

# Clashes in Egypt

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which is being held on this and the following Saturday, after weeks of protests and violence between rival camps in Cairo that killed eight people and injured hundreds last week.

Further rallies by both sides were taking place in Cairo.

Morsi's Muslim Brotherhood and ultra-orthodox Salafist groups backing the draft charter have been campaigning for days for Egypt's 51 million voters to approve it.

Egypt's mainly secular opposition has criticised the draft charter as divisive and a possible attempt by Islamists to introduce sharia-style law.

"We are confident that

the Egyptian people will topple the Muslim Brotherhood's constitution," Amr Hamzawy, a leader of the opposition National Salvation Front, told a news conference.

The Front was holding last-ditch rallies on Friday against the new constitution. It has said it could yet call a boycott if its "deep concern" over the referendum's fairness turns out to be founded.

The opposition took out half-page advertisements in major independent dailies describing the charter as "a constitution that divides Egypt."

The opposition -- which initially wanted the referendum postponed -- only started urging a "no" vote on Thursday.

# 2 more held

**FROM PAGE 1**  
murder show Saiful and Shaon hitting Bishwajit with iron rods.

Police earlier arrested seven people in Bishwajit murder case.

In another development, police authorities yesterday transferred Sutrapur Police Station Officer-in-charge Mohammad Nazrul Islam to DMP Training Academy. The authorities described his transfer as "routine" transfer.

Also yesterday, a Dhaka court placed three of the seven people held earlier on an eight-day remand each.

The trio are Mahfuzur Rahman Nahid, HM Kibria and Mohammad Kayyum Miah. They were brought to the Chief Metropolitan Magistrate's Court around 2:10pm.

Detectives nabbed them on Thursday while the four others were held on Tuesday.

Metropolitan Magistrate Shahriar Mahmud Adnan passed the remand order after Mahbulul Alam Akond, a sub-inspector of Sutrapur Police Station, produced the three before the court seeking 10 days' remand for each.

Nahid is an ex-Jagannath University stu-

dent, and Kibria and Kayyum are both honours examinees from psychology department of JnU, according to a DB press release.

In his remand petition, Akond, also the investigation officer (IO) of the case, said police had identified the trio after examining video footage, and found that they were directly involved in the killing.

So they needed to be remanded to find out vital clues about the killing and whereabouts of their accomplices, the IO added.

Twenty-four-year-old Bishwajit was beaten and hacked to death by activists of pro-Awami League student body Chhatra League during the early hours of the blockade enforced by the BNP-led 18-party alliance, eyewitnesses told The Daily Star.

But the BCL and the government have made it clear that no Chhatra League men were responsible for the murder.

Talking to The Daily Star over the phone, Uttam Das, elder brother of Bishwajit, said: "We want justice."

He alleged Bishwajit was not treated properly at Mitford Hospital, and demanded proper investigation into the negligence of the doctors and hospital

the European Union, have expressed reservations about the draft because of loopholes that could be used to weaken human rights, the rights of women and the independence of judges.

## Jamaat

**FROM PAGE 20**  
Islam of Hazaribagh Police Station, also the investigation officer of the case, produced the Jamaat leader before the court seeking 10 days' remand.

Police recovered 10 crude bombs from Shafiqur's Dhanmondi residence following information gleaned from the arrestee, said the IO in his petition.

Shafiqur's lawyers filed a bail petition.

After hearing, the court rejected the bail petition and granted four days' remand.

Rapid Action Battalion members arrested Shafiqur on Thursday.

# Govt yet to reply

**FROM PAGE 20**  
By passing the law, parliament during the rule of the then BNP-Jamaat alliance had legitimised all the actions undertaken by the joint forces during the drive from October 16, 2002 to January 9, 2003.

The law provided legal indemnity to all those involved in the operation for any damage caused.

Officials concerned of the government including the secretaries to the ministries of law and home have been made respondents to the rule.

Asked about the delay, Deputy Attorney General Al Amin Sarker, who represented the government in this litigation, said his office did not receive any reply to the HC rule from the government officials concerned.

Secretary to the law and justice division in the law ministry ASSM Zahirul Haque said his office was yet to receive the copy of the HC rule.

Home Secretary CQK Mustaq Ahmed said he was not aware of the rule. He advised this correspondent to contact the law and planning wing in his ministry to know about the government's stance on the issue.

Shawkat Mostafa, and Smriti Rani Gharami, joint secretaries to the home ministry, expressed their ignorance about the HC rule.

Smriti, however, mentioned that they would give reply to the rule once the court fixes a date for holding the hearing on it.

