

DHAKA SATURDAY FEBRUARY 9, 2002

Dhaka's transport situation a crisis without end

It's mostly about management

HE wildcat strike by rickshaw pullers on Thursday which led to mayhem and arrest, the return of the pollution belching two stroke engine baby taxis after the authorities promised a clean up and their inability to put on the road sufficient number of buses to serve as an alternative, all point to a problem of poverty and urban management more than anything else. They should be read not in isolation but as part of the general problems plaguing Dhaka, which are swiftly turning into a crisis.

Dhaka has become almost unmanageable and is bursting at the seams. As the only growth zone in the country it attracts both the hustlers and the survivors. And those already living here will not move out because there is no options elsewhere. As a result there is a need for cheap modes of transport, which the infrastructure is unable to provide. The gap is filled by the informal sector with rickshaws and baby taxis not fit for the road. Because the size of the urban poor is huge and growing, there is no shortage of drivers. Thus there is a dual crisis: Of providing affordable transport to its middle and lower middle class as well as traffic management.

In case of the baby taxis, the crisis is increased by the pollution generated by them. Dhaka's urban environment may well have collapsed and the pollution is just one sign that we see or smell. But baby taxis provide adequate transport as well as employment to a huge population that also have political clout so the authorities have to back down again and again.

Failure to take care of the roads and make it vehicle worthy is a whole new story and everyone believes that the road repair industry is the best provider of political payments to cadres. Thus the issue of accountability doesn't arise here. Hence, the roads may not be fit for more buses and the rate of decline of buses worthy for movement rise quickly. On top of it is the toll collection, believed to be patronized by whichever party is in power.

Hence we don't have a transport problem or a poverty problem but a general problem of systemic failure. Various regimes have favoured a quick fix approach causing immense suffering to the people. The trend is towards continuing that tradition. If only the ruling parties knew how much support they could get by managing things the right way instead of ad-hoc management of all problems

But still, they can be resolved if the authorities are serious.

NGO sector needs streamlining but a realistic one

One has to be clear about its role before deciding

HE Government has decided to set up regulatory measures for the NGOs. This was long in coming, as the NGOs have been perceived as recipient of huge funds with no accountability. But accountability is not a serious issue in Bangladesh and what has brought them into focus is their recent involvement in partisan politics. Part of this is because of the personal ambitions of certain leaders but much of it is the result of the political crisis that every organisation linked to public aspiration experiences. It's as much a development issue as it's a political one. The NGO sector is one of the great success stories in Bangladesh and it has probably done better in most cases than the government. But the problem has been one of locating their social role and identifying the parameters of performance. Their closer link with the donors also makes the government uneasy as it seeks monopoly with all kinds of foreign connections. Most importantly, the close network that many NGOs have with people at the field is something the political parties want to use and the government envies. All this has added up to the present situation. It would be pertinent to remember that both the GO and NGO development is donor supported and none is accountable to anyone. It's best to recognize that the GO-NGO collaboration has been an established fact for long and this is hardly the time to revive ancient rivalries. In fact, NGOs are the private sector development arm of the government much more than representative of the community spirit. In a weak state where the service delivery capacity of the government is limited, the NGOs have filled a critical gap. The best thing would be to get over the troubles and leave NGOs alone while their involvement in politics and civil society activities are debated before being decided. Don't mess just because the authorities have power.



MUSLEHUDDIN AHMAD

HIS is the third time Ariel Sharon, the Prime Minister of Israel, has been invited to visit the White House and meet President George W Bush. Sharon is a mass murderer suspect as the proceedings of a Belgian court reportedly reveal. Earlier he was declared "indirectly responsible" by a special Israeli court for the mass murder of hundreds of Palestiniar men, women and children in Sabra and Shatila in 1982. After the judgement of the Israeli Special court Sharon had to resign as the Defense Minister of Israel during Israeli invasion of Lebanon. With such a bizarre military past in terms of having hands in murdering innocent civilians, it's not unlikely that he would feel "sorry that Israel did not kill Arafat in 80s." (front page NY

