ASIAN MARKETS

0.92%

TOKYO

0.54%

DHAKA SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 8, 2019, BHADRA 24, 1426 BS starbusiness@thedailystar.net

\$61.54

Non-bank entities can soon set up ATMs

AKM ZAMIR UDDIN

STOCKS

1.62%

DSEX

CSCX

V 0.02%

COMMODITIES

Gold \

\$1,505.40

The central bank will allow non-bank entities to set up automated teller machines (ATMs) and point of sale (POS) terminals as it ramps up efforts to promote card-based transactions across the country. The move will help people in distant parts of

the country to settle their transactions without going to banks as some private companies already have plans to install a large number of ATMs, said a Bangladesh Bank official.

At present, only banks are allowed to set up ATM and POS, but they are now showing little interest in expanding the facilities given the high maintenance cost, additional manpower and high security measures.

The central bank has been working on the issue for long and has almost completed all relevant work to roll out the service.

A guideline will be issued within the next couple of months, the BB official added.

India's central bank has issued such a guideline in 2012 and allowed non-bank entities to set up ATMs in 2014.

The intended companies, which will set up ATMs and POS, will have to take licences from the central bank to act as a payment system





Money withdrawal fee: Same bank free Other bank Tk 15 (min) SOURCE: BANGLADESH BANK **NUMBER OF ATM BOOTHS PER** 100,000 ADULTS AS OF 2017 81.45 22.07 10.44 8.07

Number of ATM booths: 10,722 (as of Jun 2019)

CURRENCIES

BUY TK 83.50

Friday closings

SHANGHAI

0.46%

SINGAPORE

0.08%

provider (PSO).

The PSOs will have to deposit Tk 50 lakh with the central bank.

Last month, Pay Union Bangladesh applied to the central bank seeking permission to set up ATMs and the central bank has taken the application positively as well.

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Tembon.

delivery".

were also present.

Bank official said yesterday.

at Brac Centre Inn in Dhaka.

Jasoda Jibon Debnath, managing director of the company, told The Daily Star that his fintech organisation would install at least 5,000 ATMs across the country.

As of June, banks have installed 10,722 ATMs and 52,846 POS terminals while they issued 12.03 lakh credit cards and 1.57 crore debit cards, according to data from the central

Bangladesh has made remarkable

progress in human and infrastructure

development, yet access to quality

education, healthcare, safe drinking water

and sanitation is still a far cry, a top World

progress in the delivery of basic services.

One factor is the absence of a well-

functioning local government institution

in Bangladesh," said WB Country Director

for Bangladesh and Bhutan Mercy Miyang

South Asia Economic Network Conference

She spoke at the opening of the fourth

The South Asian Network on Economic

Modelling (Sanem) and The World

Bank organised the two-day event on

"Subnational finance and local service

Planning Minister MA Mannan

"There are several factors that hinder

"The number of ATMs and POSs will increase manifold if the central bank permits non-bank entities to set up the infrastructure," Debnath added.

SOURCE: WORLD BANK

Osman Haidar, director (business) of IT Consultants, said that his company had submitted application two years ago. "We have enough preparation to install a

good number of ATMs at a time when the central bank will issue the guideline," he said. As per the central bank's guideline, the non-

bank entities will have to set up ATMs evenly between rural and urban areas but with a view to deepening financial inclusion, the BB official said. In many countries, banks hardly provide ATM service as dedicated non-bank entities have

taken up the responsibility. READ MORE ON B3

Badly performing stocks fly amid market slump

At a time when investors are losing money on good stocks, gambling on underperforming companies is rampant.

In the last three weeks, the prices of 10 badly-performing companies' stocks soared 9 to 37 percent for seemingly no reason, when the overall market fell 4.26 percent, according to data from the Dhaka Stock Exchange.

................

The companies too informed the DSE that there is no reason for the abnormal price hike of the stocks.

The share price of Kay & Que, which was upgraded to 'B' category last year after languishing in the 'Z' category for seven years, jumped to Tk 235 from Tk 179 in the last three weeks. If a company fails to provide less than

10 percent dividend then it is put in the 'B' category and if it fails to provide any dividend it becomes a 'Z' category stock. Kay & Que's earnings per share (EPS)

stood at Tk 0.65 in the last three quarters, down from Tk 0.69 a year earlier. What is more, the company itself informed the investors that there is no

reason for the abnormal price rise. "Some people are playing with the stocks. Otherwise, it could not jump such

a way," said a top official of a leading

merchant bank. He went on to blast the stock market regulator for not taking instant steps when prices of poorly performing companies are soaring.

The Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC) can easily find out how and who are playing behind the scene, he added.

General investors are losing money by

TOP TEN GAINERS OF THE DSE Aug 18-Sep 5

Company	Category	Gain (in %)
Monno Jute	A	37.3
(ay & Que	В	30.6
SS Steel	N	30.5
Standard Ceramic	В	29.7
(han Brothers PP	В	24.7
ilco Pharma	N	21.8
Wata Chemical	A	20.1
Inited Airways	Z	18.8
Keya Cosmetics	Z	18.4
Stylecraft	Α	18.3

when their prices are rising, said a stock broker preferring anonymity. "So, the regulator should take necessary steps when the stocks rose abnormally," he

investing in these low performing stocks

added. In the last two weeks, only three companies from the 'A' category were

among the top 10 gainers. The three companies also have low market capitalisation, meaning they are

easy to manipulate. Monno Jute Stafflers' paid-up capital is Tk 2 crore, Wata Chemicals' Tk 11.85 crore

and Stylecraft Tk 5 crore. The three stocks rose 37.3 percent, 20.1 percent and 18.3 percent respectively.

