

US electoral college under microscope

WASHINGTON, Nov 9: That the US presidential election has been "taken hostage" by a single state -- Florida -- is due to an indirect system for electing the president that only a significant change to the constitution can change, reports AFP.

The 18th century system dates back to the founding of the republic, and was already concerning some modern analysts who felt it had outlived its usefulness.

In the United States, the president is not elected by a direct voter ballot. Instead, voters name electors who then vote for the president. There are 538 members of this electoral college distributed among the 50 states and the District of Columbia. To be elected president, candidates must secure 270 electoral college votes.

The only alternative would be to get rid of the electoral college and have an election by a popular vote, said political scientist John Jay Douglass of the University of Texas.

In practice, the system could leave Vice President Al Gore with a lead in the popular vote, but name George W. Bush president by winning a majority of electoral votes.

"If Gore loses the electoral college vote, that's it, he has to concede it," said Richard Semiatin, of American University in Washington.

Florida's recount could be finished by Thursday eve-

ning, according to state electoral officials.

Since Gore currently has 260 electoral college votes, and Bush has 246 votes, whoever wins Florida's 25 votes will be elected president.

The paradox has renewed calls for reform of the system, which was designed when the general public did not have regular access to candidates and their positions.

"There is obviously a need to reform an element of the American election law," said Luis Fraga of Stanford University in California. "The expression of the popular vote is very different of what it was at the time those laws were enacted."

Fraga said reform would not be easy and "might be impossible," because it requires a change to the US constitution, a lengthy, complicated process.

"No one can change the constitution," Semiatin said.

And Douglass said, "no political figure has ever come to the conclusion the electoral college was to be changed."

One argument against changing the electoral college is that the system gives a greater voice to smaller states.

The system was designed by the founders of the United States to avoid the emergence of a regionalist or secessionist candidate and preserve the voice of each state.

One solution to the electoral college problem, is to end

the "winner take all" system, Douglass suggested.

"Instead of winner take all, a state can vote for part of the electoral college for candidate A in each district, and for candidate B in another district," he said. That is the case in the state of Maine.

In any case, Tuesday's dead-heat election, which US media first called for Bush and then retracted their prediction, was "an extensive abuse of democracy," Douglass said.

"It is time to think about some changes in a number of matters, maybe in the electoral college, the media coverage," of presidential elections, he said.

Early in the evening, US media projected that Gore would win in Florida based on exit polls, leading to speculation that Gore might win the presidency. But later, the networks retracted their call, saying the race was too close to call, eventually awarding Florida and the presidency to Bush.

Then, early Wednesday morning as actual votes were tallied, the networks reversed again, saying the race was too close to call. State electoral officials later called for a recount, which shows Bush leading by less than 2,000 votes.



Workers at the Miami-Dade election headquarters in downtown Miami, Florida, recount the ballots of the county yesterday, the day after the presidential election. The outcome of the election between Democratic candidate Al Gore and Republican opponent George W. Bush is still unclear as it awaits the Florida recount. --AFP photo

Clinton renews effort to stall Middle East violence

WASHINGTON, Nov 9: US President Bill Clinton will once again try to douse the fire in the Middle East by meeting here today with Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat amid growing doubts that his new round of Middle East diplomacy will succeed, reports AFP.

He is scheduled to meet with Israeli Prime Minister Ehud Barak on Sunday. On the eve of the White House meeting, a fresh bout of violence in the Middle East, the worst since the start of the month, killed one Israeli and five Palestinians.

There was also more tension on the diplomatic front, as Arafat was expected to make a pitch during his afternoon meeting with Clinton for the deployment of a UN peacekeeping force in the West Bank and Gaza Strip to protect the Palestinians.

Arafat was also expected to sell the idea to the UN Security Council during a closed-door meeting Friday.

"We have a right (to protection) as in all countries subjected to aggression," Arafat said Tuesday in Gaza.

Israel has made it clear it is dead set against having any peacekeepers or international observers near their borders, and Clinton on Monday said the Palestinian proposal could not be implemented over the wishes of Israel.

While Washington is also against internationalising the Middle East crisis, as an honest broker in the peace process it cannot rule out the possibility of sending observers to the area, some US officials suggested this week.

But none of the ideas floated so far, including one calling for something similar to a small observation team of Norwegians deployed in Hebron since 1994, have met with Israeli approval.

Barak on Wednesday called on the Palestin-

ians to negotiate peace directly with Israel and without international intervention.

