















Multiple talents In conversation with SA Haque Alik



A CORRESPONDENT

SA Haque Alik is a TV play director, cinematographer, lyricist and theatre activist. About a 100 tele-films and TV plays, a dozen TV serials, and two mega serials, directed by Alik, have gone on air on different TV channels. Currently a megaserial "Ladies First", directed by Alik, is being aired on Banglavision. Meanwhile 135 episodes of the serial have so far gone on air.

Alik came into the limelight directing a TV serial "Dwitiyo Jibon", written by Anisul Hoque. The serial went on air on ATN Bangla. The director's other TV serial "Bhalobasha Mondobasha". that went on nty, also earned him accolades. A TV serial "Khoab", depicting the life stories of slum dwellers, went on air on ATN Bangla seven years back. "Ebong Ami", "Din Chole Jaye" and "Achin Pakhi" are several popular TV serials,

directed by Alik. Alik also directed a film called "Hridoyer Kotha". The film, featuring Riaz and Purnima as the protagonists, received much popularity. The promising director also earned recognition directing another film -- "Akash Chhowa Bhalobasha". Alik's next mission is to make a film

titled "Briddhasram". At present, Alik is busy with shooting for Eid special TV plays.

Alik is a lyricist as well. Renowned singers including Ferdaus Waheed, Samina Chowdhury, Partha Barua, Monir Khan, Kona, Habib and Nancy have lent their voices to Alik's lyrics. Alik wrote popular songs like "Prithibir Joto Shukh" and "Bole Toh Divechhi Hridover Kotha" that were recorded by Habib and Nancy.

Alik is also a theatre activist -- belonging to Dristipat Natya Sangsad. He enacts roles in TV plays too.

Home was his heart



"Mahajoner Nao" sets

sail to South Korea

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

Subachan Natya Sangsad's musical play "Mahajoner

Nao" will participate at an international theatre festival

play that narrates the life and struggles of the bard Shah

to be held in Republic of Korea, early next month. The

Abdul Karim will be staged on August 9 and 10 at the

Festival of Theatre', where apart from Bangladesh, 11

countries will participate with their productions. Featur-

ing nearly 200 plays, the festival will begin from July 27

and will continue till August 15. Subachan is participat-

Cultural Affairs, says a press note sent by the troupe.

tion will leave the country on August 7.

ing at the festival as part of a selection by the Ministry of

A 17-member troupe headed by Jhuna Chowdhury,

Written by Shakur Majid in a lyrical form, the play

The play will take part at the 'Keochang International Festival of Theatre'

secretary general, Bangladesh Group Theatre Federa-

Sun Theatre in Keochang, informed director of the play

The play will take part at the 'Keochang International

covered 22 bigha of land. Now it covers around

40 bigha. Actor Dr. Ejaz helped procure the

(his first wife) son.

features nearly 20 popular and lesser known Abdul

Karim songs. Abdul Karim's life has been articulated

an allegorical proportion of the human body while

depicted in the play.

through music and dance.

Shaon and Fazlul Hauque.

Shilpakala Academy.

partly through these songs, as he saw 'Nao' or boat as

'Mahajan' symbolically represents the creator. Karim's

stance against bigotry and social injustice has also been

Mysticism was the core aspect of Karim's life. The

audience will see a depiction of mysticism in the play

The cast includes Ahmed Gias, Ansar Ali, Asadul

Islam, Sonia Hasan, Saiful Imam, Monirul Hossain,

Imran, Roni Alam, Lithu Rani, Sohel Khan, Imtiaz

the set, light and costumes for the play.

Amirul Islam, Tanveer Dipu, Aminul Islam, Hossain

Apart from directing, Chakroborthy also designed

Subachan will hold a special show of the play on

August 4 at the Experimental Theatre Hall, Bangladesh

land. The heavenly 'village' was named after

Nuhash, Humayun Ahmed and Gultekin Khan's

Ahmed had a deep attachment to Nuhash

Ahmed spent half the day at Dokhin Hawa, in

Dhanmondi, Dhaka and another half at Nuhash

Polli with near and dear ones. Folk artistes per-

Ahmed had to celebrate his last birthday in USA

where he had gone to receive treatment for the

formed Baul songs that night. Unfortunately

cancer that finally claimed his life.

