আপনার সংসার লামিক কনজ্যমার ফাইন্যান্স গুছিয়ে দিচ্ছি আমরা আপনার সংসার গোছানোর আসবাবপত্র, শিক্ষ সামগ্রী, ইলেক্ট্রনিক ও অন্যান্য ভোগ্যপণ্য কেনার সুন্দর সমাধান দিচ্ছি আমরা। ফ্রি অনলাইন সেবা যে কোন প্রয়োজনে ০৯৬১২০০১১২২

DHAKA FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 2, 2016, BHADRA 18, 1423 BS

8pc growth needed to create more jobs: study

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Bangladesh needs 8 percent economic growth annually to absorb the surplus labour in the economy in the next 15 years, said a new study by the Asian Development Bank yesterday.

"While manufacturing will continue to be the engine of growth and a major source of productive employment, the manufacturing base will need to diversify, and the sector will have to grow about 12-15 percent over the next 15 years," the study said.

More labour-intensive sectors, including garment, will have to continue to grow. Agriculture should also diversify to create more productive employment. The policy regime has to be neutral for non-garment industries with the same growth potential, according to the study.

The construction sector also has great potential for employment, although in recent years the sector has shown some degree of instability.

The study also suggested improving labour

productivity and increasing the real wages. "Quality of employment needs to improve in other respects like in terms of contract, social

protection and workplace safety," said the report: Bangladesh Employment Diagnostic Study -- Looking Beyond Garments. Rizwanul Islam, lead research consultant of

the study, presented the findings at a seminar at Hotel Radisson in Dhaka. The International Labour Organisation and ADB jointly conducted the study.

Using data from the 2013 Labour Force Bangladesh. Survey, the study found that unemployment rates for workers at all education levels except for those who never attended school have declined since 2010.

The analysis shows the gap in earnings between education levels has been narrowing, with the exception of secondary education,

EMPLOYED PERSONS IN SELECTED SECTORS

INDUSTRY/ SECTOR	NUMBER OF EMPLOYED, 2013	SHARE OF MALE WORKERS	SHARE OF UNSKILLED WORKERS	SHARE OF INFORMAL WORKERS
ECONOMY (ALL INDUSTRIES)	58,072,936	71%	92%	87%
AGRICULTURE	26,189,986	66%	100%	98%
PHARMACEUTICALS	79,042	87%	22%	85%
LEATHER	90,696	76%	99%	89%
ELECTRONICS	13,854	89%	62%	85%
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	79,723	88%	63%	70%
TOURISM (HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS)	871,081	86%	95%	91%

SOURCE: CALCULATIONS USING DATA FROM BANGLADESH BUREAU OF STATISTICS 2015. LABOUR FORCE SURVEY 2013

where graduates continue to earn increasingly more than those with only primary education.

In addition, greater access to education for women leads to their finding better jobs, while their rising employment in the garment sector has been associated with reductions in poverty, the study said.

The participation of children in economic activities, especially the family-run ones such as agriculture and other informal sector activities, is age-old in developing countries like

However, a variety of factors, such as a decline in acute poverty, higher enrolment in primary education and a strong campaign against the practice, has led to a gradual decline in the phenomenon.

While Bangladesh has successfully created manufacturing jobs, particularly in textiles and

garments, it has been unable to create a large pool of jobs in industries outside the garment sector.

part, informal, particularly in wholesale and retail trade.

Nonetheless, some areas of manufacturing as well as some promising service sectors such as information technology, software, machinery repair and tourism have the potential to grow further if the right incentives are set, according to the study.

to be informal and not very productive, yet Bangladesh has the opportunity to invest more to bring farmers to market and raise their

READ MORE ON B3

Tackle energy constraints to boost growth: ADB

ADB'S RECIPE FOR

INCLUSIVE GROWTH

Promote private investment in

electricity generation and

energy exploration

Push harder for developing South

Asian regional electricity market

Rely less on one export-oriented

low-cost manufacturing sector

Put greater focus on technical

education

Attract quality investment

Adopt national pension system

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

An insufficient supply of reliable energy, a lack of economic diversification and uncertain property rights are three critical constraints that might stop the country from achieving inclusive and sustainable growth in the future, according to a new study.

......

"If policies are designed to urgently tackle these constraints, Bangladesh will be free to harness its full potential for even more inclusive and sustainable growth," said the Asian Development Bank yesterday.

The report -- Bangladesh: Consolidating

Export-led Growth -- was launched at a programme at Radisson Hotel in Dhaka. The study uses economic diagnostic tools to identify critical constraints to growth and sets out policy recommendations to help

tackle them.

The report said the lack of reliable electricity supplies and the impending shortage of natural gas are major binding constraints to economic growth. Unless the energy supply gap can be narrowed across the country,

match its potential. A combination of highly subsidised fuel and electricity prices for consumers, coupled with difficulties for the private sector to enter the electricity and oil and gas

economic growth will not

industries, has led to inadequate supplies. The impact on aggregate economic activity is already palpable.