ZI Khan Panna, a former chairman of the legal aid

and human rights committee of Bangladesh Bar Council, had filed the writ petition with the HC. He said they will move the court next month for holding the hearing on the rule.

The litigant added that they were now collecting documents and evidence in support of the petition.

An investigation by The Daily Star found that around 24,023 army and 339 navy personnel along with the members of erstwhile BDR, police and ansar had joined the Operation Clean Heart.

As many as 44 people died in custody and hundreds sustained injuries following torture during the operation, triggering criticism for human rights violations.

The then government, however, put the death toll at only 12, saying all the victims died of heart attacks in hospitals after being handed over to police.

The joint forces arrested 11,245 people, including some 2,482 listed criminals, and recovered 2,028 firearms and 29,754 rounds of ammunition.

In the absence of a parliament session, the government first promulgated an indemnity ordinance on January 9, 2003, hours before the end of the operation.

The ordinance was signed into a law on February 24 the same year, drawing a lot of flak from a cross section of people, including eminent lawyers and rights activists.

# Disclose assets

**FROM PAGE 20**  
party members.

"This is the first step in fighting corruption", Hu Jia, a prominent rights activist who signed the letter, told Reuters by telephone.

"These 205 are the highest-level officials in China," said Hu, whose movements are restricted because of his rights activities and who was being confronted aggressively by police as he spoke to Reuters after venturing out of his home.

"They are the ones with the greatest risk of being involved in corruption. So we are calling on them to take the lead," Hu said.

A new Central Committee was named at the party's once-a-decade leadership handover last month. Xi took over as party chief and will become president at the

embarrassed and angered the party.

**NEW ATMOSPHERE**  
Other signatories of the letter saw the leadership transition as an opportunity to make a push against graft.

"It's a good chance to create a new atmosphere," said Hu Xingdou, a professor at the Beijing Institute of Technology.

"China is vigorously fighting corruption, and to fight corruption the most important thing is to establish a modern system, a system that makes officials' assets public."

Liu Xiaoyuan, a human rights lawyer and adviser to artist Ai Weiwei, China's

best-known dissident, said the new leaders must set an example.

"Appeals for disclosing the assets of officials have already been going on for years and many people have high expectations of the new leadership," Liu said.

"This must start with the top echelon."

Liu acknowledged, however, that the letter might just be ignored.

"The National People's Congress has been discussing legislation on disclosing assets for more than 20 years but still, there is no outcome," he said.

Wang Quanjie, a professor at Yantai University, was more optimistic. As a

former delegate to parliament, Wang had proposed numerous times that the parliament make officials reveal their assets, but to no avail.

But he said last month's congress had given him hope.

"I was genuinely inspired by the determination of the new leadership to combat graft," Wang said.

"I'm optimistic that the current situation shows new actions are imperative," he said.

"Corruption has been very serious and if these problems remain unsolved, the Communist Party's leadership position will be jeopardised."

# Rapid changes

**FROM PAGE 1**  
villages are disappearing in China every day," says Fan Jida of National School of Administration and a specialist on reforms and economics.

These villages -- out of several hundred thousand villages of the country -- are either being abandoned or merged with cities. There are 650 cities in China and these are geographically expanding rapidly.

"Around 960 million people out of 1.3 billion live in urban areas," he informed a delegation of the Awami League central committee, headed by Akhtaruzzaman, in Beijing. The team was invited by the Communist Party of China (CPC) to exchange views on China's poverty alleviation efforts. The eight-member team visited the cities of Nanning, Qin Dao and Beijing between November 27 and December 6.

Presently, the urbanisation level is 51 percent. As per China's development model, industries and special economic zones in a city trigger migration from rural areas for jobs. To make this rural workforce efficient, they have special training programmes. There are city clusters with one big city served by many small towns and hundreds of villages.

"There are three clusters representing only three percent of the country's areas while they account for 40 percent of the population and 42 percent of GDP. They are truly the locomotives of regional development of China," said Fan Jida.

Fan Jida mentioned that China aims at 70 percent urbanisation by 2030. "But there will still be 400 million people living in rural areas because of population growth. Just think that back in 1949, the number of people living in rural areas was also 400 million."

Back in the late seventies, when Deng Xiaoping took over the leadership of China following the death of Cultural Revolution leader Mao Zedong, Xiaoping redefined what socialism means by saying "socialism is not poverty". He then laid out a three-tier plan to bring China out of its stagnant economy where majority of the hugely populated country lived a harsh and poor life.

Of the three-tier special national plan -- the first one was implemented during 1986-'93, the second one during '94-2000 and the third one in 2001-11. The government had pumped in billions of dollars for this plan.

