

englishinschools



Expressing interest, making conversation echo questions

Express interest. Choose the correct question from box 1. To continue the conversation choose appropriate question/statement from box 2.

Box 1		Box 2
Are you? Don't you? Do you? Can't she? Don't they?	Oh, can you? Isn't she? Does he? Aren't you? Is it?	What's the matter? So, how does she get to work? What does he do? I prefer the summer myself. What sort of music do you play? Isn't that her, over there? I have about five cups a day. Whereabouts? Would you like something to drin It's very popular in my house.

Example: His new song is really good. Is it? What's it called? 1. I can play the guitar.

- 2. My brother's new job is very interesting. 3. My father lives in the States.
- 4. My children don't like ice cream.
- 5. I'm thirsty. 6. Nila isn't here today.
- 7. I like this cold weather.
- 8. Nina can't drive.
- 9. I don't drink tea. 10. I'm not very well.

Countries and languages

- Q 'Where are you from?' Can I say 'Where do you come from?'
- A Yes, both are correct and common. The meaning is the same. Q Can I say 'Do you speak English?' and 'Can you speak English?'
- A Yes, both are correct and common.

Where? and Whereabouts? What's the difference?

- A The meaning is the same.
- Where is more direct and specific.
- Example: 'I can't find my keys? Where are they?' Whereabouts is common because it is less direct.
- It is especially common when it is the only word in the question. Example: A 'Paul works in the United States of America.'
 - B 'Does he? Whereabouts?'

What's the right word? Jobs

- → Look at the pictures and the letters.
- → Write the correct word for each job.
- → Use your dictionary if necessary.

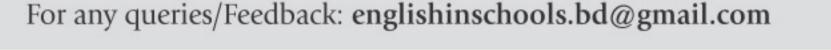


How about you? - work

Write or prepare to tell a friend about your job/studies. What do you do/study? Give some extra information about your job/studies.

Use some of the expressions in the vocabulary exercise above. How much do you enjoy your job/studies?

Find the answers in the next Monday issue



E Using prepositions – work in

- → Correct A in the conversations below.
- → Use the words in the box at the end. Example: Dilip makes planes.

A. You're a dentist, aren't you, Dilip? B. No, *I'm in engineering*, actually.

1. Jamil is a Member of Parliament.

- A. Jamil works in publishing.
- B. No, he's 2. Bela works for HSBC Bank.
- A. Bela's in education. B. No, she's
- 3. Polash is the director of a language school.
- A. Polash works in banking.
- B. No, not Polash. He's
- 4. Miraj draws pictures for books.
- A. Miraj works in administration.

B. Are you sure? I think he works publishing education banking

politics

engineering

work for

- Example: 'I work for a big company.'→ Write the words in the correct order. 1. for / Selim / Kodak / works.
 - 2. does / for / brother / which / your / company / work?
 - 3. who / know / she / for / works / do / you?
- In spoken English you can finish a question or sentence with a preposition. * In written English we sometimes avoid this.

She's He's		a	travel agent	
		an	actor	
Subject + verb be		indefinite article job		
Plurals				
Compare	He's	a	doctor (+article a)	
	They're	X	doctors (no article)	

- → Look again at the pictures. Some people have name labels, for example, the waiter is Dan.
- → Complete the answers and questions below. Example: 'What does Dan do?' 'He's a waiter.'
- 1. What does Dan do?
- 2. What's Pat's job?
- 3. What does Carl do? _____
- 4. What's Kate's job?
- 5. Now you ask: Jo? _____ She's a tour guide.
 6. You ask again: Jim? _____ He's a travel agent. She's a tour guide.

What's the right word or phrase?

Work

- → Match 1-12 with a-l.
- First try without a dictionary. Then use your dictionary if necessary. a. She works full-time.

Independence

Still I remember,

Still I wonder

I take an oath

To get victory

We are a nation

We can lie foes

Minute a cold

Dark and black

Of brave and bold

We shall raise our head

Like a national flag,

To remove all sorts of

I remember the day

To free our country,

The day of independence

From the hand of oppression

- 1. Halima works in the house for her family. 2. Kakoli is 70.

EIS NOTICE BOARD

- 3. Dora hasn't got a job. 4. Saima works from 10-2.
- 5. Twenty people work for Juma.
- 6. Maliha works 50 hours a week.
- 7. Dalia works from 9-5.
- 8. Moyra is a student doctor at
- the hospital. 9. Chameli's office is in her house.
- 10. Sheila works in the same
- office as her sister.
- for different companies.
- 12. Lucy goes to University.
- 11. Lena works on short contracts

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- time. h. She works as a freelancer. i. She's retired.
 - j. She works shifts. k. She works from
 - home. l. She's a student.

b. She's unemployed.

c. She's a colleague.

e. She's a housewife.

f. She's a manager.

g. She works part-

d. She does a lot of

overtime.