PHOTO: JAMIL MAHMUD

Polli. On November 13, 2010, his birthday.

Ahmed was very fond of music. He loved to live amidst nature and relished the date plantation, which he had set up inside Nuhash Polli. When he recently visited Bangladesh for 20 days before going back to New York, the writerfilmmaker strolled around the garden for a long

There is a dighi (big pond) at the extreme north end of Nuhash Polli. A wooden bridge has been constructed over the pond. A tent was placed on an artificial island in the middle of the pond. Ahmed's wife, Meher Afroz Shaon, conceived a daughter who died before seeing the light of day. Ahmed called her Leelaboti, after whom the pond was named. Ahmed also wrote a multi-volume novel called "Leelaboti".

A building called 'Bhutbilash' was constructed adjacent to the pond while Ahmed was receiving treatment in USA. The last time he visited Nuhash Polli, Ahmedi inaugurated 'Bhutbilash', hoping to behold a 'ghost', seated by the veranda of 'Bhutbilash' at midnigh

Nuhash Polli houses a large number of sculptures crafted by local sculptor Asaduzzaman Khan. Spectators cannot but be impressed by a sculpture, 'Ma O Shishu' (mother and child) at the entrance to Nuhash Polli. Ghost-shaped and frog-like sculptures have been made to amuse children. A tree house is a delight for

Ahmed enjoyed rainfall and moonlit nights. He created a room called "Brishti Bilash' from where he could observe the pattering rain. The green yard was always kept clean and tidy to indulge Ahmed's passion for watching the waxing and waning moon. The manager of Nuhash Polli, Bulbul, led a nine-member team in overseeing the overall management of the idyllic

Whenever Humayun Ahmed travelled within and outside the country, he would collect various types of trees. About 300 species of medicinal and fruit trees can be found within the precincts of Nuhash Polli. The writer also had a tea plantation at Nuhash Polli, which still exists.

Initially, Ahmed accompanied his guests while they wandered through the Nuhash Polli estate. He introduced the visitors to various species and would invite them to taste the leaves of a particular scented tree.

A swimming pool stands near the bedroom of the deceased writer. He would swim there at times with his dear ones. Once he swam with noted Indian litterateur Sunil Gangopadhyay. Nuhash Polli was Ahmed's favourite shooting spot for almost all the TV plays and films

directed by him. Most of Nuhash Polli remain unchanged, only Ahmed is no more.

In remembrance of Mahmudul Haque



Mahmudul Haque

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

July 21 marked the 4th death anniversary of writer Mahmudul Haque. Different organisations and individuals, including Bangla Academy, Bangladesh Lekhok Shibir, Bangladesh Writers Association and National Poetry Council organised a discussion on his life and contributions.

