

Two Kashmir rebel commanders killed

AFP, Srinagar

Indian troops have dealt a fresh blow to Kashmir's main rebel group by killing two of its top commanders during a gun battle that also left a soldier and a civilian dead, police said yesterday.

The fighting erupted late Tuesday when Indian troops, backed by counter-insurgency police, raided a hide-out near the summer capital Srinagar.

"We have killed two top Hizbul Mujahedin commanders," said Nitish Kumar, the police chief for Anantnag district, where the clash took place.

Hizbul Mujahedin, which wants to fold Indian Kashmir into Pakistan, is the main rebel group fighting Indian rule over a part of the Himalayan region.

Kumar identified the two commanders as "divisional commander" Aslam Khan, alias Zia-ur-Rehman, and "district commander" Javaid Ahmad Lone, alias Nazar.

Vote 'no' on charter, says Suu Kyi's party

AP, Yangon

Myanmar democracy leader Aung San Suu Kyi's opposition party urged voters on Wednesday to reject a military-backed draft constitution, saying it was undemocratic and drafted under the junta's direct control.

The National League for Democracy said people should participate "without fail" in a referendum next month on the proposed constitution and vote against it.

It is the first time the party has taken a clear position on the referendum since it was announced by the junta in February, although it has previously criticised the proposed charter. No exact date has been set for the May vote.

"We urge the people from all walks of life, ethnic nationalities and their organizations to go to the polling stations without fail and to decisively cast a 'no' vote," the party said in a statement.

It said the draft constitution was drafted unilaterally by a group hand-picked by the military government, not by elected representatives, and did not guarantee the democratic and human rights strongly desired by the people.

Critics of the proposed constitution, which is supposed to lead to general elections in 2010, say it aims to perpetuate military rule.

Other opponents of the junta also have urged a rejection of the charter, including the 88 Generation Students group and the All Burma Monks' Alliance, which were instrumental in organizing mass pro-democracy protests last year.

The leaders of the two groups are mostly under arrest or in hiding, so much of the campaign against the constitution has been conducted underground, with leaflets being left at public places.

A referendum law issued by the junta says anyone who distributes

leaflets or makes speeches against the referendum can be imprisoned for three years.

The text of the proposed constitution has not been publicly released, but according to a copy obtained by The Associated Press, it enshrines the military's dominant role in politics, and protects members of the ruling junta from prosecution for past actions.

Myanmar has been without a constitution since 1988, when the current junta took power and scrapped the previous charter after violently quashing mass pro-democracy demonstrations.

In the last elections in 1990, the military refused to hand over power to the National League for Democracy when it won a landslide victory. Nobel Peace Prize laureate Suu Kyi, who is currently under house arrest, has been in detention without trial for more than 12 of the past 18 years.



This handout picture shows supporters and members of Myanmar's National League For Democracy (NLD) campaign against the upcoming referendum on the new constitution in Yangon on March 27, 2008. Leaked copies of Myanmar's new constitution show the military will receive sweeping powers that ensure its dominance even after elections.

AQ Khan calls his detention 'illegal', demands freedom

PTI, Islamabad

Pakistan's disgraced atomic scientist AQ Khan, under house arrest for the past four years after admitting to proliferating nuclear technology, has said that he is under "illegal detention" and hopes that the new government will soon lift restrictions on his movement.

"My health is deteriorating and the claims of the government about my physical well-being do not carry weight," 72-year-old Khan said in probably his first interview since his detention in February 2004 with the Urdu newspaper Nawa-i-Waqt.

The main cause of his poor health is his "solitary confinement", claimed Khan, who was hospitalised briefly last month and has undergone several medical check-ups in the past few weeks.

Refuting the impression that he had been detained due to security concerns, he said: "It is nothing but only a lame excuse by the government."

During the interview, which the newspaper said was conducted "through special means", Khan ran out of breath and had difficulty in speaking.

Japan okays transit visa for Dalai Lama

THE YOMIURI SHIMBUN/ANN, Tokyo

The Japanese government has granted a transit visa to the Dalai Lama, who plans to make a stopover in Japan when he changes planes at Narita Airport on a trip to the United States, government sources said Tuesday.

