

# Titas gas field

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experts of Petrobangla and outside it visited the site recently. They are expected to submit a report to Petrobangla by tomorrow.

"It demands immediate remedial action," the expert said. "In addition to threat of a disaster, we are losing an unspecified amount of gas every day."

Titas field produces 400 million cubic feet per day (mmcf) gas as against the country's total gas demand of 1,500 mmcf. Discovered in the early sixties by Shell oil, Titas was estimated to have a gas reserve of 5.12 trillion cubic feet (after four decades it now has 2.78 tcf).

Expressing deep concern at the gas leakage, a Petrobangla high official requesting anonymity said, "It might lead to a disaster like that in Magurchhara or Tengratila while the nation is highly dependent on Titas field for gas supplies."

Shaking the earth, the natural gas is streaming out with roaring sound from different spots of the Titas riverbed and local Loiska Beel (vast water body).

Local villagers told The Daily Star that gas was leaking from more than 3,000 big holes—including some 30-foot diameter holes—in IRRI paddy fields, beels and the Titas river. Gas emitted through some of the holes is in flames.

**SPOT REPORT**  
Several villages are already at high risk of explosion and unexpected fire. The risky areas are Sampur village, Runakandi, Sadullah Hati, Jamalpur, Khalapara, Dattkhalah, Paranga, Gupinathpur and Baramura and Loiska Beel in Brahmanbaria sadar upazila.

All the 750 people of Sampur village are now facing the highest risk in the entire areas. It is situated on the east bank of the Titas river, opposite to Titas Location No-3.

During a spot visit, The Daily Star correspondent found that all the tube-wells of Sampur village have become dysfunctional. Some of the tube-wells are operating partly while the others are streaming out ground water mixed with natural gas and liquid hydrocarbon. The water is hot and visibly contaminated with hydrocarbon. Though undrinkable, the villagers are using this water for drinking and other purposes.

As all these tube-wells are emitting huge quantity of natural gas, polluted air of the village carries potential risk of a sudden fire any time. Sometimes when gas level in the air sharply increases, it starts burning all by itself whenever it contacts fire from oil-lamp or earthen oven.

On the night of February 2, Asma Begum, 22, received burn injuries when she unexpectedly caught fire while going to a house close to her's with a lamp in her hand. The fire started from gas spewing out of the tube-well at one Ali Mia's house and the flames rose to about 10 feet. As a result, trees were burnt.

The villagers rushed to the spot and extinguished the blaze.

At another spot, one Rina Begum stopped going to her kitchen as natural gas was gushing out of her earthen oven. She now cooks food in another earthen oven in the yard.

Sayed Hossain of the same area covered his tube-well with a heap of soil a year ago because it started emitting gas. The heap of soil still remains as hot as a brick kiln. The villagers fear an explosion there anytime.

Boat ride on the Titas river has also become very risky. Some 10 days ago, when one person threw off a burning cigarette from his fishing boat in the middle of the river, a fire broke out as gas was bubbling out from that spot. Boat men and local villagers extinguished the blaze.

Due to roaring sound of the gas, fish production in the river and beels has decreased abnormally.

People of Sampur say that at first they noticed gas bubbles in their 300-foot deep tube-wells three years back. They immediately informed the BGFC's local office about this. The officials told them not to worry as this was not anything serious.

But proving them wrong, the emission of gas from this tube-well increased significantly from last year. And now gas is spewing out from thousands of holes at the site and from different areas of Sampur, Gupinathpur, Paranga and Dattkhalah and as well as Loiska Beel.

To solve the water crisis, Sampur people have installed 350 to 750 feet deep tube-wells. But they found no positive results and the situation is deteriorating sharply.

"Now, no tube-well can be sunk here as the underground gas comes

out when tube-well pipe goes 100 feet to 150 feet down," said Hasna Begum, a villager.

The villagers alleged that the authorities have not taken any urgent steps to solve this dangerous problem. "We see officials visiting us sometimes and taking water samples. There is no other action, this is no solution," said Jaher Mia of Sampur. "Our village is becoming unliveable."

Jamal Mia demanded that the authorities must find out a way to stop this disaster.

"We cannot sleep at night because of roaring of gas emitting through the holes," Rina Akter said.

A local BGFC official claimed to The Daily Star that this situation might have been caused by a pocket of gas, and it has no relation with the actual gas field. Experts who were investigating the matter have ruled out this claim.

