Schoolbags

effect in six months. It asked the government to instruct schools to ensure no children carry heavy bags.

Hailing the verdict, guardians of students in different schools urged the government to formulate the law immediately.

Hasibul Alam, father of a class-I student at an English medium school, said, "My son often looks weary when he returns home from school. Apart from textbooks, he carries a few exercise books and a diary. He tells me his shoulder aches when he carries the

bag on one shoulder for a long time. Rokshana Yesmin, mother of a class-IV student at St Francis Xavier's Girls' High School, said children are forced to carry excessive books

because of the vast syllabus. "If some subjects are curtailed, the pressure will be eased," she said, adding that children get no time to play due to the huge pressure of stud-

A teacher of a private school said, "It's true that children carry heavy schoolbags.

"We will follow whatever the government instructs us to do," the teacher

The HC yesterday also asked the authorities concerned to form a monitoring cell for taking necessary steps to stop this practice and take punitive actions against those responsible for children having to carry heavy bags.

The court observed that forcing primary schoolchildren to carry heavy weight is cruelty and violation of human rights.

Children's bodies get hurt and they have to suffer for their entire life if they are forced to carry heavy bags, the court commented.

The court ordered the government to issue a circular in 30 days before formulation of the law, incorporating necessary instructions for schools so that they can ensure that no child carries heavy backpacks.

The HC bench of Justice Moyeenul Islam Chowdhury and Justice Ashish Ranjan Das came up with the judgment after hearing a writ petition filed by Supreme Court lawyers Masud Dolon, Ziaur Rahman and Anarul Karim on August 9 last year.

The full text of the verdict was not released yesterday.

Citing from experts' opinions, the petitioners said children were having spinal deformities because of heavy school bags.

Students carry overweight bags as their schools compel them to carry many books, papers and instruments, the petitioners said, adding that there was no specific law or regulation in Bangladesh prohibiting school authorities from doing so.

Citing the petition, Masud Dolon told The Daily Star that on average a student has to carry a bag weighing 30 to 40 percent of their body weight.

Following the petition, the HC on August 11 last year issued a rule asking the government to explain why it should not be directed to formulate a specific law or regulation prohibiting children from carrying schoolbags that weigh more than 10 percent of their body weight, and pre-primary children from carrying any bags at all.

The HC directive follows a regulation issued by the Indian State of Maharashtra in July last year that said children must not carry schoolbags that exceed more than 10 percent of their body weight.

Deputy Attorney General Motaher Hossain Sazu yesterday told The Daily Star that the government responded to the HC rule saying that it had issued a circular in December 2014 prohibiting children from carrying schoolbags that weigh more than 10 percent of their body weight.

The HC yesterday ordered issuing a new circular modifying the 2014

97 dead

FROM PAGE 16 More than 1,000 soldiers and about

900 police have been deployed to the worst-hit areas to set up shelters and evacuation points, he added. Sutopo Nugroho of Indonesia's

national disaster management agency, said a state of emergency had been declared in Aceh. It was the second time in just over

a decade that tragedy had struck the province's east coast, following the 2004 tsunami disaster. Hundreds of houses and shops

were levelled by the quake, leaving countless people homeless and in need of basic supplies like food and water, officials said.

"The electricity is still off. Some places have generators, but there are not many," local disaster agency head Puteh Manaf told AFP.

"If it rains there will be disease."

EVERYTHING WAS DESTROYED The sole hospital in Pidie Jaya was quickly overwhelmed, with patients treated on the grass out front or sent to neighbouring districts with better facilities. The district health office chief Said

Abdullah said nearly 200 injured had arrived since the quake, but many would not enter the hospital for fear of aftershocks.

daring to enter the hospital," he told AFP.

"We are treating people outside. We took the beds out because nobody is

45pc slum children

towards the 2030 development goals.

"To our knowledge, it is the largest survey of its type with a distinctive focus on child labour and education to have been conducted in Dhaka," says the report. The survey authored by Maria

Quattri and Kevin Watkins identified

the ready-made garment sector as a

major employer of children, accounting for two thirds of the female child labourers living in Dhaka's slums. "Children are driven into work by economic hardship and we find evidence that wages from child labour equalise average income across slum

households with and without working children. Children enter labour markets after an average of just four years of schooling while 14-year-old child labourer on average has not even completed Grade-3. Late entry to school, grade repetition and poor quality education

push them out of school and into employment. Basic literacy and numeracy skills of these children are poor irrespective of they be in school or not. But those who are working and those who are neither studying nor working are worst at basic education and numeracy skills, the

The report recommends effective enforcement of compulsory education legislation, coupled with improvements in the quality of schooling and ensure that factories comply with measures to counteract the effects of household poverty for accelerating

Slum children work **64** hours a week

They start working after 4yrs of schooling

Their basic literacy and numeracy skills are poor

Boys enter labour market earlier than girls

progress towards the eradication of child labour in Dhaka's slums.

