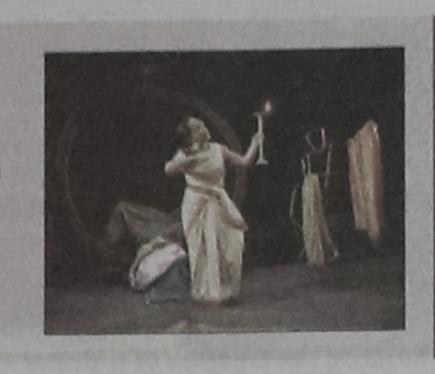


Selim Al Deen Janmo Utsab Organiser: Dhaka Theatre and Bangladesh Shilpakala Academy Venue: National Theatre Stage, BSA Date: August 18-23 Time: 7pm everyday August 23, Play: Binodini



Installation and Photography Exhibition

Title: My Mobile Weighs a Ton Artiste: Naeem Mohalemen Venue: Gallery Chitrak, H#21, R# 4. Dhammondi, Dhaka Time: August 21-31 Time: 10am-8pm



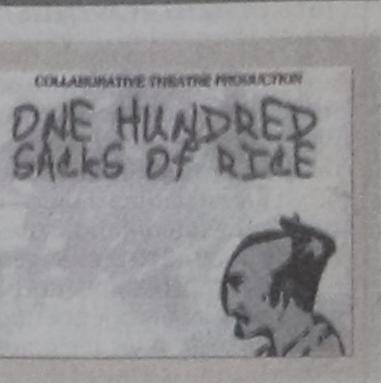
Film Screening Documentary on Kazi Nazrul Organiser: Indian High Commission, Dhaka Venue: Indian High Commission Cultural Centre & Library, H 35, Rd 24, Gulshan Date: August 23 Time: 6:30 pm



Theatre Play: Eksho Bosta Chal Troupe: Bangladesh Shilpakala Academy Venue: National Theatre Hall, BSA

