led to one of the most disastrous harvests

Crop conditions are holding up well despite the dry spell. This week in the top three provinces of Cordoba, Buenos Aires and Santa Fe, the portions of soybeans rated good or very good were 87 per cent, 84 per cent and 98 per cent, respectively. Those are all within 3 percentage points of the end-of-January scores.

Corn in Buenos Aires is 4 points better than three weeks ago at 93 per cent good or very good, and Santa Fe corn is unchanged at 89 per cent. But corn in Cordoba stands out among the other scores with just 69 per cent good or very good, down 2 points in three weeks.

Cool temperatures have been a saving grace for the Argentine crops, and the grain belt is on pace for the coolest February in more than 20 years. Temperatures over the next couple of weeks are forecast at closer to normal levels and possibly a bit above, but excessive heat is not in the

There are not many years with which to compare given such a dry February, and while that condition is not necessarily a death sentence for the crops, there are some varying circumstances.

For example, strong soybean and Total rainfall this month will corn yields were observed in 2019, likely be just half of what is normal. and that February was the third-February 2018 was the driest in at driest since at least 1988. January

History suggests that Argentina's corn and soybeans, like crops in the United States, can combat hot temperatures with high rainfall or low rainfall with cool temperatures, and the latter has helped prevent

precipitation was abundant in

late 2018 during planting and soil

moisture was closer to average. March

2019 rainfall was also average.

failure in 2021. Last week, the Rosario grains exchange bumped its 2020-21 forecast for Argentina's soy harvest to 49 million tonnes from 47 million previously. Corn rose to 48.5 million from 46 million, and those improvements were based on the abundant January rains.

On the same day, the U.S. Department of Agriculture left its outlook for soybeans and corn unchanged from the previous month at 48 million and 47.5 million tonnes, respectively. USDA's soy and corn yields would be three-year lows, about 10 per cent and 9 per cent below the long-term trend, so the agency is by no means expecting a stellar performance.

On Thursday, the Buenos Aires Grains Exchange kept estimates for both crops at 46 million tonnes after having pared estimates a couple weeks ago due to dryness, though it was suggested that the success of crops would depend on upcoming

The opinions expressed here are those of at zero interest, it said in a

# Small garment factories struggling to stay afloat

They did so just to keep their business afloat, according to a recent study of the Centre for Policy Dialogue (CPD)

So far, retailers and brands have reinstated 90 per cent of the cancelled and suspended orders worth \$3.18 billion, but they are delaying making payments, dealing a blow to the SME

Yet in its study, the CPD found that only 44 per cent of factories were certain about orders in the six months to April.

The rest 56 per cent have different levels of uncertainty. Of them, 11 per cent had a high level of uncertainty on orders. These factories are mainly small.

In his heyday, the Gazipur-based garment factory owner used to export garment items worth nearly Tk 70 crore annually and he would pay Tk 1.70 crore in wages to workers every month.

"I owe Tk 70 crore to banks," he said.

He could not qualify for the soft loan from the government-sponsored stimulus fund because of stringent conditions. And he could not repay bank loans from the incomes of garment business.

"I have to sell my factory and the land to repay the bank loans. And the repayment of the bank loan would be the end of my 18 years of business life," he said.

But in the last 18 years, he ran the factory with a hope to establish a business empire. But the fallouts of Covid-19 have shattered his dreams. This fate of the garment owner is also reflected in the garment export data.

Between July and January, the first seven months of the current fiscal year, garment shipments declined 3.44 per cent year-on-year to \$18.40 billion.

This correspondent spoke to at least 10 exporters having small and medium-sized garment factories and industry leaders to know about the fates of the SME units.

They said the situation had been improving after the first wave of Covid-19 had passed but it started deteriorating with the onset of the second wave as fresh lockdowns were introduced in major export destinations in Europe and the US.

