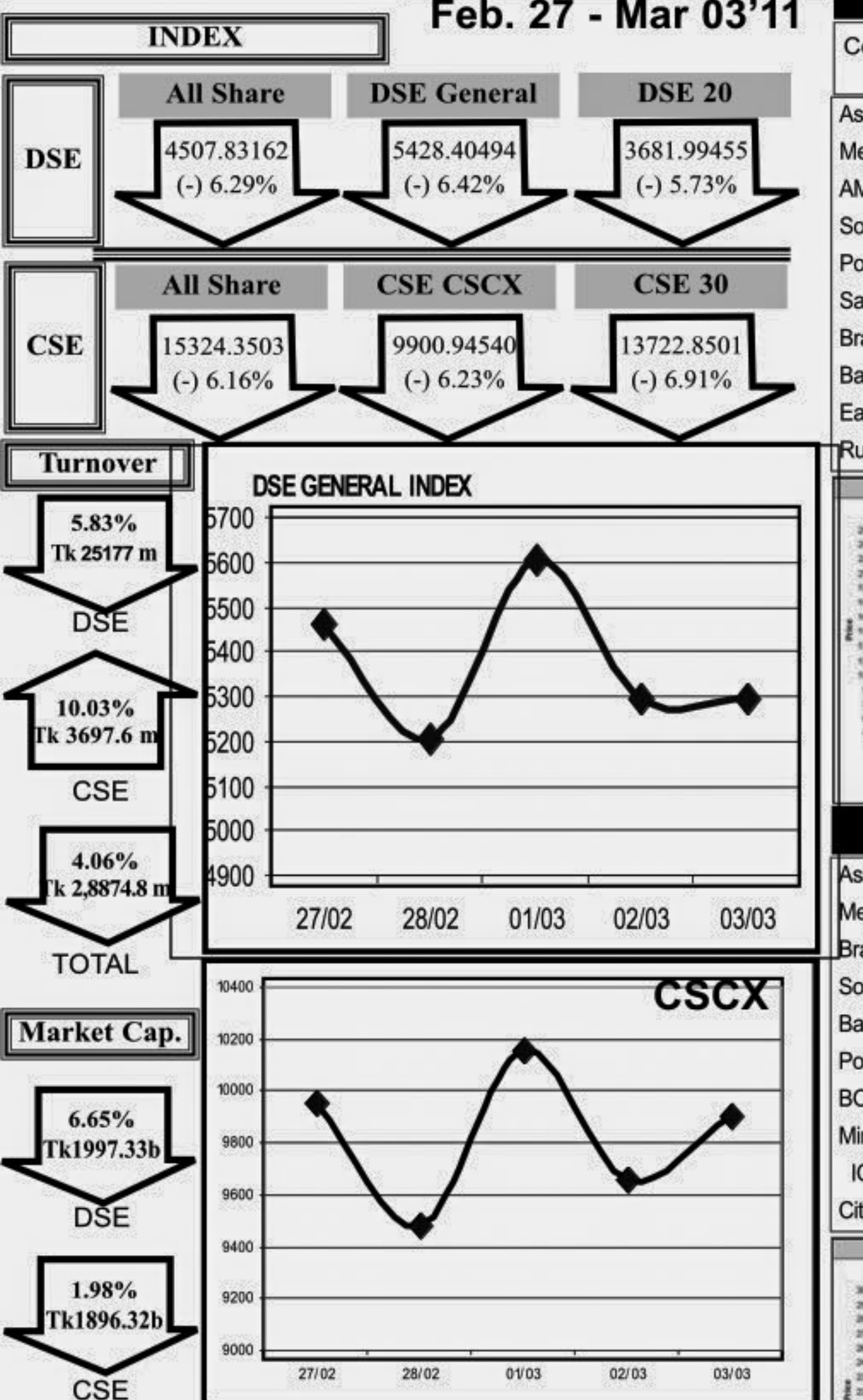


Weekly Capital Market Highlights:

