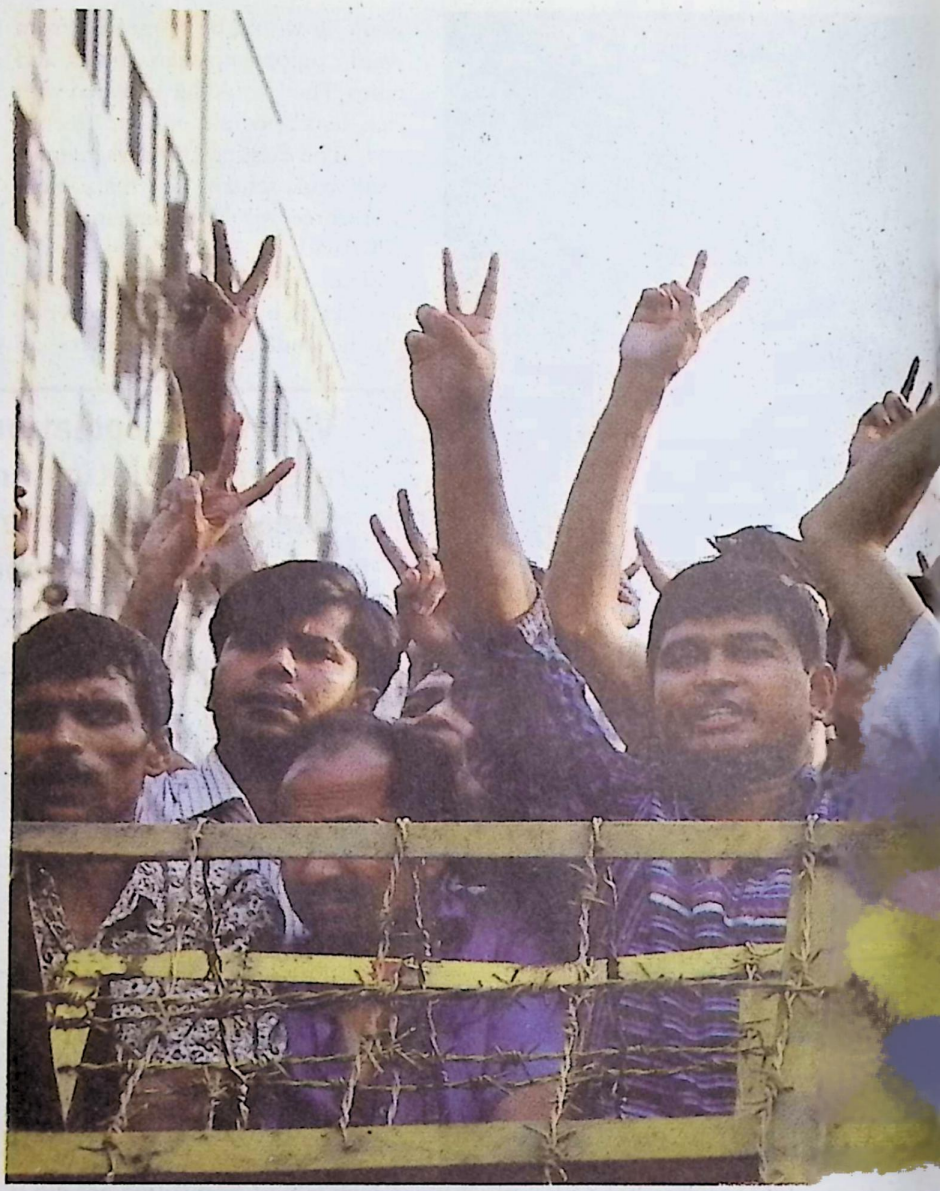
The health policy declared by JP in July 1990, when the party was in power, will be re-introduced after necessary modifications. Every union will have one health and family welfare centre with a full time doctor.



plants will be established using domestic coal. Extraction of coal from the existing fields would be enhanced after finalising a pro-people coal policy. All efforts will be made to implement Rooppur nuclear power plant and, if possible, other nuclear power plants. Rural electrification would be expanded to cover the entire country with sufficient supply of electrical power. Gas pipeline network will be expanded to cover the northern part of the country specially for providing CNG to vehicles. Exploration for new gas fields would be strengthened.

Education, health, sports and the environment are other vital sectors which need utmost attention to make the nation prepared knowledge-wise and equipped with the proper physical and environmental condition to face the global challenge ahead.

All education up to HSC level will be made free for both male and female students. At least one technical college would be established in every district. Salary and other benefits of all the registered primary educational institutions will be made equal to government-run primary schools. One cadet college type institution will be established at all the districts. One women cadet college will be established in each of the divisional cities including one at Pairabandh, Rangpur, the birthplace of Begum Rokeya, pioneer of female education in this part of the world.

The health policy declared by JP in the month of July 1990, when the party was in power will be re-introduced after necessary modifications. Every union will have one health and family welfare centre with a full time doctor. All doctors getting a degree from government medical colleges will need to work for at least two years in a union medical centre before being allowed to go for any further higher education. Every district will have at least one nurse training institute.

At least one cricket stadium would be made in each district town within five years. Initiatives will be taken to ensure suitable playgrounds at all educational institutions of the country, private or public. It will be made compulsory in future to have playgrounds at every educational institution to obtain governmental approval. Steps would be taken for promotion of sports and culture in the country.