WORLD REACTION

British Prime Minister Boris Johnson's resounding election victory was largely welcomed by governments around the world, with hopes it will put an end to years of Brexit deadlock. Here are some of the initial reactions:



US President Donald Trump

"Britain and the United States will now be free to strike a massive new Trade Deal after BREXIT. This deal has the potential to be far bigger and more lucrative than any deal that could be made with the EU Celebrate Boris!"



want Britain to be an



Emmanuel Macron



"There will be a competitor at our door... that may also encourage us to be quicker in our decisions." **German Chancellor** Angela Merkel

"I am sure that the

development of

constructive dialogue

and cooperation in

various spheres would

be fully in the interests

continent."



European Council President Charles Michel



of our countries' peoples Russian President and the entire European **Vladimir Putin** "This is not just a political victory, it is first and

foremost a victory of values. The spectre of anti-Semitism loomed large over this campaign, and the British public overwhelmingly voted



Katz

"Looking forward to the stability this brings and a new deal for Oz with the UK. Say g'day to the quiet Britons for us."

against it."

Australian Prime Minister Scott Morrison





Britain's prime minister and Conservative Party leader Boris Johnson is greeted by staff as he arrives back at 10 Downing Street in central London yesterday, following an audience with Britain's Queen Elizabeth II at Buckingham Palace, where she invited him to become Prime Minister and form a new government.

РНОТО:

Can UK remain united?

Independence movements in Scotland, N Ireland gather steam after strong show by nationalists

AFP, London

Prime Minister Boris Johnson may be revelling in his mighty election victory but the results in Scotland and Northern Ireland have hinted at battles ahead in trying to keep the United Kingdom together. Strong performances by Scottish and

2nd Edition

Irish nationalists in Thursday's snap vote will increase concerns about independence movements gaining momentum north of England's border and in Northern Ireland. The Scottish National Party (SNP) won

48 seats, almost matching its performance in the 2015 election and setting up a showdown between Johnson and its combative leader Nicola Sturgeon. Sturgeon said it had been an

"exceptionally good night" for her party, leaving Scotland and the rest of Britain on "divergent paths".

"I accept that Boris Johnson after this election has a mandate to take England out of the European Union, but he does not have a mandate to take Scotland out of the European Union," she said, adding she would push for another independence referendum after losing a 2014 vote.

"I have a mandate, a renewed, refreshed,

strengthened mandate, to offer people in Scotland the choice of a different future.

"I don't pretend everybody who voted SNP yesterday will necessarily support independence, but there is a clear endorsement Scotland should get to decide our future and not have it decided for us," she said.

Sturgeon is expected to write to Johnson



before Christmas to formally demand Holyrood -- the seat of the Scottish government -- be given the power to hold a second independence vote.

But Johnson's Conservative government is unlikely to accept her demands, and has little incentive given its massive majority. Conservative party chairman James Cleverly told the BBC that Thursday's result was not a mandate for a second independence vote.

"The majority of votes in Scotland went to parties that are pro-union," he said. "The 2014 referendum was meant to be a once in a generation referendum."

million -- voted by a margin of 55 percent to 45 percent to stay in the United Kingdom. Johnson is also facing the serious but less

urgent threat of keeping Northern Ireland part of the United Kingdom, in the wake of demands by nationalists for a united Ireland. Both Scotland and Northern Ireland

And Brexit has raised concerns that a

Ireland to the south could lead to a return to the tensions and bloody sectarian violence of the past.

since the partition of Ireland in 1921 -hold more seats in the British parliament than those who want to stay part of the United Kingdom. Unionists have also warned that

Ireland away from London's orbit.

HOW JOHNSON'S **GAMBLE PAID OFF**

It was a straight forward message: "Get Brexit done." The mantra of British Prime Minister Boris Johnson and his Conservative Party during the national election campaign was aimed at harnessing voter frustration at a parliamentary logiam over Britain's exit from the European Union. It worked.

Beyond the traditional strategy of swaying voters in swing districts held by the main opposition Labour Party, Johnson wanted to strike directly at Labour's heartlands in the hopes of winning support from people who had never voted Conservative but for whom Brexit had come to trump even traditional party allegiances. The plan early in the campaign was to target around 40

traditionally Labour supporting seats in northern and central England, a party source close to the campaign said. "The strategy is to woo Brexit Party supporters of all colours and to

specifically court Labour leave voters especially in the North and Midlands," said the source.

CORE MESSAGE

Johnson and his team concluded that the only way to change the arithmetic in the House of Commons was to force a new election. But he needed a united front — no easy feat for a party where the issue of Europe has caused infighting and played a role in the downfall of the previous four Conservative prime ministers. The election campaign officially started in early November and Johnson sought to convince voters that his party was the only one which could break the impasse among politicians in Westminster to enable the country to move forward.