The Dalai Lama, the spiritual leader of Tibetan Buddhism, will leave India on April 9 and arrive at Narita Airport the next morning. He will spend several hours at a hotel near the airport then depart for the United States the same day, the sources said. In light of the recent riots in the Tibet Autonomous Region that have sparked international criticism of China for its crackdown on Tibetan protesters, observers believe the Chinese government is nervous about what the Dalai Lama could do in Japan.

Beijing considers the Dalai Lama a separatist intent on gaining independence for Tibet from China.

However, Foreign Minister Masahiko Komura said the government had appropriately handled the Dalai Lama's many previous visits to this country.

S Korea urges North to halt hostility

AFP, Seoul

South Korea on Wednesday rejected North Korean demands for an apology over remarks by its top general, and told Pyongyang to stop raising tensions on the peninsula.

The defence ministry message was Seoul's first official reaction to a series of recent hostile moves and angry rhetoric by Pyongyang.

The ministry said in a statement that it sent a radio message to the North's chief representative to inter-Korean military talks, Lieutenant-General Kim Yong-Chol.

Kim on Saturday had demanded an apology for remarks by South

Korea's new chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, General Kim Tae-Young. The North interpreted his comments as hinting at a preemptive military strike.

On Sunday the hardline communist state's official media repeated claims that Seoul was planning a preemptive attack and threatened to turn South Korea into "ashes" in response.

On Tuesday official media launched a barrage of insults against new President Lee Myung-Bak, terming him a US sycophant, a traitor and a charlatan.

In the past week the North has also expelled South Korean officials from a joint industrial complex,

test-fired missiles and accused Seoul of breaching a disputed sea border.

The defence ministry message said the North misinterpreted the remarks.

"Our side has sincerely upheld the non-aggression agreement between the South and the North and this position will not change in the future," Seoul's chief delegate to the military dialogue, Major-General Kwon Oh-Sung, said in the message to his counterpart.

"Your intentional slander and fostering of tension do not help ensure peace and stability on the Korean peninsula, and we urge you to immediately stop such activities."

The South is always ready to talk about peace and easing tensions, it added.

President Lee, a conservative who took office February 25, has angered the North by adopting a tougher line on relations after a decade-long "sunshine" engagement policy under liberal presidents.

He says he will link economic aid to the North's progress in nuclear disarmament and will raise its widely-criticised human rights policy.

The vitriolic criticism of Lee was the first since he took office. Local media said it was the first named attack on a Seoul president in eight years.

US govt memo authorised extreme interrogation methods of detainees

AFP, Washington

A newly declassified 2003 Justice Department memo gave US military interrogators broad authority to use extreme methods in questioning al-Qaeda detainees, US media said yesterday.

The memo -- sent to the Pentagon as it struggled to establish guidelines for its interrogators -- argued that the US president's wartime authority exempted them from US and international laws banning cruel treatment.

"If a government defendant were to harm an enemy combatant during an interrogation in a manner that might arguably violate a criminal prohibition, he would be doing so in order to prevent further attacks on the United States by the al-Qaeda terrorist network," the Washington Post cited the memo as saying.

"In that case, we believe that he could argue that the executive branch's constitutional authority to protect the nation from attack justified his actions."

The 81-page legal opinion was written at a time when the Pentagon was trying to come up

with a list of approved interrogation methods for use on detainees at the US "war on terror" prison camp at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Commander JD Gordon, a Pentagon spokesman, told AFP that the Pentagon's policy "is to treat detainees humanely and that has always been the case."

Former defence secretary Donald Rumsfeld had been forced in December 2002 to suspend a list of aggressive techniques due to objections from senior military lawyers.

But, largely because of the memo, a Pentagon working group approved in April 2003 the continued use of "extremely aggressive tactics," including stress positions, nudity, exposure to dogs and hooding, the Post said.

And although it was withdrawn nine months after it was written, the Justice Department document helped create the environment for abuse of prisoners by US army personnel at Abu Ghraib prison in Iraq, experts said.

"What else could have been the source of belief in Iraq that the gloves were off and all laws could be disregarded with impunity?" the

paper quoted law professor and former Justice Department counsel Martin Lederman as saying.

"It created a world in which everyone on the ground believed the laws did not apply. It was a law-free zone."

