The Paily Star

AL, NDI to work closely in party dev programme STAFF CORRESPONDENT

The Bangladesh Awami League (AL) and the National Democratic Institute for International Affairs (NDI), an international organisation dedicated to strengthening and expanding democracy, have agreed to work closely in a 'Political Party Development Program' designed to strengthen and modernise the party.

AL President and Leader of the Opposition in the Jatiya Sangsad, Sheikh Hasina, and the NDI President, Kenneth Wollack, announced this agreement in Washington on Thursday, an AL press release e-mailed from the US capital said yesterday.

Under the programme, NDI will work closely, and collaborate with the Awami League to address issues relating to organisational development, communications and political party finance.

NDI's program is designed to strengthen the ability and capacity of political parties to compete fairly and effectively in a democratic process.

Welcoming the agreement with NDI, former prime minister Sheikh Hasina said, "Modernisation and continual strengthening of the Awami League is a clear challenge and priority for us. Through this initiative, we will not only be giving ourselves a competitive edge as a vibrant and responsive party strongly in tune with the times, we will also be gearing and equipping ourselves to negotiate the demands of the future. This will, in addition, assist in strengthening and enriching the democratic process in Bangladesh.'

"NDI has much to offer and contribute in this regard in terms of expertise, experience and resources," Hasina added.

Wollack referred to this cooperation and collaboration between the NDI and the Awami League as being "a very significant step forward in strengthening parliamentary democracy in Bangladesh and in helping political parties to enhance their capacities to meet the challenges of rapid political change and economic growth in Bangladesh."

NDI has been working in Bangladesh for the past 15 years, focusing on strengthening of parliament, observing elections, increas-

Yet another strike at **Benazir**, Sharif

Musharraf bans convicted absconders, loan defaulters from October polls



Benazir Bhutto



Nawaz Sharif

DOWN TO EARTH

Dhaka's dwindling burial grounds

ASM NURUNNABI

Dhaka City is quickly running out of its burial-grounds. This is due to the fast growing city population meaning a higher mortality rate and people's propensity to reserve or purchase burial space in advance in the graveyard. If the present trend continues -- there is every indication it will -- it is apprehended that in the near future, scarcity of burial space will figure as a very critical problem.

With the rapid increase in population, currently over 90 lakh, the death rate in the city has also increased. The Dhaka City Corporation (DCC) reportedly has no plan for expansion of the existing graveyard facilities. Under the circumstances, the available space in the existing graveyards has come under extreme pressure.

At present, there are six graveyards under the management of DCC. They are, New Azimpur Graveyard, Old Azimpur Graveyard, Banani Graveyard, Mirpur Shaheed Buddhijibi Graveyard, Jurain Gravevard and the newly opened Uttara Gravevard.

The new graveyard at Azimpur is now practically closed, except for stray cases of burial in isolated spots where burial is possible on payment of the prescribed charges. The old graveyard at Azimpur and

the new one at Uttara are open for temporary graves only. In the Banani graveyard, no further plot is currently available for immediate burial, except for plots already reserved on payment of Tk 1,20,000.

Burial is allowed in purchased plots in some portions of Mirpur Buddhijibi and Jurain graveyards at Tk 25.000 per plot for immediate burial and Tk 35.000 for each reserved plot, but both cemeteries are rapidly running out of space

Besides these DCC-managed graveyards, there are some private graveyards at Shahjahanpur Mohammadpur, Mirpur Section 11 and Karatitola, East Rampura, and at least 15 other small graveyards in the city.

Even though the DCC attempts to discourage reservation or purchase of burial space, it has little effect as many prefer to reserve/purchase grave space for their parents and loved ones. Thus the trend for reservation/purchase of grave space cannot be checked

Except Banani Graveyard, all other graveyards have a separate area earmarked for free burial. Graves in this area are dug up every two or three years to allow for new burials. Although pits in this general area are available for free, burial does involve some е х р е n d SEE PAGE 11 COL 1

Death threats stall sensational murder cases in Khulna Complainants, witnesses scared

at Roval Hotel.

Pervez Musharraf

QUAZI AMANULLAH, Khulna

Complainants and witnesses of some sensational murder cases are feeling insecure and have filed general diaries with police seeking security of life after receiving death threats from the accused, police

sources said. As the complainants are scared of going ahead with the cases, police face problem in investigation, which delays trial. "Finding no other alternative we have to record suo moto cases", said a senior police official.

This also creates the scope for damaging merits of cases, he said. Jubo League activist Hafizur edly by some of the FIR-named

accused in the cases. Daud was the Rahman who was the main witness in Jubo League leader Panna main prosecution witness in murder case was gunned down on Mostafa Habib murder case and the night of July 13 inside hotel BNP activist Razzak Goldar murder Castle Salam. Panna was shot case, both recorded with dead on the night of March 25, 1999 Batiaghata thana.