Deputy Commissioner (DC) Sayed Ahmed Safa says he has been informed that thousands of gas flames are burning at Sampur and Loiska Beel on the east side of the Titas river. He has given all cooperation to the BGFC's authorities to solve the problem soon, the DC added.

**REMEDIAL ACTION**  
Though initially the BGFC did not pay due attention to this situation, it is now assessing the gravity of the threat so that it can initiate a course of action, says Shahidul Abedin, managing director of the BGFC that owns Titas gas field.

He said the on-going primary investigation into this phenomenon will indicate what kind of problem is threatening the field. "We will go for action soon. Petrobangla and the energy ministry are aware of this situation, and we are emphasising public safety first," he said.

"The BGFC has informed the environment directorate, meteorological department and other authorities seeking their cooperation in handling the matter. We have started an awareness publicity in the locality so that people do not accidentally start a fire," the BGFC chief said.

Leakage of gas from around a gas field area is not very unusual, said a Petrobangla official. Gas leakage is common in Sylhet region. But the situation in Titas indeed demands serious action.

"We need to examine the situation properly. It should not be very difficult. We can ask for help from Chevron. We have to appoint a consultant who could tell us if we can address this situation by drilling a relief well or logging the existing gas wells in the area," said an expert. "Until we have a consultant overseeing this job, we cannot say how much the whole remedial work will cost us."

## Iranian diplomat kidnapped in Iraq

11 die in violence

REUTERS, AFP, Tehran

Iran's Foreign Ministry confirmed yesterday that an Iranian diplomat in Baghdad was kidnapped on Sunday and said it held US forces responsible for his safety, Iran's students news agency ISNA reported.

An Iraqi official had earlier said the diplomat was seized by gunmen who were wearing uniforms of the Iraqi 36th Commando Battalion, a special operations unit that often works with US military forces in Iraq. Iranian Foreign Ministry spokesman Mohammad Ali Hosseini said Jalal Sharafi, second secretary the embassy in the Baghdad, was seized by a group related to Iraq's Defence Ministry "which works under the supervision of American forces," ISNA reported.

He was kidnapped outside a branch of Iran's Bank Melli in the Iraqi capital, he said. "Based on reliable information, the group which has committed this completely terrorist act, are active under the supervision of the American forces and some of them have been arrested. There is a record of their previous acts," Hosseini said.

It was not immediately clear if those Hosseini said were arrested were seized in relation to the latest incident or other incidents. "The Islamic Republic of Iran holds the American forces in Iraq responsible for the life and safety of the Iranian diplomat and condemns this action strongly and wants the quick release of the Iranian diplomat," Hosseini said.

It came as security forces pressed on with troop deployments in Baghdad ahead of a US-Iraqi crackdown in the capital aimed at curbing violence that left another 11 people dead on Tuesday.

"There was a fight between the gunmen who were in Iraqi army uniforms and the Iranian second secretary's guards in central Karrada," a senior Iraqi official told AFP on condition of anonymity.

"After the clashes the gunmen escaped, taking Sharafi with them." Tehran charged that the abduction was the work of gunmen linked to the Sunni-controlled Iraqi defence ministry and also held the United States responsible.

"Jalal Sharafi, the second secretary at the embassy in Baghdad, was abducted on Sunday by a group linked to the defence ministry, which operates under the supervision of US forces in Iraq," foreign ministry spokesman Mohammad Ali Hosseini said.

## Party registration

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political parties is essential to ensure their accountability and transparency in respect of their source of fund. The EC will monitor the whole process of the registration, he said.

"The society will become free from corruption once the political parties get freed of corruption," the law adviser said.

The registered political parties will have to submit their annual audit report to the EC, which will be empowered to cancel registration of any political party if it violates the laws, sources said.

On preventing civil servants from taking part in general election within at least three to four years from their retirement, Mainul said a civil servant may join any political party after retiring from government service, but they should not take part in the election immediately after their retirement.

Since there is no such restriction, many bureaucrats develop a tendency to run the administration with political end in view, he said.

Replying to a query, Mainul said discussion with the political parties is necessary to formulate the law.

Former chief election commissioner (CEC) MA Aziz had moved for reforms in the electoral laws, including making the registration system mandatory, but he finally did not send the proposal to the government.

