China primier invites Nawaz Sharif to visit

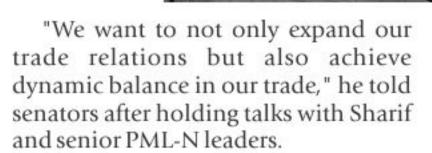
Pledges again to strengthen economic ties

AFP, Islamabad

Sharif, whose Pakistan Muslim League-N (PML-N) party secured a convincing victory in the May 11 general election but who has yet to take office, said it would be a "personal honour" to accept Li's invitation.

Chinese Premier Li Keqiang yesterday invited Pakistan's incoming prime minister Nawaz Sharif to visit Beijing and reiterated a promise to strengthen economic ties.

Li, on the final day of a short visit to China's neighbour and long-time ally, told the Senate Beijing was ready to speed up work to improve the Karakorum Highway, which links the two countries.



On Wednesday Li linked Pakistani

development with that in China's restive western region and said he wanted to create an "economic corridor" between the two countries. China took charge of the south-

western Pakistani port of Gwadar earlier this year, which would give it access to the Arabian Sea and provide revitalise the ailing economy. a shorter transit route for Gulf oil in one direction and Chinese goods in the other.

through the province of Baluchistan,

which is plagued by separatist and religious violence.

The region's precarious security situation was thrown into sharp relief Thursday as a rickshaw bomb targeting security forces in the Baluchistan capital Quetta killed at least 12 people as Li prepared to make his senate address.

problems with violent Islamist militants, the new PML-N government also faces major challenges as it seeks to

Aside from Pakistan's ongoing

Weak growth, inflation, dwindling foreign exchange reserves and a crippling energy crisis are all pressing But any route to Gwadar lies concerns for Sharif, who is expected to assume office in early June.

Blast kills 12 in Pakistan

AFP, Quetta

A bomb planted in a rickshaw tore through a vehicle used by security forces in southwest Pakistan yesterday, killing at least 12 people, police said.

The remotely detonated bomb containing around 100 kilos of explosives targeted a truck carrying members of a government paramilitary force on the outskirts of Quetta, the capital of restive Baluchistan province. Baluchistan, Pakistan's

largest but most undeveloped province, is wracked by Islamist and sectarian violence as well as a longrunning insurgency waged by separatists, and attacks on security forces are common.

"At least 12 people have been killed, 11 of them were security personnel," senior police official Fayyaz Sumbal told AFP.

India capable of providing security to neighbours: PM

OUR CORRESPONDENT, New Delhi

India yesterday said it is well positioned to become a net provider of security in its immediate neighbourhood and beyond in the backdrop of multiple security challenges.

Laying the foundation stone of India's first defence university in Gurgaon, near here,

Prime Minister Manmohan Singh said India lives in a "difficult neighbourhood and faces the entire spectrum of security challenges".

"This is inevitable as we live in a difficult neighbourhood, which holds the full range of conventional, strategic and nontraditional challenges. We are also situated at the strategic crossroads of Asia and astride one of the busiest sea lanes of the world..... We are also living at a moment of history when the world is witnessing change on a scale and at a speed rarely seen before.

"Nowhere is this change more pronounced than in Asia where we are witnessing multiple security challenges on account of the intersection of fragile states,

internal conflicts, proliferation of arms and terrorist groups", he said.

Singh said the nature of conflict and competition is changing at the same time when national boundaries are being blurred by deepening global integration. "Therefore,

while defending and securing our homeland, we also have to be prepared to preserve India's expanding

international assets". He said India's "engagement in our immediate neighbourhood has increased. We have deepened political, economic and strategic relations in the Asia-Pacific, Indian Ocean and West Asian regions. Our

relations with all major powers have

become stronger and more productive". "Our defence cooperation has grown and today we have unprecedented access to high technology, capital and partnerships. We have also sought to assume our responsibility for stability in the Indian Ocean Region. We are well positioned, therefore, to become a net provider of

security in our immediate region and beyond", he said.

Rafsanjani slams Iran leadership **BBC ONLINE**

Former Iranian President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani has accused Iran's leaders of incompetence and ignorance, an opposition

Rafsanjani's comments come two days after he and another candidate were disqualified from next month's presidential polls. "I don't think the coun-

website reported yesterday.

try could have been run worse," he was quoted as saying on the Kaleme website.

The Guardian Council approved only eight potential candidates to stand. They are all considered

conservatives. The Guardian Council, a body of theologians and jurists, is loyal to Supreme Leader Ayatollah Ali Khamenei.

"I don't want to stoop to their propaganda and attacks but ignorance is troubling," Rafsanjani was quoted as saying in a meeting with supporters.

Rafsanjani, who was president between 1989 and 1997, entered the election race at the last minute as a reformist candidate.