The study recommended reduction of subsidies for electricity and fuel and suggested programmes that promote energy conservation and energy efficiency.

READ MORE ON B3

Tax fair in Nov: NBR

SOHEL PARVEZ

The National Board of Revenue will organise this year's tax fair in November instead of this month, said Md Abdur Razzaque, a member of tax administration at the NBR.

The weeklong fair will start on November 1 at the under-construction headquarters of the NBR at Agargaon in Dhaka.

is November 30, which the NBR will observe as Tax Day. At the show, people get edgement receipts for return submissions.

Since the beginning of the fair in 2010, its popularity has been rising. Last year, taxpayers' crowd at the annual event broke all past records.

The NBR logged in Tk 2,035 crore in collections in 2015, up about 21.5 percent year-on-year. Some 1.61 lakh returns were filed at the event, up from 1.49 lakh in the

The number of service recipients surged

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Consumer

Banking

New agency starts journey to boost investment

BIDA has been formed by merging Board of Investment and Privatisation Commission

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Bangladesh Investment Development Authority started its journey yesterday, in a bid to liven up the country's stagnant investment scenario.

The new body was formed by merging the Board of Investment and the Privatisation Commission, as per the Bangladesh Investment Development Authority Act 2016 passed in parliament in July.

Kazi Aminul Islam, former secretary to the Prime Minister's Office, will serve as the executive chairman of BIDA. SA Samad, executive chairman of BoI, and Molla Waheeduzzaman, chairman of Privatisation Commission, have already left their positions.

will be formed for BIDA and the board will be headed by the prime minister; the finance minister would act as the vice chairman and concerned ministers members. Besides, there would be a six-

member executive committee. The BIDA executive chairman would be the chief executive officer, who will also be a member of its governing board. BIDA will conduct registration of

the industrial units to be set up in the private sector; there will be foreign trade liaison branch offices as well. Meanwhile, investment proposals

under Bangladesh Export Processing Zones Authority, Bangladesh Economic Zones Authority, private

A 17-member governing board EPZ, Bangladesh Small and Cottage Industries Corporation, and hi-tech parks will remain outside BIDA's

> The BIDA can privatise lossmaking state-owned enterprises worth up to Tk 100 crore, but if the value is more it will be sent to the cabinet committee on economic affairs for approval.

> A cabinet division official said the government wants to ensure more efficient utilisation of unused lands and industries under the public sector.

BIDA will determine import settlement, issue no-objection certificates, and declare a certain area as industrial zone through gazette notification.

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Banglalink seeks

new number

series 010

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Bangladesh to be a 'growth outperformer' in 2016-25

London-based BMI Research picks Bangladesh along with five others

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

Bangladesh has been picked up as a growth outperformer for the next decade riding on low commodity prices, demographic dividend and expected measures aimed at improving the business environment.

London-based BMI Research has picked six countries -- Bangladesh, Ethiopia, India, Mexico, Pakistan and the Philippines -- that will be growth performers in 2016-2025. The countries "will rapidly climb the

GDP country rankings between now and for oil. 2025," it said. The six countries are expected to gain

an average of 6.5 places each in global GDP rankings by 2025, with Ethiopia (+12) and Bangladesh (+11) making the similarly structured emerging markets. most gains, said BMI Research, which is

owned by the Fitch Group. Bangladesh is the 47th largest economy in the world in terms of gross

domestic product, according to the World Bank's 2015 ranking.

The BMI analysis said three factors will be the key to growth.

"Economic growth will be strongest in net commodity importers that have positive demographic trends and economic reform momentum.

With regards to commodities, net commodity importers will benefit from generally lower commodity prices over 2016-2025 compared to 2006-2011, particularly for oil. Bangladesh relies heavily on imports

BMI Research said commodity export-

ers will underperform in the absence of other growth drivers, while reformers will outperform, helping set apart otherwise

Developed markets will stagnate and generally lose ground to emerging markets in the GDP rankings, it said.

READ MORE ON B3

MUHAMMAD ZAHIDUL ISLAM Banglalink has applied for an additional number series -- 010 -- for its new connections, as it has already used up 80 percent of its existing capacity in the 019 series. In a letter to the telecom regulator, Banglalink, the second largest operator, said its two main competi-

tors in the market have

ber series, which gives

tage from a marketing

perspective.

almost full.

already received two num-

them a competitive advan-

After several requests from Grameenphone, Bangladesh Telecommunication Regulatory Commission on August 28 decided to allow the market leader to use a new number series, 013, as its existing 017 prefix is

READ MORE ON B3

Jobs in the service sector are, for the most

Jobs in agriculture for the most part continue

in agricultural value chains, which would help incomes.

The deadline for filing income tax returns previous year.

to 7.57 lakh, the highest ever.

tax-related assistance as well as acknowl-