Feb. 27 - Mar 03 '11

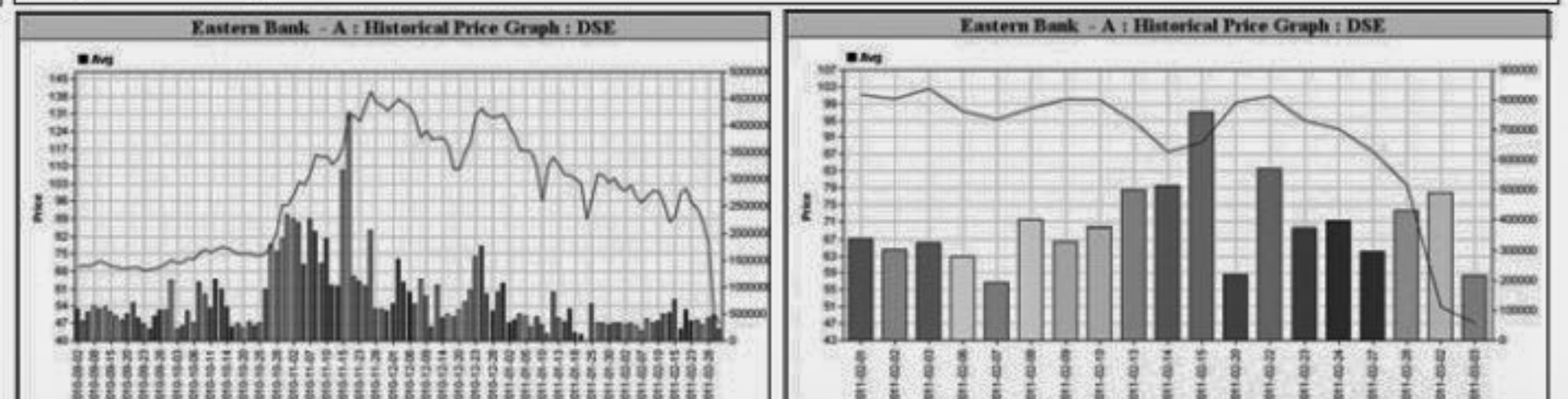
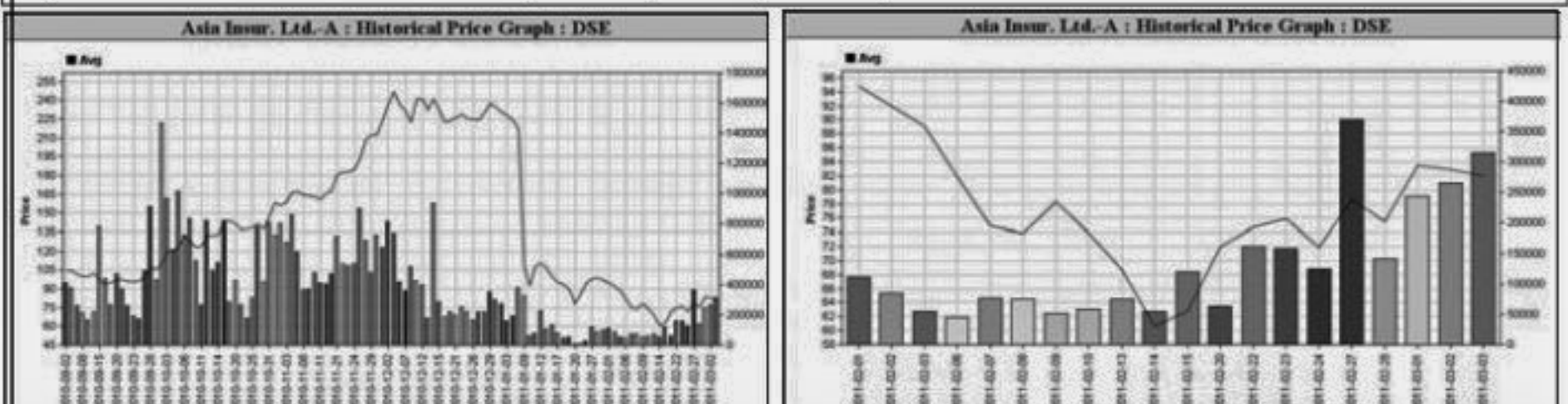


Capital Gainers

Dhaka Stock Exchange Table with columns: Company, Price Chn. (%), Price Scale, Turnover, BookV, etc. Includes entries like Asia Insur. Ltd.-A, Meghna Petroleum-A, AMCL 2nd MF-A.

Capital Losers

Dhaka Stock Exchange Table with columns: Company, Price Chn. (%), Price Scale, Turnover, BookV, etc. Includes entries like Eastern Bank -A, Intl. Leasing-A, Prime Insur-A.