Iran expanding

activities: IAEA

Iran is making significant

progress in expanding its

including in opening up a

potential second route to

developing the bomb, a

new UN atomic agency

The International

Atomic Energy Agency's

installation of advanced

equipment at its central

uranium enrichment

Natanz plant.

reprocessed.

The US State

report showed Wednesday.

latest quarterly update said

Tehran had accelerated the

It also outlined further

progress at a reactor under

construction at Arak, also

in central Iran, which

Western countries fear

could provide Iran with

plutonium if the fuel is

Department said the report

was an "unfortunate mile-

Iran expanding its nuclear

activities "in blatant viola-

obligations". A US congres-

tougher sanctions against

Highly enriched ura-

nium and plutonium can

both be used in a nuclear

weapon. North Korea used

plutonium in two tests in

uranium was used in the

"Little Boy" atomic bomb

Hiroshima, Japan in 1945.

The new IAEA report,

seen by AFP, said Iran has

installed at Natanz almost

700 IR-2m centrifuges

operating, however.

and/or empty centrifuge

casings, compared with just

180 in February. None was

2006 and 2009, while

dropped by the US on

tion of its international

sional panel backed

stone" marking a decade of

nuclear programme,

nuclear

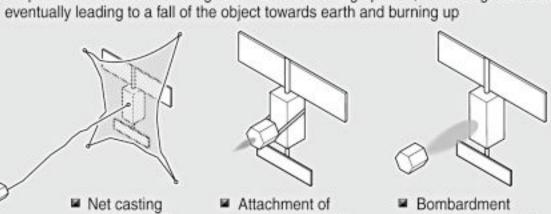
AFP, Vienna

Space junk ears of numan space exploration has produced a hazardous belt of orbitting debris around planet Earth 17,000 man-made objects in space are monitored from the ground An estimated 23,000 Just 7 percent of items of debris are bigger these are functioning than 10 cm across There are hundreds of smaller pieces Each piece travels at an average of 25,000 kph of hardware add to the scattering of small pieces Remaining fuel in defunct rocket parts can cause explosions Every year there are around 250 explosions and collisions Two thirds of the objects orbit below 2,000 km

The debris cannot be controlled, therefore attempts are made to alter the course of functioning hardware. The European Space Agency carries out about 3 collision avoidance manoeuvres a year

The regions near the polar orbits at 600-1,200 km are the most

Proposals are aimed at slowing down the track of large pieces, or altering their course to lower their orbit,



a robotic arm

to alter course

FRIENDS OF SYRIA MEET

Nations agree to boost aid to Syria rebels

AFP, Amman

World powers urged Syrian President Bashar al-Assad to commit to peace, but yesterday warned that if he fails to negotiate a political transition they would boost their backing of the opposition.

The stark warning came from a meeting of the Friends of Syria group, which held talks on Wednesday in Amman to try to agree the contours of a peace conference to end the war.

The conflict, now in its third year, has claimed some 94,000 lives.

The United States and Russia have backed opposite sides in the conflict, but hope to bring the warring sides together at the conference next month, although a date and venue remain unclear.

"We would call on President Assad to exhibit the same commitment to trying to find peace in his own country. That is critical," US Secretary of State Kerry told a joint press conference with Jordanian Foreign Minister Nasser Judeh ahead of the talks.

After meeting late into the night, the 11

ministers from the Friends of Syria group laid out a grim choice for Assad: he and his associates with "blood on their hands" had no role to play in the future of Syria, they said. If the regime refused to negotiate a transi-

their support for the opposition, they said. "The ministers also emphasized that until such time as the Geneva meeting produces a transitional government, they will further increase their support for the opposition and

tional government, then they would boost

take all other steps as necessary," a final statement said.

A US official would not confirm whether that meant Washington would finally overcome its reluctance to send arms to the rebels. Meanwhile, Germany's foreign intelli

gence service believes Syrian President Bashar al-Assad's forces have gained strength, revising its prediction from last year of a quick regime collapse, a media report said. Assad's forces are now able to keep the rebels in check, although victory remains

chief Gerhard Schindler, news site Spiegel Online reported. All eyes are likely now to turn to Istanbul where the opposition is to start meetings on electing a new president, expand its "parliament" and begin the process of choosing an

elusive, according to a report by the service

interim government. Neither the opposition nor Damascus has yet publicly said who they would send to attend the peace conference, likely to be held in June.

However, Syrian state news agency SANA yesterday said the pro-opposition Friends of Syria meeting held in Amman has blocked the way for the international peace conference proposed by the United States and Russia, .

"The participants, who have declared themselves spokesperson for the Syrian people, have blocked the way to the international conference (proposed by Moscow and Washington) by saying that they were going to boost support to the Syrian opposi tion," the agency said.