Times Feb 1). This clearly shows his arrogance and attitude towards Arafat. He also has the audacity to express openly the desire he harboured to kill someone who has been the leader of the Palestinian people. This also points to his responsibility for the murder of innocent civilians in Sabra and Shatila. The prosecution side in Belgian court may have well noted these for their work. All these also explain Sharon's recent military aggression against Arafat including confining him in his headquarters in Ramalla for the last two months. It's also baffling that the rest of the world has been watching such an unprecedented situation helplessly as the US has been supportive of Sharon actions and indeed American officials have said ' the siege in Ramalla is fine with them' (James Bennet NYT Feb 4). Washington is ndeed still asking Arafat to act more decisively against the radicals. Indeed, he himself is a prisoner in the hands of Israeli radicals. As

pointed to find that a person having such a dreadful military past was elected as the Prime Minister of Israel a country that boats of democracy. One also fails to understand how the US lends support to

arena

Arafat himself is helpless, he has "Peace Now" activists do desire an been bearing with such personal amicable solution with the Palestinhumiliation and political subjugation ians including withdrawal from the occupied territories for the purpose unprecedented in the world political of peace in the area. But they are One continues to feel disapstill a minority and the rest of Israeli population minus the extreme rightists would have to make up their mind finally in terms of a lasting peace with their neighbours the

Sharon to visit White House again

Palestinians who happen to be their distant cousins. the bellicose actions of such an This aspect of the political develaggressive person against a nation opment within Israel is very crucial the Palestinians. If Arafat's action for the US Administration for setting

and regional politics, but he is a weak man when it comes to dealing with the US. This is generally the case with all Israeli leaders as Israel depends fully on the US for its survival and prosperity. So the US needs to set its policies keeping in view its overall political and strategic interest in the region. The geopolitical situation in the region has changed and particularly so after September 11. Now the US and the allies are set to go against global terrorism. This would obvi-

EU's Javier Solana also was quite critical. He reacted after Colin Powell ended his brief talk at the World Economic Forum in New York regarding dealing with the "rouge regimes". Javier Solana said the allies do not just want consultations. They want a real vote "For me, the coalition is a collective ambition to share responsibility, but to share also decision making." This shows that EU has a different view about the "axis of evil." The discussions on the Middle East was fairly extenously need wider support and such sive, many expressing serious conflict. It is obvious that the US will meet Israeli leaders more often, but it's a one sided policy to totally ignore the other party in the conflict. This does not bode well for a peace broker which poses to be honest and neutral

If the US really wants peace in the Middle East which would greatly help it combat terrorism effectively then it should ask Sharon to lift its siege on Arafat and also on the Palestinian territory, allow him to move freely and work for creating an environment that would reduce terrorism. Sharon's sudden meeting last week with three senior leaders of the Palestinian Authority, while dumping Arafat as "irrelevant" was an eye wash or simply a bluff to show to the US Administration that he was serious to talk to the Palestinians. It's also possible that Sharon was looking for an alternative to Arafat. But the Palestinian leaders stuck to their position. Therefore, the meeting produced nothing

The present aggression, blockade, political assassination, killing of stone-throwing boys etc will only aggravate the situation. Israel would continue to face more of the suicide bombings as the population has been under total Israeli siege that made Palestinians' life unbearable Therefore, the desperation has been leading even a Palestinian woman to go for a suicide bombing These unfortunate developments due to Israeli military excesses which have been duly emphasized by the reservists in their statements must lead the US to rethink about its policies in the region. One may safely say that if Israel lifts its blockade, stops further killings of Palestinians and takes its forces and tanks out of Palestinian territories. acceptable calm would return to the area. This has to be accepted by the international community for the purpose of bringing the parties to the negotiating table. The insistence of Sharon on a total calm for a week is unrealistic. Relative calm leading to political negotiations would certainly improve the situation and may ultimately stop the violence altogether

Muslehuddin Ahmad is a former Secretary and Ambassador and founder president of North South University