I have a dream Everybody has a dream. Everybody cherishes a

desire to become something. Its varies from person to person. To fulfill their dream, they work hard too. But it is also seen that someone's dream have not been fulfilled. But, we are always optimistic. We do not lose our hope. Notwithstanding, we always see a ray of hope. I also have a dream. I want to be a software engineer. Because I love the profession. I chose the profession because it was a creative one and I have always dreamt of such a profession. My dream university is MIT. I will try my heart and soul to go there. If my dream does not come true, I will not lose my hope. Because, I am always optimistic.

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KEEP YOUR SCHOOL CLEAN

Keeping the school clean helps us have a better environment to learn and play in. The responsibility of keeping our school clean belongs to all of us and not just the caretakers. Let's help keep the school clean and make it a better place to learn and play.







Whereabouts

→ Complete these conversations. → Choose a-f from the box below.

1. A. I live in London.

B. 2. A. We go to Italy for our holidays.

B. 4. A. I travel to Nepal a lot.

5. A. This is the name of the hotel.

6. A. Whereabouts do you work?

a. Really? Whereabouts are they?

b. Do you? Whereabouts?

c. I know what it's called but whereabouts is it? d. In the centre of town, actually.

e. That's nice. Whereabouts do you go? f. That's interesting but whereabouts is it?

Likes and dislikes – verb + ing / gerund

Examples: 'I really enjoy teaching.' 'I'm not very keen on all the travelling.'

After enjoy, like, not mind and be keen on the verb ends in ing. This is the gerund.

enjoy + verb/'ing' like + verb/'ing' mind + verb/'ing' be keen on + verb/'ing' → Read this interview with a schoolgirl, Sofia.

→ <u>Underline</u> all the verbs + gerunds. Interviewer: So, tell us about what you like doing and don't

Sofia: Well, I really enjoy going out with my friends at the weekend. I like inviting them home, too. I don't mind doing my homework - I know that's important, but I'm not very keen on helping my Maa with the housework.

Likes and dislikes

like doing, Sofia.

- → Complete these mini-dialogues using enjoy,
 - like, don't mind, not keen on.
- → Use the verbs in the box below.
 - 1. A. What sort of thing do you like <u>doing</u> in the evening?
 - B. Well, actually, I enjoy _____ and I like ____ too. 2. A. Jasmin, can you help us with some housework on Saturday?
 - B. O.K. I don't mind _____ but I'm not very keen on _
 - 3. A. Do you like _____ ?
 - B. Yes I really enjoy _____
 - 4. A. That new film is on at the cinema. B. Actually, 'I'm ____ out tonight. I'm very tired .'
 - 5. A. I'm sorry but the dentist can't see you for another half an hour. B. That's O.K. I
 - watch T.V. read make iron

ANSWER KEY TO THE LAST EIS PAGE ACTIVITIES (DATED MAY 5, 2014)

B. Key: a. 1. take a course, 2. get lots of homework, 3. research an assignment on the internet, 4. learn something by heart, 5. revise for an exam, 6. take an exam, 7. fail an exam, 8. pass an exam, 9. graduate, 10. get a certificate. b. People usually like to do this: pass an exam, get a certificate, graduate;

People don't usually like to do this: fail an exam, get lots of homework, revise for an exam, take an exam:

It depends: learn something by heart, research an assignment on the internet, take a course. E. Key: 2. is sitting in the tree, 3. is running toward(s) the tree, 4. is sitting near the tree, 5. is running up the tree, 6. is flying away from the tree, 7. is running down the tree, 8. is running around the tree, 9. is sitting on the cage, 10. is running toward(s) the cage, 11. is flying away from the cage, 12. is sitting in the cage.

A.key: a. up to eighteen, b. eight, c. it increases the chance of serious illness, people often die young and do less well at work, d. seven, e. no, f. no.

C. Key: 2. I like it very much. 3. It's very interesting. 4. Are there a lot of students in your class? 5. No, there aren't many students. 6. It's a small class. 7. Are you learning English? 8. Yes, but I don't speak fast enough. 9. I think you speak English very well. D. Key: 2. Yes, there is. 3. No, there aren't. 4. Yes, there is. 5. No, there isn't. 6. Yes, there

are. 7. Yes, there are. 8. No, there isn't. 9. Yes, there are. 10. Yes, there is. 11. No, there aren't. 12. No, there isn't.

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