Five 'robbers' killed in 'gunfights'

STAR REPORT

Five suspected robbers, including four members of a robbery gang in the Sundarbans, were killed in two separate "gunfights" with law enforcers in Khulna and Habiganj early yesterday.

In Khulna, the four members of a robbery gang named "Aminur Bahini" were killed in an alleged gunfight with Rab-6 during a raid in Koyra upazila's Koyra Khal area.

The dead were identified as Aminur Rahman, 33, the gang's leader, Rafiqul Islam, 24, its second-in-command, Monish Saha, 26, and Akhtarul Islam, 36, Rab said.

Tofazzal Hossain, Rab-6 special company commander, said they conducted the raid around 2:00am following information that the leader of "Aminur Bahini" was staying there. "Sensing our presence, the robbers

entered the jungles of the Sundarbans and took position with arms. Then, they opened fire on the Rab team, forcing us to retaliate," said Tofazzal, also an assistant superintendent of police. "The gunfight continued in several

phases until today [yesterday] morning. Some members of the gang fled the scene when day broke, leaving behind the four injured," he told our Khulna correspondent.

The four were rushed to Koyra Upazila Health Complex where doctors declared them dead, he added.

The bodies were sent to Khulna Medical College Hospital for autopsy.

Tofazzal also said that two Rab members were also injured during the "gunfight". They were also admitted to the health complex.

Rab claimed to have recovered three

experts say could be much higher

if the malpractices in recruitment is

checked and migrant rights ensured

overseas. Anomalies have also resulted

in the restrictions in some markets like

Malaysia and the United Arab Emirates.

The job market in the Middle East,

the largest one for the Bangladeshis, is

also shrinking because of their priorities

on creating jobs for their own people in

trends and devise strategies how to deal

with the situation emerging," said Prof

Syeda Rozana Rashid of international

relations department at Dhaka

Malaysia, the third largest job market

for Bangladesh, suspended recruiting

Bangladeshis in September last year

on allegations that a syndicate of ten

recruiting agencies was monopolising

the recruitment business and charging

recruiting fees as high as Tk 4,00,000

The Mahathir-led government has

initiated reforms in foreign worker

recruitment sector, but is yet to resume

Meanwhile, Nepal, which had

Malaysia on allegations that Malaysian

companies were involved in anomalies

in recruiting workers, recently signed a

"Nepal has successfully negotiated

and struck a deal with Malaysia, but

we haven't," said Prof Rozana, also a

The UAE, the second largest job market

for Bangladesh after Saudi Arabia, had

imposed restriction for Bangladeshi

There was no formal explanation,

but officials and businesses said

involvement of some Bangladeshis in

crimes, and corruption in recruitment

Between 2007 and 2012, 16.05

lakh Bangladeshis went to the UAE.

Recruiting agents and officials said there

were a lot of anomalies in recruitment

Many of the Bangladeshis did

not have jobs in Dubai -- a situation

that led to conflicts between brokers

and workers and prompted the UAE

Presently only individuals of the

Bangladesh and the UAE signed

UAE can hire Bangladeshis in domestic

sector -- for jobs of driver, gardener,

an MoU in April last year and the

Gulf country was supposed to recruit

Bangladeshis for general workers' jobs,

"I think it is under process. I am not

sure exactly why it's not beginning," an

official of the UAE embassy in Dhaka

Saudi Arabia, which reopened its labour

market for Bangladesh in 2015 after

seven years of closure, recruited 12.44

lakh Bangladeshis between 2015 and

However, the country is now strongly

enforcing Saudization policy, which

means it is preferring recruitment of

Since 2017, some 1.9 million

foreigners left Saudi Arabia because of

high tax regime on the foreigners and

foreign businesses, according to the

Thousands of Bangladeshis are also

An official of Bangladesh consulate

returning home from Saudi Arabia,

some with valid work permits.

told The Daily Star on September 22.

authorities to close the door.

but it is yet to open it.

SAUDI ARABIA

August this year.

Saudi media.

locals, not foreigners.

recruitment from Bangladesh.

deal with the Southeast Asia.

migration analyst.

workers in late 2012.

led to the restrictions.

during that time.

cook, etc.