SPOTLIGHT ON MIDDLE EAST

The present aggression, blockade, political assassination, killing of stone-throwing boys etc will only aggravate the situation. Israel would continue to face more of the suicide bombings as the population has been under total Israeli siege that made Palestinians' life unbearable. Therefore, the desperation has been leading even a Palestinian woman to go for a suicide bombing. These unfortunate developments due to Israeli military excesses which have been duly emphasized by the reservists in their statements must lead the US to rethink about its policies in the region.

or alleged non-action "enhances" terrorism, Sharon's action is nothing but state terrorism. The international community and particularly the US should note these unacceptable Israeli actions which are creating worst precedence in the world political stage. The world should also take note of the written state ments of many Israeli military officials and reservists who refused to serve in the West Bank and Gaza because, they said, Israeli policies there involved "dominating, expelling, starving and humiliating an entire population." Their written statements also said, "The price of occupation is the loss of Israeli Defense Forces semblance of humanity and corruption of all Israeli society." The reservists also clearly pointed out the accesses committed by the Israeli forces. In an interview with Yedioth Ahronoth, the most widely circulated newspaper, they reported "incidents during their service in which soldiers had fired at Palestinians who did not endanger them, including stone-throwing boys as far as 100 yards away." The statement also emphasised that "Zionism is not occupation." This shows that a good section of the Israeli population that includes the

their final position on the Israeli-Arab conflict. Sharon's days are certainly numbered and blind support to his actions is only antagonizing the Arab world to an irreparable extent and also promoting terrorism in the region. The same has been having consequential effects on the other areas of the world too and particularly in some sensitive areas of the USA. Terrorism cannot be stopped by military action; the political solution of the basic problems that create terrorism is a must for eliminating terrorism and sooner the US understands this better would it be for curbing terrorism. Nobody is asking the US to stop supporting Israel, but it should not be a blind support that endangers the security of the US citizens. The whole world knows that the US is the only country that can make Israel listen to reasons and act accordingly. Even Sharon cannot afford to say no to the wishes of America, which should be good for America and the rest of the world. Indeed, a word of caution from

the White House to Sharon, regardless of some domestic political repercussion, may alter the situation dramatically. Sharon appears to be eqoistic in terms of his domestic a support can be achieved only if the US global policies are balanced and not one sided. The importance of Israel in the free world's fight against communism is gone; the present fight is certainly of different character and dimension and undoubtedly Israel's importance in such a fight is far less compared to the one the US and allies had before while combating communism. Therefore the US has to be more practical in its approach towards the region.

The US has also to be more realistic and less belligerent in terms of dealing even with the old foes The "axis of evil" has undoubtedly created strong political ripples from various corners of the world, its allies and indeed many in the home front not excluded. The inner discussions at the World Economic Forum in New York reflected the trend. One may usefully quote what Joseph Nye, the dean of Harvard Kennedy School of Government said while summing the trend of discussion : " For the Europeans, 'axis of evil' was a bridge too far. There is a strong suspicion here that Bush is back to unilateralism, that after Afghanistan, America isn't especially interested in listening to the rest of the world."

come for the FU to take lead in the affairs of Middle East. This is especially important as the US Administration has been showing "unilateralism" in dealing with the

concern over the way Sharon has

been handling the situation there.

King Abdullah II of Jordan voiced his

serious concern and mentioned this

as the "burning injustice of Pales-

tine" and added, " The present

situation in the Palestinian areas is

very dangerous and requires imme-

diate international intervention to

help steer the parties away from the

brink." This shows King Abdullah

also lost faith in American efforts

and therefore he called for an inter-

national intervention. French For-

eign Minister, as usual, was very

vocal and said, "If we want respon-

sible Palestinian authorities to

commit themselves fully to the fight

against terrorism, which is also their

enemy, they must be given a politi-

cal space, political oxygen, political

perspective. If you say we won't

resume the peace process until

terrorism is defeated, the terrorists

will be the winners. " His use of the

words "which is also their enemy" is

very significant and clearly identifies

the terrorism the Palestinians face

from Sharon's Israel. The time has

Restoring confidence in the UN -- need of the hour

AMM SHAHABUDDIN

ITH the continued efforts both within and outside the UN, the demand is gradually growing for its urgent reform to save the world body going the League of Nations way that died almost unsung and unlamented in the hands of its over-zealous protectors when, in the process, the League lost its identity and ideals for which it was established after the First World War (1914-18). Already the UN has lost much of its image that was created by its founding fathers in 1945 literally out of the ashes of the World War II, because ahuse and misuse ve