Bangladesh will not achieve the 2030 development goals on education and other objectives without a strengthened commitment to eradicating child labour. And the country will not eradicate child labour without making education compulsory for the age group of 6 and 14, Overseas Development Institute said in the

It recommended making eradication of child labour a central objective of the education policy and increasing funds for education with greater focus on slum areas and overall equity.

Other recommendations include improving education quality in slum areas, imposing more punitive fines on those found to be employing underage workers and reviewing the inspection arrangements for the garment sector to national laws in the recruitment of children.

Nothing to worry about

FROM PAGE 16

survey observed.

(NGO) people and other individuals who are against the special provision of allowing marriages of girls under 18 in "special cases", the PM said, "They just stay in Dhaka and don't have any idea about the reality of society in rural areas.

never stayed in village and don't have any idea about the social system [there]. You will not know about the social system if you don't go and stay in village for a day or two."

"They are far away from reality. They

Many western countries allow marriage of girls at 14 and 16. Unexpected marriage of teenage girls is not a problem there as their societies do not show any discrimination in such cases, she said.

Supporting the draft law, Hasina, also the leader of the House, said, "A law can never be rigid, there must be an alternative in special cases particularly in case of unexpected pregnancy of any girl under 18. Otherwise, it might be disastrous for the society."

She said the unexpected pregnancy of a girl aged 12 or 13 would not be a problem if there was any law in the country that supports abortion.

"What would be the future of that girl and her illegal baby if she somehow cannot remove the unexpected child through abortion? The society educational institution. Nobody will give him or her any job."

Those who are opposing the special provision are not considering this reality, she said.

"Their responsibility is very limited. They are involved in NGOs to make some money. But we have the respon-

sibility as long as we are in power. "They don't have any idea about the problems a family with grown up girl has." Hasina said her government has

people aware about child marriage. So, girls are being encouraged for education and provided with scholarship side by side with creating scope

been making relentless efforts to make

for their job.

Different rights, civil society organisations, women leaders, and Human Rights Watch urged the government to scrap the new draft law that puts girls at greater risk of child marriage in the country.

The current law permits marriage after the age of 18 for women and 21 for men, with no exceptions.

However, the draft law approved by the cabinet recently says child marriage below 18 will be permitted in "special circumstances", such "as accidental or unlawful pregnancy."

The draft does not set any minimum age for such "exceptional" marriages. PM ON ROHINGYA

On the Rohingya issue, the PM said the current spell of problems ensued in Myanmar when some criminals attacked and killed some of the Myanmar Army and police.

Thousands of women and children who are not part of the attack are suffering due to the criminals activities by some perpetrators.

Hasina said she had already ordered Border Guard Bangladesh and all intelligence agencies to arrest if any criminals of Myanmar who had attacked their army hide in Bangladesh. "We would hand over the criminals

will not accept them. The baby will to Myanmar after arresting them. We not be able to get admitted to any won't allow anyone to use Bangladesh's soil to destabilise any neighbouring country," she said.

On the influx of Rohingya refugees, she said, Bangladesh cannot allow "waves of Myanmar citizens" fleeing from their country and sneaking into Bangladesh.

"We are providing shelter, food, medicine to them on humanitarian ground. But cannot allow waves of them by opening doors as we are an independent and sovereign country".

In a written answer, Hasina also talked about her government's various measures to combat terrorism and militancy, empowerment of women and overseas employment.

High-jumping robot

FROM PAGE 16 journal Science Robotics.

That's better than a human but not

the highest of any robot -- other machines have been made that can jump more than three meters in a single leap. Salto does hold the crown in vertical-

jumping agility, which researchers define as the ratio of the maximum jump height to the time it takes to complete one jump. "To have a high vertical-jumping

agility, you have to be able to jump high and do it quickly," explained Duncan Haldane, a researcher at the University of California, Berkeley, and lead author of the study. According to co-author Justin Yin,

"Salto can jump to a height of one meter ready to jump again." This means Salto can achieve a

vertical-jumping agility of 1.75 meters per second, the highest such ratio of any robot to date. It also attains 78 percent of a galago's

vertical-jumping agility, said the report. Salto, which stands for "saltatorial locomotion on terrain obstacles,"

weighs just 3.5 ounces (100 grams). The one-legged robot can jump from the floor, flip forward and then kick off a

wall, reaching even greater heights. Researchers hope it will aid rescuers by offering a robot that can easily navigate rubble and tough terrain.

work was speaking with first responders down at the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Urban Search and Rescue Training site in Menlo Park, California, where they have these giant rubble piles simulating collapsed buildings," Haldane told reporters on a conference call.

