# englishinschools



#### WRITING

A descriptive essay simply describes something or someone by appealing to the reader's senses: sight, sound, touch, smell and taste. Here are the basic steps to writing an effective descriptive essay:

#### 1. Select a subject

Observation is the key to writing a good description. For example, if you are writing about a place, go there and take notes on the sights, sounds, and smells. A descriptive essay paints a picture for the reader, using descriptive devices and the senses. Create a thesis statement that informs the reader who or what you are describing.

Example: "The wooden roller coaster in Coney Island is a work of art."

"My bedroom is an ocean sanctuary."

#### 2. Organize details

The paragraphs in a descriptive essay can be structured spatially (from top to bottom or from near to far) or chronologically (time order) or from general to specific. Descriptive essays can also use other patterns of organization such as narrative or exemplification.

#### 3. Use descriptive words

Do not use vague words or generalities (such as good, nice, bad, or beautiful). Be specific and use sensory, descriptive words (mostly adjectives).

Example:

I ate a good dinner.

I devoured a steaming hot, cheese- filled pepperoni pizza for dinner.

#### 4. Provide sensory details :

#### Example:

Smells: that are in the air (the aroma of freshly

brewed coffee) Sounds: (traffic, honking horns)

Sights : ("The sun scattered tiny diamonds across

dew- covered grass as it peeked out from beyond the horizon.")

**Touch**: ("The texture of the adobe hut's walls

resembled coarse sandpaper.") : sweet, sour, salty, bitter, tart ("Giant goose

bumps formed on my tongue when I accidently bit into a sliver of lemon."



Here is an example of a descriptive essay. The words marked in RED are descriptive adjectives. Study them carefully and then do the exercise below. The two pictures will help you visualize the

# My Favorite Place

## Coney Island in My Mind

The whole island is an amusement park with candy stores, taverns, night shows and a magnificent boardwalk. The chatter of children's voices, the happy shrieks In winter, the place is like a giant ice kingdom, of teens, and the smiles of everyone tells one why this where everything is glistening white and silent. place was and will always be America's happy park. During this time, one can feel the sadness of the The smell of popcorn and hotdog as one walks the streets city, how it has been suspended in time, and like a to the parks reminds us of simple days when our wants bear who sleeps in the winter, it wakes up in the and desires were simpler. The people are friendly and in spring. Sadly, not many people visit Coney Island keeping with the amusement business are always these days. Recently, the magnificent Thunderbolt ready to make your visit to the island worth remember- has fallen from its glory, quite literally. It has lost ing. When one strolls around the commercial center, much of its famous rides and has been stripped of one can do so leisurely without the need to see every- its former grandeur, but nevertheless will always thing, to ride everything and taste everything in one be an icon in America's culture. The more importday, one keeps coming back to Coney Island because it ant it is that we visit Coney Island again, by doing is removed from the hurried, impersonal and rudeness so we will help keep it alive and be a living heritage of the city.



# DESCRIPTIVE

Figures of speech are imaginative comparisons between two basically dissimilar things. A figure of speech may enliven a description by making the Exercise 1 essay more visual or forceful. Here are Complete the sentences with the Exercise 2

WRITING

#### SIMILE

Using the words such as "like" or "as" when comparing.

writing descriptive essays:

Example: A ride to North Hutchinson Island is like a flight to a Caribbean getaway.

#### METAPHOR

Implying a comparison between two things that are essentially different.

Example: Stalking their prey, the deputies remained hidden in the bushes and ready to spring on speeding motorists

#### PERSONIFICATION

Giving human characteristics to inanimate objects.

Example: The truck, covered with mud and love bugs, cried out for a wash.