"I have been able to recover 75 per cent of the business. I could not recover 100 per cent because of the second wave," said Mostafiz Uddin, managing director of Denim Expert.

to ensure deliveries are made on time and as the big units have the room to negotiate prices, he

entrepreneur requested that the The government come up with a flexible policy so that all factories, especially the SMEs, can benefit from the stimulus package.

Md Ehterab Hossain, managing director of Base Fashion, and Md Emdadul Haque, general manager of Dynasty Sweater (BD), shared stories of order cancellations and reductions and

"Orders worth \$2 million were stuck and finally I had to agree to settle it at a 15 per cent discount," said Hossain. Base Fashion ships T-shirts and polo shirts worth \$1 million every

"I am struggling to keep my business afloat as the number of orders has plunged," he said. The abnormal price hike of yarn has just added further woes to the SMEs. The prices of

varn went up by more than \$1 per kg over the last three months, said industry operators.

SMALL AND MEDIUM FACTORIES LACK SUPPORT

BGMEA Director Selim said many of the SMEs did not get the stimulus fund because they themselves were not directly making exports.

The closed SMEs used to export one or two consignments and largely worked in conjunction with a big unit through subcontracting.

Rubana Huq, president of the BGMEA, said the SMEs were the worst-affected when it comes to managing finance and business since they worked for buyers having relatively smaller turnovers.

When asked whether there was a gap when it came to a single policy serving both the big units and SMEs, she said, "Absolutely yes."

"Therefore, they require different policy measures to survive in this crisis period," she

The government has provided an additional working capital scheme for the SMEs during the pandemic, she said.

However, the working capital loan support was difficult to access as far as readymade garment factories are concerned because of stringent processes requiring due diligence, she

Another factor is the nature of business and the modality of financial assistance required for

Buyers prefer placing orders with a big unit the RMG enterprises which differ from any other sector, she added.

> "For the immediate term, special assistance to SMEs with regard to accessing finance to turn around and reconstruct themselves would be critical for continuing the growth journey of the industry and economy at large," said Huq.

Mohammad Hatem, senior vice-president of the Bangladesh Knitwear Manufacturers and Exporters Association, said apparel exporters faced harassment in availing stimulus loans because of stringent conditions and bureaucratic

Many of the SMEs could not avail the loan at all although they needed it the most, he said. Some circulars of Bangladesh Bank are unjust for the SMEs, he said.

Only bigger units had been entitled for availing the loan from the stimulus package, Hatem said.

However, after negotiations with the central bank and the finance ministry, the conditions

were eased to a bit, he added. Selim said many of the SMEs did not get the stimulus fund because they were not directly

making exports. KI Hossain, president of the Bangladesh

Garment Buying House Association, said most of the SMEs were dependent on subcontracting but now it was not available due to inflow of fewer orders from international retailers and brands.

Khondaker Golam Moazzem, research director of the CPD, said the government's Tk 1,000 crore technological upgradation fund should be spent in its true sense to improve online sales of small and medium units so that they can ride out the difficult times.

Nazneen Ahmed, senior research fellow of the Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies, said a price war in the global garment business was ongoing.

Since the bigger units have a competitive edge, they can absorb the losses. But small and

medium-sized units can not afford that, she said. Both Moazzem and Ahmed said orders for big factories had not been fully restored. Small suppliers that were used to catering to small buyers and retailers were in trouble.

"The government needs to ensure that the small and medium-sized units receive soft loans from the stimulus packages. Their loan repayment period should be extended," said

### become an opportunity, particularly given our renewable energy sources. We can become the world's largest exporter of green hydrogen," he told Reuters. Pipeline owners seeking government

based CK Group.