The campaign focused heavily on core Brexit-related messages and was relatively light on policy detail, several members of his campaign team said.







FAIRY TALE

Johnson's pitch included a pledge to lower immigration and that Brexit would free up money that Britain would otherwise pay to the EU that could be redirected to spending on public services, including the NHS, at home.

One pledge was to add 50,000 more nurses but, under scrutiny from the opposition and media, the prime minister acknowledged that 19,000 were already working in the NHS, adding that his policies would retain those workers that might otherwise leave. During an October 13 visit to the northern town of Doncaster, a female member of the public accused him of peddling fiction by promising a rosy future for Britain outside of the EU and being part of a government that had made cuts to public services. Johnson has repeatedly said that any breach of trust should be blamed on parliament, not him.

POTENTIAL LIABILITY

Conservative strategists considered Johnson's personal popularity and proven ability to reach across party lines a key election asset. The charismatic politician helped lead the successful Brexit campaign in the 2016 referendum and is the only Conservative to have been London mayor.

By contrast, recent polls have ranked Labour leader Jeremy Corbyn the least popular opposition leader in decades. In the final days of the campaign, Johnson crisscrossed districts

in the north and central England, regions where Labour has traditionally had strong support.

At a factory of British construction equipment maker JCB near Uttoxeter in central England on Tuesday, Johnson drove a digger emblazoned with "get Brexit done" through a makeshift wall emblazoned with the word "GRIDLOCK."

SOURCE: REUTERS

'DISCRIMINATORY' AND 'UNCONSTITUTIONAL' CITIZENSHIP ACT IN INDIA

5 states vow to prevent its implementation

NDTV ONLINE

Days after West Bengal Chief Minister Mamata Banerjee declared that she will not allow the Citizenship (Amendment) Bill to be implemented in West Bengal even if it becomes law, her counterparts in Kerala, Punjab, Madhya Pradesh and Chhattisgarh said they will have nothing to do with

"Don't be scared of this bill. We are with you, and as long as we are here, nobody can impose anything on you.'

West Bengal CM Mamata Banerjee

"A move to decide citizenship on the basis of religion amounts to rejecting the Constitution."

Kerala CM Pinarayi Vijayan

"Any legislation that seeks to divide the people of the country on religious lines is illegal and unethical."

Punjab CM Amarinder Singh

the BJP-led centre's alleged attempts to strip the country of its secular credentials either.

Terming the bill as an attack on the secular and democratic character of India, Kerala Chief Minister Pinarayi Vijayan said that his state has no place for such an "unconstitutional" law. "The Constitution of India guarantees the right to citizenship for all Indians, irrespective of their religion, caste, language, culture gender or profession. This very right is being made void by the Citizenship (Amendment) Bill. A move to decide citizenship on the basis of religion amounts to rejecting the Constitution," he claimed.

The bill, which intends to make it easier for non-Muslim migrants from Bangladesh, Pakistan and Afghanistan to obtain Indian citizenship, has been accused by rights groups and opposition parties of being discriminatory and violating

the constitutional right to equality. Punjab CM Amarinder Singh said



that the Congress, with the majority it commands in the Punjab assembly, will block the "unconstitutional" bill from being implemented in the state. "This law is of a very divisive nature. Any legislation that seeks to divide the people of the country on religious lines is illegal and unethical," he said.

Mamata Banerjee had voiced her opposition to the act even before it was passed by the parliament on Wednesday. "Don't be scared of this bill. We are with you, and as long as we are here, nobody can impose anything on you," she told a gathering in Kharagpur three days ago.

Yesterday, Mamata announced a series of rallies against the law. "We will not allow the Citizenship Act in Bengal even though it has been passed in the parliament," she said.

The bill became a law late on Thursday night, after it received President Ram Nath Kovind's assent, amid violent protests in the Northeast.

The Kerala-based Indian Union Muslim League and a TMC MP have already challenged the bill in the Supreme Court, and the Congress and other parties opposed to it are expected to follow suit.

NDTV yesterday, citing," a top Union home ministry official, reported that Individual state governments were not empowered to halt the implementation of a law that comes under the centre's mandate.

"States do not have power to say 'no' to a central law enacted under Union List of Constitution's 7th Schedule," the official said, adding granting of citizenship is a central prerogative.



A Russian television channel has abruptly stopped airing the sitcom that launched the political career of Ukraine's president, after viewers noticed it had edited out an obscene joke about Vladimir Putin from the first episode. The TNT channel, part of the media arm of Gazprom, raised eyebrows when it announced it would air "Servant of the People", whose star Volodymyr Zelenskiy, playing a schoolteacher who becomes president, went on to win Ukraine's presidency in real life this year. TNT began airing the series on Wednesday, but the Russian-language service of the BBC noted it had edited out a play on words about Putin and an expensive make of Swiss watch, Hublot,

attacking the government at an election rally in Jharkhand exploded in parliament yesterday that one would see news about it, but what do we see when we open the papers? We see so many cases of rapes."