"What originally inspired us to do this

An example FROM PAGE 2 Ripon sir out of humanity. I did not go

for any gain. They could've killed me as

well. Still I went," said Miraz. His father, Dulal Sardar, is a retired police officer. Miraz faced difficulties

in pursuing his studies due to financial constraints. He was supposed to sit for in 0.58 seconds and be immediately SSC examinations in 1996 but he could not. He joined the college with a

monthly salary of Tk 400. His class-VIII certificates helped him get the job. While continuing the job, Miraz

carried on with his studies and passed SSC in 2002 from Bangladesh Open University. He passed HSC in 2004. Now his monthly salary is Tk 5,000.

"I didn't do anything for a prize," he said. However, the prize money would greatly help his family, as he said he would start treatment of his wife and mother-in-law.

"I would also like to do something for my parents."

তারিখ ঃ

2 'robbers' killed in 'gunfight

A CORRESPONDENT, Bagerhat

Two alleged bandits were killed yesterday during a "gunfight" between an unspecified number of bandits and the Rapid Action Battalion in the eastern Sundarbans under Sharankhola range. Maj Adnan Kabir, deputy com-

mander of Rab-8, quoting local fishermen identified the two killed as Al Amin, 45, and Hossain Mollah, 30, -who belonged to bandit group "Shamsu Bahini". The Rab also recovered 11 firearms

and 227 bullets from the forest where the shootout took place. According to Maj Adnan, based on

intelligence information, a vigilance team of Rab was dispatched yesterday morning to patrol Dudhmukhi area under Sharankhola range in the Sundarbans. As the Rab patrol boat entered

Badamtoli canal around 8:00am, a

gang of bandits from inside the forest

mistook the Rab patrol boat for a fishing boat and instructed it to halt. After the Rab refused to adhere to their command, the gang opened fire on the Rab, triggering retaliatory fire from the law enforcers. The exchange

of fire continued for about 30 minutes and at one stage the robbers retreated, Maj Adnan said. The Rab at this stage searched inside the forest and found the two corpses along with the cache of arms and ammunition abandoned by the

bandits, he added.

The recovered firearms and ammunition include two double barrel guns, four single barrel imported guns, one .22 bore imported rifle, two air guns, two locally made guns, 30 bullets of .12 bore rifle, 50 bullets of .22 bore rifle, 96 air gun pellets and 51 spent cartridges.

A solar panel with battery, tokens used for extortion, clothes and other equipment were also recovered from the scene.

Officer-in-Charge (OC) of Sharankhola Police Station Abdul Jalil said, two cases were filed by RAB Deputy Assistant Director Anwar Hossain in this regard against unknown assailants including the two dead.

UN reminds staff

FROM PAGE 16 imported under duty-free benefits were missing. Most of those cars were sold to Bangladeshis without paying due taxes, causing the state to lose a huge amount of revenue, said officials of the NBR.

"Too many transports have been imported and a huge amount of duty has been evaded," said NBR Chairman Md Nojibur Rahman, responding to The Daily Star queries.

Recently, Customs Intelligence under the NBR seized a vehicle from a Bangladeshi who "bought" the vehicle from a foreign official who had worked at an international organisation. Signed by UN Resident Coordinator

Robert D Watkins, the UN Dhaka office issued the memo on Tuesday. "The memo is issued with a view to

further emphasise and remind interna-

tional staff of the duties and obliga-

tions regarding use of the passbook," it said. The NBR issues the passbook to foreigners working in Bangladesh under the UN and at international organisations such as the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the

Development Bank. Foreigners working in development organisations such as the United States Agency for International Development, the Department for International Development of the United Kingdom, and Japan International Cooperation Agency

Asian Development Bank, and Islamic

They can import food, medicine, a car for personal or family use duty free, according to the NBR.

also have the privilege.