"I have a message to send to the leaders of the world: only negotiations will bring a solution, and not violence," Barak said in Jerusalem.

"I say to President Arafat that we will not accept the unilateral declaration of a Palestinian state, because the only solution is negotiation," based on the ideas set forth during the July meeting at Camp David, he added.

US State Department spokesman Richard Boucher stressed Wednesday that "ending the violence, restoring calm to the region is our immediate priority."

"Our goal in these meetings is to review implementation of the Sharm el-Sheikh commitments and to find ways to move forward," he said referring to Clinton's meetings with Arafat and Barak.

"There are important issues at stake for the leaders themselves and for the future of the region. And we think these meetings need to address those important issues," Boucher added.

Arafat met British Prime Minister Tony Blair in London late Wednesday as part of the latest diplomatic initiative to get the peace process back on track.

After meeting Arafat at the White House on Thursday Clinton will meet Israeli Prime Minister Ehud Barak separately on Sunday.

Some observers see these meetings as Clinton's last chance to push forward the Middle East peace process during his tenure, which ends on January 20.



Palestinian Authority President Yasser Arafat (C) is greeted by members of the Arab diplomatic corps upon arriving at Andrews Air Force Base in Maryland on Wednesday. --AFP photo

Taj Mahal vanishes into thin air

AGRA, Nov 9: The elegant 16th century embodiment of love, Taj Mahal, yesterday had an altogether different day when noted magic wizard, PC Sorcar Junior, made it vanish, reports PTI.

Sorcar, master of the Indrajala Magic Show, performed the feat at 1450 hours for over two minutes from a distance of about 400 metres behind Taj at a spot called Kachpura across the river Yamuna.

The mysterious entertainment as Sorcar described it later, left hundreds of onlookers including policemen, administration officials and media persons absolutely stunned. The magic made the Mughal architectural marvel disappear in the thin air leaving a blank space at the site.

The magician was assisted by his daughter, Maneka, who made the historic monument reappear after two minutes.

"No it was not mass hypnotism," a jubilant Sorcar told PTI, adding on the contrary, "It was a case of application of 'Adrishya' (disappearance) Rasa' of the science of magic."

Qatar closes Israeli trade office to save OIC summit

DOHA, Nov 9: Qatar bowed to demands to break links with Israel, and decided to shut down Israel's trade office in Doha today, bowing to Saudi demands to break links with the Jewish state to save the Islamic summit, reports AFP.

Qatar was to announce the closure of the Israeli office later Thursday, a senior Arab official told AFP, as a meeting of foreign ministers got underway to plan the gathering.

"The Qatari government will announce in the day the breaking of relations with Israel and the closure of its trade office in Doha," the official said.

The ninth summit of the 56-member Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) was thrown into doubt Wednesday when Saudi Arabia, backed by Iran and Lebanon, considered a boycott of the November 12-14 summit over the "deteriorating situation" in the Palestinian territories.

Muslim powerhouse Saudi Arabia, the birthplace of Islam and home to the OIC, subsequently dropped its boycott after

Qatar bowed to demands to break links with Israel.

Saudi and Iranian delegations were present at the foreign ministers' preparatory meeting Thursday as the focus of attention was switched firmly to events in Israel and the Palestinian territories.

Qatar's Foreign Minister Sheikh Hamad bin Jassam Al-Thani, in his opening speech, slammed the Israeli "repression" of the Palestinian intifada and urged Islamic countries to support the Palestinians in their struggle to establish an independent state. The Palestinian uprising will top the agenda of the main three-day Doha summit, to be held under the slogan of "Peace and Development".

Some 190 people, most of them Palestinians, have been killed in six weeks of violence since late September.

Unlike fellow Arab states Oman, Tunisia and Morocco, which also had low-level ties with the Jewish state before the outbreak of the Palestinian uprising

at the end of September, Qatar had previously ignored calls to close down its Israeli trade office.

Israel opened the trade mission in 1996, but Qatar froze relations later the same year after the rise to power of right-winger Benjamin Netanyahu as Israeli prime minister.

The office, which does not fly a Star of David flag, keeps a low profile and the mission's head stressed on Wednesday that "we don't get involved with the politics".

"We have no relations with the Qatari government. This is only a trade office," Eli Avidar told AFP, describing the limited network of missions in the Arab world as "part of the peace process".

The Saudi threat of a boycott -- its first of an OIC summit in the organisation's 31-year history -- came on top of decisions to stay at home by Libyan leader Moamer Kadhafi and Bahrain's emir, Sheikh Hamdan bin Issa al-Khalifa.

