DHAKA FRIDAY AUGUST 2, 2002

BUSINESS

The Daily Star

US growth slows to 1.1pc

The US economy grew at a tepid 1.1 per cent pace in the second quarter, the government said Wednesday in a report that was much lower than economists had forecast.

Wall Street was expecting stronger growth, figuring at around 2.2 per cent for the government's first estimate of gross domestic product growth

The report shows a significant cooling of US economic growth, but not a so-called "double dip" recession that some had feared.

The Commerce Department report also revised downward the GDP growth estimate for the first quarter -- to 5.0 per cent, from its earlier figure of 6.1 per cent.

Supermarket looted

The slowdown was led by the trade sector and consumer spend-

The Commerce Department also released annual revisions to GDP data going back to 1999. The revisions show that the recession started sooner, was deeper and lasted longer than previously

believed. economists as an indicator of growth minus inventory activity, declined at a 0.1-per cent rate in the second quarter, down from a revised

1.2 per cent, down slightly from a

quarter

Final sales, watched closely by

2.4 per cent rise in the first quarter. It marks the first negative guarter of final sales since third quarter 2001. The GDP chain-weighted price index, a measure of inflation, rose

revised 1.3 per cent for the first Excluding food and energy

prices, the index rose 1.4 per cent, compared to a 1.6 per cent increase in the first quarter

Another inflation gauge, the consumption price index, rose 2.5 per cent in the second quarter, compared to a 1.1 per cent rise in the first quarter

Consumer spending slowed in the second quarter, down to 1.9 per cent from the previous guarter's 3.1 per cent Somewhat offsetting the decline

manufacturing goods will increase. The government will revise the spending on durable goods rose 2.4 GDP data twice before it becomes per cent, following a 6.3 per cent final. The first revision will be decline in the first quarter. released August 29, and the final The sizable US trade deficit cut revision will be released September

first quarter.

Exports rose 11.7 per cent,

compared with a 3.5 per cent rise in

the first quarter. But imports rose

23.5 per cent, compared with an 8.5

about June economic data not yet

released. The report assumes the

The report makes assumptions

per cent rise in the first quarter.

into GDP growth. Trade bled 1.77 27.

Bush still upbeat on economy per centage points from secondquarter GDP, after pulling 0.75 per centage points from growth in the

that the US economy "enjoyed

downward in early morning trade,

with the blue chip Dow industrials

opening off 44.09 points at

8,635.94 and the tech-heavy

Nasdaq shedding 15.82 to

trillion-dollar tax cut is one way to

stimulate the economy, the Bush

administration has repeated

throughout the economic uncer-

tainty that began with soft markets

and continued through a string of

accounting scandals at some of

Congress will work with him to take

action to pass legislation that will

give a boost to the economy,"

"The president hopes that

the nation's top companies.

Making the president's 1.3

The US stock markets trended

strong growth" in early 2002.

1.328.37

AFP, Washington

US President George W. Bush maintained his upbeat position on the strength of the US economy Wednesday, despite new data showing a decline in GDP growth, the White House said.

"The president does still believe trade deficit will narrow slightly in that the strength and the underly-June and inventories of nondurable ing indicators of the economy do support additional growth, continuing and growing later in the year and into the future," White House spokesman Ari Fleischer said. The US economy grew at a

tepid 1.1 per cent rate in the second quarter of fiscal 2002 according to data from the Commerce Department. Analysts had expected a second quarter growth rate of 2.2 per cent.

Despite revisions to first quarter Fleischer said Wednesday, alluding to the tax cut. gross domestic product growth, from its initial level of 6.1 per cent to 5,0 per cent, Fleischer insisted

NA
210
CURRENCY

Sell			Buy				
TT/OD	BC	Currency	TT Clean	OD Sight Doc	OD Transfer		
58.5500	58.5800	USD	57.8050	57.6352	57.566		
58.2104	58.2402	EUR	55.7182	55.5546	55.488		
92.4622	92.5095	GBP	89.5226	89.2597	89.152		
32.1908	32.2073	AUD	30.8274	30.7369	30.700		
0.4926	0.4928	JPY	0.4800	0.4786	0.478		
39.8923	39.9128	CHF	38.6165	38.5030	38.457		
6.2294	6.2326	SEK	6.0522	6.0345	6.027		
37.1959	37.2149	CAD	36.3302	36.2235	36.180		
7.5139	7.5178	HKD	7.4034	7.3817	7.372		
33.5088	33.5260	SGD	32.8009	32.7045	32.665		
16.0724	16.0806	AED	15.6120	15.5661	15.547		
15.7376	15.7455	SAR	15.2923	15.2474	15.229		
	15.7455 ates of some curre			15.2474	15		
Indian rupee	Pakrupee Lank	kan rupee T	hai baht Nor kror	ner NZ dollar	AUD		

96.08 41.830 7.6270 0.4633 0.54155 60.15

The local interbank foreign exchange market was active on Thursday. Demand for dollar was steady. Demand for BDT for overnight borrowing at call steady and the call money rate ranged tween 3.5 and 4.00 per cent for the day.