'We are in a fantasy land here'

UN climate talks deadlocked, detached from climate emergency

AFP, Madrid

climate **Nations** United negotiations were deadlocked and heading deep into overtime yesterday with even the bestcase outcome likely to fall well short of what science says is needed to avert a future ravaged by global warming.

The COP25 summit in Madrid arrives on the heels of climaterelated disasters across the planet, including unprecedented cyclones, deadly droughts and record-setting heatwaves. As pressure inside and

outside the talks mounts, old splits between rich polluters and developing nations have re-emerged over who should slash greenhouse gas emissions by how much, and how to pay the trillions needed to live in a climate-addled world.

Newer fissures, meanwhile, climate- which enjoins nations to between poor,



these big countries of lacking ambition and hurting the cause of others and the Earth. Madrid negotiations is to

2015 Paris climate accord,

The narrow aim of the treaty becomes operational. finalise the rulebook for the

to "well below" two degrees Celsius. But "raising ambition" on emissions remains the overarching goal in Madrid and especially next year, when Glasgow will host the last climate summit before the Paris

The draft Madrid agreement under negotiation, which must be approved by consensus, lays out two options.

reluctant to enhance their targets in the short term, including the US, India, China and Saudi Arabia -- simply repeats language in the 2015 treaty. Another potential dealbreaker is so-called "loss and

The first -- favoured by nations

damage" -- how countries already counting the cost of the climate emergency can be compensated. The US, which is leaving the Paris agreement, has aggressively

blocked any provisions that might leave them and other developed countries on the hook for damages that could total more than \$150 billion per year by 2025, observers have said. "It's basically like what's happening in the real world

and in the streets, the protesters, doesn't exist," said Alden Meyer, policy and strategy director at the Union of Concerned Scientists. "We are in a fantasy land here."

US axes tariffs on China goods

AFP, Washington The United States and China yesterday announced a major

thaw in their trade war, including immediate cuts to punishing import tariffs, but a lack of detail left markets cautious. "We have agreed to a very large Phase One Deal with

China," President Donald Trump tweeted after officials in Beijing made a similar announcement. The news could be a boon to Trump, who has made trade wars a keystone of his foreign policy, just as a congressional

committee set up a full vote on his impeachment next week for alleged abuse of office. After multiple false dawns in the tussle between the world's top two economies, which Trump launched in March 2018, investors were at least relieved that he canceled

a new round of tariffs due to kick in tomorrow (Sunday). Those levies, which would have hit consumer electronics like cell phones and computers, "will not be charged because of the fact that we made the deal," Trump tweeted. In a major concession, Washington will slash in half

the 15 percent tariffs imposed on \$120 billion in Chinese goods, like clothing, that were imposed September 1 and had a bigger impact on American shoppers than previous

But Trump said existing tariffs of 25 percent on \$250 billion of Chinese imports would stay in place pending further negotiations on a second phase deal.

In that poll, Scotland -- a country of 5.4

voted against Britain's departure from the EU in the shock 2016 referendum.

possible "hard border" with EU-member

Nationalists now -- for the first time

Johnson's Brexit deal creates a customs border down the Irish Sea, which they fear nationalists will exploit to pull Northern

US Congress recognises Armenian genocide

The US Congress on Thursday formally recognized the 1915-1917 murder of up to 1.5 million Armenians as genocide. The Senate's passage of the repeatedly stalled resolution is expected to anger Turkey, which denies there was a genocidal mass murder, insisting the Armenians died as a result of World War I. In passing the resolution, the United States joined 30 other countries recognizing Armenia's claim of genocide, which took place in the final years of the Ottoman empire that was centred in Istanbul. "It is fitting and appropriate that the Senate stands on the right side of history," said Senator Robert Menendez, who pushed the resolution through. Armenian Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan called the Senate move "a victory of justice and truth."

Russian TV pulls Ukrainian



which sounds like an obscenity in Russian. Rahul Gandhi refuses to apologise for rape remarks Rahul Gandhi's "Rape in India" comment

as the ruling BJP tore into the Congress leader. "For the first time in history, a leader is giving a clarion call that Indian women should be raped. Is this Rahul Gandhi's message to the people of the country? He should be punished," Smriti Irani said in the Lok Sabha. Rahul Gandhi told reporters outside: "I won't apologise... Let me clarify what I said. I said the PM keeps talking about 'Make In India'. So when one opens the newspaper one hoped

SOURCE: AFP, REUTERS, NDTV