Newly appointed CEC ATM Shamsul Huda also hinted at massive reforms in the electoral system and told reporters on Monday that the EC would take the decision in consultation with the political parties.

The CEC yesterday started analysing the opinion and proposals that already came in the public domain regarding the reforms in the election system.

Sources meanwhile said a section of EC Secretariat officials provided the new CEC with top-sided reports on EC activities and its reforms published in the newspapers. They did not supply newspaper paper clippings of reports on the alleged irregularities and corruption in the EC Secretariat.

Talking to reporters yesterday, Election Commissioner Sohul Hossain said the job of the EC now is to identify and analyse all the relevant issues, discuss them with the political parties, review and take decision on issues like voters' identity cards, voter list with photographs, and transparent ballot boxes.

"The Election Commission will try to reach a consensus on different matters during discussions with the stakeholders," Sohul said.

## Law adviser

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They should be taught a lesson that a time will come when the country will not protect them anymore.

"I am not saying everyone is guilty of corruption, but as a citizen of the country I am saying that politics is not for leading to corruption but to the service of the nation," he added.

Mainul said the government appreciates the people's anger at the politicians for indulging in corruption and that is why they are being arrested.

He said the arrestees will be tried as per the legal process. A special court and tribunal already exists in the Anti-Corruption Commission, but the government will try to quickly dispose of the cases so that the accused do not have to worry over their fate for a prolonged period. It is not the government's priority to arrest corrupt bureaucrats and businessmen at the moment as they can be tried under regular criminal procedures, Mainul said.

## Mir Nasir

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detention order under the Special Powers Act.

Khondker Mahbubuddin Ahmed appeared for petitioner Mir Mohammad Helaluddin Ahmed.

The same bench issued another rule on the government to explain why it should not be directed to produce Giasuddin Al Mamun, managing director of Channel-1 TV, before the court to demonstrate that he is not being held without lawful authority.

The rule was issued following a habeas corpus petition filed by Jalaluddin Roomi challenging the detention of his brother, Mamun.

"The rule is made returnable in seven days," says the court order.

Home and defence secretaries, inspector general of police, Dhaka Metropolitan Police (DMP) commissioner, officer-in-charge of Gulshan Police Station and deputy commissioner of Dhaka have been made respondents in the petition.

The petitioner submitted that the family members of Mamun came to know about his arrest on January 31 by the law enforcers at a residence at Naya Paltan in the city through newspaper report published on the following day (February 1).

But they could not confirm about his arrest after making contacts at the possible places, the petitioner said, adding: "Even after six days of his arrest, Mamun was not produced before any court."

Khandaker Mahbubuddin Ahmed assisted by Barrister Ruhul Qudus Kajal appeared for the petitioner.

## RMG staff

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were returning to the head office at Kalabagan after drawing cash from Uttara Bank's Satmasjid road branch.

After taking the bag of money, the snatchers left the scene firing two rounds of blank shots, he said.

Md Mokhter Hossain, proprietor of MNS Garments, said he sent accounts officer Nuhum Alam and another staff Md Raihan to draw cash to pay salaries to the employees.

A case has been filed with Dhanmondi Police Station in this connection.

# Governments less

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Former adviser to the caretaker government Akbar Ali Khan speaking at the meeting as a special guest said transparency in governance is a means to establishing social justice and economic development but lack of information and economic disparity are depriving the people of their basic rights and reducing production capacity.

"Unfortunately, the government of Bangladesh is more non-transparent than the British rulers of the colonial period," he added. Even the British rule of the sub-continent, including Lord Clive's rule, was accountable to the British government and responsive to the people of the colony. But our government is not accountable in comparison to the British government, he said.

Referring to Nobel laureate Amartya Sen, Akbar said famine cannot exist if there is free flow of information. He said the orders of the government are published through gazette notifications but those are never made public. A policy for the promotions of government employees was formulated but it was never made public.

Coming down on the non-transparency of the Public Service Commission (PSC), Akbar, also a former secretary, said he received the results of his exams in the then civil service of Pakistan within 15 days. The PSC never discloses the results to those who sat for the exams in order to get a Bangladesh Civil Service (BCS) job.

He demanded all the gazette notifications and BCS results be put on a website for the public to see. There should be rules that gazette notifications should not be considered as gazettes unless they are put on a website, he stressed.