Referring to a customs order on the purchase and sale of vehicles and durables or semi-durable goods for personal use using the passbook facility, Watkins in the memo said a privileged person must adhere to the rules while selling such goods to any non-privileged organisation or person. The UN office asked foreign offi-

cials under the UN to seek and obtain permission from the NBR after signing sale or purchase agreement between the buyer and the seller. Ensure that all applicable duties and taxes are paid before the sale is completed, said the UN Dhaka office. The NBR had found that 395

passbooks were not surrendered to the customs, despite expiry of their valid-

Qimiao Fan, the World Bank country director for Bangladesh, Bhutan and Nepal, said their expatriate staff before leaving the World Bank Dhaka office had obtained written permission from the NBR to sell their vehicles to other World Bank group staff.

"This is done in accordance with the national law. Both the NBR and the World Bank have all the necessary documents on file," said Qimiao Fan. The World Bank Dhaka office is

sending all 36 expired passbooks that

were not submitted earlier when the

respective expatriate staff left the Dhaka office. None of the passbooks has been used by anyone after the staff had left Bangladesh, so there was no misuse of these passbooks, he said. NBR Chairman Md Nojibur Rahman told The Daily Star, "It will be very unfortunate if those who have

come here to take part in the development of Bangladesh deprived us of revenue." The agencies recommend the issuing of passbooks for its people and that was why the agencies have to take the responsibility for it, he added. "We want their cooperation and we expect that they will take steps so that

the government gets the due revenue," he said. He said Bangladeshis, who had bought vehicles from foreigners, should pay all taxes and duties and

The NBR will talk to everyone concerned about the issue in phases, he said.

complete the process of legalising the

Meanwhile, Transparency International Bangladesh in a press release yesterday said it was troubled by the news of some former officials of 25 development partners violating laws of the land and depriving the state of its due revenue.

Congratulating the NRB for unveiling the cases, TIB Executive Director Iftekharuzzaman said it proved that high officials in the development organisations seriously lacked the culture of transparency and accountability. The TIB asked all to cooperate with

the NBR.

⁴⁴প্রমিথিন বর্জন করুন

পাটদার ব্যবহার করন। ??



বাংলাদেশ পাটকল করপোরেশন

আদমজী কোর্ট, (এনেক্স-১), ১১৫-১২০ মতিঝিল বা/এ, ঢাকা-১০০০

নিয়োগ বিজ্ঞপ্তি বাংলাদেশ পাটকল করপোরেশন (বিজেএমসি) এর প্রধান/আঞ্চলিক কার্যালয় ও আওতাধীন মিলসমূহে নিমুবর্নিত শূন্য পদে নিয়োগের লক্ষে বাংলাদেশের স্থায়ী নাগরিকের নিকট হতে দরখাস্ত আহবান করা যাচ্ছে ৪

শিক্ষাগত যোগ্যতা, অভিজ্ঞতা ও বয়স পদ নাম ও বেতন স্কেল-২০১৫ পদ সংখ্যা সহকারী চিকিৎসা কর্মকর্তা এম বি বি এস ডিগ্রী। ০৩ বছরের বাস্তব অভিজ্ঞতা সম্পন্ন লোকদের অগ্রাধিকার দেয়া হবে। বয়স ঃ অনুর্ধ্ব ৩০ বছর। ২২,০০০ - ৫৩,০৬০/-

শর্তাবলী ঃ

১. আবেদনকারীকে শর্তাবলী ১১ এর আবেদন পত্রের নমূনা ছকে আবেদন করতে হবে (নমূনা ছক www.bjmc.gov.bd ওয়েব সাইটেও পাওয়া যাবে)। উক্ত আবেদন

পত্রের সাথে নিম্নবর্ণিত কাগজপত্র সংযুক্ত করতে হবে ঃ (ক) আবেদনকারীকে "বাংলাদেশ পাটকল করপোরেশন" এর অনুকূলে যে কোন তফসীল ব্যাংক হতে ৪০০/- (চারশত) টাকা মূল্যের (অফেরৎযোগ্য) MICR যুক্ত ব্যাংক ডাফট্/পে-অর্ডারের কপি। (খ) আবেদনকারীর সদ্য তোলা পাঁসর্পোট সাইজের ০৩ (তিন) কপি ছবি যা কোন সরকারী/আধাসরকারী/স্বায়ত্বশাসিত প্রতিষ্ঠানের প্রথম শ্রেণীর কর্মকর্তা কর্তৃক