Date: August 24

Time: 7pm



The ever-changing TV industry

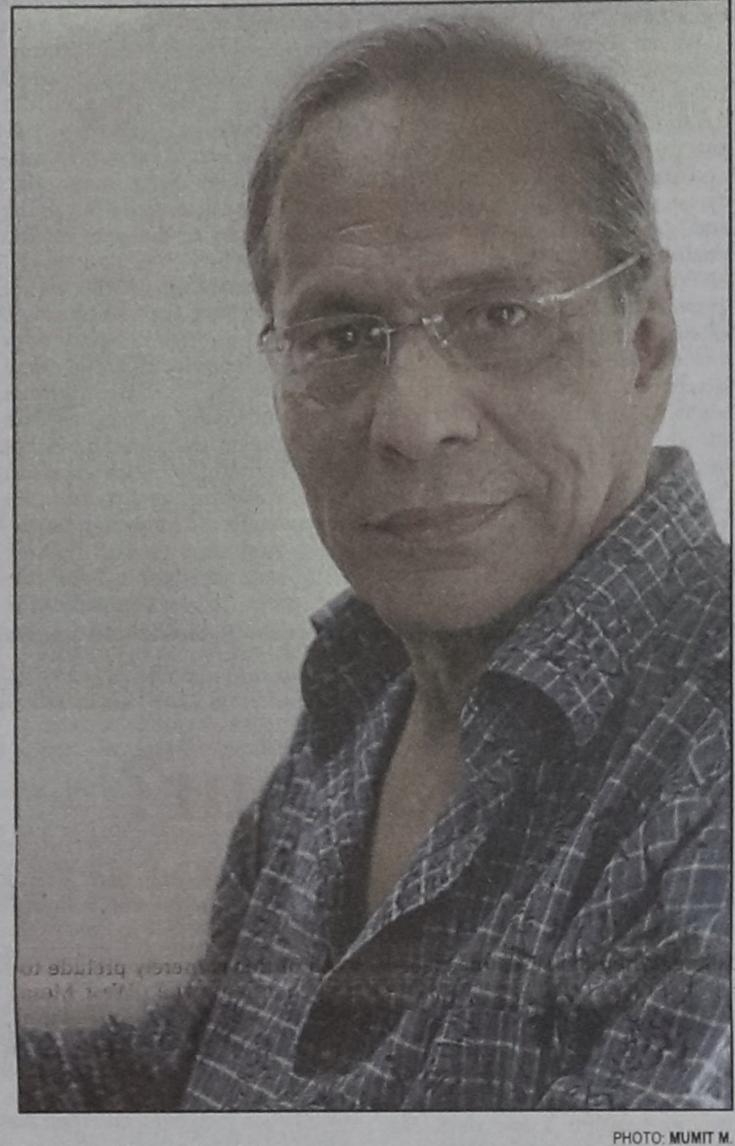
In conversation with Mustafa Kamal Syed

KARIM WAHEED

He is one of the most experienced TV officials in the country. Joining the then Pakistan TV's Dhaka wing as a producer in 1967, Mustafa Kamal Syed had Mustafizur Rahman, the late Abdullah Yusuf Imam and Badrunnesa Abdullah as his colleagues. Throughout his career, he has worked as a Programme Manager; General Manager; Director, International Relations and Deputy Director General, Programme. In 2004 he retired from BTV and joined satellite TV channel ntv as its Chief of Programme. The media personality recently shared his views on gradual changes in the TV industry and more with The Daily Star.

"Revenue wise, TV plays are the most popular programmes," says Syed. Kul Nai Kinar Nai -- a twohour-long play adapted by Momtazuddin Ahmed from a novel -- produced by Syed and featuring Subarna Mustafa, Afzal Hossain and Asaduzzaman Noor in the lead roles attained major popularity in the mid '80s. The play was aired on NHK's Channel-3 Network (Japan) in 1988 (as part of the Asian Drama Festival) and received accolades. It was also aired on CCTV (china) as part of a cultural exchange programme. Among his favourite TV productions are Mukhora Ramani Bashikaran and Raktokarobi (produced by Mustafa Monwar) and Borof Gola Nadi (by Abdullah Al Mamun).

What are the key elements that make a TV play successful? Syed's response: "A bold script and a relevant social message. As a producer I feel that an effective play as a TV play producer, the early should have a message. On that note, I think negative messages should not be conveyed in TV programmes. As a mass media, television has a major impact on impressionable young minds."



Mustafa Kamal Syed Though Syed has been lauded Mega-popular songs like Sagorer teer thekay, Jey chhilo drishtir years of his career were marked by shimanaye, Ekbar jetey dena, Khola janalaye and Amaye jodi proshno his accomplishment as a music korey were aired first on the show. producer. He was the producer of a Mustafa recalls discussing the ideas widely watched musical programme, Sur Bitan that was with the lyricists and composers. "That's the only way to work when aired every Sunday in the '70s.

One must not forget that there should never be editorial autonomy without responsibility or freedom without restraint.

producing musical programmes are concerned," he says.

A memorable experience: "There were many limitations back in the day. To begin with, programmes were aired live from the DIT studio and there was a 25minute prep-time. Everything -set, lights, musicians, and artistes -

- had to be ready in that time. These programmes were quarterbased (three months). In the next quarter, the then programme manager told me that the preptime will be cut down to five minutes. I couldn't believe what I was hearing but apparently the decision had been made. We'd get just five minutes to get everything ready and air the programme live under the new circumstances for the next three months.

"It was a challenge and we all geared up to the best of our ability. Keramat Mawla was the set designer. There was a long veranda next to the stage at the DIT studio. Keramat was asked to get the set ready at the veranda. There was no time for rehearsal. Some of the most popular and respected artistes like Feroza Begum, Sanjida Khatun, Mahmudunnabi, Ferdausi Rahman, Syed Abdul Hadi, Shahanaz Rahmatullah and Sabina Yasmin worked without

any complaint. The crew managed to pull it off. Maybe no one would believe this now because this attitude is rare these days. That kind of dedication, teamwork and commitment are dwindling. Most want a shortcut."

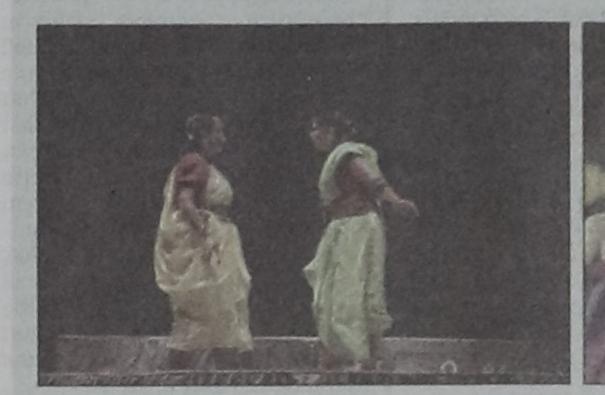
"The again, technology has advanced and modern equipments take longer to tune and adjust," says Syed. Delving further into the differences, he says, "When we started working in TV, we couldn't shoot outdoors. Editing was linear, meaning if we wanted to change something we had to start from scratch again. Now this is not an issue."