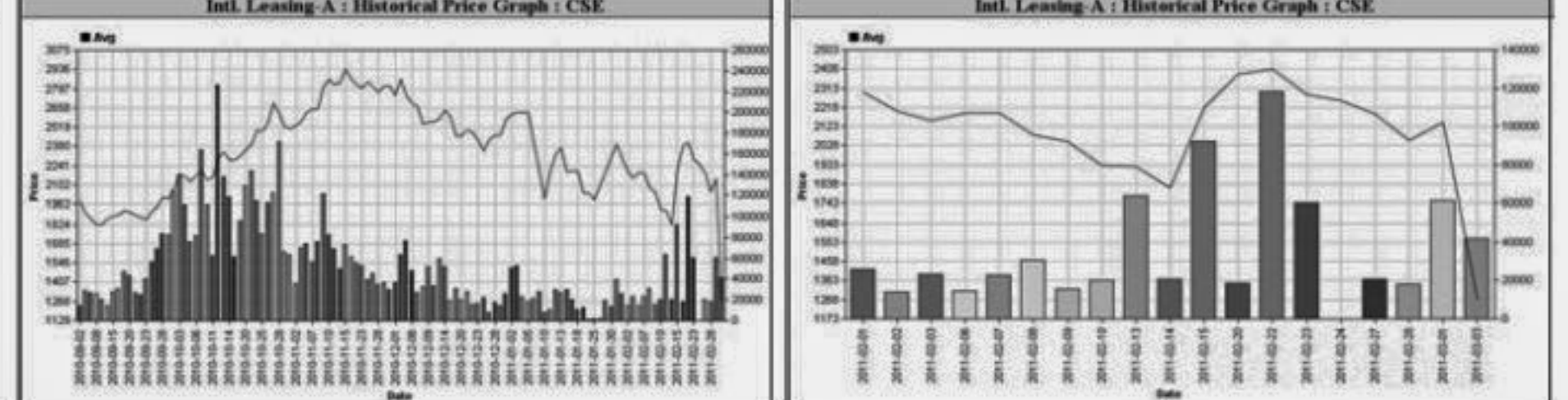
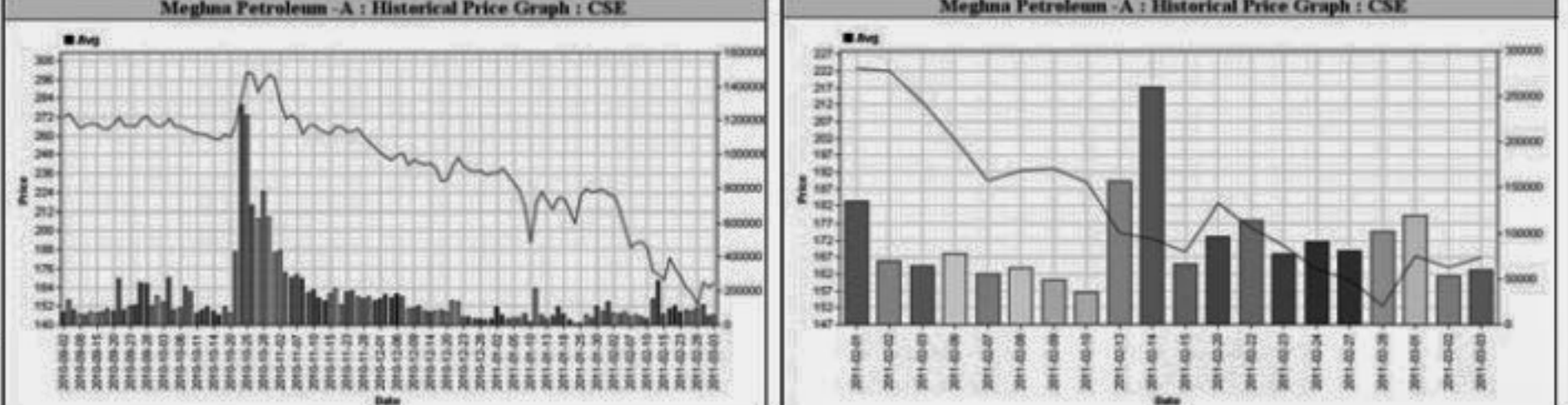


Chittagong Stock Exchange

Chittagong Stock Exchange Table with columns: Company, Price Chn. (%), Price Scale, Turnover, BookV, etc. Includes entries like Asia Insur. Ltd.-A, Meghna Petroleum-A, Brac B. 25% C. Bond-N.