বাংলাদেশ প্রকৌশল বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়, ঢাকা
প্রেস তালিকাভুক্তির পুনঃ বিজ্ঞপ্তি

দু বছরের জন্য বাংলাদেশ প্রকৌশল বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের সকল প্রকার মুদ্রণ কাজের জন্য তালিকাভুক্তিতে অগ্রহী চাকরি অবস্থিত স্বয়ংসম্পূর্ণ ও ব্যাচনামা অফসেট প্রেসসমূহের নিকট হতে নিজস্ব লেটারহেড প্যাডে প্রয়োজনীয় শর্তাবলী পূরণকরতঃ পুনরায় আবেদনপত্র আহ্বান করা হচ্ছে। ছাপাখানার মান অনুযায়ী এবং প্রেসের মেশিন, কম্পিউটার, প্রেট মেকিং, বাইন্ডিংসহ অন্যান্য সুবিধা বিবেচনা করে অফসেট প্রেসসমূহকে দু ভাগে ভাগ করা হবে। প্রেসের যন্ত্রপাতি এবং সুবিধাদির বিবরণসহ আবেদনপত্র আগামী ১৬ নভেম্বর ২০০০, রোজ বৃহস্পতিবার দুপুর ১২টার মধ্যে নিম্নে বর্ণিত ঠিকানায় অবশ্যই পৌঁছাতে হবে। আবেদনের জন্য প্রয়োজনীয় শর্তাবলীর বিবরণ বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের পুরাতন একাডেমিক ভবনে অবস্থিত ডিএইআরএস অফিসের (ছুটির দিন ব্যতীত) তথ্য ও প্রকাশনা শাখায় পাওয়া যাবে। তবে ইতিপূর্বে যে সব প্রেস তালিকাভুক্তির জন্য আবেদন করেছেন তাদের পুনরায় আবেদন করার প্রয়োজন নেই।

অধ্যাপক মাকসুদ হেলালী
পরিচালক
উপদেশ, প্রসারণ ও গবেষণা কার্যক্রম পরিদপ্তর
বাংলাদেশ প্রকৌশল বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়
ঢাকা-১০০০

ফ্রিড-১০৩৫

Pakistan seeks to boost export of arms

KARACHI, Nov 9: Pakistan is to showcase domestically produced arms-related equipment next week as it bids to become a major player in the medium-technology arms market within the next five years, a senior army officer said, reports Reuters.

Major General Syed Ali Hamid told Reuters late on Wednesday that a four-day defence exhibition in the port city of Karachi from next Tuesday was the first step towards realising that goal.

"The defence exhibition is really our first step into becoming a larger defence export country," said Hamid, chief coordinator for the show dubbed IDEAS 2000.

He said Pakistani expertise focused on medium-technology ammunition and defence equipment, but that poor marketing had left current annual export levels at a meagre \$50 million.

Hamid said the exhibition, which the organisers plan to hold every two years, would provide major exposure for more than 40 state and private firms in arms-related industries.

"I think over the next four to five years, on a very conservative level, I would expect if we can achieve a target of \$400 to \$500 million (in sales), it will be a very successful venture," Hamid said.

He said Pakistan was targeting the Middle East as a major export market, but would not ignore markets in Southeast Asian and Africa.

Pakistan's latest surface-to-surface nuclear-capable Ghauri and Shaheen missiles will be on display at the show, but would not be for sale, Hamid said.

"These products are not for sale. But basically we are displaying them as a demonstration to indicate the level of technology we have achieved and obviously it is a reflection on our other defence products," he said.

But Hamid said Pakistan was ready to export its Al-Khalid tanks equipped with 125 mm smooth bore gun, auto-tracking system and thermal imaging which the country had recently started producing with the help of China and the Ukraine.

'US policy towards Pakistan will not change'

ISLAMABAD, Nov 9: US policy towards Pakistan will not change no matter who finally emerges as winner of the presidential election, Ambassador William B. Milam was quoted as saying today, reports AFP.

"The broad outline of US policy toward South Asia and particularly toward Pakistan would remain unchanged no matter who is elected as the next president of the United States," Milam was quoted as saying in the News daily.

"George Bush attaches great importance to allies and friends ... and he believes that if you're going to rely on allies in times of travail and difficulty, you have to respect them in times of peace and stability," the News reported.

