Time: 11am-8pm



Festival de Théâtre Français

March 13-20. Organiser: Alliance Française de Dacca, Natuke, Fame School and Bangladesh Shilpakala Academy Venue: Bangladesh Shilpakala Date: March 16, Time: 7pm Play: Ghar Jamai



Solo Art Exhibition

Title: Unmasked Artist: Tenzin Doni (Bhutan) Venue: Samatata Art Gallery, House 4, Road 95, Gulshan 2 Date: March 14-28



Adivasi Cultural Festival '08

2nd International **Music Festival**

Organiser: The Centre for Education, Creative and Performing Arts; Bangladesh National Commission for UNESCO; Islamic Educational, Scientific and Cultural Venue: Main Auditorium, Bangladesh National Museum March 15- 16, Time: 06:00 pm



2nd International Music Festival gets underway

Daylong Ashtokalin Kirtan presented

CULTURAL CORRESPONDENT

The second International Music Festival commenced on March 14 at the Shaheed Ziaur Rahman

The Centre for Education, Creative and Performing Arts in association with the Bangladesh National Commission for UNESCO (BNCU) and Islamic Educational, Scientific Auditorium of the National and Cultural Organisation

Museum. The event is organised by (ISESCO). Artistes of Bangladesh Republic of Bangladesh, was the and Iran performed on the first day of the festival.

> Dr. Hossain Zillur Rahman, Adviser, Ministry of Education, Government of the People's

Vice- Chancellor of the University of Dhaka, S. M. A Faiz, was the special guest. Azad Rahman, Chairman of the The Center for Education, Creative and Performing Arts, delivered the opening speech followed by Dr. Md. Mahmudul Hassan, secretary of BNCU, who was called upon on stage to give the welcome speech. German artiste Elise Schmidt,

> Islamic Republic of Iran Hasan Farazandeh also spoke at the event. After the inaugural ceremony, the musical programme started with the rendition of the song Gyano Jyoti jalao written by Azad Rahman, by artistes of the host

Iranian Cultural Counsellor Dr.

Reza Hashemi, and ambassador of

chief guest at the event while the

country, followed by Milon hobe koto din-e by Lalon artiste Manohar Shah. The Iranian artistes were next on stage, who enthralled the audience with their soulful music and strong beats. When they finally finished their performance the audience was in high spirits and marked their exit with a huge round of applause.

Artistes from India, Bangladesh, Germany and Iran will be participating in the festival, which will end today.



Artistes of indigenous communities perform traditional art forms at the festival

performed 'Delang Mangnipinna'. Delang Mangnipinna is one of traditional dances of Mandi people, which they perform to pay tribute to the souls of the

Artistes of the Marma community staged excerpts of mythical

musical-drama 'Manari Pankhum' and Pakha dance. The Pakha dance is one of their popular dances, which they arrange in the

Sangrai (new year programme). Artistes of the Tanchanga community rendered couple of songs and performed a group dance. Artistes of the Khyang community performed Jhum dance and other dances to mark New Year and Nabanna Utsab.

Before the cultural programme, a brief discussion was organised at

Artistes present the inaugural song at the programme

ERSHAD KAMOL

Madartek.

the vocal.

Radha-Krishna) based on ragas

suitable for the very moment of

the day. The interesting part of

PHOTO: STAR

Stories of Change: Women tracing a path to live their dreams

NADIA SARWAT

Stories of Change, a 55minute documentary by young filmmakers Kamar Ahmad Simon and Sara Afreen that portrays the challenging lives of five successful women, was premiered on

A panel discussion followed the screening where human rights activist Hameeda Hossain, media personality Samia Zaman and filmmaker Tareque Masud discussed several aspects of the documentary. Professor Firdous Azim, of BRAC University was the moderator of the event, which included a brief open

Produced by The Pathways of Women's Empowerment Research Programme of Development Studies programme, BRAC University, Stories of Change is an endeavour to present an artistic documentation of the research conducted by the

organisation. Through the five protagonists of the documentary, Stories of Change follows the paths and lanes women have to traverse to live their dreams. Through the camera of Bayezid Kamal, the film travels through Bangladesh; through its hills, rivers and lanes, and through generations, following the narratives of Champa Chakma, Dipaly Goala, Bilkis Akhter Sumi, Kamal Rani Ray and Begum Rokeya, as they meet life's challenge, clear their path and reach their goals.

Champa Chakma from Rangamati, the 16 years old spin bowler of Bangladesh National Women's Cricket Team that won the ACC chamstory in her simple words. had to wage to enlist herself in the national team as a member from the ethnic minorities, comes to the audience in

ariveting manner. In the same way, the documentary move on to the life of Dipaly Goala, the 22 year-old school teacher and field worker who works among the tea labourers of Lakatura tea estate, Sylhet. From a tea labourer's family, Dipaly came out to be a teacher and today dreams that her students will go up to high school one day.