Chittagong Stock Exchange

Chittagong Stock Exchange Table with columns: Company, Price Chn. (%), Price Scale, Turnover, BookV, etc. Includes entries like Eastern Bank -A, Intl. Leasing-A, Sonargaon Tex-A.



Key Features - Feb. 27 - Mar 03

Table showing Indicators for DSE, CSE, and TOTAL. Includes Turnover (Million Taka), Turnover (Volume), No. of Contract, Traded Issues, Issue Gain/Loss, Market Cap. Equity.

Turnover Leaders

Dhaka Stock Exchange Turnover Leaders Table. Columns: Company, Vol., Value, % of Total, Price Scale, C.Avg, BookV, etc. Includes BEXIMCO Ltd.-A, BEXTEX Ltd.-A, People's Leasing-A.

Market Cap. Leader

Dhaka Stock Exchange Market Cap. Leader Table. Columns: Company, Market Cap., % of Total, Average, Price Scale, BookV, etc. Includes Grameenphone-A, ICB-A, Square Pharma-A.

Combined Turnover Leaders

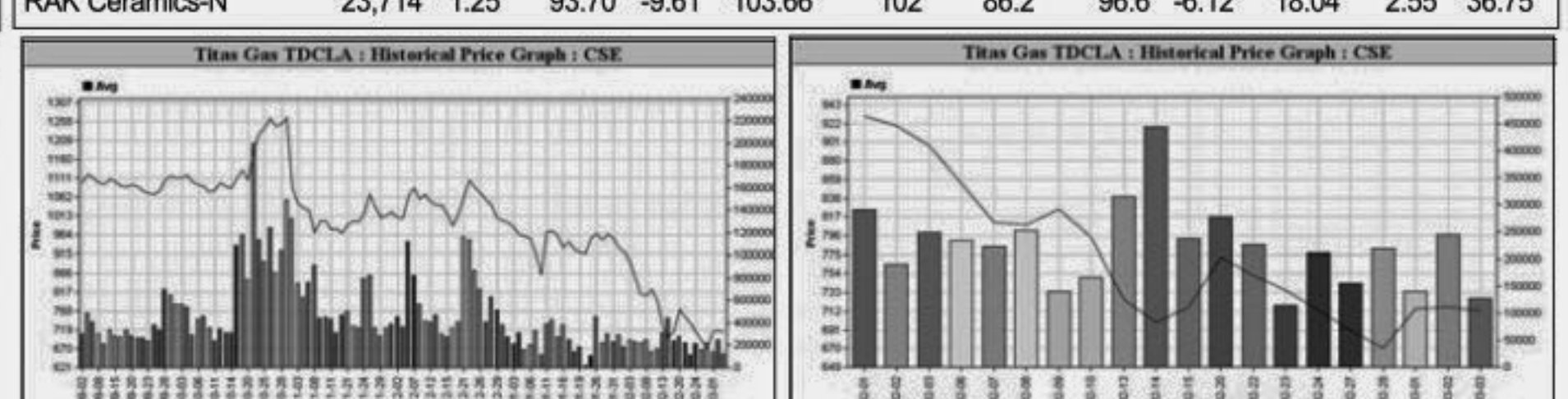
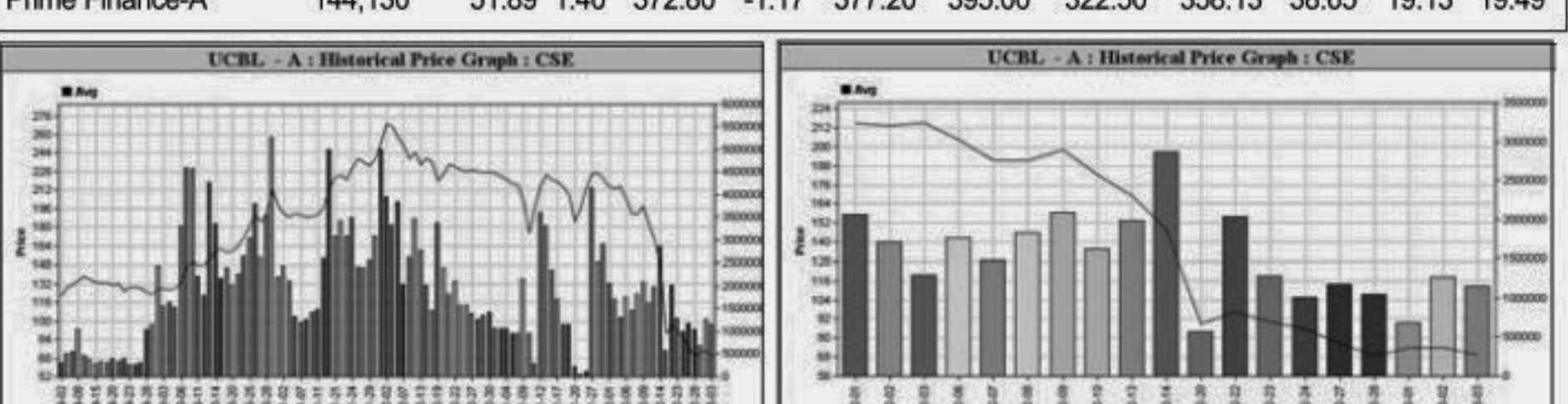
Table listing Combined Turnover Leaders with columns: Company, Volume, Value, % of Total, Average Price. Includes BEXIMCO Ltd.-A, BEXTEX Ltd.-A, People's Leasing-A.