READ MORE ON B3

GP, Robi's parent companies back off from Asian merger

AFP, Oslo

Norwegian telecom operator Telenor said Friday talks on merging its Asian operations with Malaysian telecom group Axiata have ended due to complexities with the transaction.

The companies announced in May that they had entered talks on creating a new company to serve nearly 300 million customers in nine Asian countries.

Telenor would have controlled 56.5 percent of the shares and Axiata the remaining 43.5 percent. "Due to some complexities involved in the Proposed

Transaction, the parties have mutually agreed to end the discussion," Telenor said in a statement. They did not rule out the possibility of a "future

transaction", according to the statement. The proposed company would have had its headquarters in Kuala Lumpur and be listed on an international

stock exchange as well as the Malaysian exchange Bursa In addition to northern Europe, Telenor currently has

operations in Thailand, Malaysia, Bangladesh, Pakistan and Myanmar. Axiata is present in Malaysia, Bangladesh, Cambodia,

Nepal, Sri Lanka and Indonesia.

When Norwegian markets opened on Friday following the announcement Telenor shares fell 6.3 percent.

Beef up local govt to boost service delivery

Experts say at Sanem-World Bank event



Planning Minister MA Mannan speaks at the opening of the fourth South Asia **Economic Network Conference at Brac Centre Inn in Dhaka yesterday.**

(LGIs) thanks to the series of legal reforms

for delivering just 1 percent of total decentralised system with various levels government expenditure. And, even these

inaugurated the event where researchers from India, Nepal, Sri Lanka and Pakistan brought in recent years, Tembon said. "Collectively these LGIs are responsible Bangladesh now has an administratively

of elected local government institutions resources are not all well spent," she said. Tembon stressed the need for

> decentralisation. "International experience suggests that basic services such as education, healthcare, water, sanitation and local level

law and order are often delivered better when their provision is decentralised," she said.

In a session, former Bangladesh Bank governor Atiur Rahman said researchers, civil society think-tanks, NGOs and international development partners have long been emphasising on the need for empowering the LGIs through fiscal and administrative decentralisation.

"Statistics also show that Bangladesh indeed is among the least decentralised countries among the world," he said, adding that share of LGI expenses is 7 percent of the total national budget.

It is much below the developing country developed countries, he added.

average of 19 percent and 28 percent for

Rahman said Bangladesh has done well in terms of social and economic

indicators. But, as the country chases bigger

dreams such as double-digit growth, eradication of poverty and issues related to decentralisation have become more important than ever before, he said, adding empowered LGIs can better serve people.

READ MORE ON B3

EBL arranges Tk 200cr for Butterfly refrigerator plant

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Eastern Bank Limited (EBL) has arranged a syndicated term loan of Tk 208.69 crore for Butterfly Manufacturing Company Limited to help it establish a completely-knocked-down refrigerator manufacturing plant in Mymensingh.

The state-of-the-art plant will manufacture energy efficient, nofrost refrigerators with technical collaboration of LG Electronics. A deal closing ceremony was held at The Westin Dhaka recently, says a

press release. MA Mannan, Butterfly's chairman and managing director; MDs and CEOs Ali Reza Iftekhar of EBL, Arif Khan of IDLC Finance, M Fakhrul Alam of ONE Bank and SM Shamsul Arefin of Uttara Finance; DK Son, managing director of LG Electronics-Dhaka, and other representatives from participating

financial institutions were present.

Trade war helps raise apparel export to US

Garment buying houses say automation is a big challenge

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

The US-China trade war is directly benefitting Bangladeshi exporters, with garment shipments to the US increasing over 3 percent this year compared to that last year, said the leaders of Bangladesh Garment Buying House Association yesterday. Last year the shipments to Bangladesh's largest export destination

decreased percent

year-on-year, said the association's President Kazi Iftequer Hossain at a press conference at its office in Dhaka.

Though Bangladesh will continue to benefit from the trade skirmishes, the biggest gainer is Vietnam which has received more work orders, he said. The biggest challenges

adoption fast are of automation and exploration of marketing avenues alongside meeting shortages of skilled midlevel manpower, he added.

"We need to produce massive numbers of trained human resources to survive in the business in the age of automation," said the association chief.

Some Bangladeshi garment exporters are already in business with Amazon, a US-based global e-commerce giant, and industry insiders say marketing through one of the world's largest online retailers leads to lesser dependence on human resources. "So the automation has been taking place not only in the

production of the garment items but also in the distribution of the goods," Hossain also said. "Our garment business

STAR/FILE

should be more technology dependent, otherwise we cannot go very far with the traditional marketing system and production in the factories," he said replying to queries of journalists. textile law last year has

Though Bangladesh will continue to benefit from the ongoing trade war, the

biggest gainer will be Vietnam, buying houses say.

allowed buying houses to get registered with the government and come to the mainstream, bringing discipline to the sector, he added. Currently,

the association has over 500 members, he said, adding that 46 have got registered with the government while another 164 have already applied.

The formulation of the

Economists wary of income inequality

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Economists yesterday expressed concern over income inequality mounting side by side economic growth, saying this could emerge as a threat for the nation.

As per the latest Household Income and Expenditure Survey (Hies), the country's Gini coefficient in a worrying development stood at 0.482 in 2016, up from 0.458 in 2010. Measured on a scale of 0 to 1, the Gini coefficient is an economic measure of equality; the closer it is to 1, the

higher the inequality. "Over 0.5 percent Gini coefficient in any economy is a dangerous position," said Prof Moinul Islam, former president of Bangladesh Economic Association (BEA).



এমটিবি এজেন্ট ব্যাংকিং সেন্টার স্থাপনের মাধ্যমে ব্যাংকিং সেবা প্রদান করার লক্ষ্যে সারা বাংলাদেশে যোগ্যতা সাপেক্ষে এজেন্ট নিয়োগ করা হচ্ছে



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