Bilkis Akter Sumi is a pioneer photojournalist from the traditionally conservative Sylhet, confident enough to push her way through the crowds with her camera. Kamala Rani Ray from Sirajganj proves herself equal to a man, maintaining the family jewellery business at Chandaikona Bazaar to look after her sisters after her father's

death. Begum Rokeya (60 years old), the eldest of the five protagonists has travelled through a long way after her marriage broke up and now is a successful social activist engaged in creating opportunities for other women like herself.

"All of the five women put a challenge to the society through their lives. Their individual efforts provide an example to many," Hameeda Hossain

Samia Zaman said, "The first thing the women have to do is to drop the expectation to be the 'good girl' of society, as we find the protagonists do in the docu-

mentary." Appreciating the idea of the documentary Tareque Masud said, "The craft of uniting the elements of research with filmmaking, in a way that both are mutually benefited, is really admirable in this documentary. We are looking forward to seeing hundreds of stories instead of five in the future."

Stories of Change is the debut pionship in 2007, tells her documentary of Simon and Sara. Bari Siddiqui did back-How she dreamt to be the ground music of the documenmost unusual one from her tary and Sheikh Razibul Islam is

Documentary

the performance of Santal artistes.

They rendered the Kolshi dance

and the dance with Dhol. Tradi-

tionally Santal people arrange the

Dhol dance at the wedding cere-

mony. A troupe of the bride's family and a troupe from the

groom's family compete with one

Cha-Janagosthi, minorities of

the tea gardens of northern-

eastern part of Bangladesh, per-

formed song, Jhumur dance and

traditional Lathi dance (dancing

with a piece of wood). Usually Cha-

dance to celebrate the Dol Utsab.

Janagosthi arranges the Lathi

Artistes of the Mandi commu-

nity rendered a group song. The

tion of all minorities. They also

theme of the song was the unifica-

another through this dance.

March 14 at the Russian Cultural centre.

discussion for the audience.

The protagonists were also present at the premier show.

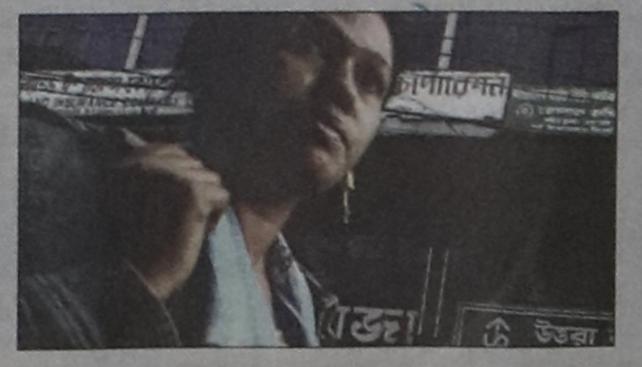
context, and the struggle she the photographer.













Kabita Ghosh and her troupe (top) and Gopesh Mohanto and his troupe perform to a receptive crowd

ashon bondana is improvisation the story the narrator enacts the of talas by rhythm instruments roles of different characters and such as kortan, khol and dhol with develops the story in a dialogue form. Moreover, to communicate Subsequently the narrator to the audience, the narrator begins a narration of the leela. Doing that the narrator intro- improvises in line with the conduces a new story of the Leela temporary customs during the section in music form. Narrating narration of myth.



incorporation of rasa (aesthetic sentiment), the essence of the ritualistic art form, of the characters in a particular sequence by Krishna at Brindaban promising the narrator. Throughout the performance the narrator plays with different rasa and raga.

At the break of dawn on March 14, the Ashtokalin Kirtan began with presentation of Jagoran Rashodgar featuring awakening of Radha-Krisna from the Alosh after feeling the ecstasy, as the six-day Namamrito Kirtan ended, featuring Alosh (sleep) followed by Rash Leela (ecstasy) at same time at the same venue. The Jagoran Rashodgar segment of the Ashtoklin Leela was presented by Kabita Ghosh and her troupe from Satkhira.

Jagoran Rashodgar was followed by Goshtho Leela where Lord Krishna along with his companions herds cattle. In this leela part Krishna's love for his companions is presented. Goshtho Leela section was presented by Polash Biswas and his troupe.

Gopesh Mohanto and his yesterday.

USP of Ashtokalin Leela is troupe presented Shurjopuja Leela, where Radha, deceiving her mother-in-law Jotila and sisterin-law Kutila, goes to meet them that she is going to Brindaban to worship the sun

Shurjopuja Leela was followed by Ulta Ghoshtho, in which Krishna with his companions returns home with cattle. This section of Leela was presented by Kabita Ghosh and her troupe.

Radha narrates the beauty of Lord Krishna in the Krishner Rupbarnona section, presented by Polash Biswas and his troupe. The troupe also presented Akkhik Abhishar section of leela, where Radha meets Krishna at night.

The Ashtokalin Leela presentation ended by staging Rash (featuring Krishna entering in the soul of Radha) and Alosh (featuring sleep of Radha-Krishna after experiencing ecstasy in Rash) sections of leelas by Gopesh Mohanto and his troupe at dawn,