THE UAE

stopped sending its workers

per worker in 2016-18.

"We need to clearly analyse these

FROM PAGE 1

troubled economy.

University.

MALAYSIA

firearms from the scene.

However, Mithun Saha, brother of Monish Saha, told The Daily Star that some plainclothes policemen "picked up" his brother from their residence at Aichgati in Khulna's Rupsha upazila on October 1.

"On October 10, we informed Rab-6 about it. We came to know about his death as 'a robber of the Sundarbans' today [yesterday]. But he was a small businessman," said Mithun.

In Habiganj, suspected robber Kudrat Ali, 40, was killed in a "gunfight" with the detective branch (DB) of police around 3:00am, in Purasundha Bash Bagan area adjacent to the Dhaka-Sylhet highway, in the district's Shayestaganj upazila. Rabiul assistant

Islam, superintendent of Habiganj police, said that Kudrat, a member of an interdistrict robbery gang, was accused in 13 robbery cases filed with different police stations in Habiganj and Sylhet.

Acting on a tip-off about a robbery gang, of which Kudrat was a member, active in the area, a joint team comprising DB and police officials conducted a raid there. Mozammel Haque, officer-in-charge

of Shayestaganj police station, said that criminals opened fire on police after sensing their presence, which forced the law enforcers to retaliate.

"At one point, Kudrat Ali was shot," he told our Moulvibazar correspondent. The team claimed to have recovered

one pipegun, two sharp weapons and five bullets from the spot.

The OC also said that six policemen

were injured during the incident. They received treatment at Habiganj Adhunik Sadar Hospital, he added.

in Jeddah said many of the Bangladeshis who came to the Kingdom changed jobs or worked independently in violation of local law. "However, the Saudi authorities

are not allowing such violation of laws anymore. So, some of those who have valid work permits are also being detained and deported," he told The

Daily Star.

Jobs abroad in decline

According to BMET, 234,071 Bangladeshis went to Saudi Arabia until August this year.

Hanif Mia, a Bangladeshi expatriate living in Riyadh for more than a decade, said many of these workers are actually not getting jobs in the companies that are hiring them. So, they are trying to work independently or in other companies in violation of the law.

"That's the reason why they are being detained and deported," he told The Daily Star by phone from Riyadh.

Saudi authorities are also enforcing laws banning operation of certain businesses, including that of mobile phone and electronics, by the foreigners. Many Bangladeshis, who were involved in such businesses are also returning home, he said.

OTHER COUNTRIES

Lebanon, which on an average recruited 16,000 Bangladeshis a year during 2013 and 2016, now recruits around 7,000 workers a year.

Similar is also the case with Bahrain, which has almost stopped recruiting from Bangladesh. Until August this year, Bahrain recruited only 132 workers, which was 811 last year, whereas it used to hire on an average 32,000 a year.

Jordan used to recruit on an average 20,000 workers from Bangladesh every year between 2013 and 2017. Itcame down to around 11,000.

The situation in Oman, Qatar, Singapore remains more or less the same, as they recruited 40,000 to 70,000 workers in recent years. WHAT TO DO?

The new hope is Japan that has signed an MoU with Bangladesh on recruiting skilled workers.

Language training has begun recently for those who wish to go to Japan. It will take some time to prepare the candidates, BMET officials

Migration researcher Rozana Rashid said major problems that Bangladesh faces are failure in checking high migration cost that gives birth to other labour problems; lack of effective negotiation with the recruiting countries and improving required skills of those migrating.

Nursing, medical technology and caregiving are some of the skills that are required in the developed countries. There isn't any effective measure in place to prepare the candidates and explore the markets, she said.

Businesses said in many of the He maintains communications cases, workers having skills in one sector are hired for other jobs. Thus, skills are not utilised properly.

Abdul Alim, proprietor of recruiting agency SA Trading, said international accreditation of the skills is very important for those willing to work in developed countries.

"I have tried to say this to the government in different times over the years, but nobody cares."