REUTERS, Melbourne

Australia's natural gas pipeline owners are

working to future proof their A\$75 billion

(\$59 billion) in assets amid a global push

towards clean energy, running tests to blend hydrogen with gas and produce

Cashing in on rare bipartisan support

for hydrogen across Australia's national

and state governments to help cut carbon

emissions, pipeline and network owners

have already committed A\$180 million

to a range of projects involving green

hydrogen. Australian states have pledged to

achieve net zero carbon emissions by 2050,

in line with many developed countries, but

Canberra has yet to commit to the 2050

manage," said Ben Wilson, chief executive

of Australian Gas Infrastructure Group

(AGIG), owned by units of Hong Kong-

"It's a business risk we all need to

"What started out as defensive has

green methane to replace the fossil fuel.

Aysha Khatun, a 60-year-old woman of the same village, said she has been weaving at the moment, he added. shatranji since coming to Nisbetganj village

funding for hydrogen projects aim to show

how their infrastructure can be used to

**BUSINESS** 

after her marriage in the late 80s. "But my wages have never been enough, making it hard to stay in such a laborious profession," she said.

If the wage is insufficient, women will not be interested in such a profession, Khatun added. Women can easily enter the profession

attending a two-month training course organised by the Bangladesh Small and Cottage Industries Corporation (BSCIC). The BSCIC arranges training to develop

the skills of a large number of women every year. However, no training has been organised amid the ongoing pandemic.

Faruk Hossain, a trainer of the BSCIC office in Rangpur, said at least 600 people, mostly women, were trained in weaving crisis, he added.

Rangpur's shatranji industry near the end of its rope shatranji in the last three years.

green hydrogen exports.

However, the project remains suspended

Mostafa Azad Chowdhury Titu, president of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry in Rangpur, said access to finance was another major problem for small scale investors in the industry.

So he urged the country's banks to disburse easy loans among the related entrepreneurs, particularly women.

There is huge demand for shatranji products in both local and international markets but many large scale factories, including Karu Ponyo and others, have already lost the markets due to the Covid-19 fallout.

"They are now selling their products offering discounts," Titu said.

There is a big market for shatranji products in different countries of Europe but orders were cancelled amid the current

Managing Director Hosne Ara Begum.

Some 13,000 jobs have also been created

Through the support of digital startups,

over 7,50,000 SMEs have been able to

expand their businesses in different sectors,

said Startup Bangladesh Managing Director

### KEPZ to build first private hi-tech park country by the private sector," said BHTPA

"We want our youth to put their minds into creating jobs rather than looking for them,

To stay ahead in the 4th industrial revolution, IT business incubators are being established in universities to work on the internet of things, robotics, cyber security and other modern technologies, he said. Work to establish an IT business

incubator at Chittagong University of Engineering and Technology alongside a Sheik Kamal IT training and incubation center at Chandgao of Chattogram is being expedited, said Palak.

Once these projects are implemented, the port and the business capital of Chattogram will grow into a modern IT business hub, he said.

in different hi-tech parks all over the hybrid rice.

The chairman said foreign investors are interested in major state-run projects despite the lower interest rate.

investments. "At the roadshow, we presented

Bangladesh's potential. Now, emails are coming everyday to know about the sectors of the country," he said.

"They want to invest in the power and infrastructure sectors as well," Islam said, adding that foreign investors are not interested in making short-term

To meet their investment demand through just the equity market is difficult and so, the BSEC is working on the bond market.

Major foreign investors are not finding good returns from their own country so they are seeking for other potential places

"Bangladesh carried a negative image among foreigners in the past but we tried to change their mindset by presenting our economic indicators," the BSEC chairman

check," he added. Islam also said the regulator will arrange

## Farmers get funds to recoup flood-induced losses

for youths, she said.

and CEO Tina Jabeen.

The government also provided Tk 136 crore-worth seeds to boost cultivation of Boro rice crop in the current season and Tk 25 crore to increase onion production.

Besides, the ministry gave out incentives "Some Tk 327 crore has been invested to growers for increasing cultivation of

BSEC appoints special auditor to find out reasons

"They were astonished after seeing our data and asked about the trustworthiness of the data. Then we recommended to

a roadshow in other financial hubs like London, New York, Hong Kong and Singapore to attract more foreign investors.