Mostafa Habib, chairman of Hafiz, also complainant of Shukhali Union Parishad, was Shahidur Rahman murder case, aunned down in March 1991.

SEE PAGE 11 COL 3

was given death threat by the The two murder cases are under accused in the case, it was alleged. trial in the Session's Judge's court. Shahidur was shot dead on the Honorary Treasurer of Khulna night of November 17 last year. University Sardar Abdur Razzak On July 26, Daud Molla, a memwas shot dead near his residence at ber of Shukhali Union Parishad Rovpara under Khulna thana in (UP) in Batiaghata upazila, who September last year. He was one of was the main prosecution witness in the prosecution witnesses in the two murder cases, was shot alleqcase for murder of his nephew

Ammunition stolen from **Ghatail Cantt** recovered

UNB, Dhaka

AFP, Islamabad

Pakistan's military ruler Pervez

Musharraf has tightened the noose

around his chief rivals, exiled former

premiers Benazir Bhutto and Nawaz

Sharif, by banning convicted

absconders and loan defaulters

Thursday one of his proposed

constitutional amendments which

bars convicted criminals from stand-

ing in the election. The law, however,

carried with it new clauses, specify-

ing that absconders and loan

member who has been convicted

and sentenced to imprisonment for

having absconded ... will

SEE PAGE 11 COL 7

"It has also been clarified that any

defaulters would be banned.

Musharraf passed into law late

from October elections.

Ammunition stolen from an artillery unit of Ghatail Cantonment on April 29 this year were recovered in an abandoned condition from a nearby area of the Cantonment early yesterday.

"The army personnel started massive hunt after stealing of the ammunition. As a result, criminals involved in the incident were forced to leave the ammunition in such a

state," said an ISPR press release. A soldier and three civilians, arrested earlier on suspicion for their involvement in the incident, are now in the joint custody of army and CID police, the release added.

Kajol discloses during interrogation **300 cadres of other parties** have arms in Bagerhat

STAFF CORRESPONDENT, Khulna

Over 300 cadres, none above 25, of different political parties in Bagerhat, are in possession of sophisticated arms.

The second-in-command in the 'political wing' of the Purbo Banglar Communist Party (PBCP), Khalilur Rahman Kajol, revealed it to police during interrogation yesterday.

Arrested in the Khulna city, Kajol admitted to his involvement in as many as 11 murders committed internal conflict. over the last six years in Khulna and Bagerhat districts, police said. leaflets, calling upon its cadres and

Kajol told interrogators that a supporters to join the armed strugwell-organised syndicate in gle against their class enemies.

Bagerhat is involved in murder, rape, robbery, extortion, drugtrafficking and illegal occupation of land and fish farms. Political godfathers, many of the mainstream parties. shelter the cadres, police quoted Kaiol as saving.

cadres who believe in Maoist poli-Besides, underground extremists are strengthening their grip on tics divided over the concept of the southwestern zone of the counclass enemies

The topmost leader of the PBCP, Mufakkar Chowdhury, and its 'mili-Sources said over 100 people were killed in the last one year over tary wing' chief Abdur Rashid Tapan are in favour of killing class ene-An underground party circulated mies. On the other hand, a faction

headed

tricts.

The PBCP, the Biplobi

Communist Party (BCP) and the

New Biplobi Communist Party

(NBCP) have reinforced their net-

work in all ten southwestern dis-

Meanwhile, the PBCP armed

ing the capacities of political parties and supporting civil society's efforts to bolster democratic institutions.

Hotel manager shot in city

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

An armed robbery on a city hotel at the Nawabpur Road left its manager injured last night.

Shahidul Islam, 25, manager of Al-Razzak Hotel and Restaurant, was shot when a gang of robbers fired upon resistance

Islam, a resident of Malitola, was admitted to the Dhaka Medical College Hospital (DMCH)

Hospital sources quoted witnesses as saying the gang also took away Tk 1 lakh and vandalised the hotel at 8:00pm. Ward Commissioner Hossain Mollah is the owner of the hotel, the sources added.

The duty officer of the Kotwali Police Station said last night that a police team went to the spot but did not report to the police station till 10:00pm.

In another incident, a cracker blast left a rag-collector named Lilly Begum, 32, injured at Dhupkhola SEE PAGE 11 COL 3

One killed, 9 hurt as bus, tempo collide in Tangail

UNB, Tangail

A tempo passenger was killed and nine others were wounded in a road accident on Dhaka-Tangail highway in Sadar upazila yesterday.

Witnesses said the mishap took place in the afternoon when a Bashail-bound tempo collided head on with a bus, killing Nazrul Islam, 30. of village Kalyanpur in Bashail upazila on the spot.

Five of the wounded were admitted to Tangail General Hospital. Police seized the bus.



The Dhaka University (DU) appears deserted yesterday, although police eased the restriction on entry to the campus. The police raid on the Shamsunnahar Hall in the early hours of July 24 set in motion a series of violent protests, which resulted in the resignation of DU vice-chancellor and proctor and left the campus under security siege over the last few days.