North Korea

wants peace

A special envoy from North

Korean leader Kim Jong-Un

Pyongyang wants peace and

Envoy tells China

yesterday told one of

China's top officials that

is willing to pursue dia-

state media reported.

ber of the Chinese

ranking body the

ning newscast.

Politburo Standing

Committee, state televi-

sion reported on its eve-

China is the North's

economic benefactor. But

escalating tensions on the

sole major ally and key

relations have taken a

months in the face of

Korean peninsula after

Pyongyang's nuclear and

missile tests, which saw

international sanctions

the sanctions and US-

South Korean exercises --

threatened nuclear attacks

on Seoul and Washington,

sending military tensions

as telling Liu he was sent

by Kim to improve, con-

develop relations and that

the North was willing to

Choe also praised

China's efforts for peace

Korean peninsula. He said

the North was willing to

accept Beijing's proposals

to develop dialogue with

solidate and further

work with China.

and stability on the

other parties.

The report quoted Choe

sharply higher.

The North -- angered by

tightened.

downturn in recent

logue with key countries,

met Liu Yunshan, a mem-

Communist Party's highes

Envoy Choe Ryong-Hae

AFP, Beijing

US backs new Iran sanctions

AFP, Washington

Iran could face tightened sanctions within months after a US congressional panel on Wednesday adopted a measure targeting the nation's auto and mining industries as well as its foreign currency reserves.

The House Foreign Affairs Committee unanimously passed the Nuclear Iran Prevention Act, which would extend existing sanctions to the auto and mining sectors and allow the US president to subject other Iranian industries, such as engineering, to similar restrictions.

Today's US sanctions focus on Iran's finance and energy sectors, notably its oil exports. Six countries and territories -- China, India, Japan, South Korea, Taiwan and Turkey

-- still import Iranian oil, but they have reduced their imports since 2012, with

US admits Awlaki killing

AFP, Washington

The United States formally said for the first time on Wednesday that it had killed radical Yemeni-American cleric Anwar al-Awlaki and three other US citizens in anti-terror strikes abroad.

The acknowledgement that Washington targeted Awlaki in Yemen in September 2011 and that the three others were not directly targeted, but were also killed, came on the eve of a speech on terror policy by President

Barack Obama. US Attorney General Eric Holder acknowledged the killing of Awlaki in a

Militants kill 19 in Niger attacks

AFP, Niamey

Islamist militants staged brazen twin car bomb attacks on an army base and a Frenchrun uranium mine in Niger yesterday, killing at least 19 people and taking several trainee army officers hostage in the impoverished

west African nation, the government said. The unprecedented attacks were claimed by an Islamist group as revenge for Niger's involvement in a French-led military offensive in neighbouring Mali and come just four months after Al-Qaeda linked militants seized a desert gas plant in neighbouring Algeria in a siege that left 38 hostages dead.

Japan PM due in Myanmar today

AFP, Tokyo

Prime Minister Shinzo Abe flies to Myanmar today bearing almost \$1 billion in development aid and a plan for a nationwide electricity grid as Japan tries to grab the box seats in the country's quickening development.

In the first visit by a Japanese premier since 1977, Abe will be playing the role of salesmanin-chief for Japan Inc. as part of an attempt to treble the value of infrastructure exports to help revive his country's slumbering economy.

Diplomatic niceties were being observed ahead of the trip, with a foreign ministry official saying Tokyo wanted to help at a time

Over 10m Galaxy S4 sold

AFP, Seoul

South Korea's Samsung Electronics said yesterday its latest flagship Galaxy S4 had become its fastest selling smartphone to date, topping 10 million units globally less than a month after its debut.

A company statement said the S4 had already passed the 10-million sales mark following its April 26 launch. It's predecessor, the S3, took 50 days to reach the same threshold. The world's top handset maker hopes the S4

will expand its presence in high-end markets in the United States and elsewhere, crowding out archrival Apple and its iconic iPhone.

Apple has asked a US federal judge to add the S4 to the list of Samsung devices targeted in a patent lawsuit involving Siri personal assis-

Sonia, Manmohan seek to dispel leadership confusion

alter course

Source: ESA

OUR CORRESPONDENT, New Delhi As India's Congress party-led UPA II government entered the last lap of its five-year reign ahead of fresh parliamentary elections scheduled early next year, party president Sonia Gandhi and Prime Minister Manmohan Singh sought to dispel public perception that there are two power centres in the ruling coalition and about differences between the two leaders.

Marking the fourth anniversary celebrations of UPA-II, Sonia spoke warmly of Singh's leadership of the government for the last nine years and stressed that "we all stand by him".

"There are no differences between the prime minister and me. There is collective leadership," she said in reply to a question from the media here on Wednesday night.