particularly of the Security Council considered as the executive body of the UN, stops with the most intriguing part of the whole process -- that the new PMs would have no veto powers like their 'fellow' PMs. Why this discrimination? Why this new 'caste system' being introduced in the membership of the SC when all members of the General Assembly, now numbering 189, big and small, are on the same footing, enjoying one vote for each member country?

political scenario, throwing up the only superpower, America, as world's policeman. It cannot, therefore, be denied that under such circumstances, any world power will be prompted and tempted to use or misuse its veto power in the SC to serve its strategy in power-politics. It is quite logical that any political reform of the world organization

should begin with the most important organ of the UN, the Security Council, known as the executive body of the organization. The first thing, therefore, that it needs most stripping the encumbent five PMs of the veto power, thus giving all of them equal voting rights. Under the new system, all matters of substantive nature should be adopted by the SC by a two-thirds majority, while matters of procedural nature by a simple majority.

'Uniting for Peace' Resolution

In case there is a stalemate or a deadlock in the Security Council over a sensitive question regarding maintaining international peace, or.

when the SC had bogged down in the quagmire created by a vetowielding power.

Military Staff Committee

Another UN body, affiliated with the Security Council, which has been ignored consistently and kept hanging, depriving it of its duties and responsibilities, in peace-keeping and peace-making operations, also deserves mention here. This august body, called the Military Staff Committee, established under Article 47 of the Charter is supposed, to bring about political reforms to make the UN as agile and effective as its founding fathers envisaged it to be instead of its becoming a stooge or a hostage in the hands of a few as the League of Nations became with some European powers, should not stop with the expansion of the Security Council only. It should stretch to uproot the evil, the pernicious veto system lying there to make the Security Council a real healthy body.

Let UN be a symbol of

The bottomline of the above analy-

sis is that any attempt or effort to

hope

Simultaneously, the 1950 Uniting for Peace resolution of the Genera

Veto system outlived

some of the Permanent Members of the Security Council to serve their strategy. Now the sound of the campaign is getting louder for expanding the SC membership from its present 15 members of which five (USA, UK, France, Russia and China) are Permanent Members enjoying the all-powerful veto or negative vote which can ditch any proposal that does not serve their

interests The UN Secretary-General Kofi Annan, who has just started his second term in office, has been deeply involved in the issue. He told a press briefing in May last year at UN HQ in New York that an expansion of the SC is expected in near future to be done through a decision of the UN General Assembly. The proposed expansion is likely to include five more Permanent Members, one each from Asia, Africa and Latin America, plus one each from Japan and Germany, in view of their growing influence on global economic and political fields thus giving Asia, the most populous area of the world, three seats of permanent membership against seven for the rest. Similarly, the number of nonpermanent members of the SC will be raised from its present strength of 10 to 15 or so, elected by the GA on a two-year term. But the run for

took the opportunity to add a few

lines. The Creator creates mankind

with only one virtue special ratio-

inborn way, deliverance from hurt-

fathers envisaged it to be, should not stop with the expansion of the Security Council only. It should stretch Assembly should be invoked to to uproot the pernicious veto system to make the Security Council a real healthy body. Simultaneously, the adopt any necessary action to meet 1950 Uniting for Peace resolution of the General Assembly should be invoked to adopt any necessary action a critical situation needing armed action, whenever there is a staleto meet a critical situation needing armed action... Also the almost forgotten Military Staff Committee should mate or deadlock in the Security be brought into action...