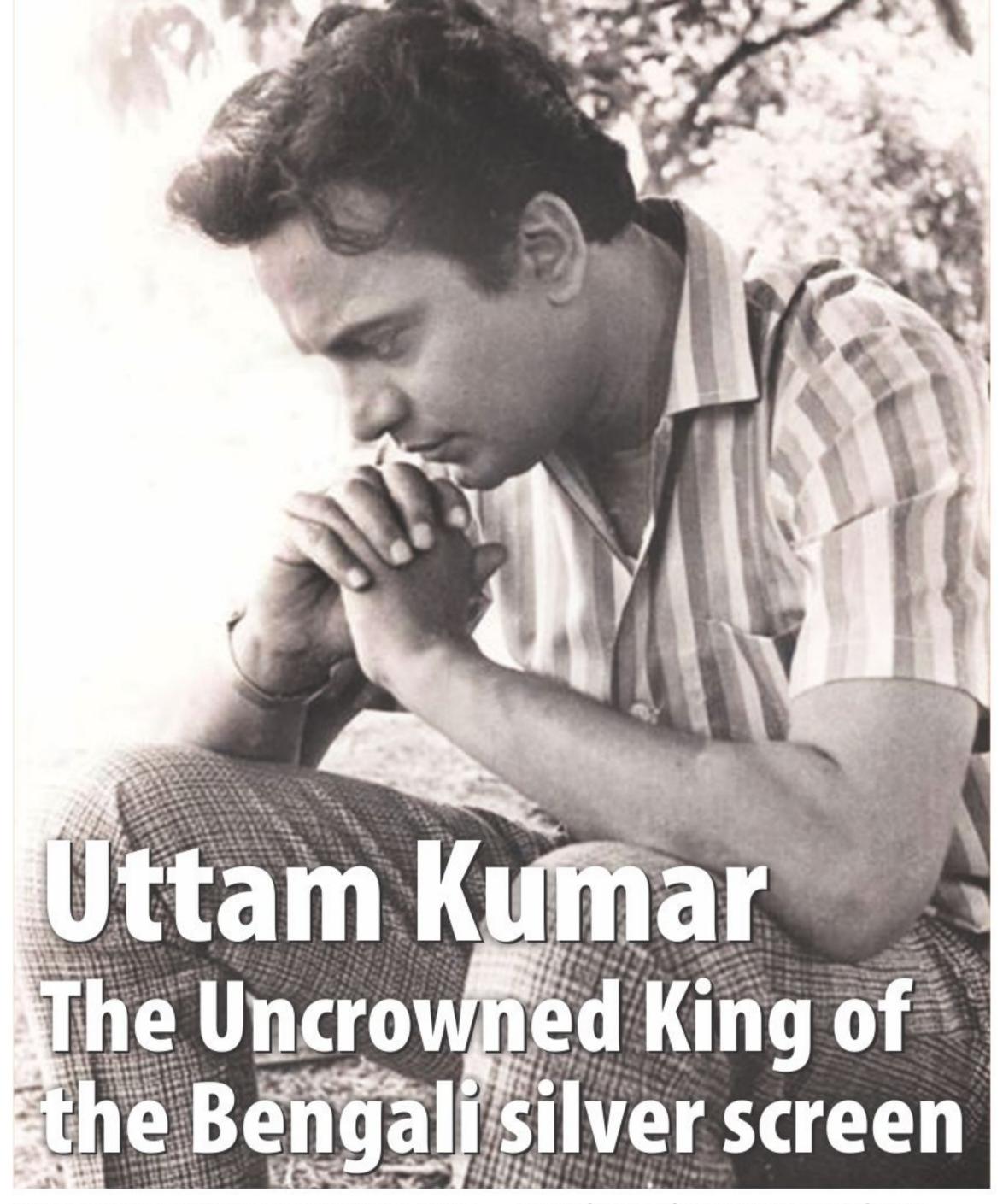
Haque was a gifted writer. He was not exactly what is considered "popular" in the contemporary literary scene, but most aware readers were well-acquainted with his brilliant writing. He wrote, in fact, a few novels. His books could be finished at one go, as the essence is usually clear and easily comprehensible. The imagery he weaved was practically etched into

the minds of his readers. The most important aspect of all Haque's novels is his passion -- he never narrated a story just for the sake of storytelling. He analysed the characters elabo- and "Khelaghar". rately and revealed their inter-relationships. One trait

that set Haque's novels apart is their slenderness. The thin volume, however, should not be considered a disadvantage, as it takes remarkable restraint and skills for a writer to express himself in limited words.

The subjects of Haque's novels are pragmatic and relevant. His inimitability lay in simplified articulation. He disliked complicated language. That however, does not mean that Haque's language was mundane and uninteresting; rather it was marked with subtlety and remarkable savour. Mahmudul Haque first emerged as a short story

writer in the mid-1960s, when the then East Pakistan (now Bangladesh) produced a number of outstanding poets, novelists and writers like Mahadev Saha, Shahid Kadri, Rafiq Azad, Belal Chowdhury and Rabiul Hussain. Haque's first novel came out in 1973. Since then -- after long pauses -- a total of six novels were authored by him: "Anur Pathshala", "Nirapod Tandra", "Jibon Amar Bon", "Matir Jahaj", "Kalo Baraf"



"It is the demise of a leading light of the Bengali film industry... There won't be another hero like him."