Dependency only on the traditional labour markets requiring low and

semi-skilled workers will not be helpful in the future, he added. "If we can make our youths skilled

in the professions demanded outside, we can gain much more. It's high time we plan accordingly and start acting."



Samrat placed on 10-day remand

FROM PAGE 1 lawyers said.

They also said Samrat was suffering from different ailments, including heart disease.

The former Jubo League leader was produced before the court around 1:00pm. Meanwhile, walls of the chief

metropolitan magistrate's court and its surrounding area were found plastered with posters demanding Samrat's release. Activists of Jubo League and Samrat's

supporters also gathered around the court premises and chanted slogans claiming their leader's innocence. They demonstrated under the

banner of "Ismail Hossain Samrat Mukti Parishad" until 1:40pm.

On October 6, Rab members arrested Samrat, former president of Dhaka South Jubo League, and his close aide Enamul Haque Arman, former vicepresident of the same unit, in Cumilla after raiding a house near Indian border. He came under the spotlight after

Rab busted his illegal casino business at different sporting clubs in Dhaka. He was expelled from the Jubo League following his arrest. Samrat was then brought to the

capital, and the elite force conducted operations at various establishments where the Jubo League leader either lived or carried out political and business activities.

Rab also took Samrat to his political office in Kakrail where he had been reportedly staying since the crackdown

began on September 18.

Rab members at a press briefing said they had seized two torture devices, a pistol with five bullets, two hides of Kangaroo, 1,160 pieces of Yaba and 19 bottles of foreign liquor from there.

A Rab mobile court, led by Executive Magistrate Sarwoer Alam, sentenced Samrat to six months' imprisonment for possessing wild animal hides and another six months for possessing illegal liquor.

Rab filed the two cases against him with Ramna police station the next day. On September 24, the government

imposed a travel ban on Samrat. Earlier on October 13, Samrat's mother Sayera Khatun Chowdhury said her son was implicated in the cases due to personal and political vengeance.

Where is my failure?

exclusive interview with The Daily Star at his office on Sunday night.

Abrar Fahad, a second-year student of Buet's electrical and electronic engineering department, was beaten to death by some Chhatra League men at the university's Sher-e-Bangla Hall sometime between 8:30pm on October 6 and 1:30am on October 7.

The murder touched off widespread outrage across the country. Fumed, Buet students began a demonstration on the campus, demanding the highest punishment for the killers. They also called for the VC's resignation over his "silence".

Buet Alumni Association and Teachers' Association also demanded the VC step down for his "failure to

ensure security" on the campus. After the grisly murder, Prof Saiful neither met the agitating students, nor did he attend Abrar's namaz-e-janaza. He showed up around 38 hours after the killing to hold a meeting with the hall provosts, the students alleged.

During the two-and-a-half-hour interview, Prof Saiful, who was appointed the VC on June 23, 2016, defended his position and the actions he took after learning about Abrar's death around 3:00am on October 7.

He said on top of overseeing administrative work, he monitored the situation and maintained constant communication with the police and the higher authorities. He also formed an enquiry committee in consultation with senior teachers that very day.

"I was in my office, doing everything possible to keep the situation under control," said Prof Saiful, an eminent educationist, researcher and electrical and electronic engineering expert.

Asked why he did not meet the agitating students soon after the murder, the Cambridge-educated engineer said, "It was an abnormal situation. The students were furious. Had I gone there, I would have been held hostage because of some miscommunication.

"Then I would not have been able to maintain communications with the government and the communications were very crucial at that time."

Prof Saiful said the director of the university's Directorate of Students' Welfare (DSW) is supposed to handle the situation if anything bad happens to students. "It is the director's prime duty.

with the vice chancellor and takes necessary support from the university authorities. He is supposed to be constantly in touch with the VC until the matter is resolved." Narrating the events that unfolded

after Abrar murder, Prof Saiful said he got a call from the director around 3:00am on October 7. He then woke up his personal secretary and programme officer and requested them to rush to the scene. From then onward, Prof Saiful said,

he was continuously in touch with the officials. He also ordered calling police to the campus and lodging a general diary over the incident.