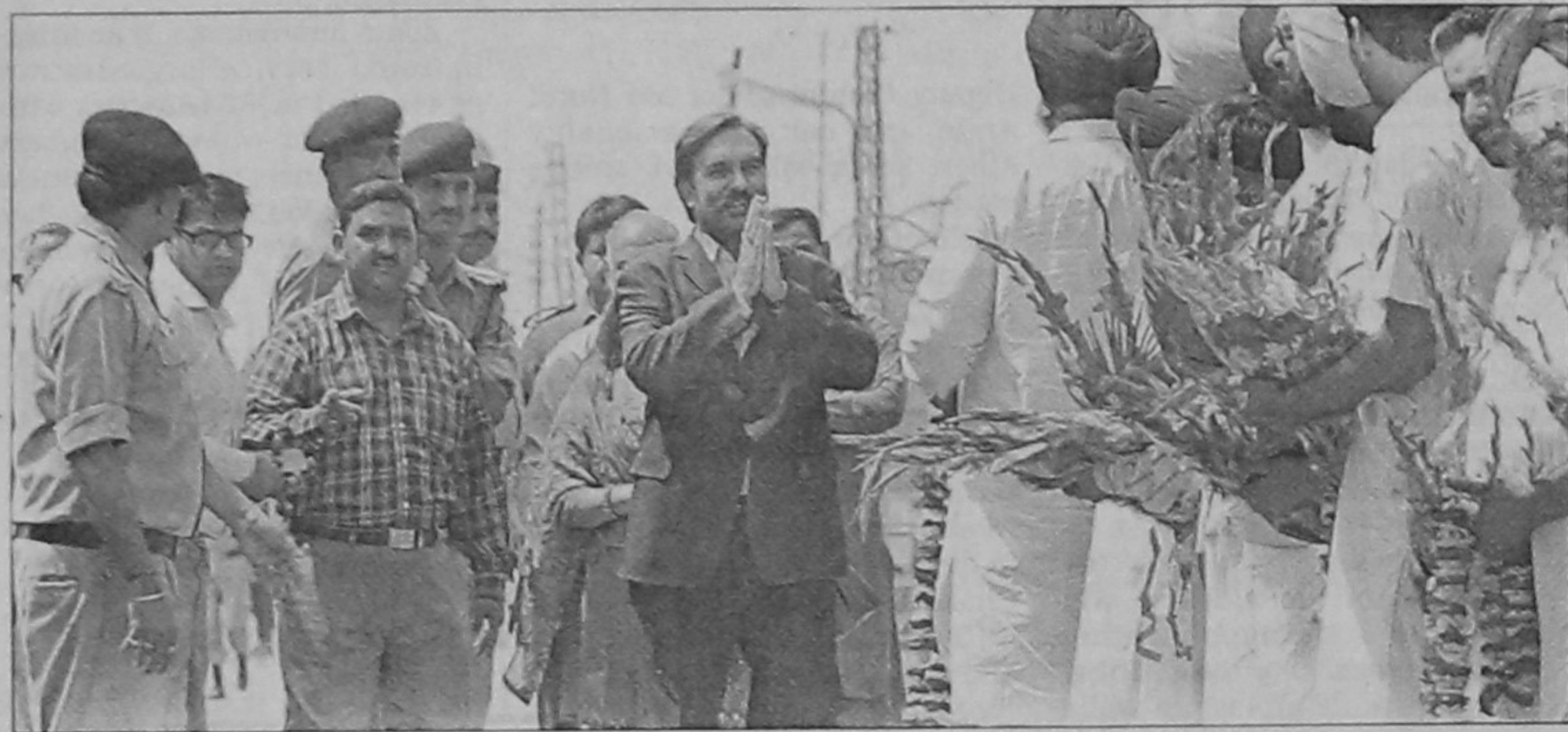
The newly released document is similar to one written by the same Justice Department official in August 2002 giving the CIA expansive authority to interrogate detainees.

They are part of the legal framework President George W. Bush's administration built following the September 11, 2001 attacks in the United States to detain and interrogate "enemy combatants" around the world.

Congress in 2005 limited interrogation tactics the Defence Department can use, but no such limits have been placed on the CIA.

The Bush administration has still got other documents on interrogation practices under lock and key, according to Vermont Senator Patrick Leahy.