The speakers at the meeting said inaction of the parliamentary committees, lack of necessary laws like Right to Information Act, existence of Official Secrecy Act and the political parties not being accountable are the major obstacles to free flow of information and good governance.

The speakers of the meeting said special measures should be taken for the empowerment of physically challenged and marginalised people who are deprived of information and resources.

Hidyar Akbar Ahmed of Centre for Governance Studies (CGS) in Brac University presented a keynote presentation on behalf of CGS Director Manzoor Hasan and researcher Naomi Hossain.

Justice Naimuddin Ahmed, Professor Asif Nazrul of Dhaka University, Taleya Rehman of Democracy Watch, Tasmina Hossain of Anannya magazine, Sharmin Mushred of Brotee, Valerie Taylor of Centre for Rehabilitation of the Paralyzed (CRP), human rights and development activists AHM Noman, Aminul Islam, Rina Roy, Shipa Hafiza, Shahidul Haque and Bikash Kumar Das also spoke at the meeting.

# Jan 22 poll candidates

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high among the proposals.

Professor Muzaffer Ahmad, chairman of the TIB board of trustees, said the Election Commission's (EC) duty is to fix the parameters of the constituencies. But it is often the case that while one constituency has only 60 thousand voters, another might have 90 thousand. This leads to disproportionate representation.

He said he finds the limit of Tk 5 lakh unrealistic and it should be reviewed. Muzaffer also said that funding from external sources for electioneering must also be probed. Presently, the matter is not taken into account with regard to campaign expenditures.

According to the survey, the major political parties favour businessmen with black money, criminals, and industrialists for nomination while voters tend to attach greater importance to a contender's election symbol, wealth and clout. "Good and honest candidates are losing out to the power of money," said Muzaffer.

In addition, the study finds the punishments for electoral crimes in the RPO and the ECC incoherent while the commission's role in administering the punishment is

## More illegal

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Emdadud Dasgiri along with Rajuk officials evicted residents, who were compensated for the government's acquisition of their land in Nikunja, for illegally staying there.

The magistrate told The Daily Star that they would take steps to demolish the tin-shed market behind the Dhaka City Corporation-owned Gulshan-1 market that was established by encroaching land of a nearby road.

In Narayanganj yesterday, Bangladesh Inland Water Transport Authority (BIWTA) during its eviction drive demolished 60 structures built on the Fatullah-Pagla road. The road is the Buriganga bank.

The BIWTA demolition team, led by Magistrate Di Afroz, tore down structures including shops at Pagla kitchen market and a number of illegally built site offices of development companies.

Sharif Afzal Hossain, deputy director of BIWTA, said they could not demolish four establishments, scheduled for demolition yesterday, due to injunctions from a court.

## Ex-Bol chief

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warrant against them.

Five other journalists against whom the case was filed are two News Editors -- Inam Ahmed and Syed Ashtuqul Haque, two Chief Reporters -- Zayadul Ahsan and Rezaul Karim, and City Editor Sharier Khan.

In his complaint, Mahmudur, also former executive chairman of the Board of Investment (Bol), mentioned that the leading English daily ran a news item on February 5 headlined "Forces search for 41 political bigwigs, will disclose their names, ask them to surrender".

The report said the law enforcers would disclose the list of the 41 "big fish", who have been hiding since the crackdown began, and ask them to surrender if they were not captured in a couple of days.

Inclusion of his name in the list of 41 "big fish" vilified his name, fame and reputation in society. Moreover, the news item was false, fabricated and concocted, Mahmudur added.

## Fake doctor held

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The court fined Bayejid Hossain, who had been practising as 'Dr Kamrul Hasan' at Dolphin Clinic at Dowaripara, Tk 150,000 and filed two cases against him.

Led by Magistrate Rokun Ud Doula, the court recovered three sacks full of around 70 different kinds of date-expired medicines, injections and saline from the pharmacy. Some of the medicine's validity expired in 2005, while some expired in 2006.

Tipped off, the army encircled the drugstore since morning and informed the mobile court.

"I got there at noon and found the culprit was masquerading as a doctor and selling date-expired medicines to the poor illiterate people of the locality," the magistrate said.

Sources said that a resident of the area informed the law enforcers when an ill child's condition turned worse after taking medicine bought from that pharmacy. After examining the pack of the medicine, they found that the validity date of the medicine was expired.