#### HYPERBOL

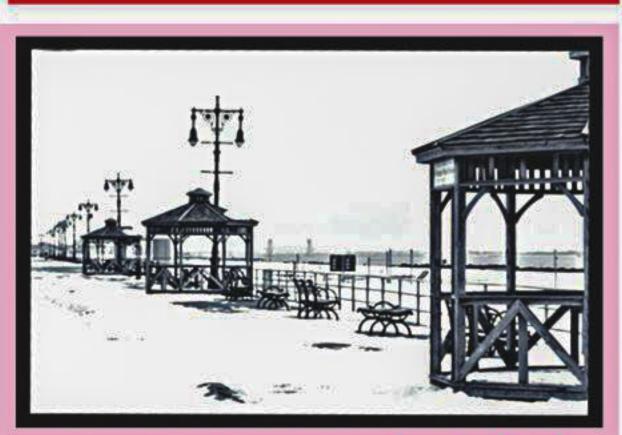
Using a figure of speech in which exaggeration is used for emphasis or effect.

Example: I'll die if I don't pass this exam. I can wait for million of years.

#### ONOMATOPOEIA

Using words that imitate the sounds associated with the objects or actions to which they refer. Example: "Plop, plop, fizz, fizz, oh what a relief it is.

## Find the answers in next MONDAY issue



to our children.

### ANSWER KEY TO THE LAST EIS PAGE ACTIVITIES (DATED APRIL 13, 2015)

**EXERCISE 1** KEY: 1.C, 2.D, 3.C, 4.D, 5.D, 6.B, 7.D, 8.D, 9.C, 10.B

EXERCISE 2 1. This means that he received a

very light and easy punish-2. This means that we were in

very similar situations. 3. This means that Kim is asking the wrong person. 4. This means that the outcome of the game will not be clear until the very end.

5. This means that Janet cannot perform the necessary duties. 6. This means that he wanted to talk about the important issues. 7. This means that the lawyer

wanted to waste time. 8. This means that the quarterback was getting tired 9. This means that she is lying

or fooling around 10. This means that she would

take a chance.

EXERCISE 3 (Summary) 1. Other countries landed in America

before England, but England's colonies grew into the United States of America. 2. Sir Walter Raleigh started the first English colony to plunder Spanish treasure

3. The English settlers at Roanoke got into a fight with the natives over a small property dispute. The English burned their village

and the natives attacked the English fort. 4. The English adventurers were disappointed with the New World and unfit colonists.

The colony was abandoned. EXERCISE 4 (Simile& Metaphor) a. his seat like a toaster strudel.

b. like an old battleship.

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c. looked like clock parts. d. like a bad taste on his tongue.

e. were stuck in place like wax statues. f. as though she were giving him tax advice. g. like flat soda to the children,

h. kitchen was like a holy place: i. like a teardrop. j. handshake felt like warm laundry.

k. hung her head like a dying flower.

l. like dueling with hand grenades. m. classroom was as quiet as a tongue-tied librarian in a hybrid car. n. as an ape might appreciate an algebra o.clouds were like ice-cream castles in the sky.

**EXERCISE 5** (a) The detective .....with a wooden face.

(b) life was a fashion show. (c) boy's room is a disaster area.

(d) ocean of my sleep. (e)The children ..... roses grown in concrete gardens, (f) Kisses ...... flowers of love in bloom.

(g)His cotton candy words (h)with an army of children. (i)eyes were fireflies. (j)the ocean of love

(k)a sea of nameless faces. (l)John's answer ..... a Band-Aid, not a solution. (m)cast on Michael's brokenleg wasa plaster shackle.

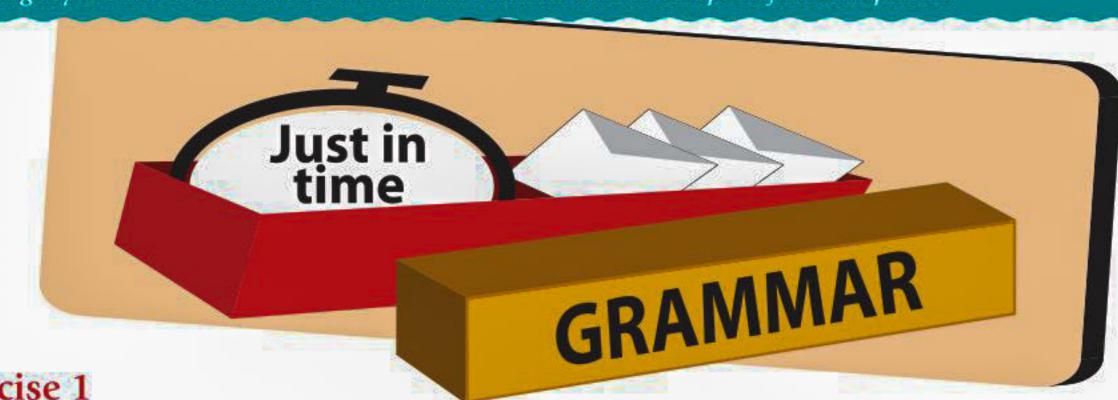
(n)fruit of knowledge.