-- Satyajit Ray after Uttam Kumar's death

Uttam Kumar's hypnotic screen presence, mellow voice, unique charisma and dazzling smile made him not just a heartthrob, but also a legend of Bengali Cinema. To generations of Bangla film aficionados, he remains 'Mahanayak' (epic hero), the undisputed king of the Bengali silver screen. Yesterday (July 24) marked his 32nd death anniversary. Born as Arun Kumar Chatterjee on September 3

1926 at Ahiritola, North Kolkata, he was called 'Uttar by his maternal grandmother. The extended family had its own theatre group, 'Suhrid Samaj', which staged many amateur shows within the community. Besides acting, young Uttam was also into sports.

After graduation, the financial condition of his fam ily forced Uttam to take up employment as a clerk at the Port Commissioner's office.

In 1947, he got an offer for a brief role in a Hindi file called "Mayador." The film never saw the light of day. His first release was the Bengali film "Drishtidaan" (1948), directed by Nitin Bose. In the film Uttam was credited as Arun Kumar. The film was a flop. In 1949 he made his debut as the leading man in the film "Kamona," crediting him as Uttam Chatterjee. But this too bombed. By then the Industry had labelled him a "flop master." During this time he got married to Gauri Ganguli (in 1948). Fortunately for Uttam, "Basu Paribar" (1952), co-starring Sabitri Chatterjee, was a big hit.

Uttam delivered another big hit "Sharey Chuattor" in 1953. In the film he was paired for the first time with Suchitra Sen. With "Agniparikkha", the following year, again hitting the bull's-eye, the Uttam-Suchitra pair ushered in the so-called 'golden era of Bengali cinem They went on to become icons of Bengali romantic melodramas for more than twenty years, becoming almost a genre in themselves.

Their films were famous for the soft-focus close ups of the stars, particularly Suchitra's, and lavishly

mounted scenes of romance against windswept expanses and richly decorated interiors. The storylines often revolved around a pattern wherein the lovers would meet and fall in love. And then either the family or difference in status of the two would cause hurdles in the romance. Some popular films of the pair include "Shap Mochon" (1955), "Shagorika" (1956), "Harano Shur" (1957), "Shaptopodi" (1961), "Bipasha" (1962) and "Grihadaho" (1967).

"Shonar Horin" (1959) saw Supriya Debi play the lead opposite Uttam Kumar. As they began to act in more films together, the two got involved off screen as well. Many of Uttam's films with Supriya too were huge successes at the box office but there was a marked difference in audience perception to these films as compared to his films with Suchitra. When Satyajit Ray made "Nayak" (1966), he created

the role of actor Arindam Mukherjee, keeping Uttam Kumar in mind. Many people feel the film is autobiographical to Uttam Kumar's own life -- the sense of anxiety and restlessness of the character mirrored Uttam's insecurities about his phenomenal success and abiding fear that his superstardom might not last. Ray later confessed that if Uttam had refused the film, he would have abandoned it. The actor worked with Ray again the following year in "Chiriakhana" (1967).

When the Indian Government instituted the National Awards for Best Actor and Actress in 1967, Uttam Kumar was the first recipient of the Best Actor Award for his performances in "Chiriakhana" and "Anthony Firangee" (1967).

Uttam also tried his hand at Hindi films with the oftcriticised box office bomb "Chhoti Si Mulakat," a film he produced and starred in, among others that were better received.

