

CU ADMISSION TEST

Ctg police bust

forgery gang

STAR REPORT

Police claimed to have busted an admission test forgery gang and held two persons, including a Bangladesh Chhatra League leader, in the city's Badurtala area on Thursday night, hours before yesterday's D unit admission test of Chittagong University.

One of the arrestees is Isteyak Ahmed Surov, a final-year student of marketing, police said. They did not reveal the identity of the other person but said he was an admission seeker, reports a staff correspondent in Chittagong.

Isteyak is an assistant secretary of the suspended CU unit of Chhatra League, student wing of ruling Awami League.

Meanwhile, the university authorities have suspended Isteyak, and Nazmul Kabir, a second-year student of English, in this regard, said CU Proctor Ali Asgar Chowdhury.

On Wednesday, police arrested Nazmul in Bayezid area. Based on his information, the law enforcers arrested Isteyak along with the admission seeker at a flat in Badurtala, said Assistant Commissioner Mobassser Hossain of Chittagong Metropolitan

Police.

"Police seized three devices, two Bluetooth earpieces, two stamps worth Tk 100 each and four eraser pens from his possession," he said, adding that Isteyak was the "tutor" of the gang, which also teaches admission seekers how to use the devices.

AC Mobassser told The Daily Star, "The gang has five members in the decision-making level. They have already used the method during the admission tests of Dhaka University and Jatiya Kabi Kazi Nazrul Islam University.

"The gang has different sub-groups and collects candidates from different coaching centres," he added.

He said, "A group first collects admission seekers and makes a deal with them. Another group supplies electronic devices that look like Visa or Master Card with mobile SIM slots and train the aspirants.

"During the tests, the gang opens a control room and assigns individuals for providing the right answers," he said.

Talking to The Daily Star at Bayezid Police Station yesterday, Isteyak said, "I got involved with the gang through my

SEE PAGE 12 COL 6

November 22 1963

John F. Kennedy assassinated

11:40am local time

The president's plane, Air Force One, touches down and his motorcade begins a tour of the city.

12:30pm

The presidential Lincoln arrives at Dealey Plaza

3

Seconds later, three shots are fired. The first shot misses

4

The second shot wounds Kennedy in the throat before hitting Texas Governor John Connally

5

The third shot hits Kennedy in the head, causing a fatal injury

6

1:38pm CBS television "From Dallas, Texas, the Flash: President Kennedy died at 1pm"

7

Approx 1:45pm Lee Harvey Oswald, 24, an employee at the Texas School Book Depository, is arrested

8

2:38pm Lyndon Johnson is sworn in as president on Air Force One

9

November 24, 11:20am Oswald is fatally shot by Jack Ruby, 52, a local nightclub owner, as he leaves police HQ for the county jail

10

Sept. 24, 1964 The Warren Report is published. It concludes that Oswald killed Kennedy and that he acted alone

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March 29, 1979 A US congressional report concludes Kennedy died as a result of a conspiracy, prompting further debate over who killed the president and why

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Indian media reports on Bangladesh 'speculative' Says external affairs ministry

OUR CORRESPONDENT, New Delhi

India yesterday termed as "speculative" media reports that Pakistan's Inter-Services Intelligence attempt to change the current government in Bangladesh and India has conveyed to authorities in Dhaka.

"We think the news reports you have seen are speculative. On behalf of the MEA (Ministry of External Affairs), we do not want to give any credence to them and we do not want to give any support to them," MEA spokesman Raveesh Kumar told the weekly media briefing here in response to a question posed by an Indian journalist.

The spokesman state stepped a question if Bangladesh Nationalist Party Chairperson Khaleda Zia, during her meeting with External Affairs Minister Sushma Swaraj sought coming parliamentary elections in that country under a caretaker government.

He said several issues were discussed between Swaraj and the Bangladesh leaders as to how take forward and strengthen India-Bangladesh relations.

RU takes

FROM PAGE 16

This particular MCQ, along with another controversial one from that paper, later triggered an outrage on the campus and criticisms on social media, with many blasting the university authorities for coming up with the "extremely communal" questions.

The other question was, "When did the Myanmar army and the Buddhists launch an armed attack on the Rohingya Muslims?"

Kushtia murder

FROM PAGE 16

returned fire, triggering the "gunfight" that lasted for half an hour, the police official said, adding that they found the body of Anwar on the spot after the "gunfight".

Police also claimed to have recovered a pistol and two bullets from the spot.

According to the OC, Anwar stood accused in Rafiqul murder, three robbery and two abduction cases filed with Kumarkhali Police Station.

On October 13, another accused of Rafiqul murder case, Shahinur Rahman, was also killed in a "shoot-out" with police.

Anwar's younger brother Sanwar Hossain told this correspondent that they were unaware of his brother's whereabouts since Rafiqul was murdered on October 9.

According to police, Rafiqul's younger brother Shafiqul "hired" Anwar and Shahinur to kill Rafiqul "over extramarital affairs with the victim's wife".

Shafiqul and his sister-in-law are two others accused in the case. They are now in jail.