The VC said the matter was then handled by the higher authorities of

police, including the inspector general of police. The prime minister was also

monitoring the situation. He said he made arrangements for making copies of the CCTV footage from the Sher-e-Bangla Hall, and it took almost the entire day.

Replying to a query, he said he him. called an emergency meeting at his office around 11:00am on October 7.

The meeting, which was attended by faculty deans, department heads, institution directors and other senior teachers of the university, decided to form an enquiry committee, which started working right away.

The deputy education minister was also informed about the situation. Since the university was closed due to Durga Puja holidays, the VC had to do most of the tasks himself.

Around 3:30pm, Abrar's uncle along with one of his relatives met the VC, who consoled the two and gave them an ambulance to take Abrar's body to his home in Kushtia for burial. They were also given a university bus, he said.

Asked why he did not attend the namaz-e-janaza on the campus, he said no one had informed him about

"No one even told me that Abrar's father came to the campus. I would have certainly met him and attended the janaza if I had been informed," he

Talking about ragging at the university dormitories, Prof Saiful blamed the DSW for the situation.

"This [ragging] has a long history. It dates back even before my joining [as Buet VC]," he said.

He said DSW director Prof Delwar Hossain tried his best to keep things under control, but he left due to "health reasons" citing huge work pressure. Later, Prof Satya Prasad Majumder

was given the charge, but he also could not stop ragging at the halls. The VC said Prof Satya failed to check the practices "probably because he was too soft". Prof Saiful said he learnt about

student torture in the name of ragging in June this year during a session review committee meeting with the deans, department heads and institution directors. Some guardians also lodged complaints about ragging. "The then DSW director Prof Satya Prasad Majumder was not present at

the meeting and I immediately asked him about it over the phone. I asked him politely, but he loudly replied that there was no proof to this end. I felt really bad," he said. At another meeting, Prof Satya

Prasad told the VC that he could no longer hold the position.

Later, Prof Saiful appointed Prof Abul Kashem Miah as the new DSW director. Prof Kashem, however, had to resign from the post right away due to strong opposition from BCL leaders, he said.

Prof Mizanur Rahman replaced Prof Kashem. Initially, he took some good steps and even handed down

punishment to some students. "But a few weeks later, I found that pending with me."

some delay in file processing. It was quite painful." "Another point is that I do not sign any file blindly without going through the contents. Currently there is no file

Prof Mizan was also unable to control the [behaviour of BCL] leaders," the VC said, adding, "I cannot intervene

here directly. It's the DSW that is

authorised to look after the students.'

Replying to another query, he rejected the allegation that the DSW director did not get cooperation from

reach me over phone at 3:00 in the morning the day Abrar was killed?" he asked. "My door is always open for him,"

"It is absolutely false. If he does

not get me all the time, how could he

he said, adding that the DSW director would get his full support in future. Prof Saiful said a senior teacher with a strong personality should be

that students, provosts and assistant provosts obey his orders. "That has been our practice," he

holding the DSW director's post so

Asked about his high number of overseas trips, he said he went abroad in the interests of the university. He mentioned he presented his own research paper on two occasions.

"I never took a single penny from the university or the government. I was invited and those who invited me bore all the expenses," he said.

He said he signed 66 Memorandums of Understanding (MoUs) different universities, institutions and organisations, including Oxford University, for research collaboration, exchange of faculty members and post graduate students. "These faculty members have started bringing in positive results for us."

Speaking about the allegation that it was difficult to reach him, the VC said it was also not true. "My door is always open for the students and the teachers. I am always available for He said, "After nine years, I arranged

a convocation attended by nearly 7,500 Buet students in February. It would not have happened had there been any communication gap."