Govt has failed to control market prices: AL

UNB, Dhaka

Awami League acting President Abdus Samad Azad yesterday said the government has no control over the market situation as is evident from the skyrocketing of prices of essentials that "compounded common people's misery"

Since the announcement of the budget by what he called the corrupt and incompetent BNP-Jamaat government, Azad said unusual and unabated price hike of rice, pulses, edible oil, powder milk, fish, vegetables etc. had already gone beyond the buying capacity of the people. As a result, public life has been battered.

The Awami League leader said on the one hand the prices of essentials were going up without any checks and on the other pay and wages of low and limited-income people, workers and employees not increasing. So, the low-paid workers and employees cannot sustain this unbearable situation

" Under the situation a great want hits public life. If the government fails to control the market prices, the famines in the country would assume an epidemic proportion," Azad cautioned.

He also urged the people to organise a united movement to ensure the "downfall of the failed, incompetent and corrupt government".

spokesman said

global temperatures.

"We agree with them," he told

"The actual rise prior to 1970

Reuters. "Since 1970 there has

been a marked trend in the rise of

was partly man-made and partly

due to natural effects. But since

1970 scientists are in fairly general

agreement that warming can be

attributed to man's polluting activi-

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World heading for warmest year yet

REUTERS, London

The first six months of the year have been the second-warmest ever and average global temperatures in 2002 could be the highest ever recorded, British weather experts said Thursday.

"Globally 2002 is likely to be warmer than 2001, and may even break the record set in 1998," said Briony Horton, the Meteorological Office's climate research scientist.

The Intergovernmental Panel on ties. Climate Change, the body that The Met Office said global temperatures were 1.03 Fahrenheit advises governments on long-term climatic variations, blames global higher than the long-term average warming, caused by rising emissions of greenhouse gases that trap

Obituary

Moazzem Ahmed Chowdhury, a politician and social worker, died of old-age complications at 9:00pm yesterday at the age of 80, says a press release.

Son of late Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahim Chowdhury of Sylhet, Moazzem was a member of the erstwhile Pakistan National Assembly from 1965 to 1969.

He had been the general secretary of the All Bengal Muslim Students' Union till 1947

His namaz-e-janaza will be held at old DOHS mosque in the city today

12 Maoists killed in Nepal

AP, Kathmandu

Security forces attacked a Maoist rebel camp and killed at least 12 guerrillas, the defence ministry said

Friday

Ministry spokesman Bhupendra Poudel said the rebels were killed Thursday night after security forces identified a camp where they were hiding. There were no casualties on the government side. he

said, refusing to give other details.

Guns, ammunition and explosives were also recovered from the camp in the jungles near Rajkot village, about 500 kilometers (312 miles) west of the capital, Katmandu

Clashes between the governin remote mountainous areas

More than 4,000 people have been killed since 1996, when the rebels began fighting in a bid to abolish Nepal's constitutional monarchy. The rebels draw their inspiration from the late Chinese revolutionary leader, Mao Zedong.

Why abused boys turn violent Gene may also explain why females are less prone to crime

REUTERS, Washington

A single gene may explain why some boys abused in childhood -- but not all -- grow up to become violent or aggressive, researchers said on Thursday. The gene variation seems to be activated only by mistreatment in childhood, but is found in a third of the men and young boys studied, the researchers said

Writing in the journal Science, the international team of researchers said 85 percent of the boys who had a weakened version of the gene and who were abused turned to criminal or antisocial behaviour.

"These findings may partly explain why not all victims of maltreatment grow up to victimise others," Terri Moffitt of King's College London and the University of Wisconsin, who helped lead the study, said in a statement. It could also help explain why females are less prone to crime and

aggression than boys are, Moffitt said. Her team studied 1,037 children born in 1972 in Dunedin, New Zealand.

They included 442 boys. "The children were studied for 26 years, from birth

to adulthood," Moffitt said.

The team looked at the genetic makeup of the children, homing in on a gene that controls production of an enzyme called monoamine oxidase A.

MAOA breaks down key neurotransmitters, or message-carrying chemicals, linked with mood, aggression and pleasure and is the target of one group of antidepressant drugs. "It had already been linked to aggression in one Dutch family in the early 1990s," Moffitt said in a telephone interview.

Genes are strongly influenced by environment, so the team also tracked how the children were raised.

"By age 11, 36 percent of the subjects had been maltreated (8 percent severely), as defined by frequent changes in primary caregiver, rejection by the mother and physical or sexual abuse," Moffitt said.

If the abused boys had one version of the MAOA gene that caused their brains to produce too little of the enzyme, they were nine times more likely to become antisocial, the researchers said.

SEE PAGE 11 COL 7

heat in the atmosphere, for the rise in temperatures, a Met Office

ment and rebels have intensified in recent months, with the army joining police in a campaign to root out rebel fighters from strongholds