Any attempt or effort to bring about political reforms to make the UN as agile and effective, as its founding

its utility

When the world body came into being in 1945, many 'ifs' and 'buts' had to be considered to strike a balance of interests between the West and the Soviet Union. Then US President Franklin D Roosevelt (who actually coined the name "United Nations"), Joseph Stalin, supreme leader of Soviet Union. and Winston Churchill. Prime Minister of UK, were the major characters to give the UN charter its present shape, by incorporating the now controversial 'veto' power given to the five Permanent Members of the Security Council with the noble idea of saving the UN from any catastrophe because of wrongdoing by any of the five PMs. Thus due to this foresight and farsight of the founding fathers, the UN ship sailed smoothly in the troubled waters during the long-drawn 'cold-war period which came to an end with he demise of the Soviet Union.

But unfortunately with the Soviet Union the hitherto praised balance of power was also gone, making a the political reforms of the UN, more tremendous change in the global

urgently is the immediate relief from the sickening pain caused due to abuse or misuse of the veto power by some of the five permanent members of the SC. In fact, veto power which was considered by the founding fathers of the UN to serve as a safety valve in case of any possible friction between the two post-war power blocs has outlived its utility in the present global political context and has become an anachronism. The veto system which originated in the 14th century Polish parliament has been dubbed as an idiotic device by the world renowned historian H G Wells. Now the time has come to give it a decent burial

Members on equal footing It is, therefore, arguable that if the proposal to double the number of the PMs from five to 10 is accepted. along with the suggestion that the newly made PMs would go without veto power, then it becomes more ridiculous to keep such an ignoble caste system in the SC. Let there be

a common class of all the 10 PMs,

a threat to peace, or an act of aggression committed on a member state by another state, the General Assembly, which is popularly known as the parliament of the world should come in to face the hostile situation, involving its Uniting for Peace resolution adopted in 1950. instead of leaving the issue at the mercy of any individual state or a group of states for solving the problems in their own way.

The peace resolution of 1950 has provided wide powers to the Assembly, in the case of SC's failure to reach unanimity on an issue needing urgent UN action. Under this resolution, the General Assembly is authorised to consider the issue immediately at an emergency session, with a view to making recommendations to member states for collective measurers, including the use of arm

ed forces, if necessary. Unfortunately, this resolution has seldom tee," which, under Article 47. "shall been invoked during the last five consist of the Chiefs of Staff of the decades to take up the job of a Permanent Members of the Security Council or their representatives" policeman at any troubled spots

Council over the issue. Also the almost forgotten Military Staff Comadvise and assist the SC in all mittee should be brought into action questions relating to the SC's milito conduct all armed operations to tary requirements for the maintebe undertaken by the armed forces nance of international peace and provided by the Security Council, security, the employment and instead of leaving it to the whims of command of forces placed at its one or a few member countries. In disposal and shall be responsible this context it may be mentioned (under SC) for the strategic direction here that former US President Bill of any armed forces at its disposal. Clinton, in his speech at the 52" What a wide range of power has General Assembly session in 1997, been given to this committee which is, in all respects, the armed wing of dealt with the issue, when he endorsed, as a first step, the the UN executive body, that is the enlargement of the present 15-Security Council. But what caricature the veto-wielding big powers member Security Council. Let the GA members take it up seriously at have made of it! It is nowhere to be the next Assembly session to give seen, sometimes even the Security Council is dished aside by them, the Security Council a new shape, a when they take to armed action vigorous look, instead of just a faceagainst a recalcitrant state, in their lifting treatment. Let UN remain a own style. But the Charter provision, symbol of hope for the peoples of made under Article 46, categorically the world and not become a failure says that "plans for the application in itself due to political follies comof armed forces shall be made by mitted by some. the Security Council with the assistance of the Military Staff Commit-

AMM Shahabuddin is a retired UN official

TO THE EDITOR TO THE EDITOR TO THE

Police BMR delayed

As seen on the Ekusev TV. it is understandable why the professional morale of the police force is down. The guns are older than the vehicles and many vehicles are more than 20 years old. How can the police chase revolver-toting terrorists on high-speed motorbikes dragging super-heavy wooden 303 rifles, riding on pankhiraj which run slowly and then break down?