Khaleda goes

FROM PAGE 1

Secretary General Mirza Fakhru Islam Alamgir had a meeting with the leaders of the party's district, front and associate bodies concerned at the party headquarters in Nayapaltan to make Khaleda's tour a success.

"Party leaders, activists and supporters will stand along the highway to greet the chairperson on her way to Cox's Bazar. The leaders were asked not to block the highway and build any arches as she is making the trip to provide humanitarian relief," BNP Vice Chairman Mohammad Shahjahan told The Daily Star.

He also said a team, led by him, was working to make sure that Khaleda's motorcade could move smoothly and no untoward incident took place.

BNP chairperson's adviser Taimur Alam Khandakar, also a party leader from Narayanganj, said the district BNP leaders already held a number of meetings with the leaders of the party's associate and front bodies to ensure maximum participation by BNP men and supporters.

"Around 2.5 lakh BNP leaders and activists of Narayanganj will gather along the Dhaka-Chittagong highway during the chairperson's trip to Cox's Bazar," he said.

Khorshed Alam, president of Comilla (north) district BNP, said they had been taking preparations for the last few days and hoped that thousands of party leaders and activists

would welcome Khaleda.

Party men would stand along the Dhaka-Chittagong highway at the stretch between the Meghna Bridge and Comilla Biswa Road.

Khaleda is scheduled to start from her Gulshan house for Chittagong at 10:00am today and spend the night at Chittagong Circuit House, said BNP Senior Joint Secretary General Ruhul Kabir Rizvi.

She will start for Cox's Bazar tomorrow. After staying overnight at Cox's Bazar Circuit House, the BNP chief will visit four Rohingya refugee camps in Balukhali, Boalmari and Jamtali in Ukhiya upazila of Cox's Bazar on Monday, Rizvi added.

The former prime minister is likely to return to Dhaka on Tuesday, said the BNP leader.

Meanwhile, another BNP team, lead by party standing committee members Mirza Abbas and Nazrul Islam Khan, was looking after the relief distribution programme.

"The BNP chairperson is likely to provide relief materials to 10,000 families which would benefit 50,000 people. Besides, aid will be distributed among 10,000 newborn babies and pregnant women," said Mirza Abbas.

Khaleda last went to Cox's Bazar in November 2012 to visit Buddhist monasteries and houses which were damaged in communal attacks in Ramu upazila.

Methodical crimes against Rohingya

FROM PAGE 1

army chief on Thursday and expressed concern over reported atrocities against the Rohingya in Rakhine, the State Department said in a statement.

Tillerson urged the army chief, Senior General Min Aung Hlaing, to support the Myanmar government in ending the violence and allowing the safe return of the Rohingya who have fled the area, the statement added.

The State Department is considering formally declaring the crackdown on Rohingya Muslims to be ethnic cleansing.

In another development, the Myanmar authorities have agreed to allow the UN to resume the distribution of food in the northern Rakhine, where such UN activities had been suspended for two months amid the crackdown.

"The WFP has been given the green light to resume food assistance operations in northern part of Rakhine. We are working with the government to coordinate the details," WFP Spokeswoman Bettina Luescher told journalists in Geneva.

She had no timeline or details on the proposed food distribution of rations to northern Rakhine, and said it was still being discussed with the authorities in Myanmar. "We just have to see what the situation on the ground is. It's very hard to say these things if you can't get in."

SHAKEN AND ANGRY

The UN Fact Finding team of three independent experts spent six days interviewing some of the 605,000 Rohingya who are in refugee camps in Cox's Bazar.

An advance team of UN rights officers have been conducting comprehensive interviews for weeks.

Expert Radhika Coomaraswamy, former Special Representative of the

UN Secretary-General on Children and Armed Conflict, said the misery and despair she witnessed in the camps had left her "shaken and angry".

The Mission has applied to the Myanmar government for access to Myanmar. It seeks the views of the government and the military on what has happened and why, and wishes to conduct inquiries inside Rakhine State itself.

However, access to the country has not yet been granted, without which it becomes more difficult -- though not impossible -- to establish the facts.

For example, whether the armed attacks on military posts actually occurred, as the government claims, can only be established when the government presents the information that has led it to draw this conclusion.

The third expert, Christopher Sidoti, an Australian international human rights specialist, said the visit to Bangladesh also focused on the future of the Rohingyas. The United Nations and many Governments have called for their return to Myanmar. "They must be allowed to return home," Sidoti said.

The Mission is required to submit an interim report to the Human Rights Council in March 2018 and a final report in September 2018 to the Council and to the General Assembly.

'NO RIGHTS WHATSOEVER'

Earlier on Thursday, UN Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Myanmar, Yanghee Lee, a professor at Sungkyunwan University of South Korea, expressed deep disappointment over what she described as the country's Nobel laureate leader's indifference towards the plight of the Rohingya.

She condemned the widespread

US releases JFK assassination files

FROM PAGE 16

his agency informed police of a threat against the life of Kennedy's killer Lee Harvey Oswald the night before Oswald was murdered. Police, however, failed to act.

While many theories over the years have related to Oswald's ties to Cuban or Soviet operatives, an FBI memo in 1963 indicated Kennedy's death was source of deep mourning in the USSR.

