



LIFE'S LYRICS **NASHID KAMAL**

It was around the year 2003, Indian crooner Anuradha Padwal was going to have a live performance in the prestigious Dhaka Club and I was to host the show. Earlier, my childhood friend Justice Dr. Syed Refaat Ahmed had given me a hint that he would like to request some songs. As the show proceeded, I was on stage, he quietly handed me a very small chit with his requests. I opened the chit and my eyes were almost popping off! It had names of the songs, name of the film, name of the artist and the year the film was made, all in a small chit, a complete bibliography of six/seven songs. His meticulousness struck me, and I wondered how sometimes you spend your entire life knowing, befriending someone and suddenly with the discovery of one small trait you realize; so much is yet to be known.

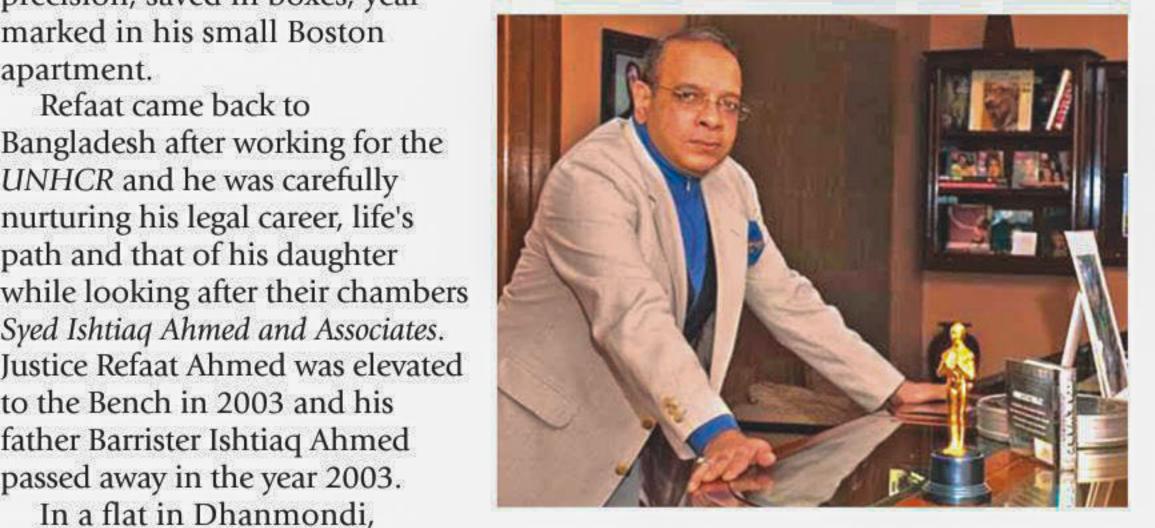
Thus started my journey to know my friend better who has been an aficionado collector since the late 1960s of film, music and theatre memorabilia, recordings, magazines, books, pamphlets, filmographies etc. I remember when Aishwarya Rai (2003) was featured in the front page of the Time Magazine, Refaat brought out the issue where Parveen Babi was featured as the first Bollywood star in 1976! He shared his penchant with his friends. Being a very meritorious student he has always had outstanding results in St. Joseph's School, Dhaka College, then honours in law from Dhaka University securing a first class first. He went to Wadham College in Oxford University and later earned his PhD from the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy in Boston, USA. During his stint in Boston,I used to hear from his mother National Professor Sufia Ahmed about his attention to details and his knack for archiving pictures of his daughter Roshanak, dates and places, times and moments all noted with

precision, saved in boxes, yearmarked in his small Boston apartment.

Refaat came back to Bangladesh after working for the UNHCR and he was carefully nurturing his legal career, life's path and that of his daughter while looking after their chambers Syed Ishtiaq Ahmed and Associates.

to the Bench in 2003 and his father Barrister Ishtiaq Ahmed passed away in the year 2003. In a flat in Dhanmondi,

his birth year i.e. 1958 finds a corner.