Chittagong Stock Exchange

Chittagong Stock Exchange Table with columns: Company, Vol., Value, % of Total, Price Scale, C.Avg, BookV, etc. Includes BEXIMCO Ltd.-A, BEXTEX Ltd.-A, Grameenphone-A.

Chittagong Stock Exchange

Chittagong Stock Exchange Table with columns: Company, Market Cap., % of Total, Average, Price Scale, BookV, etc. Includes Grameenphone-A, ICB-A, Square Pharma-A.



Sectoral Turnover Summary

Table showing Sectoral Turnover Summary with columns: Sector, DSE, CSE, Total. Includes Bank, NBFI, Investment, Engineering, Food & Allied, Fuel & Power, etc.

Sectoral P/E & EPS

Table showing Sectoral P/E & EPS with columns: Sector, P/E, EPS(%). Includes Bank, NBFI, Investment, Engineering, Food & Allied, etc.

What you should know to buy or sell. Investors follow many calculations of corporate performance when deciding if a stock is undervalued or overvalued. These range from the simple price-earnings ratio, or P/E, to far more technical ways of attempting to discern whether a stock is trending up or down. Here are some of the most common. RSI (Relative Strength Index): A technical momentum indicator that compares the size of recent gains to recent losses, in an attempt to determine overbought and oversold conditions of an asset. Stocks with more or strong gains have a higher RSI than stocks that had more or stronger losses. SMA (Simple Moving Average): A simple, or arithmetic, moving average is the average stock price over a certain period of time. It adds up the closing price of the security for a given period and then divides the total by the number of intervals. Short-term averages respond quickly to changes in the price of the stock, so appear less steady, while long-term averages are slow to react. EMA (Exponential Moving Average): A type of moving average that is similar to a simple moving average, except that more weight is given to the latest data. The exponential moving average is also known as "exponentially weighted moving average". Bollinger Band: A band that provides a relative definition of high and low, it was developed by famous technical trader John Bollinger. By definition, prices are high at the upper band and low at the lower band. The band usually plots two standard deviations away from a simple moving average. Because the standard deviation is a measure of volatility, the bands adjust themselves to market conditions. When the markets become volatile, the bands widen (move further away from the average), during less volatile periods, the bands contract. The closer the prices move to the upper band, the more overbought the market, and the closer the prices move to the lower band, the more oversold the market. MACD (Moving Average Convergence Divergence): A trend-following momentum indicator that shows the relationship between two moving averages of prices. It is used to spot changes in the strength, direction, momentum, and duration of a trend in a stock's price. Divergence: This happens when a security's price diverges from the MACD. It signals the end of the current trend.



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Notes: Capital Gainer / Loser tables are prepared on the basis of the close price change of the traded issues. "Close" or "C Price" or "W Clo." is the Closing Price of the Week. "Chn %" indicates the price difference in percentage. "Avg" prices indicate weighted average prices of all transactions of the last day of the week. "Yr Hi" and "W Lo" indicate the highest and lowest transacted price of the Week. "Yr Hi" and "Yr Lo" indicate the highest and lowest transacted price last one running year, everyday the range moves by one day. "P W"=Previous Week. EPS is based on available latest audited accounts of the companies. EPS & Book value per share are diluted at bookclosing date whenever it is applicable. Only the positive earning companies are considered in calculating the PER and EPS of the Sectors and Stock Exchanges.