"This may be slightly different from how the Clinton administration handled old allies and friends."

Massive desertification threatens India, China, Pakistan: UN

BANGKOK, Nov 9: Widespread desertification is threatening large swaths of land in India, China and Pakistan and could have catastrophic consequences on human and animal populations, the United Nations said here Wednesday, reports AFP.

"The desert is encroaching on massive areas in western China, affecting areas containing 400 million people," Hama Ar Diallo, Executive Secretary to the UN Convention to Combat Desertification said.

"The desert has moved to within 100 miles of Beijing, and in the long-term this desertification will have serious effects on food scarcity and people's health and will force more people to migrate," he said.

Chinese officials earlier this year said their country was losing 2,460 square kilometres (984 square miles) of land per year to desertification.

Diallo, who was attending a conference in Bangkok on combating desertification, told AFP that Pakistan and India also are beginning to suffer the same fate as China.

"We are seeing climate changes and similar encroachments of the desert in Rajasthan and parts of Pakistan," he said.

And dust from Asian deserts is blowing into the Korean peninsula and even Japan, decreasing air quality, Diallo said.

Much of the desertification is caused by overgrazing, the hacking down of forests for timber and fuel, climate change, slash-and-burn agriculture and erosion.

"China and India have made strides on this issue," but these are not countries that have all the resources of their own to address all the problems they are facing," Diallo said.

Asian states must develop alternative energy sources and cut down on logging and overcultivation in order to roll back the deserts, he said.

Chinese officials earlier this year said the government had launched an emergency campaign to prevent the capital Beijing from being engulfed by the encroaching deserts of inner Mongolia.

Officials reportedly had been unnerved by the record 12 major dust storms that had hammered northern China this year, adding that the desert was moving towards Beijing at 1.8 kilometres (1.2 miles) per year.

Trading Corporation of Bangladesh
Principal Office
TCB Bhaban, Kawran Bazar
Dhaka

Telex: 642203 TCB BJ
642217 TCB BJ
Cable: STATETRADE
Phone: 8120031, 8130337
Fax: 880-2-8113582
E-mail: tcb@bdonline.com

Nine killed as troops clash with Acehese

BANDA ACEH, Nov 9: At least nine people were killed when Indonesian security forces clashed with thousands of Acehese travelling to the troubled province's capital for a planned independence rally, police and witnesses said today, reports AP.

Col. Kusubini Imbar, a local police spokesman, said police and soldiers shot nine people to death Wednesday in various parts of the province, 750 kilometres northwest of Jakarta.

He denied accusations by human rights activists that government troops had opened fire indiscriminately on unarmed villagers.

"We were defending ourselves as rebels fired on security forces first," he said.

Tens of thousands of people are expected to gather over the weekend to demand a UN-supervised independence referendum for the region of 4.1 million people on the northern tip of Sumatra island. The call for an east Timor-style plebiscite was first made at a massive rally in Banda Aceh a year ago.

Tense standoffs were reported at police checkpoints on all roads leading to the provincial capital.

Police blew up two bridges in the north of the region to try to stop the flow of independence supporters, witnesses said.

If out buses are stopped, we will walk to Banda. If we are killed here, it doesn't matter because we will die in the villages anyway," said a 40-year farmer at a road-block outside of Sigi.

Separatist leader arrested in Kashmir

JAMMU, India, Nov 9: One of Kashmir's top Muslim separatist leaders, Yaseen Malik, was taken into police custody today in the state's winter capital Jammu, after living in from New Delhi to attend a rally, reports AFP.

Malik was picked up by Jammu police at the airport, following a magistrate's order banning the rally organised by his Jammu and Kashmir Liberation Front (JKLF).

The banning order was imposed amid threats by the right-wing Hindu Shiv Sena party to disrupt the event, scheduled for Thursday evening in Hindu-majority Jammu city.

"I came here to talk to the people of Jammu, but the state government has arrested me," the JKLF chief told reporters as he was led away by police.

Jammu police deputy inspector general S.P. Vaid told AFP that Malik had been taken into "preventive custody." He gave no indication of when the separatist leader might be released.

"Malik was placed under preventive arrest in the interest of peace in the Jammu region and to prevent clashes between the Shiv Sena and JKLF activists," Vaid said.