When the magistrate asked Bayejid for his certificate, he failed to produce anything and confessed to be an impostor. He showed a trade licence, which was obtained in Jessore years ago.

The first case filed against him is under section 25(C) of Special Powers Act 1974 with a minimum punishment of 14 years of rigorous imprisonment (RI). The other case was under Dhaka City Corporation Act 1994.

## Koyes Sami

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the High Court.

On January 25, the Oriental Bank filed a criminal case against Koyes Sami and 23 other present and former officials of the bank for embezzling Tk 596.44 crore.

Advocate Habibul Islam Bhuiyan appeared for Koyes Sami.

## Prof Yunus

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mankind. It can change the life of 60 per cent of the world population who are extremely poor.

He said: "The social business I'm advocating for is a no-loss, no-profit business, which can ensure social welfare and remove poverty."

The Noble laureate said social business, particularly multinational social businesses, can radically transform the nature of capitalism, which in its present incarnation does not creates enough opportunities for the poor, and which "threatens the global environment through ever-increasing materialism and consumerism".

Replying to a question what will be the salary structure of a social business company, he said social business is not a company that invites losses for its owner. "It'll do business like other companies, the difference is that the owner of the company will not take profit or dividend from this company," he said.

Prof Yunus went on: "The owner may take out his capital from the company, but not the dividend or profit...the profit will remain there to expand the company. And its salary structure will be the same as other companies."

About utilisation of the company's profit, he said, the profit will be reinvested to expand its activities and minimise costing.

In this connection, he mentioned Grameen's joint venture with a French company, Dannon.

"We, Grameen and Dannon, agreed not to take any dividend or profit from the company. We may take away the capital, but we will remain its owners. Its profit will be reinvested and we'll expand the company across the country," said Muhammad Yunus, the founder of Grameen Bank.

He is also advocating for creating a separate social stock market and an MBA programme where only the shares of social businesses will be traded and business studies relating to social business will be taught.

As in the past, he lent his support to globalisation and said the rule of 'strongest takes it all' must be replaced with the rule that ensures that the poorest have a place and piece of action, without being elbowed out by the strong.

"Globalisation must not become financial imperialism. Powerful multinational social businesses can be created to retain the benefit of globalisation for the poor and the poor countries," Prof Yunus said.

About his micro-credit programme, he said its now being replicated in most countries of the world and "I want to go to those countries where my programme has not reached yet."

"At present, 80 percent households of the country are now under the micro-credit programme. I want to make it cent percent by 2010 and I'm sure I can do that," he said.

# Ex-MP Lobi,

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BNP lawmaker Nazmul Huda himself raised allegations of corruption against him in connection with allocations of land for setting up CNG refuelling stations during the immediate past BNP-Jamaat-led alliance government's rule.

However, no action was taken against him despite the fact that the allegations had been raised from within his own party compelling the parliamentary standing committee on communications ministry to form a sub-committee on February 14, 2004 for investigating the allegations.

The communications ministry handed out permissions and allocated land for setting up 138 CNG refuelling stations. Allegedly Nazmul Huda gave permissions for 29 stations and Salahuddin Ahmed gave the permissions for the rest.

On June 28, 2003 speaking on the proposed budget in parliament, former BNP lawmaker SA Khaleque accused Salahuddin of taking Tk 25 lakh in bribe from currently absconding Dhaka City Corporation Ward Commissioner Monwar Hossain Dipjol for allowing him to set up a CNG gas station in the capital's Mirpur area.

Taking the floor to clarify the matter, Salahuddin said all the roads, and highway department lands in Mirpur area were in one way or the other occupied by Khaleque.

"I had to recover lands from his grab for allocating them for establishment of CNG stations," he retorted at the time.

**LOBI**  
Family sources said former member of parliament (MP) and president of Bangladesh Cricket Board Ali Asgar Lobi surrendered to the joint forces yesterday.

Lobi informed the law enforcers yesterday afternoon that he was in his house and they might come to arrest him after his family members had told him that the joint forces had raided his house in Gulshan 1 on Saturday night and looked for him.

"Plainclothesmen took him (Lobi) with them around 4:00pm after he had informed them about his whereabouts on returning to Dhaka from Khulna," Rafiqul Islam, Lobi's domestic help, told The Daily Star over the phone.