"The administration continues to shield several memos even from members of Congress," he said in a statement Tuesday.



Member of the United Nations Human Rights Council and former human rights minister of Pakistan, Ansar Burney (C) gives the traditional greeting at the Indo-Pak Wagah border yesterday. Burney is to take up the cases of those Indians who are lodged in Pakistani jails and vice versa, especially those who have completed their jail sentence.

12 killed in Pak building collapse

AFP, Multan

At least 12 people were killed and 26 others injured yesterday when a two-storey building in central Pakistan collapsed after gas cylinders inside exploded, police said.

The incident happened in the industrial city of Faisalabad after gas started leaking from cylinders stored in a shop inside the building, city police chief Aslam Tarin told AFP.

"There was a huge explosion which razed the building," he said.

At least 12 bodies have been recovered from the rubble, he said, adding that at least 10 of the injured were in serious condition.

The victims were mostly truck loaders who were sleeping in the upper portion of the building, he added.

'Astro-comb' helps search for Goldilocks Planet

AFP, London

Astronomers looking for Earth-like planets orbiting distant stars have been given a tool that should help them find their next, a study published on Wednesday in Nature said.

A total of 277 planets beyond our Solar System, known as exoplanets, have been spotted since the first one was detected 13 years ago.

But almost all of them have been gas giants the size of our own uninhabitable Jupiter or even larger. Just a tiny number have been rocky planets, and none as inviting as Earth. In general, they are big, and orbit so searingly close to massive stars that if they had any atmosphere, it must have boiled into space long ago.

The search is now widening to cooler stars and to the so-called Goldilocks zone, where the temperature is not too hot, not too cold but just right to let a small rocky, Earth-sized planet have liquid water, an ingredient for life.


But to do this requires a twelve-fold refinement in the search technique, which measures a "wobble" in starlight, as seen from Earth, that occurs when a planet exerts a gravitational tug on the star.

The breakthrough may have been found in a device called the astro-comb, in which a pulsed laser is used to filter the sample of starlight before feeding the signal into a spectrograph to measure the frequency of the light "wobble".

The gadget is put forward by a team led Chih-Hao Li of Harvard University.

The first astro-comb will be installed in 2009 or 2010 with the William Herschel Telescope on the Canary Islands, they say.

"Astro-combs should revolutionise astrophysical spectroscopy," they claim.



ইসলামিক ফাইন্যান্স এন্ড ইনভেস্টমেন্ট লিমিটেড

প্রিন্সিপাল শাখা, ঢাকা

চান ম্যানশন, ৬৬, দিলকুশা বা/এ, মতিঝিল, ঢাকা।
(অর্থক্ৰয় আদালত আইন, ২০০৩ এর ১২(৩) ধারার বিধান মোতাবেক)

বন্ধকী সম্পত্তি বিক্রয়ের দরপত্র বিজ্ঞপ্তি

এতদ্বারা সর্বসাধারণের অবগতির জন্য জানানো যাইতেছে যে, ইসলামিক ফাইন্যান্স এন্ড ইনভেস্টমেন্ট লিমিটেড, প্রিন্সিপাল শাখা, ঢাকা এর বিনিয়োগ গ্রাহক মেসার্স ইলাট কম্পোজিট লিঃ এর ব্যবস্থাপনা পরিচালক জনাব সাইফ উদ্দিন ও চেয়ারম্যান মিসেস আফিকা আক্তার বুনো, এ্যাড প্রিন্সিপাল শাখা, ৬৬, দিলকুশা বা/এ, মতিঝিল, ঢাকা এর নিকট হইতে উক্ত আর্থিক প্রতিষ্ঠানের পানচি ১৪/০১/২০০৮ইং পর্যন্ত টাকা ৬,২৬,৫৪,১০৪.০০ (টাকা ছয় কোটি দুইশত লক্ষ চারশত হাজার একশত চৌত্রিশ) আদায়ের নিমিত্ত উক্ত প্রতিষ্ঠানের লীজ বিনিয়োগের বিপরীতে লীজ চুক্তির আওতায় লীজ প্রকল্প হলে সংশ্লিষ্ট নিম্নের 'ক' তফসীলে বর্ণিত মেশিনারিজ সমূহ এবং রেজিস্টার্ড বন্ধকী দলিল মূলে দায়বদ্ধ নিম্নের 'খ' তফসীলে বর্ণিত স্থাবর সম্পত্তি নিলামে বিক্রয়ের নিমিত্ত অগ্রাহী দরদাতা/ক্রেতাদের নিকট হইতে নিম্নলিখিত শর্তে সীল মোহরকৃত দরপত্র আহ্বান করা যাইতেছে।