Many who grew up watching TV serials and plays in the '70 and '80s complain that these programmes do not enjoy the same level of popularity now. Addressing this issue, Syed says, "The problem with contemporary serials is that often they don't progress. Also options are limited within the same group of actors. So, you have over-exposure and repetition at

"However, there is a positive aspect of this. Opportunities have increased with exposure. Now young individuals can seriously consider a fulltime career in media. TVCs (TV commercials) have also become a major factor. If serials and plays were not popular, we wouldn't have to bear with the repeated complaints from the audience that there are way too many commercial breaks. Talk shows are catching on too," he adds.

Word of advice for young directors: "There is no lack of talent. But young makers often struggle with values and propriety. It is up to the seniors to guide them. One must not forget that there should never be editorial autonomy without responsibility or freedom without restraint."

Selim Al Deen's birth anniversary celebration Contemporary issues addressed in plays at the festival





Scenes from the plays Joboti Konyar Mon (left) and Nimojjon.

ERSHAD KAMOL

Four Selim Al Deen plays -- Joiboti Konyar Mon, Prachya, Horgoj and Nimojjon -- were staged at the festival jointly organised by Dhaka Theatre and Bangladesh Shilpakala Academy. Contemporary issues such as feminism, social discrimination, adverse impact of globalisation and fall of humanity have been depicted in the plays staged at the festival.

Featuring the stories of two women belonging to different ages -- Kalindi (representing the 18th century) and a contemporary jatra artiste Pori -- Al Deen in Joboti Konyar Mon showed how they become victims of a flawed social system. The play belongs to Kathanatya form, a term introduced by Al Deen.

In Prachya, belonging to Panchali form, Al Deen recreated the popular Behula-Lakhindar myth, the most popular representative of medieval Bangla literature. In Prachya, the bride dies from snakebite on the wedding night and the groom Saifar Chan chases the snake so that he can avenge his beloved.

However, analysing the play, in particular the memories of Saifar on the long journey home escorting his bride from the in law's as well as the last scene when an exhausted Saifar watches the serpent leaving boldly -- one can come to the conclusion that the protagonist represents those who can do very little against social injustice as well as natural calam-

1980s, takes man in a situation where he is pitted against the concept of 'state'. Set against the backdrop of a rescue team's struggle to help people in a chaotic situation just

Horgoj, written when commu-

nism collapsed in many coun-

tries around the world in late

after a tornado, Al Deen protested the ongoing 'imperialism' in the shape of globalisation. Selim Al Deen addressed global politics furthermore in the

play Nimojjon, where histories of genocides since the birth of civilisation have been depicted through the dialogue between a stranger and professor of political science.

"Banopangshul": First publication of Selim Al Deen Pathshala unveiled

As part of the festival organised to celebrate the birth anniversary of sor Arun Sen was the chief guest programmes on theatre and literatheatre icon Selim Al Deen, a of the launching ceremony. Theature around the country. Moreover, newly formed organisation 'Selim Al Deen Pathshala' launched its first publication Banopangshul -a quarterly little magazine -- at the plaza of National Theatre Stage on August 21.

tre personality Nasiruddin it would regularly publish Yousuff and Sohel Hassan Galib, editor of Banupangshul, delivered speeches at the programme.

Discussants at the programme hoped that Selim Al Deen

Eminent Indian critic Profes- Pathshala would arrange regular Banupangshul Title of the magazine is taken from Al Deen's popular play Banopangshul, featuring oppression on the Mandai community by the Bengalis.



(L-R) Professor Arun Sen, Al Deen's widow Begumzadi Meherunnesa, Nasiruddin Yousuff, Ahmed Iqbal Haidar, Apurba Majumdar, Shahiduzzaman Selim and A.K.M. Jahangir at the launching ceremony.

Light and shadow

Photography exhibition by Prism



Clockwise (top): Photographs by Elius Hasan Elu (special jury award), Mohammed Golam Sarower (one of the best three) and Emu Imran (certificate of merit).





JAMIL MAHMUD

Photographic Forum; Prism arranged a weeklong photo exhibition at the Drik Gallery, which ended on August 21. A total of 70 photographs taken by 25 photographers were on display. The weeklong exhibition was titled "Aloy-Kaloy Aanka".

"The basics of photography lie behind the concept of light and shadows. That's why, we selected the title 'Aloy-Kaloy Aanka', referring to the relationship between light and darkness," said Md. Rafiqul Islam, convenor of Photographic Forum; Prism. "Earlier we arranged two more exhibitions with the same title," added Rafigul Islam.

Prism started its journey in 1998 as an institution through a publication titled "Photography Kolakoushal O Monon". Later, the present, former students of Prism and their photographer friends with the same frame of mind came together and formed a new platform, which is 'Photographic Forum; Prism'. Since then, the forum has been organising photographic excursions, contests and exhibitions regularly.

cial jury award (one). Kaoser Ahmed, K.M. Jahangir Alam and Mohammed Golam Sarower received the best photographs awards. Works by Emu Imran and M. Yousuf Tushar were selected for the certificate of merit while Elius Hasan Elu won the special jury award. Scenic beauty, womanhood,

A panel of judges -- including

Golam Mostofa, Dr.