# Now it's Your Turn

## Read the passage and circle the descriptive details you find in it:

My brother Michael's bedroom shows his big interest in fantasy and science fiction. Glow-in-the-dark stars are pasted on the ceiling where, at night, they glow in the dark. Other stars can be seen covering the ceiling during the day, giving the appearance of a starry sky. Movie posters line the walls.

There is a poster of The Matrix in a shiny frame. Below the posters are two black steel bookcases crowdedwith old books. Old videos like Raiders of the Lost Ark and Alien are also stacked on the book shelves. Anyone entering my brother's room knows at once that Michael likes to escape to fantastic places.



some of the more common figures of simple past of the given irregular verbs. Complete the sentences with the simple past of speech that could prove effective in There may be more than one possible completion.

> begin. drive. hurt. ring. think. build. eat. keep. rise write. come . fall. lead. shut. do. freeze. pay. steal. drink. have. run. take.

1. Sue \_\_\_\_\_ a cup of coffee before class this morning. 2. We \_ \_\_\_\_ a delicious dinner at a Mexican restaurant last night. 3. When it \_\_\_\_\_to rain yesterday afternoon,

all of the windows in the apartment. 4. The phone \_\_\_\_\_\_ eight times before anybody answered it. 5. My brother and his wife\_\_\_\_\_\_ to our

apartment for dinner last night. 6. The architectural firm that I work for designed that building. My brother's construction company \_\_\_\_\_ it. They took two

years to complete it. 7. When Alan slipped on the icy sidewalk yesterday, he \_\_\_\_\_ down and his back. His back is very painful today.

8. Alice called the police yesterday because someone \_\_\_\_\_ her bicycle while she was in the library studying. She's very angry. 9. There was a cool breeze last night. I opened the

window, but Colette got cold and \_\_\_\_\_it. 10. Ted \_\_\_\_\_ his car across Canada last summer. 11. Rita \_\_\_\_\_\_ faster than anyone

else in the foot race. 12. None of the other runners was ever in front of Rita during the race. She \_\_\_\_\_ all of the other runners in the race from start to finish.

13. Greg is very cheap. I was surprised when \_\_\_\_ he for my dinner. 14. It was really cold yesterday. The temperature

was three below zero. In early \_\_\_\_\_ to death when I walked home!

### Exercise 3

# Put the verbs in the bracket in the right tense:

# began were walking

a plate and (break) it.

1. It (begin) ----- to rain when Amanda and I (walk) -----to school this morning. 2. WhileI (wash) dishes last night, I (drop) \_\_

3. I (see) Ted at the student cafeteria at lunch time yesterday. He (eat) \_\_\_\_\_ a sandwich and (talk) friends.I (join) them. \_\_\_\_ with some \_\_\_\_\_ and (hit)

4. While I (walk) under an apple tree a fewdays ago, an apple (fall) me on the head. 5. Robert didn't answer the phone when

Sara called. He (sing) \_\_\_\_\_ his favorite song in the shower and (hear, not) the phone ring. 6. A: I saw a whale!

B: Really? Great! When?

A: This morning.I (walk) on the beach when I (hear) \_\_\_\_\_ a sudden "whoosh!" It (be) the spout of a huge graywhale.