শর্তাবলী

১. দরপত্র আগামী ০৪-০৫-০৮ইং বিকাল ৩:০০ ঘটিকার মধ্যে ইসলামিক ফাইন্যান্স এন্ড ইনভেস্টমেন্ট লিমিটেড, প্রিন্সিপাল শাখা, ঢাকায় বিনামূলি দরপত্র বাস্তব দরপত্র জমা দিতে হইবে এবং এ একই দিনই বিকাল ৩:৩০ ঘটিকার সময় দরপত্র দরদাতাদের সম্মুখে (যদি কেহ উপস্থিত থাকেন) খোলা হইবে।
২. প্রত্যেক দরদাতা উক্ত দরপত্রের পরিমাণ সর্বোচ্চ ১০ লক্ষ টাকা হইলে দরপত্রের ২০%, উক্ত দরপত্রের পরিমাণ সর্বোচ্চ ১০ লক্ষ টাকা হইতে ৫০ লক্ষ টাকা পর্যন্ত হইলে দরপত্রের ১৫% এবং উক্ত দরপত্রের ৫০ লক্ষ টাকার উপরে হইলে দরপত্রের ১০% এর সমপরিমাণ টাকা জামানত স্বরূপ ব্যাংক ড্রাফট বা পে অর্ডারের মাধ্যমে ইসলামিক ফাইন্যান্স এন্ড ইনভেস্টমেন্ট লিঃ, প্রিন্সিপাল শাখা, ঢাকার অনুকূলে দরপত্রের সহিত দাখিল করিবেন।
৩. দাখিলকৃত দরপত্র সীলমোহরকৃত হইবে এবং বামের উপর স্পষ্ট অক্ষরে "সম্পত্তি ক্রয় দরপত্র প্রস্তাব" উল্লেখ করিতে হইবে।
৪. দরদাতাগণ বা তাহাদের প্রতিনিধিগণ (যদি কেহ উপস্থিত থাকেন) এর সম্মুখে আগামী ০৪-০৫-০৮ইং তারিখে বেলা ৩:৩০ ঘটিকায় ইসলামিক ফাইন্যান্স এন্ড ইনভেস্টমেন্ট লিমিটেড, প্রিন্সিপাল শাখা, ৬৬ দিলকুশা বাগিচা এলাকা ঢাকা-১০০০ এর অফিসে দরপত্র বরখালা হইবে।
৫. দরদাতা গৃহীত দরপত্রের পরিমাণ ১০ লক্ষ টাকা পর্যন্ত হইলে উহা গৃহীত হইবার পরবর্তী ৩০ (ত্রিশ) দিনের মধ্যে, গৃহীত দরপত্রের পরিমাণ ১০ লক্ষ টাকা বেশি অথবা ৫০ (পঞ্চাশ) লক্ষ টাকার উপরে হইলে উহা গৃহীত হইবার পরবর্তী ৬০ (ষাট) দিনের মধ্যে এবং গৃহীত দরপত্রের পরিমাণ ৫০ (পঞ্চাশ) লক্ষ টাকার উপরে হইলে উহা গৃহীত হইবার পরবর্তী ৯০ (নব্বই) দিনের মধ্যে সমুদয় মূল্য নগদ/পে-অর্ডার এর মাধ্যমে পরিশোধ করিবেন এবং তাহা করিতে বাধ্য হইলে তাহার উপরোক্ত জামানতের টাকা বাজেয়াপ্ত হইবে।
৬. প্রত্যেক দরদাতা এক বা একাধিক তফসিলের জন্য দরপত্র দিতে পারিবেন। তবে একই তফসিলের সম্পত্তি আধিক দরপত্র প্রদানের ক্ষেত্রে তাহা বাতিল করা যাইবে না।
৭. দরপত্রের তফসিল সম্পত্তির প্রস্তাবকৃত মূল্য অস্বাভাবিকভাবে অপর্যাপ্ত বা কম প্রতীয়মান হইলে অথবা অন্য যে কোন কারণে কর্তৃপক্ষ দরপত্র বাতিল করিতে পারিবেন।
৮. কর্তৃপক্ষ দরদাতাকে সম্পত্তির রেজিস্ট্রেশন সেক্রেটারি বাবতীয় খরচ সহ ট্যাক্স ও অন্যান্য খরচাদি বহন করিতে হইবে এবং সেই ক্ষেত্রে শর্তপূর্ণ সাপেক্ষে তফসিল বর্ণিত সম্পত্তি দরদাতার প্রয়োজনে জেলা প্রশাসনের মাধ্যমে হস্তান্তর করার জন্য প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণ করা হইবে।
৯. ইসলামিক ফাইন্যান্স এন্ড ইনভেস্টমেন্ট লিমিটেড, প্রিন্সিপাল শাখা, চান ম্যানশন, ৬৬ দিলকুশা বাগিচা এলাকা ঢাকা-১০০০ যে কোন কারণ ব্যতিরেকে যে কোন বা সকল দরপত্র গ্রহণ ও বাতিল করার অধিকার সংরক্ষণ করে।
১০. গৃহীত হয় নাই এমন দরপত্র দাতাদের তাহাদের জামানতের টাকা ফেরত দেওয়া হইবে।