The joint forces searched his house for about 20 minutes and left with Lobi.

Lobi is the owner of Hawa Bhaban. **TARIQUL, FALU ON DETENTION**  
A Jessore court yesterday sent BNP leader and former minister for forest and environment Tariqul Islam to detention for a month.

The joint forces arrested the former minister raiding his house in Jessore on Monday night.

Soon after the joint forces had raided his house around 10:30pm on Monday he fell sick. He was treated there till 6:00am and was hauled to local police station later in the morning.

Physicians carried out a medical check up in the police station and then he was taken to court around 11:00am.

Tariqul's lawyers filed a petition seeking his bail, but the first class magistrate's court rejected the petition and sent him to detention.

Sources said Tariqul was arrested on charges of large scale corruption during the tenure of the BNP-led immediate past government.

Tears were rolling down his cheeks as the influential political leader was being put in a vehicle to take him to jail.

Former BNP lawmaker Mosaddak Ali Falu, and a thana unit Awami

League leader were also sent to Dhaka Central Jail on a 30-day detention yesterday.

Police charged Falu with anti-state activities, obstruction of public safety, and illegal hoarding.

Falu, whose wealth saw a meteoric rise in the last five years, and Turag thana Awami League (AL) leader Abul Hashem were produced before the chief metropolitan magistrate's court of Dhaka with two separate petitions for detaining them for 30 days.

Under tight security the former lawmaker and the AL leader were brought to the court premises in a microbus at 3:00pm and in 15 minutes they were produced before the court of Metropolitan Magistrate Shafiq Anwar.

Falu, who was arrested on Sunday night, was looking pale and gloomy in the dock.

Taking part in the hearing of the forwarding report, the prosecution mentioned that Falu was arrested under 16(2) of the State of Emergency Ordinance 2007 and there was a proposal for a 30-day detention under the Special Powers Act 1974.

The defence lawyers submitted a petition seeking bail and argued that the charges brought against Falu were false and fabricated. They said Falu owns two private satellite channels, a newspaper and many private companies. He established those companies with legally earned money through hard work. He efficiently performed the duties of the political secretary to the immediate past prime minister, the defence claimed.

**NASIM'S WIFE QUIZZED**  
The joint forces yesterday quizzed the wife of detained AL leader Mohammad Nasim about their bank accounts and income tax, family sources said.

The sources also said a joint team of the army and Rapid Action Battalion (Rab) questioned his mother Laila Nasim about family income, bank accounts and income tax in their Dhanmondi residence during their half an hour stay there from 1:00pm.

Meanwhile, the joint forces repeatedly raided the residences of Jubo League President Jahangir Kabir Nanak and its General Secretary Mirza Azam in the capital and in their villas over the last few days and seized mobile phone sets and the wills and other documents of their lands from there.

**UP CHAIRMAN SENT TO JAIL**

Abul Hashem, former chairman of Hariampur union parishad in Turag, was arrested on Monday from the city. He was charged with anti-state activities, creating obstruction to public safety.

Hashem's counsel disputed the allegation and said Hashem was a successful chairman and established many schools and other social welfare organisations in his locality, while seeking bail for his client.

After hearing both sides, the magistrate rejected the bail prayer and sent him to jail.

# ACC bigwigs

**FROM PAGE 1**  
commissioners for tea.

Iajuddin asked them to step down as the three called on him at the Bangabhaban yesterday.

From there, Justice Sultan returned to his house while the two other commissioners went to their office.

"The president told us they need our cooperation in the interest of reforms in the commission," the ACC boss told The Daily Star at his residence yesterday.

"During the hour-long meeting, he did not directly ask us to resign. But from the whole discussion we understood that's what he wants us to do," he said.

Prof Maniuzzaman Miah told The Daily Star yesterday afternoon, "The president told us the government wants to strengthen the ACC and make it more effective and wanted to know how much we could help them in this regard."

He [president] said different quarters have raised objections to our continuing. They do not want us in the commission anymore. In reply, we said we will resign," he recalled.

"We told him we haven't brought the resignation letters with us. He then said, 'okay, send those as soon as possible'," Miah added.

Later in the evening, Sultan told The Daily Star, "I will submit my resignation letter to the president tomorrow [today]."

He also said, "It's not true we have failed. Rather we have been faced with various problems. We had a manpower crisis and court