7. A: There was a power outage in our part of town last night. (your lights, go out) \_ B: Yes, they did. It (be) terrible! I (take) a shower

when the lights went out. My wife (find) a flash light and rescued me from the bathroom. We couldn't cook dinner, so we (eat) Sandwiches instead. I (try) \_\_\_ \_\_\_ to read some reports by candle light, but I couldn't see \_ to bed and well enough, so I (go) \_\_\_\_\_ (sleep) \_\_\_\_\_ How about you?

8. Yesterday Tom and Janice (go) to the zoo, where they (see) \_\_\_\_\_ many kinds of animals and (have) a few\_\_\_\_\_ adventures. While they (walk) \_\_\_\_\_ by an elephant, it to squirt water at them, so they run behind a rock and (dry) themselves. Later, while they (pass) the giraffe area, one of the tall, purple-tongued animals (lower) its head toward Tom and (start) to nibble on his green hat. Janice said, "Shoo!" At that point, the giraffe (stretch) its head toward Janice and (try) to eat her ice cream cone. Janice (let,not) the giraffe have the ice because she (stand) right in front of a sign that said, "DO NOT FEED THE ANIMALS." She (point) at the sign

and (say) to the giraffe, "Can't you read?"

any of the given irregular verbs. There may be more than one possible completion.

break. draw. give. quit. steal. buy. fall. grow. read, teach, choose, feel, hear, shake, cut, find, lose. sleep. dig. forget. meet. speak

1. A : Why isn't Bill here for the meeting? He's supposed to give the weekly report. B: I spoke to him on the phone last night, and

he said he'd be here. 2. After I gave a large bone to each of my three dogs, they went to separate corners of the backyard holes to bury their bones.

3. After looking at all the chairs, I finally \_ the redones. It was a difficult decision.

The players are depressed because they\_ the game last weekend. Next time they'll play better.

5. A: How can you take a three-month vacation? What about your job?

B: I won't be going back to that job ever again. I \_\_\_\_\_yesterday.

6. Laurie has circles under her eyes because she \_ \_\_ only two hours last night. She was studying for her final exams. 7. Matt lost his watch. He looked everywhere for it.

Finally, he \_\_\_\_\_\_ it in his pants that were in the washing machine. He had washed his watch, but it was still ticking. 8. Joy was barefoot. She stepped on a piece of

broken glass \_\_\_\_\_ and her foot. 9. Danny and I are old friends. We \_\_\_\_\_ each other in 1985.

10. My father \_\_\_\_\_ me how to make furniture. 11. The student with the highest grade point average

\_a speech at the graduation ceremony. She \_\_\_\_\_\_ about her hopes for the future of the world. 12. I didn't have a garden, so, I \_\_\_\_\_ tomatoes

in a pot on the balcony outside my apartment. 13. Paul was in a hurry to get to class this morning.

He to comb his hair. 14. Last week I \_\_\_\_\_ an interesting book about the volcanoes in Iceland.

15. When Erica and I were introduced to each other, we hands. 16. Mike is injail because he\_\_\_\_\_ a car.

17. When I heard about Sue's problem, I \_ sorry for her. 18. The students \_\_\_\_\_all pictures of their teacher, but few of the drawings looked like her.

She tried not to laugh at the pictures. 19. A few minutes a go, I \_\_\_\_\_ on the radio about a bad plane accident. 20. Joe had an accident. He \_\_\_\_\_ off the roof and

#### Exercise 4

\_\_\_\_\_ his leg.

Can you put the story in the correct order?



The sentences given below are taken from a story, but they are jumbled. That means they are not arranged in their proper order. Rearrange them in their logical sequence.

1. The young man sold his share of the property and left for another country.

2. The father tried to dissuade his son, but he wouldn't listen to his father whom he regarded

him as an old man. 3. Years went by. The younger son began to get restless because he was unhappy with his lot.

4. He led a luxurious life and spent a lot of money

on gambling. 5. They were living together happily. 6. Soon all his money was gone and he became a

pauper. 7. Once there lived a rich farmer. 8. He went to his father and asked for his share of

the property. 9. So the father gave him a third of his property.

10. He had two sons.

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