তফসিল 'ক' (লীজকৃত স্থাবর সম্পত্তির বিবরণ)

SL Particular's of Machinery

01. Capital Machineryes 06 sets Sewing Machine (Brother brand)
02. 03 sets Cutting Machine (Brother brand)
03. 21 sets Single Jersey Circular Knitting Machine (Fukhama brand).
04. 9 sets Rib Circular Knitting Machine (Fukhama brand).
05. 258 sets One Needle Flat Bed Lock Stitch Machine (Siruba brand).
06. 152 sets 3 Needle Flat Bed Lock Stitch Machine (Siruba brand).
07. 6 sets Flat Knitting Machine
08. 50 sets High Speed Over Lock Machine (Siruba brand)
09. Generator, Boiler, Corrugated Machine, Lab Testing Machine,
10. Calendar Machine, Winch Machine etc.


তফসিল 'খ' (স্থাবর সম্পত্তির বিবরণ)

১. জেলা-নারায়ণগঞ্জ, থানা- ফতুল্লা, মৌজা-কাশিপুর, খতিয়ান নং সি.এস ৪০১, এস.এ ৮৮৮, ৮৭০, ৫৫২ এবং আর.এস ৪৭৬, ৮৪৯, প্লট নং সি.এস ও এস.এ ১৯৩, ১৯৪, আর.এস ৪২৭ (চারশত সাতাশ), ৪৩৪ (চারশত চৌত্রিশ), ৪২৫ (চারশত পঁচিশ), ৪২৬ (চারশত ছাশিশ), মোট জমির পরিমাণ ৭২১ (সাত্বে বাতশত) শতাংশ।
২. জেলা-নারায়ণগঞ্জ, থানা- ফতুল্লা, মৌজা-কাশিপুর, খতিয়ান নং এস.এ ৬৪০, আর.এস ৪৭৬, প্লট নং সি.এস ও এস.এ ১৯৪, আর.এস ৪২৬ (চারশত চাশিশ), মোট জমির পরিমাণ ৭২১ (সাত্বে ছাশ) শতাংশ।
৩. জেলা-গাজীপুর, থানা-উল্লাই, মৌজা-ভাদাম, খতিয়ান নং সি.এস ৩২, এস.এ ৫৫, আর.এস ১৩৬, প্লট নং সি.এস ও এস.এ ৩৬, আর.এস ৪১ (একাত্তিশ), মোট জমির পরিমাণ-৩০.২৫ (তেরিশ দশমিক দুই পাঁচ) শতাংশ।

উপরোক্ত ভিন্ন তফসিল মোট জমির পরিমাণ- ১১২.২৫ (একশত বার দশমিক দুই পাঁচ) শতাংশ।

ভাইস প্রেসিডেন্ট ও ব্যবস্থাপক
ইসলামিক ফাইন্যান্স এন্ড ইনভেস্টমেন্ট লিঃ
প্রিন্সিপাল শাখা, ঢাকা।