(গ) আবেদনকারী যে ঠিকানায় বাছাই পরীক্ষার প্রবেশ পত্র পেতে চান, উক্ত ঠিকানা সম্বলিত একটি ৪" 🗙 ১০" মাপের ১০ (দশ) টাকার ডাকটিকিট সম্বলিত খাম ২. আবেদনপত্র আগামী ২২-১২-২০১৬ তারিখের মধ্যে সচিব, বাংলাদেশ পাটকল করপোরেশন, আদমজী কোর্ট, এনেক্স-১ (৫ম তলা), ১১৫-১২০ মতিঝিল বা/এ, ঢাকা-১০০০ বরাবরে অফিস চলাকালীন ডাকযোগে/সরাসরি বিজেএমসি প্রধান কার্যালয়ে সংরক্ষিত বক্সে পৌছাতে হবে। উক্ত সময়ের পরে কোন আবেদনপত্র গ্রহণ করা হবে না।

৩. আবেদনকারীর বয়স ২২-১২-২০১৬ তারিখ ১৮-৩০ বছরের মধ্যে হতে হবে। বয়সের ক্ষেত্রে কোন এফিডেভিট গ্রহণযোগ্য নয়। তবে মুক্তিযোদ্ধা, মুক্তিযোদ্ধা/শহীদ মুক্তিযোদ্ধাদের পুত্র-কন্যা ও প্রতিবন্ধী প্রার্থীর ক্ষেত্রে বয়সসীমা ৩২ বছর (প্রযোজ্য ক্ষেত্রে) পর্যন্ত শিথিলযোগ্য। ৪. আবেদনকারীকে শর্তাবলীর ১১ এর আবেদন পত্রের ছকে ক্রঃ নং ২ এ বিজ্ঞপ্তির স্মারক নম্বর-২৪.০৪.০০০০.২০৫.১০.০৬৪(৭).১৬-৫৬৬, তারিখঃ ২৮-১১-২০১৬ উল্লেখ করতে হবে। খামের উপরে পদের নাম স্পষ্টাক্ষরে উল্লেখ করতে হবে। অসম্পূর্ণ, ক্রটিপূর্ণ বা শর্তাবলী অপূর্ণ থাকলে আবেদনপত্র সরাসরি বাতিল বলে গণ্য হবে।

৫. সরকারী, আধা-সরকারী/স্বায়তুশাসিত প্রতিষ্ঠানে চাকুরীরত প্রার্থীদের যথায়থ কর্তৃপক্ষের মাধ্যমে আবেদন করতে হবে এবং এ ক্ষেত্রে আবেদনপত্রের কোন অগ্রিম কপি গ্রহণ করা হবে না ৬. কোটা সম্পর্কিত প্রচলিত সরকারী নীতিমালা যথাযথভাবে অনুসরণ করা হবৈ ৭. বিজেএমসি'র স্মারক নম্বর নং- ২৪.০৪.০০০০.২০৫.১০.০৬৪.১৫-২৮৬ তারিখ- ২০-০৮-২০১৫ এর মাধ্যমে প্রকাশিত বিজ্ঞপ্তির অনুকূলে সহকারী চিকিৎসা কর্মকর্তা পদে

পূর্বে যারা আবেদন করেছেন তাদের পুনরায় আবেদন করার প্রয়োজন নাই। তাদের পূর্বের আবেদন সংশিষ্ট বিজ্ঞপ্তির শর্তানুযায়ী বিবেচনা করা হবে ঃ ৮. বাছাই পরীক্ষায় উত্তীর্ণ হলে প্রার্থীদের শিক্ষাগত যোগ্যতা, অভিজ্ঞতা (যদি থাকে), নাগরিকত্ব সনদ, জাতীয় পরিচয় পত্রের সত্যায়িত (নামের সীলসহ) কপিসহ চরিত্রগত সনদের মূল কপি দাখিল করতে হবে। মুক্তিযোদ্ধা, প্রতিবন্ধী ও উপজাতি কোটার প্রার্থীদের ক্ষেত্রে নিয়মানুযায়ী সংশ্লিষ্ট কাগজপত্রের সত্যায়িত (নামের সীলসহ) কপি দাখিল করতে হবে।

৯. আবেদনপত্র গ্রহণ, বাছাই এবং নিয়োগের ক্ষেত্রে কোন কারণ দর্শানো ব্যতিরেকে বিজেএমসি কর্তৃপক্ষের সিদ্ধান্তই চূড়ান্ত বলে গণ্য হবে। এ বিজ্ঞপ্তি আংশিক/সম্পূর্ণ পরিবর্তন/বাতিল করার ক্ষমতা কর্তৃপক্ষ সংরক্ষণ করেন। পরীক্ষায় অংশগ্রহণের জন্য কোন প্রকার টিএ/ডিএ প্রদান করা হবে না।