টেম্ভার নোটিশ
ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়

নিম্নে বর্ণিত কাজটির জন্য ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের তালিকাভুক্ত (সিভিল) ঠিকাদারদের নিকট হইতে বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের "টেম্ভার ফর ওয়ার্কস" ফর্মসে সীলমোহরকৃত টেম্ভার আহ্বান করা যাইতেছে। ঠিকাদারগণকে নামের উপর কাজের নাম ও তাহাদের ফর্মের নাম স্পষ্টাক্ষরে লিখিতে হইবে। কাজটির পূর্ণ বিবরণ নিম্নে দেওয়া হইল।

ক্র. নং	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
১	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
২	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৩	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৪	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৫	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৬	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৭	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন

পোলাম মোক্ষা তালুকদার
নির্বাহী প্রকৌশলী (১)
ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়

ফ্রিড-১০৩৬

International Tender Notice
TENDER FOR IMPORT OF 50,000 M. TONS ±10% OF NON-IOIDISED REFINED EDIBLE COMMON WHITE SALT UNDER CASH

No. TCB/IMP-22/2000 Dated: 08-11-2000

Trading Corporation of Bangladesh invites sealed tender in the prescribed form obtainable from Sonali Bank, Kawran Bazar Branch, TCB Bhaban, Kawran Bazar, Dhaka on payment of Taka 1,500/- (Taka one thousand five hundred) only per set (non-refundable) for import of 50,000 M. Tons ±10% of non-iodised crushed refined edible common white salt in bags. Price is to be quoted on C&FCFO Chittagong/Mongla basis showing FOB price, freight and commission separately along with 1% (one per cent) earnest money and four representative samples of salt of one kg. each and four bags as well. Shipment is to be made within 15th February, 2001 in four lots of about 12,500 M. Tons ±10% each. Any restriction imposed by the Bangladesh government from time to time on import of food-stuff will be applicable for import of salt under this tender. Detailed terms and conditions are given in the tender documents. Offers should be strictly in accordance with the terms and conditions as mentioned in the tender documents.

Tenders to be dropped in the tender box kept in the Import Division of TCB, TCB Bhaban, Kawran Bazar, Dhaka up to 11.00 hours on Monday the 27th November, 2000 and opened on the same day at 11.10 hours. Tenderers may remain present at the time of opening of the tenders. No tender document will be sold on the day of opening of the tender.

The corporation shall have the absolute right to buy on C&FCFO Chittagong basis or C&FCFO Mongla basis and to accept or to reject any or all tenders without assigning any reason or to purchase quantities more or less than those tendered/quoted for.

Fakhruddin Ahmed
Senior Executive (Import)

GD-1034

টেম্ভার নোটিশ
ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়

নিম্নে বর্ণিত কাজটির জন্য ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের তালিকাভুক্ত (সিভিল) ঠিকাদারদের নিকট হইতে সীলমোহরকৃত টেম্ভার আহ্বান করা যাইতেছে। ঠিকাদারগণকে নামের উপর কাজের নাম ও তাহাদের ফর্মের নাম স্পষ্টাক্ষরে লিখিতে হইবে। কাজের পূর্ণ বিবরণ নিম্নে দেওয়া হইল।

ক্র. নং	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
১	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
২	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৩	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৪	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৫	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৬	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৭	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন

মোঃ আবদুল মান্নান
নির্বাহী প্রকৌশলী
ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়

ফ্রিড-১০৩৭

২য় বার টেম্ভার নোটিশ
ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়

ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ঃ নিম্নে বর্ণিত কাজটির জন্য ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের তালিকাভুক্ত ঠিকাদারদের নিকট হইতে সীলমোহরকৃত টেম্ভার আহ্বান করা যাইতেছে। ঠিকাদারগণকে নামের উপর কাজের নাম ও তাহাদের ফর্মের নাম স্পষ্টাক্ষরে লিখিতে হইবে। কোন কারণ দর্শানো ব্যতিরেকে কর্তৃপক্ষ যে কোন টেম্ভার অথবা সকল টেম্ভারসমূহ গ্রহণ অথবা বাতিল করার ক্ষমতা সংরক্ষণ করেন। কাজের পূর্ণ বিবরণ নিম্নে দেওয়া হইল।

ক্র. নং	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
১	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
২	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৩	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৪	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৫	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৬	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন
৭	কাজের নাম	প্রাকল্পিত ব্যয়	বায়নার টাকা	সিভিলের নাম	কাজ সমাপ্তির মেট্রিক দিন

মোঃ আবদুল মান্নান
নির্বাহী প্রকৌশলী
ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়

ফ্রিড-১০৩৮