According to a source, "officials at the Communist Party of the Soviet Union believed there was some well-organised conspiracy on the part of the 'ultra-right' in the United States to effect a 'coup'."

The Soviets feared the killing would be used as a pretext to "stop negotiations with the Soviet Union, attack Cuba, and thereafter spread the war."

WITHHELD FILES

The Warren Commission, which investigated the shooting of the charismatic Kennedy, 46, determined that Oswald, a former Marine sharpshooter, carried out the Kennedy assassination acting alone.

The released files are vast in number and scope, covering everything from FBI directors' memos to interviews with members of the public in Dallas who came forward trying to provide clues after that singularly unforgettable moment in US history.

Trump said in a memorandum he had agreed to hold back for further review some records relating to the

killing following pushback from intelligence agencies.

"I have no choice -- today -- but to accept those redactions rather than allow potentially irreversible harm to our nation's security," he said.

Trump gave agencies six months -- until April 26, 2018 -- to make their case for why the remaining documents should not be made public.

FULL AND UNREDACTED

The 2,891 records approved for release in compliance with a 1992 act of Congress are viewable on the National Archives website, in full and unredacted form.

"The president wants to ensure that there is full transparency here," an official said, but "there does remain sensitive information in the records."

This includes, for example, the identities of informants and "activities that were conducted with the support of foreign partner organisations, either intelligence or law enforcement," the official said.

The Warren Commission's formal conclusion that Oswald killed JFK has done little to quell speculation that a more sinister plot was behind the murder of the 35th US president.

Hundreds of books and movies such as the 1991 Oliver Stone film "JFK" have fed the conspiracy industry, pointing the finger at Cold War rivals the Soviet Union or Cuba, the Mafia and even Kennedy's vice president, Lyndon Johnson.

Kennedy assassination experts eagerly awaited the opportunity to look at the files but sought to tamp down expectations.

Gerald Posner, author of "Case Closed," which determined that Oswald did indeed act alone, said people who think the files will "have the solution to the case that everybody can settle on" are going to be disappointed.

Experts agreed, however, that the documents may shed some light on an intriguing chapter in Oswald's life -- including his trip to Mexico City about seven weeks before the shooting where he is known to have met with Cuban and Soviet spies.

The CIA and FBI may be blocking the release of certain documents to hide their own failings, said Larry Sabato, a professor of politics at the University of Virginia and the author of "The Kennedy Half Century."

"They had every indication that Oswald was a misfit and a sociopath," he said.

But neither agency informed the Secret Service, which is charged with protecting the president, he said.

Oswald defected to the Soviet Union in 1959 but returned to the United States in 1962.

Two days after killing Kennedy he was fatally shot by a nightclub owner, Jack Ruby, as he was being transferred from the city jail.

Imported LNG

FROM PAGE 1

fertiliser plants remain shut down for several months due to the shortage.

The government recently signed an agreement with Qatar to import the LNG based on a pricing formula.

Petrobangla sources said import of 500 mmcf of gas will require Tk 12,720 crore per year. And import of 1000 mmcf of gas will cost around Tk 25,000 crore or US\$ 3 billion a year.

The first installment of LNG supply is expected to begin from April from a floating LNG terminal being built by US-based Excelerate Energy in Moheshkhali under a Petrobangla sponsored project. The terminal will receive imported LNG, gasify the liquids and pump it into the national gas grid at the rate of 500 million cubic feet per day (mmcf).

The Gas Transmission Company Limited is building a pipeline from Moheshkhali to the national gas grid in Chittagong and expects to be ready for pumping gas by April 2018.

The second installment of LNG supply is expected from late 2018 from another LNG terminal being built by country's biggest local power producer Summit. Summit would supply another 500 mmcf from Moheshkhali.

"Our LNG cost will be US\$0.46 per mmcf for port services to bring in the LNG (Liquefied natural gas carrier)

LNG terminal capacity		
Fiscal year	Annual (mmcf)	Accumulated (mmcf)
2017-18	700	700
2018-19	500	1200
2019-20	500	1700
2022-23	2000	3700
2023-24	1000	4700

berthing them along side Summit LNG's FSRU (Floating Storage vessel and Regasification Unit) with a capacity of 1,38,000 m3 (meter cube) with a send out capacity of 500 mmcf," said Muhammad Aziz Khan, chief of Summit Group.

Aziz noted that US\$0.46 was among the world's lowest tariff for this kind of operation. Re-gassified LNG is the cleanest and most environmentally friendly fossil fuel available in the world.

Summit has tolling arrangement with the Rupantorito Prakritik Gas Company Ltd (RPGCL) for 15 years after which Summit would hand over the vessel, mooring system, subsea pipe etc free to RPGCL. The RPGCL would import the LNG.

In his last budget speech, finance minister AMA Muhith had suggested that the gas price would have to go up alongside import of LNG.

Criminals beat

FROM PAGE 16

Locals and police said Moshir was going to buy a goat in the village around 8:30am. When he reached a tea stall, local goons, led by former UP member Ataul Haque