১১. আবেদন পত্রের নমুনা ছক (প্রয়োজনে রো/কলাম বাড়ানো যাবে) ঃ বাংলাদেশ পাটকল করপোরেশন

আদমজী কোর্ট, এনেক্স-১ (৫ম তলা) ১১৫-১২০ মতিঝিল বা/এ, ঢাকা-১০০০। পদের নাম ঃ

সত্যায়িত (নামের সীলসহ) হতে হবে।

সম্প্রতি তোলা পাসপোর্ট সাইজের ০২ কপি সত্যায়িত ছবি ষ্টাপল করে দিতে হবে।

সাইজের ০১ কপি সত্যায়িত ছবি আঠা দিয়ে লাগাতে হবে।

প্রার্থীর স্বাক্ষর ঃ

সম্প্রতি তোলা পাসপোর্ট

২. বিজ্ঞপ্তির স্মারক নম্বর ঃ দি ন তারিখ ঃ ব স ইংরেজীতে (বড় অক্ষরে) ঃ জাতীয় পরিচয় নম্বর / জন্ম নিবন্ধন নম্বর (য়ে কোন একটি) ঃ ৫. জন্ম তারিখ ঃ দি ন মা স ব ৎ স র ৬. জনাস্থান (জেলা) ঃ ৭. ২২-১২-২০১৬ তারিখে বয়স ঃ ৮. মাতার নাম ঃ ৯. পিতার নাম ঃ বৰ্তমান বাসা ও সড়ক (নাম/নম্বর) গ্রাম/পাড়া/মহল্লা ঃ ইউনিয়ন/ওয়ার্ড ঃ ডাকঘর ঃ পোষ্ট কোড নম্বর ঃ উপজেলা ঃ रक्षा १ মোবাইল/টেলিফোন নম্বর ই-মেইল (যদি থাকে) যোগাযোগ ঃ

১২. জাতীয়তা ঃ ধর্ম ঃ পেশা ঃ জেন্ডার ঃ শিক্ষাগত যোগ্যতা পরীক্ষার নাম বিষয় শিক্ষা প্রতিষ্ঠান বোর্ড/বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় পাসের সন

গ্ৰেড/শ্ৰেনী/বিভাগ 30. ১৪. অতিরিক্ত যোগ্যতা (যদি থাকে) ঃ অভিজ্ঞতার বিবরণ (প্রযোজ্য ক্ষেত্রে) ঃ কর্মকাল

প্রতিষ্ঠানের নাম পদের নাম 30. পর্যন্ত মোট হতে বছর মাস দিন (季) বছর মাস দিন শারীরিক প্রতিবন্ধী মুক্তিযোদ্ধা/শহীদ মুক্তিযোদ্ধাদের পুত্র-কন্যা/পুত্র-কন্যারপুত্র-কন্যা ১৬. কোটা (টিক দিন) ক্ষুদ্র নৃ-গোষ্ঠি অন্যান্য (উল্লেখ করুন)

তারিখ ঃ দি ব্যাংক ড্রাফট/পে-অর্ডার নম্বর ঃ न মা স স 9 ব্যাংক ও শাখার নাম ঃ ১৮. বিভাগীয় প্রার্থী কিনা (টিক দিন) আমি এ মর্মে অঙ্গীকার করছি যে, উপরে বর্ণিত তথ্যাবলী সম্পূর্ন সত্য। মৌখিক পরীক্ষার সময় উল্লিখিত তথ্য প্রমানের জন্য সকল মূল সার্টিফিকেট ও রেকর্ডপত্র উপস্থাপন করব। কোন তথ্য অসত্য প্রমাণিত হলে আইনানুগ শাস্তি ভোগ করতে বাধ্য থাকব।

বিজ্ঞপ্তিটি বিজেএমসির ওয়েবসাইট www.bjmc.gov.bd, বস্ত্র ও পাট মন্ত্রণালয়ের ওয়েবসাইট www.moti.gov.bd তে পাওয়া যাবে। মুহাম্মদ সালেহউদ্দীন, সচিব, বিজেএমসি।

স্মারক নং- ২৪.০৪.০০০০.২০৫.১০.০৬৪(৭).১৬-৫৬৬, তারিখ ঃ ২৮-১১-২০১৬ইং