The government (Home Ministry) knows more about the inner details of administration and maintenance than the outsiders and the Planning Commissioner is waiting to process the project proposals; but the funds are simply not there, or not ever enough. The rate of development of

the miscreants have passed all Am I not a Muslim? records, and that too, without any While endorsing the views of government assistance! How come Ahamad Jamali (January 4) fully, I

development is so topsy-turvy in some sectors? Anyway our glamorous politicians are not interested in backroom operations such as maintenance

and as the rational beings, we must The media may be told how this uphold the sanctity of this Godly huge credibility gap within the virtue. The religion gives us guid-Police Dept is going to be narrowed ance on how to lead our life to the down, otherwise the casualty figpath of honesty in our spontaneous ures in the gang-world would rise. Now the public is assisting the ing others and jealousy to others. police informally in catching the etc and to keep ourselves away armed robbers, but they catch them from the dirty path of evils and it is more dead than alive. the true religion. The rituals can not lzzy make one perfect unless he/she Dhaka shows respects to the inherent

moral values. One pious man cannot be intolerant to religious and cultural values of others. But what are we seeing now?

In the name of religion we are recklessly committing all the nuisance defaming religion as a whole. nality, the sole entity, the excellence We are yet to understand that Islam of Him as He said in the Holv Quran is a universal religion and has the virtue of adaptability with any culture. Where Islam goes it has assimilated the culture there. Islam in Arab did never deny the existing culture there, Iran-Iraq (Mesopotamia) accepted Islam within the purview of their own culture, Turkey, Malaysia, Indonesia had not abandoned their own culture and heritage while embracing Islam and not even later till to-day

In Bangla-Bharat sub-continent

Islam at the advent period enjoyed that acceptance. The spiritual leaders, Sufis who preached Islam in the area had never been against the culture and heritage of the soil and when the religion had gone to the hands of vested Mullahs, Mouluvis Islam took a different shape. We have already lost our many cultural heritages branding those as Non-Islamic. Rankhi Bandhan etc is not of Hindu's only, no religion was lined there. Now we are hearing raising slogans that Pholea Boishakh, Poush Mela, Nobannya Utshav should be abandoned. Even we are haring, Ekushey February, Sahaheed Minar, Shikha Anirban are against our religion. Unfortunately our socalled educated citizens (not

enlightened) are sputtering these frequently. But they are yet to know what is complete code of life. They never try to understand the nature of interest forbidden by our Holy Prophet and the interest charged by well-defined banks and financial institutes of the present day. They think only the outer rituals shall award them supreme bliss or complete emancipation or eternal happiness in heaven. They cannot got beyond their sacred books and fear to visualise the inborn spiritualistic aspect within him and even fear to listen to what other religion

Like Ahmad Jamali I have my very faith that my Creator shall count my obedience to my parentsseniors-teachers, living on honest

earning, doing everything possible for my children, helping destitute to my ability and judging none on religion. And He shall not expel me from the universal Islam and on the day of Judgement I shall not be deprived of His mercy despite my irregularity in saying prayers and doing fasting and disobeying vested Mullahs and Mouluvis. Md Zahirul Haque

EDITOR TO THE EDITOR TO THE EDITOR

CU problem

Dhaka

The problem of the Chittagong University remains unresolved. Although many articles have been and many meetings held, the authorities concerned remains nonchalant. Would they ever wake

up from their slumber and think about the miserable condition of 15,000 students of CU?

Though the government has changed hands the CU administration is mysteriously passive. Are there no competent senators who can amalgamate the two rebel political groups? While the nation builders destroy the campus, their children are sent abroad for higher education. But our destiny was destined to stay here for their interest and suffer.

However, I appeal to the authorities, we the general students want to study. Please alleviate us from these difficulties and give us a good campus to continue our study.

Muzanur Rahman