Dollar moved in a tight range against the yen on Thursday. Greenback withstood the poor 2nd Quarter US GDP growth data of 1.1 per cent. Dealers were in a dilemma as the market is viewed to be lacking a clear direction. Euro feel against the dollar despite increase in British house prices. Sterling followed the single European currency in the slide. Market is presently awaiting the meeting of BoE's nterest rate-setting meeting due Thursday.

At 1430 hours on Thursday, euro traded at 0.9726/31 against dollar, pound sterling at 1.5511/19 nd ven traded at 119.92/96 against US dollar.

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SHIPPING

Chittagong port

Berth position and performance of vessels as on 1.8.2002 Name of vessels L Port Local Berth Cargo Date of Lea-Impor cal arriva disc agent ving J/2 GYP/Lime Krabi OLM 19/7 4/8 770 Amalfi J/5 AA Venture 24/7 1/8 408 GI CLA Ind J/9 C Clink 25/6 9/8 Orient Queer Sing Unique 20/7 14/7 J/10 Orient Freedom Cont P Kel PSSL 3/8 1/8 179/96 176/21 J/11 Banglar Robi Cont Sing Sing BSC J/12 Banga Borat Cont 28/7 3/8 361/91 BDShip J/13 Kuo Hsiung Cont P Kel QCSL 27/7 25/7 2/8 265/48 2/8 2/8 5/8 87/108 CCT/2 Asimont Cont P Kel Seaborne 28/7 31/7 91/163 Banglar Moni CCT/3 Cont Sing Bsc CCJ C Clink Sing BSL Handy Jade Dai Long RM/6 SKO/JP-1 Sing MSTPL 29/7 13/6 1/8 DD BSC 5/8 Banglar Kallo Repair Yang Sing DDJ/1 Ballast 29/7 Dea Captain Arafeen Owsl 22/5 2/8 RM/9 Banglar Gourat C Clink Krabi R/A 5/8 RM/10 Banglar Jyoti Repair BSC Chand SM/10 Dredger Gemin Karna Vessels due at outer anchorage

Name of	vessels	Date of	L Port	Local	Cargo	Loading
		arrival	call	agent		port
Banga L	anka (Cont)8/7	1/8	Sing	Baridhi	Cont	Col
Banga Biraj (Cont) 21/7		1/8	P Kel	BDShip	Cont	Sing
QC Dignity (Cont) 21/7		2/8	P Kel	QCSL	Cont	Sing
Jaami (Cont) 25/7		2/8	CBO	Everbest	Cont	Col
Amalia		2/8	Avon	Rsa	GI/(St.Scrap)	-
Star-2000		2/8	Kohsi	BSL	C Clink(Scan)	-
QC Lark (Cont) 23/7		2/8	P Kel	QCSL	Cont	P Kel
Kota Cahaya (Cont) 21/7		3/8	Sing	Pil (Bd)	Cont	Sing
Xpress Manaslu (Cont) 25/7		4/8	P Kel	RSL	Cont	Sing
Yong Jiang (Liner)		5/8	-	BDShip	GI	onig
Elmwood		3/8	Mong	Rainbow	W/LDJ Goods	-
	Hongkong	3/8	Yang	Rainbow	GI(HR Coil)	
Alice(48)		3/8	Yang	H&SL	GI(HR Coil)	
		5/8	0		Cont	Sing
	ga (Cont)20/7	5/8	Sing Col	Pil (BD) Baridhi	Cont	Sing Col
	ijoy (Cont) 25/7	5/8	P Kel	QCSL		COI
	(Cont) 21/7				Cont	- Cina
	rs (Cont) 25/7	5/8	Sing	RSL	Cont	Sing
	irol (Cont) 27/7	6/8	-	BDShip	Cont	Sing
Walter	- N- 000	7/8	Sing	OTBL	-	-
	ig No 808	7/8	Sing	OTBL	-	-
	ail (Cont) 21/7	7/8	P Kel	QCSL	Cont	Sing
	eng (Liner)	8/8	Yang	Everett	GI (St C)	-
	atriot (Cont)29/7	8/8	-	PSSL	Cont	Sing
	(Cont)31/7	8/8	P Kel	RSL	Cont	Sing
Consistence (Cont) 28/7		9/8	-	PSSL	Cont	Sing
Bangla Mookh		9/8	Pipa	BSC	GI(HR Coil)	-
	Shikha (Cont)31/7	9/8	Sing	BSC	Cont	Col
Banga Barta (Cont) 31/7		9/8 10/8	-	Baridhi	Cont	Col
	Bangla Bonik (Cont) 31/7		-	BDShip	Cont	Sing
Kota Berjaya (Cont)		10/8	Sing	PIL(BD)	Cont	Sing
QC Honor (Cont)		10/8	P Kel	QCSL	Cont	Sing
Kota Naga (Cont)		12/8	Sing	Pil(BD)	Cont	Sing
	s at outer anchora	ige				
Ready C						
Ocean Pride		GI/Maize		/ang	Psal	31/7
Phumy (Cont)		Cont	F	^o Kel	PSSL	31/7
Moveme	ent of vessels for 2 &	\$ 3.08.2002				
Outgoing Incoming						Shifting
2/8						
J/13	Kuo Hsiung	CCT/1		а		
CCT/2	Asimont	J/6	Amalia			
CCT/3	B Moni					
RM/9	B Gourabh					
3/8						
J/10	O Freedom	CCT/2		Inity		
J/12	B Borat	J/13	B Biraj			
The abo	ve are shipping positi	on and nerform	ance of vo	seels at Chittan	iona Port as ner hor	thing sheat
	upplied by HRC Grou		INTER OF VE	ssels at Unillag	jung run as per ber	uning sneet
ULCEAS	LICCHEC DV FIRE GEOL	U DUAKA				