He said he sought government permission for holding another convocation in February next year. Asked why he lives outside the

university campus, Prof Saiful said he does that because he received various threats. "It's unfortunate that I got life threats through anonymous letters and text messages. It has been painful for me since I joined office. "I stay on the campus from

morning to midnight. I also need to attend various meetings, which are compulsory for me. The VC also refuted the allegation

that he was responsible for delay in dispatching official files. "When I took charge, there was

a backlog of around 4,500 files. It is because my post had been vacant for a couple of months and the immediate past VC was ill for quite some time. It took me around a year and a half to clear those files. That's why there was

23, including 7 ex-Barapukuria MDs, now wanted

They are accused in case filed over 1.45 lakh tonnes coal unaccounted for

OUR CORRESPONDENT, Dinajpur

A court yesterday issued arrest warrants for 23 people, including seven former managing directors of Barapukuria Coal Mining Company Limited (BCMCL), in a case filed over coal worth Tk 230 crore going missing from a mine in Dinajpur.

A senior special judge's court in Dinajpur issued the warrant after accepting the charge sheet, submitted by the Anti-Corruption Commission, in the case, ACC lawmaker Aminur Rahman told The Daily Star.

None of the accused were present at the court yesterday.

ACC Deputy Director in Dinajpur Ashiqur Rahman had submitted the charge sheet to the court on July 24. The accused former BCMCL

managing directors are Mahabubur Rahman, Abdul Aziz Khan, Khurshid Alam, Quamruzzaman, Anisuzzaman, SM Nurul Aurangjeb, and Habib Uddin Ahmed. Following the detection of 1.45

lakh tonnes coal going missing in early July last year, BCMCL Manager Anisur Rahman filed the case with Parbatipur police station, accusing 19 officials. The ACC later took over the investigation.

It was to frame

slaughtered the child. The criminals

also cut off Tuhin's ears, genital and

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pierced two knives into his abdomen that had two people's names embedded on its grips, he added. Meanwhile, Tuhin's father Abdul Basir, uncle Abdul Musobbir and their

neighbour Jamshed Ali were placed on three-day remand each. Sunamganj Senior Judicial Magistrate Shyam Kanta Saha passed the order as police placed them before the court with five-day remand plea.

All five of the accused were detained on Monday and shown arrested after Tuhin's mother Monira Begum filed a case with Derai Police Station in connection with the murder, the

police official said. Body of Tuhin was found on

Monday hanging from a tree some 200 yards away from his home at Kejaura of Sunamganj's Derai upazila.

Both of his ears and genital were cut off, throat was slit, and two knives pierced into his abdomen.

RIGHTS GROUPS CONDEMNED

THE MURDER

National Human Rights Commission Chairman Nasima Begum yesterday strongly condemned the brutal killing of Tuhin. In a statement, she wrote, "The

commission is observing that different types of heinous activities are occurring due to degradation of

ethical values of few people. "The commission expresses strong condemnation over the brutal killing

of five-year child Tuhin." The statement also urged the authorities to ensure exemplary punishment to the killers.

Earlier, the commission directed the superintendent of Sunamganj police to take necessary steps against the killers and to inform the commission what steps have been

taken by November 7. Besides, Bangladesh Mahila Parishad also condemned the brutal murder of Tuhin.

"Bangladesh Mahila Parishad expresses deep concern and sorrow over this heinous and brutal murder,"

Indonesia arrests two dozen after minister attack

said the press statement.

AFP, Jakarta

Indonesian police said they have arrested more than two dozen suspected militants after members of a network linked to the Islamic State (IS) group tried to assassinate a government minister.

The world's biggest Muslim majority nation is on high alert ahead of President Joko Widodo's second-term inauguration on Sunday, with some 27,000 troops expected to be deployed in the capital Jakarta.

Authorities have also banned mass demonstrations in the lead up to Widodo's swearing in, for fear they might be used as cover for an attack, State Intelligence Agency spokesman Wawan Purwanto said.

Last week two militants stabbed Security Minister Wiranto, a former general who goes by one name, during an official visit to West Java. The 72-year-old was rushed by

helicopter to Jakarta, where he was treated for knife wounds to his stomach. He is recovering in hospital. Some 27 suspected militants had

been arrested since the attack, said national police spokesman Dedi Prasetyo. Prasetyo also said police seized

sharp weapons, explosive materials and chemicals during the raids. The arrests took place across the

Southeast Asian archipelago of some 260 million people, including in Bali where a father and son were brought in for allegedly planning attacks on the holiday island.