Singh, for his part, too said there was never any difference of opinion with the Congress president, and on the contrary, she provided him with strength in steering

Attachment of

create drag

a "solar sail" to

the government. "Mrs Gandhi has always been a constant source of inspiration. She has in fact helped me navigate the coalition. There has never been any differences in these last nine years," he said, adding he never felt the need for any reassurance from her because he

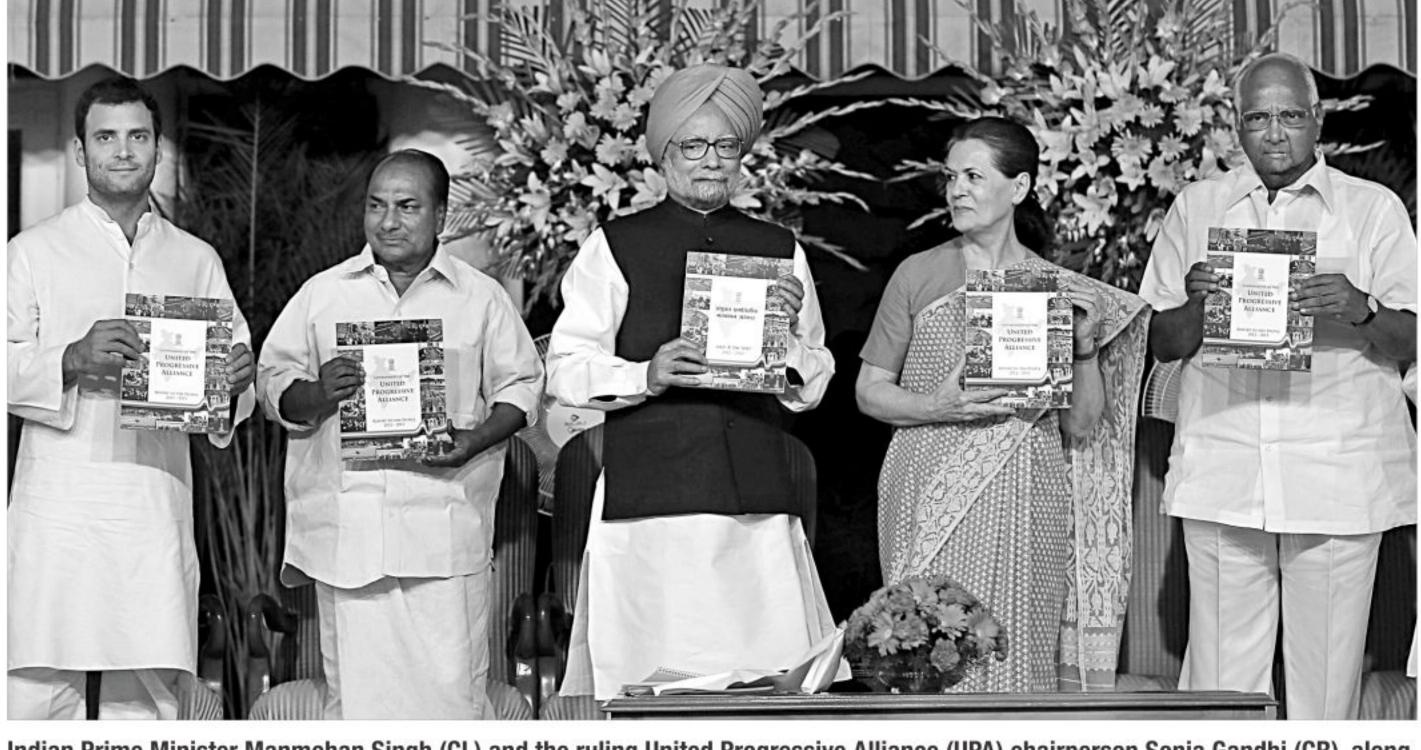
"always had that assurance". The political circles in the Indian capital has always been abuzz with speculations about the presence of two power centres in the form of the Prime Minister and the Congress President. The speculations had come under focus after Congress party general secretary Digvijay Singh expressed strong views against such an arrangement.

Main opposition BJP quickly latched on to it to attack UPA to suggest that the political leadership and executive head were not on the same page on policy issues.

On Wednesday, Congress Vice President Rahul Gandhi too chipped in to stamp out speculation and media reports about two power centres when he said blamed the buzz about divergence on propaganda by the opposition.

"There is no difference between the party and the government. There is no difference between Sonia Gandhi and the Prime Minister. This is a creation of the opposition," Rahul said.

Sonia said "the prime minister is carrying out his responsibility with great dignity in the face of unrelenting hostility and abuse from the Opposition. We respect him and we all stand by him".



Indian Prime Minister Manmohan Singh (CL) and the ruling United Progressive Alliance (UPA) chairperson Sonia Gandhi (CR), along with UPA members, display the 'Report to the People' a self-assessment report during a function to celebrate the completion of four years of the UPA second term in power in New Delhi on Wednesday.

PHOTO: AFP