Manufacturing



Herbal drugs make a niche

SARWAR A CHOWDHURY

............ ERBS and plants have been used in many parts of the world for medicinal purposes for millenniums. But use of herbal cures began declining since early 19th century when chemical analyses were introduced and scientists started extracting and modifying the active ingredients of herbs and plants.

Later, chemists developed their personalised versions of various plant compounds and over time, the use of herbal Many of the medicine diminished even further.

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(BUZURI)

ers today,

In recent times, herbal medicines once again made a comeback in many countries including developed ones, as improvements in analysis and quality control along with advances in clinical research have proven the value of herbal medicine in treating and preventing diseases.

In many countries, herbal medicine is taken as food or herbal supplements, as their side effects proved to be next to nothing.

Bangladesh also looks forward to developing the herbal medicine sector, although uses

of traditional medicine in the country have a long history, demographically as well as geographically.

Many of the Bangladeshi drug manufacturers today, including the top market players, are setting up separate units for herbal medicine, thus making the entrepreneurs' investment portfolio heavier. Herbal medicine was recognised as the fifth medicinal system in 2005 after the allopathic, homeopathic, ayurvedic and unani healing systems.

Plant's seeds, berries, roots, leaves, bark or flowers are generally used for preparing herbal medicines. In other words, if the main ingredient is derived from herbs, the cure will fall under herbal medicine. It is being mainstreamed gradually, as people are relying more and more on herbal medicines.

A recent survey of the World Health Organisation (WHO) said 80 percent of the world population today rely on traditional medicine for their primary healthcare and remedies, and the use of traditional medicine is rising in the developed economies such as Europe and the Americas.

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(EJAZ)



AMRAN HOSSAIN

Leading drug makers in Bangladesh are setting up plants to make herbal medicines.

The WHO categorised the herbal medicines into four types: traditionally used medicines; ayurvedic, unani and siddha that are very popular in the southeast region; modified herbal medicine; and modern and imported herbal medicine.

There are 17 licensed drug manufacturers in the country for producing herbal medicines. Square Herbal and Nutraceuticals, an endeavour of Square Group, is a pioneer in this sector.

Other licensed companies are Acme Laboratories, Modern Herbal Pharmaceuticals, Drug International and Hamdard Laboratories (Waqf) Bangladesh.

"The herbal medicine market is huge -- both locally and internationally. The global herbal medicine market is growing at

Company Name

15-20 percent every year -- the highest growth is being seen in the US and Germany," said MM Asad Ullah, group product manager of Square.

"Earlier, the least developed countries were our main focus for export. But now we want to enter the US and EU markets, as herbal medicines are growing to be quite popular there," he said.

"We are focusing on manufacturing modified herbal medicines, including modern and imported herbal ones," he said.

The herbs those are being used as traditional medicine but were modified with the help of science are modified herbal medicine. And if the worldwide accepted herbs are imported and used for producing medicine, these will fall in the category of modern and

Market

imported herbal medicine.

New entrepreneurial avenues for herbal medicine have been opened up as many investors are looking for venturing into making such medicines. Officials at the drug regulators' office said they have received many applications seeking approval to manufacture herbal medicine.

Industry people said the global market for medicinal plant products is estimated to be more than \$60 billion a year.

At present, China and India meet bulk of the plant drugs' demand in the global market.

The industry people said the allopathic pharma market in Bangladesh is worth around Tk 4,000 crore, while the market size for herbal medicines including ayurvedic and unani may stand somewhere between Tk 1,000 crore and Tk

Latest dividend

Last traded

1,500 crore.

medicine market now lures investors to the segment with most applications coming from new investors along with allopathic drug makers. The herbal medicine sector also received a further boost as

They observed scope to

exploit the untapped herbal

the government termed herbs and herbal medicine as one of the five priority sectors to diversify the country's export basket.

The industry insiders said Bangladesh has good prospect of making its niche in the global market for medicinal plant and products as nearly 650 medicinal plant species have been identified to be in use in the country with around 25 plants of high value.

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Pharma securities lucrative on stockmarket

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শ্বাসযান্ত্র শক্তিবর্ধক

OST of the listed companies on Dhaka Stock Exchange (DSE) under the "pharmaceuticals and chemicals" segment are treated like lucrative scrip, although the sector accounts for less than 3 percent of the total market capitalisation.

High performances or earnings, good dividend payout ratios and handsome capital gains achieved by the retail investors of pharma securities make the companies so lucrative.

Of the 20 listed companies in pharmaceuticals and chemicals sector, 18 trade under A-category -- an area for good performing companies that pay dividend at a rate of 10 percent and above.

Market experts said export growth and potentiality are the main strengths of the sector.

"Pharmaceuticals is one of the sectors in Bangladesh that have tremendous export potential," said Professor Mahmud Osman Imam, who teaches finance at

Dhaka University.

He said exports from the sector are worth around \$0.8 billion now, and a big export market of \$10 billion is open for the country until 2017.

The growth and potentiality also leave an impact on the share prices of the listed pharmaceutical companies, he said. "Most of the listed pharma

companies are in a position to offer or declare good dividends because of their earnings growth," he said.

Many of them are producing new products to meet the demand of the international markets as well as local market that make these securities lucrative to the investors, Imam added.

Akter H Sannamat, another market analyst, said: "A huge export of pharmaceuticals inspired the investors to pour more money into the sector."

Strong growth rates increase the companies' profitability and also the ability to give good dividends, he said.

Sannamat also said Bangladeshi pharmaceutical companies produce drugs approved by the International Organisation for Standardisation (ISO) for which they become able to maintain a strong growth trend.

The sector is not only lucrative to the local investors, foreign investors also prefer to invest there.

Recently, managers of a Swiss fund, who invested around 10 million euros in Bangladesh stockmarket in the last four months, said pharmaceuticals companies were their first choice for investment as the sector's performance and future prospects were good.

Merchant bankers, who also work as issue managers in listing new companies, said some of them are working with a few local drug and chemical manufacturing companies to float initial public offering (IPO).

Orion Laboratories was preparing to launch IPO before the suspension of the book building system.

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Category per share price Ambee Pharma Tk 10 Tk3 Tk 400 Beximco Pharma Tk 10 Tk 124.50 1.5B:10 Glaxo SmithKline Tk 10 Tk 16 Tk 818 **ACI Limited** Tk 10 Tk 10.50 Tk 279.50 Renata Ltd Tk 11,300 Tk 100 Tk 60, 1B:4 Reckitt Benckiser (Bd) Tk 10 Tk 75 Tk 900 Pharma Aids Tk 100 Tk 30, 5B:1 Tk 2,121.75 **Kohinoor Chemicals** Tk 100 Tk 40 Tk 2,360 The Ibn Sina Tk 100 Tk 7.50, 1B:5 Tk 1,316 Beximco Synthetics Tk 100 Tk 465.50 Tk 7.50, 7.5B:100 Libra Infusions Limited Tk 100 Tk 20 Tk 2,880 Orion Infusion Tk 100 Tk 14 Tk 675 Square Pharma Tk 100 Tk 35, 3B:10 Tk 3,220 Imama Button Tk 100 1B:10 Tk 303 A **Keya Cosmetics** Tk 10 Tk 1.50 Tk 105.90 Tk 10 Tk 1 Tk 82.70 Keya Detergent **ACI Formulations** Tk 10 Tk 2.50 Tk 117.90 Marico Bangladesh Tk 10 Tk 2.50 Tk 531.80 **Beacon Pharmaceuticals** Tk 10 Tk 48.60 **Active Fine Chemicals** Tk 10 Tk 102.20 N

Face Value

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