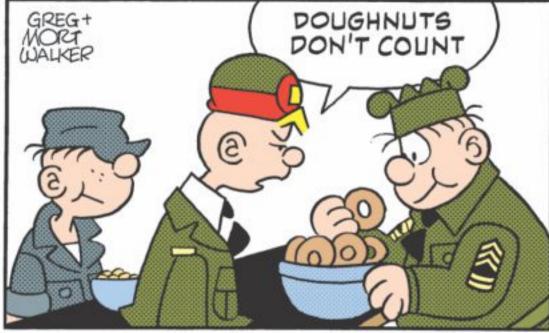
A strict workaholic, he was rumoured to have said that his preferred demise would be on the floor of a studio, doing what he loved best, acting. Indeed, that is exactly how he died. While filming "Ogo Bodhu Shundori" in 1980, he died of a massive heart attack at the age of 54.

COMPILED BY CORRESPONDENT

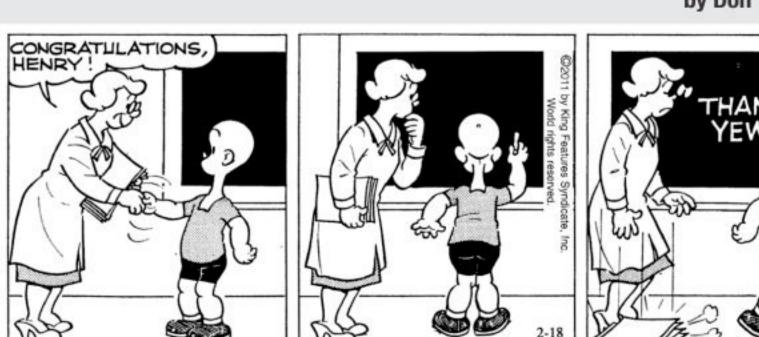
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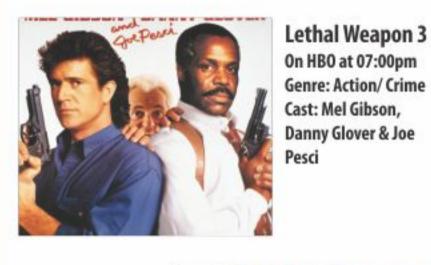
Henry



by Don Tranchte









11:45 Sports 24 Ramzan Protidin 08:35 Boro Bhalobashi Gaa BANGLAVISION Jiggasha O Jawab

05:15 Qur'an-er Alo 11:00 Z-documentary 07:00 Style File Fox Movies 11:25 Music Club

08:50 Beyonce: Live At 09:05 Drama Serial: Boyra 10:10 Dylan Dog: Dead

12:05 Ghar-e Ghar-e Utshab You Don't Know Jack

Diganta TV

The Last Airbender A Nightmare on Elm Total Sports **National Geographic**

DRAMA SERIAL

08:15pm Bokulpurer Jatri 08:15pm Side Effect 7:50pm Bayanno Golir Ek Goli 08:15pm Radio Chocolate Maasranga Television 09:45pm Dokhinayoner Dir 08:30pm Khonikaloy CHANNEL 9 09:30pm Kamini 08:40pm Bachelor the Family oishakhi TV CHANNEL 24 09:20pm Ognipath 09:30pm Paa Rekhechhi Joubone

NEWS BULLETIN

News (Bangla) at 10am, News (Bangla) at 12pm, News (English) at 10am, News (English) at 9am, ATN BANGLA News (Bangla) at 11am. News (Bangla) at 10am. 2pm, 7:30pm, 10:30pm. News (English) at 9am, News (English) at 1pm, 6pm. CHANNEL i 3pm, 6pm, 9pm. News (Bangla) at 2pm,

9pm, 10:30pm. News (Bangla) at 2pm. 7:30pm, 10:30pm. News (Bangla) at 1pm,

Boishakhi TV

News (Bangla) at :45pm, 6:45pm, 10:45pm. News (Bangla) at 2pm, laasranga Television News (Bangla) at 7pm,

TALK SHOW TN BANGLA 12:30am Lead News

12:05am Ekushey-er Raat

11:30pm Our Democracy 11:45pm Shoja Katha Maasranga Television 12:00am Modhyraater Muktabak