Rashidunnabi and Shankar

Sawjal -- selected six out of the

70 photographs on display for

the awards at the exhibition-

competition. The awards were

conferred in categories such as

best photographs (three), cer-

tificate of merit (two) and spe-

cultural practices of different communities, architecture and terracotta plaque were some of the themes of the entries. Mohammed Golam Sarower's award-winning photograph depicts a woman

childhood, abstract themes,

washing clothes on a floating boat. Sarower's other works on display at the exhibition highlight the diverse cultural practices in different regions of Bangladesh.

Elius Hasan's special jury award winning photo captures a familiar rural image -- a woman holding her child around her waist, looking towards the nearby kheya ghaat. A photograph, taken by Noor Ahmed Gelal shows thousands of people fishing together

-- giving the event a festive look. Spider's web or making a flute out of bamboo, architectural heritage of Old Dhaka and working at a dockyard are some of the subjects. "The forum wishes to arrange such exhibitions every year from now on," said Rafiqul Islam.

Dhaka University Theatre Festival ends

NADIA SARWAT

Dhaka University Theatre Festival which began on August 12 as a part of the Honours final examination of the Department of Theatre and Music, DU, ended on August 21 with the play Chhyaheen Kaya at Natmandal, DU campus.

Dr. Nazrul Islam, Chairman of Bangladesh University Grants Commission, was the chief guest at the concluding programme. Dr. A.F.M. Yousuf Haider, Pro-Vice Chancellor of Dhaka University; Bhuiyan Shafiqul Islam, director general of Bangladesh Shilpakala Academy; eminent litterateur Selina Hossain and Professor Abdus Selim, Department of English, North South University were present as special guests

at the event. Noted educationist Professor Zillur Rahman Siddiqui presented the concluding speech.

The event began with observing a one-minute silence in honour of Abdullah Al Mamun who passed away that day. The last day's programme was dedicated to the memory of dramatist-theoretician

Selim Al Deen. "The theatre and Music Department of the university has already managed to create a wave in the cultural arena of the country. This annual festival of the department exclusively organised by the students country. We are contemplating on to some of them. Entrance of a new professional theatre," he added.

opening a faculty for performing arts now," said Dr. A.F.M. Yousuf Haider, welcoming the audience. Appreciating the efforts of the students, Bhuiyan Shafiqul Islam promised on behalf of Bangladesh Shilpakala Academy to provide all kinds of

support to the department. "What the students are learning here is a preparation for their future life. Our theatre has a universal and timeless dimension. Through the which includes European literature from classics to renaissance to the contemporary, and combine the values with our own," said Professor Zillur Rahman Siddiqui in his was effective.

speech. Chhyaheen Kaya, a translation by Abdar Rashid of the play Men without Shadows by French philosopher and playwright Jean Paul Sartre was directed by Belayet Hossain, a fourth year student of the department. Characteristically typical of Sartre's writings, this play also reflects the essential absurdity of human life and

the existential crisis of individuals. The play began with François (Mirza Sakib), Lucie (Nusrat Sharmin), Canoris (Atikul Islam) and Henry (Atikur Rahman), members of a revolutionary group captured after a disastrous attempt to liberate a village. Their hopeless situation is troubled with the what's more frightening is their sacri-

captive, Jean (Nasirul Islam), the leader of the group, however, provides inspiration to bear all the tortures for the sake of idealism.

The play gets a new dimension when the situation is seen through the perspectives of the military officials whose captives are the five. The actors did justice to their respective characters, especially Muntasir Karim in his role of a disturbed military official who cannot cope with activities of the department, the the brutality he needs to execute and students can relate to global theatre, Atikur Rahman in the role of Henry. The director could have been more concise presenting the scenes, as they sometimes seemed unnecessarily lengthy. Afzal Kabir's set design

About the festival, Professor Israfil Shaheen, chairman of the department, said, "This year's festival is significant in the sense that for the first time, the students did everything on their own. They worked as independent, spontaneous individuals and presented their works through a creative process led by themselves -from choosing the plays to casting. We also invited parents to see the presentation, aesthetics and the tremendous effort their sons and daughters gave to make the festival a success."

"As the art of theatre needs a direct interaction between the actors and the audience, this festival provides the students with an opportunity to thought of approaching torture but win the hearts of the audience. I believe this type of formal education also contributes to theatre of the fice suddenly appearing meaningless will help to widen the sphere of