Back in 1978, China had 250 million poor people as per a Chinese definition of poverty. This came down to 10 million last year.

But China is now redefining its poverty in line with international standard as per which per capita income must be at least \$1 a day. Under this definition, there are 120 million poor people in China.

The AL delegation included lawmaker Khalid Mahmood Chowdhury, Badiuzzaman Bhuiyan, Ashim Kumar Ukil, Afzal Hossain, Sujit Roy Nandi, Mohammad Aminul Islam and AKM Enamul Hoque Shamim.

বাংলাদেশ সুপ্রীম কোর্ট					
আপীল বিভাগ, ঢাকা					
দরপত্র বিজ্ঞপ্তি					
বাংলাদেশ সুপ্রীম কোর্ট, আপীল বিভাগের লাইব্রেরীর জন্য কম বেশী ২০০ (দুইশত) কপি বিভিন্ন ধরনের আইন পুস্তক/ল-রিপোর্টস ক্রয়ের জন্য নিম্নলিখিত শর্তাবলীর আওতায় খ্যাতনামা প্রকাশক/পরিবেশক/সরবরাহকারী/আমদানিকারক প্রতিষ্ঠানের নিকট হইতে উন্মুক্ত দরপত্র আহ্বান করা যাইতেছে।					
ক্রমিক নং	পণ্য ও দরপত্র সংক্রান্ত তথ্যাদি				
১.	মন্ত্রণালয়/বিভাগ		বাংলাদেশ সুপ্রীম কোর্ট, ঢাকা।		
২.	প্রতিষ্ঠান		বাংলাদেশ সুপ্রীম কোর্ট, আপীল বিভাগ, ঢাকা।		
৩.	সংগ্রাহক প্রতিষ্ঠানের নাম ও ঠিকানা		বাংলাদেশ সুপ্রীম কোর্ট, আপীল বিভাগ, ঢাকা।		
৪.	সংগ্রাহক প্রতিষ্ঠানের জেলা		ঢাকা।		
৫.	দরপত্র আহ্বানের বিষয়		বিভিন্ন ধরনের আইন পুস্তক এবং ল-রিপোর্টস ক্রয় সংক্রান্ত একক লটের দরপত্র।		
৬.	দরপত্র বিজ্ঞপ্তির নম্বর		নং-৩৯০৯ (ক) /২০১২ইং		
৭.	তারিখ		৬/১২/২০১২ইং		
৮.	ক্রয় পদ্ধতি		উন্মুক্ত দরপত্র পদ্ধতি।		
৯.	পণ্য সংগ্রহ পদ্ধতি		উন্মুক্ত দরপত্র পদ্ধতি।		
১০.	বাজেট তহবিলের উৎস		জাতীয় রাজস্ব বাজেট (২০১২-২০১৩)।		
১১.	দরপত্র প্রকাশের তারিখ		১২/১২/২০১২ইং		
১২.	দরপত্র দলিল বিক্রয়ের শেষ তারিখ		২৭/১২/২০১২ইং বেলা ৩.০০ ঘটিকা পর্যন্ত।		
১৩.	দরপত্র দলিল দাখিলের শেষ তারিখ ও সময়		৩০/১২/২০১২ইং তারিখ বেলা ১.০০ ঘটিকা পর্যন্ত।		
১৪.	দরপত্র উন্মুক্তকরণের তারিখ ও সময়		৩০/১২/২০১২ইং তারিখ বেলা ১.৩০ ঘটিকা।		
১৫.	দরপত্র আহ্বানকারী প্রতিষ্ঠানের নাম ও ঠিকানা		রেজিস্ট্রারের কার্যালয়, বাংলাদেশ সুপ্রীম কোর্ট, ঢাকা।		
১৬.	দরপত্র দলিল বিক্রয়কারী প্রতিষ্ঠানের নাম ও ঠিকানা		ডেপুটি রেজিস্ট্রারের কার্যালয়,		
১৭.	দরপত্র দলিল গ্রহণকারী প্রতিষ্ঠানের নাম ও ঠিকানা		বাংলাদেশ সুপ্রীম কোর্ট,		
১৮.	দরপত্র উন্মুক্তকারী প্রতিষ্ঠানের নাম ও ঠিকানা		আপীল বিভাগ, ঢাকা।		
১৯.	দরপত্র দাতাগণের যোগ্যতা		দরপত্রে বর্ণিত যোগ্যতা।		
২০.	দরপত্র দলিলের মূল্য		নগদ ৫০০/- (পাঁচশত) টাকা অফেরতযোগ্য।		
২১.	পণ্যের সংক্ষিপ্ত বিবরণ		অবস্থান	দরপত্র জামানতের পরিমাণ	কাজ সমাপ্তির সময়
	বিভিন্ন ধরনের আইন পুস্তক ও ল-রিপোর্টস		বাংলাদেশ সুপ্রীম কোর্ট, আপীল বিভাগ, ঢাকা।		১২,০০০/- কার্যাদেশ প্রাপ্তির পর ২১ (একুশ) দিন।
২২.	দরপত্র আহ্বানকারী কর্মকর্তার নাম			একেএম শামসুল ইসলাম।	
২৩.	দরপত্র আহ্বানকারী কর্মকর্তার পদবী			রেজিস্ট্রার।	
২৪.	দরপত্র আহ্বানকারী কর্মকর্তার ঠিকানা			বাংলাদেশ সুপ্রীম কোর্ট, ঢাকা।	
২৫.	দরপত্র আহ্বানকারীর সহিত যোগাযোগের মাধ্যম		টেলিফোন নম্বরঃ ৯৫৬২৭৮৫	ফ্যাক্স নম্বরঃ ৯৫৬৫০৫৮	E-mail: registrar@supremecourt.gov.bd www.supremecourt.gov.bd
দরপত্র আহ্বানকারী কর্তৃপক্ষ কোন কারণ ব্যতিরেকে যে কোন দরপত্র গ্রহণ বা সকল দরপত্র বাতিল করার পূর্ণ ক্ষমতা সংরক্ষণ করেন।					
একেএম শামসুল ইসলাম রেজিস্ট্রার বাংলাদেশ সুপ্রীম কোর্ট, ঢাকা ফোন-৯৫৬২৭৮৫					
জিডি-৪৯১০					



**Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF)**  
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**Vacancy Announcement**

Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF), a national apex institution for poverty alleviation through employment generation, invites application from deserving candidates for recruitment of the following positions for its DFID funded project titled “Promoting Financial Services for Poverty Reduction (PROSPER)”. The project has two components; “Learning and Innovation Fund to Test New Ideas (LIFT)” and “Programmed Initiatives for Monga Eradication (PRIME)”. The project is due to end in June 2014.

**1. Senior Accounts Officer, No. of post : 1**  
**Responsibilities:**  
Manage overall project finance and accounts, prepare budget and financial statements, ensure timely fund flow from donor, monitor the expenditure of POs (Partner Organizations), support internal and external audits.

**Qualification:**  
Masters/MBA in Accounting/Finance with at least two first classes/ Divisions. Candidate having Masters/MBA along with CA/CMA (at least intermediate level) will be preferred. 3rd Division/Class in any examination is not acceptable.

**Experience and other competencies:**  
At least 5 (five) years experience in managing project finance and accounts. Excellent knowledge and practice with standard accounting software is required. Strong communication and report writing skill in English and Bangla is essential.

**Duty station:** Dhaka with frequent field visits to the project areas.

**Salary:** Consolidated Tk. 55,000/- per month and other benefits as per PKSF rules.

**Age:** Below 35 years on 31 December 2012.

**2. Accounts Officer, No. of post : 1**  
**Responsibilities:**  
Keep and update books of account, reconcile project bank accounts, assist in preparing budget and financial statements, verify and reimburse expenditure of POs (Partner Organizations), support internal and external audits.

**Qualification:**  
Masters/MBA in Accounting/Finance with at least two first classes/ Divisions. Masters/MBA along with CA (CC) will be preferred. 3rd Division/ Class in any examination is not acceptable.

**Experience and other competencies:**  
At least 3 (three) years’ experience in managing project finance and accounts. Excellent knowledge and practice with standard accounting software is required. Strong communication and report writing skill in English and Bangla is essential.

**Duty station:** Dhaka with frequent field visits to the project areas.

**Salary:** Consolidated Tk. 42,000/- per month and other benefits as per PKSF rules.

**Age:** Below 35 years as on 31 December 2012.

The appointment would be on a contract basis for an initial period of one year and extendable, subject to satisfactory performance and requirement of PKSF upto the project period. Interested persons are requested to send their CVs together with contact no. and all copies of the certificates and two copies of recent passport size photograph to the undersigned on or before 31 December 2012. Please write the name of the post applied for on top of the envelope.

PKSF is an equal opportunity employer. Any persuasion will disqualify the candidature. Only short-listed candidates would be called for participating in the selection process.

This vacancy announcement can also be seen on the web site of PKSF.

**Deputy Managing Director (Administration & Finance)**