INTERNATIONAL RE-TENDER NOTICE (3 RD CALL)						
1	Ministry/Division		Ministry of Health & Family Welfare			
2	Agency		ICDDR, B			
3	Procuring Entity Name		Executive Director, ICDDR, B			
4	Procuring Entity District		Dhaka			
5	Invitation for		Import of Materials for Vertical Extension and Renovation of Research and Hospital Building, ICDDR,B, Mohakhali, Dhaka.			
6	Invitation Ref No & Date		Memo No. ICDDR, B / Mohakhali / Procurement / 07/ 042 Date: 18.3.07			
7	Procurement Method		Open Tendering Method			
8	Budget and Source of Funds		IDA through RPA (G o B)			
9	Project (if applicable)		Vertical Extension and Renovation of Research and Hospital Building – ICDDR,B, Dhaka, Bangladesh			
10	Tender Package Number & Name		Package No.2: Lot-2: G.I. Frame, C-stud & U-truc. Lot-3: Door Closer and Door Lock Lot-5: Glass Lot-7: Sanitary Goods			
11	Mode of Payment		Through Letter of Credit (L/C)			
12	Tender Publication Date		2 April, 2008			
13	Tender Last Selling Date		18 May, 2008			
14	Tender Closing Date and Time		19 May, 2008		Time: 11:00 Hours	
15	Tender Opening Date and Time		19 May, 2008		Time: 11:30 Hours	
16	Name & Address of the office(s)		Address Treasury Unit, 2 nd floor, Hospital Building, ICDDR,B, Mohakhali, Dhaka. Procurement & Materials Office, ICDDR,B, Mohakhali, Dhaka. Procurement & Materials Office, ICDDR,B, Mohakhali, Dhaka.			
17	- Selling Tender Document					
	- Receiving Tender Document					
	- Opening Tender Document					
	Eligibility of Tenderer		(i) The tenderers shall be Manufacturers / Sole Agents / Sole Distributors from eligible source countries. (ii) All prices shall be on C&F Chittagong by sea freight basis (Cost of items and freight to be specified) (iii) Tenderers / Suppliers abroad shall have a minimum 02 (two) years of specific experience in the supply of similar importable goods / materials to Bangladesh. (iv) Tenderer, if local agent / distributor may submit price quotation on behalf of the respective vendor abroad, supported by Proforma Invoice. Successful bidder, in case of local agent / distributor must submit "Indent" having valid registration for opening L/C in favour of their Principal abroad by the purchaser. (v) Tenderers may submit price quotation either for individual lot or for any combination of lots and prices quoted shall correspond to 100% of the items and quantities specified for each lot.			
18	Identification of Lots, Tender Security, Completion Time and Price of Tender Document					
	Lot No.	Identification	Location	Tender Security Amount in BDT or equivalent foreign currency (by Pay Order / Bank Guarantee)	Completion Time	Price of Tender Document (if cash)
	Lot-2 Lot-3 Lot-5 Lot-7	G.I. Frame, C-stud & U-truc. Door Closer and Door Lock Glass Sanitary Goods	ICDDR,B 68, Shaheed Tajuddin Ahamed Sarani Mohakhali, Dhaka-1212 Bangladesh	Lot-2 Tk. 40,000.00 Lot-3 Tk. 08,000.00 Lot-5 Tk. 14,000.00 Lot-7 Tk. 32,000.00	90 (ninety) days from date of opening of L/C.	BDT. 3000.00 or US\$ 43.00
19	Name of Official Inviting Tender		M. Alam			
20	Designation of Official Inviting Tender		Procurement Specialist, Gyanaloy Project, ICDDR,B, Mohakhali, Dhaka, Bangladesh.			
21	Address of Official Inviting Tender		68. Shaheed Tajuddin Ahamed Sarani, Mohakhali, Dhaka12 12, Bangladesh			
22	Contact details of Official Inviting Tender		Tel: (8802)8860523-32		Fax: (8802)9860620 e.mail malam@icddr.org	
23	The procuring entity reserves the right to accept or reject all tenders.					



icddr,b
KNOWLEDGE FOR
GLOBAL LIFESAVING SOLUTIONS

M. Alam
Procurement Specialist,Gyanaloy project