Dhaka, his long cherished Archiva was inaugurated in December 2010. It is a private archive-exhibit curated by him. The exhibits on display are part of a larger collection and have been selected as a personal tribute to icons from the selected world of film, theatre, television and music. When I entered for the first time, there was a corner for the first long play record from Bangladesh, produced by Jamil Chowdhury, a Tagore collection including a wonderful rendition by Iffat Ara Dewan, Era porke apon kore aponare por. Perhaps Refaat's collection is a ploy to bring these luminaries close to the heart. His favourite Ferdausi Begum's LP, one of Shahnaz Rahmatullah, Farida Khanamare all displayed with splendor. Lighting, furniture, choice of angle, every detail has been created with care. His own yester years and crazes with which we grew up...The Beatles, Carpenters, Elton John, Walt Disney,

But, in all, the exhibits are rather open ended in their theme and objective. Archiva's collection has over the years notably expanded to also cover works of scholarship and generally attainments by individuals known and close to the Curator through various forms of association. Justice Ahmed says, "These objects transcend time and evoke wistful affection of a cherished former era."

His daughter Roshanak who took her schooling in Los Angeles and Dhaka, earned her bachelors from UC Santa Barbara shares his penchant for photography and archiving.

Justice Ahmed's *Facebook* is also an interesting journey through his life, travels, reading, and collection of friends, representing physical and metaphysical aspects. Summed up in his own comments on his *Facebook* page "To be an archivist requires an even more humble and generous spirit than to be a historian."

To quote Justice Ahmed, Archiva's motto is perhaps best encapsulated in the following quote from Orhan Pamuk's The Museum of Innocence. "The power of things inheres in the memories they gather up inside them, and also in the vicissitudes of our imagination, and our memory-of this there is no doubt."



PHOTO: SHEIKH MEHEDI MORSHED

HISTORY RETOID

Yes, I am talking about Mahasthan, a play written by Dr Selim Mozahar (apologies for not being sure about the English spelling he prefers), visualized and directed by Liaquat Ali Lucky, and fascinatingly performed by an over 300 casts aided by another almost 100 off-stage supports like props, costumes, light and music at the place that bears the witness of the long history of almost 2500 years of Bengal. The play is classified as protnonatok in Bangla, a genre that is claimed to be belonging to archeological play (perhaps a new coinage), meaning the history of the past reconstructed by scanning the excavated buildings and objects spiced up with imagination - as sans imagination no artistic form or innovation can sustain or be sapid.

My memory gives me a hint that in one of his essays on literature and history, Rabindranath mentioned historians often fail to write unbiased chronicles of a nation for they in one way or other suffer from some kind of illiberal beliefs affected by the time and ambiance they live in. But the real, uninhibited and authentic history of a society, civilization or for that matter a nation can be found in the artistic and literary creations of the time, and that is the distinctiveness of the works of art. I truly subscribe to this view of the great writer. With the amount of imagination Selim as the playwright and Liaquat Ali as director have depicted the history in the play Mahasthan, it truly is the honest and spectacular narrative of three thousand years of evolution of our language and land.

Both the writer and the director have denotatively taken up a wide canvas that bears a horizontal and vertical space—especially when we see the open-air performance done at Mahasthangarh, an archaeological site in Bogura, and a befitting venue for chronicling these particular events of the past. The initial narrative done by

WHAT'S **IN THE** THEATER? **ABDUS SELIM**



Asaduzzaman Noor with his sedate and compelling voice immediately creates the aura that is essentially necessitated for such an imposing performance. It is really amazing that Lucky has been able to paint the vast and massive space so adroitly, and also concertedly conjoin the fragmented episodesof historical narrative by means of convincing props, glaring light, assertive sound, apt music and glowing costumes. The entire performance has flawlessly ensued a grand spectacular and there is not a moment of boredom felt by the audience. In fact he has synchronized and linked the dialogues and acting done at different corners and spaces of the performing-frame in such a way that the play has assumed the form and shape of an adorably consummate whole.

But there are places where I have personally felt the play could be more artistically accomplished. Some of the anecdotes, I presume, have given impressions that the play overtly tries to disseminate a particular political message. Though it is not unimportant or untrue altogether, it has conspicuously and obviously stalled the very vital breathtaking continuum of the play. This could have been done more covertly and artistically.

I have no hesitation saying that I have never had any aesthetic experience of the kind that I had on November 23 evening when the play had its debut performance at Mahasthangarh. I heard about the adaptation of the Indian epic poem and subsequent stage play of the Mahabharata by Peter Brook. But that too was a proscenium performance. With the history of the past Liaquat Ali Lucky has created a history in the open space no doubt - he has told our history in a spectacular manner.

The writer is a theatre activist, playwright and theatre critic. He is also a Bangla Academy awardee for translation.

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