of CPA supplied by HRC Group, Dhaka.

Uruguay bank closure extended AFP, Montevideo In a possible first sign of crisisto do so, Atchugarry said. "We back related unrest, a group of 30 to 50 savers because they are a national

Uruguayan banks will remain closed for the rest of the week in a government bid to curb capital flight, as the deepening economic crisis takes a social toll with a looting incident in a Montevideo supermarket.

Under the government decree. banks will reopen at 1:00 pm (1600 GMT) Monday and the Central Bank is to come up with a plan to allow the disbursement of pensions and paychecks through automatic teller machines on Thursday and Friday.

people, including some children, looted a supermarket in the capital Wednesday, shouting "we're hungry." Police said they arrested eight

people and dispersed the rest. Economy Minister Alejandro Atchugarry, speaking to reporters outside the office of President Jorge Batlle, stressed government's "total commitment" to insuring bank savings once the crisis has passed. Uruguay "has always defended account holders" and will continue

asset. The minister also totally rejected

any suggestion that bank withdrawals would be limited, as in neighboring Argentina whose four-year recession has buffeted its neighbors and key trading partners, with Uruguay among the most serious casualties

After burning 80 per cent of its currency reserves to prop up its currency since January, reserves have shrunk from 3.1 billion dollars

on December 31, 2001 to 655 million dollars Monday, official data show. Account holders have been

rushing banks for fear of losing their access to their savings -- as have millions in Argentina.

Atchugarry chalked up the massive withdrawals of assets from local banks "in large measure ...to regional difficulties.

On Tuesday, the government made the surprise announcement that banks would be closed for 24 hours to prevent a run on banks. On Wednesday there was more

discouraging news as Moody's ratings service downgraded Uruguay's foreign currency bond ceiling, to B3 from B1, due to the increasingly severe fallout from the crisis in Argentina

And Uruguay's country risk rating fell Wednesday to 2,744 base points, down 11.46 from Tuesday, according to Republica AFAP.

Atchugarry, who took over as Uruguay's economic chief last week replacing Alberto Bension, said Montevideo was negotiating with Washington and with multilateral lending organizations a cash injection of some 1.5 billion dollars, but did not want to address data in detail because the numbers, "are in the works."

Market economy model fails, says Argentina

AFP, Buenos Aires

Argentine President Eduardo Duhalde said Wednesday that the current economic crisis in Latin America shows that the market economy model "has collapsed."

The beleaguered Duhalde, presiding a country entering its fourth-straight year in recession, acknowledged that Uruguay is suffering from "contagion" from the

crumbling economy of neighboring Argentina, whose currency reserves have plummeted by 79 per cent.

"It is clear that we have to change and that the economic model we launched several years ago has

collapsed," he told radio Rivadavia. He admitted that the Argentine crisis, which has left half of its 36 million citizens in poverty and 21.5 per cent of them without work, has had "a lot of influence" on both

Uruguay and Brazil, where the national currency, the real, has depreciated by more than 30 per cent since the start of the year. Duhalde's chief of staff Alfredo Atanasof added that Buenos Aires

was paying close attention to the repercussions of Argentina's flailing economy on its neighbors -- all of whom are members of Mercosur, the South American trading bloc.

Stock