Clinton kicks off S Asia tour

Clinton was heading towards ship between the US and India." India today for a six-day tour of Clinton said in Washington on South Asia, which marks the Friday first visit by a US president to the unsettled region for more can do together. A lot of mutual than two decades, reports AFP.

The president, daughter Chelsea, and his aides left Andrews Air Force base aboard Air Force One at 4:27 p.m. (3:27 am BST), a base spokeswoman told ministry spokesman said Sat-

India will command the lion's share of the president's tour, sandwiched between a one-day visit to Bangladesh and he said. a stopover of several hours in Islamabad for talks with Pakistan's military ruler General broad-based footing is tempered Pervez Musharraf.

in India, which has not hosted a cerns over escalating military US president since Jimmy tensions between India and Carter in 1978 and wants to Pakistan over Kashmir. bring a new dynamism to a re-

NEW DELHI, Mar 19 : Bill first is to rekindle the relation-

"We have a lot of things we

India and the United States will sign a political document laying a road map for future ties during Clinton's visit, a foreign

"The statement, a political document, will set the direction for future Indo-US relations."

But the mutual desire to see Indo-US ties launched on a new by deep differences over nuclear The visit is eagerly awaited non-proliferation and US con-

The United States imposed a lationship that has suffered raft of sanctions on India after from more than 50 years of ne- its May, 1998 underground nuclear tests, which triggered a tit-"Obviously, what I hope to do for-tat response from Pakistan.

Some have since been lifted and Washington has clearly linked withdrawal of the remainder to progress on nonproliferation and moves towards an easing of tensions with Pakistan.

"I want to do what I can to reduce tensions in the Indian subcontinent, to reduce the likelihood of weapons proliferation and the likelihood of conflict." Clinton said.

It is unlikely that Clinton's visit will see any concrete development on sanctions, with India stiffly resisting pressure to sign the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty, and rejecting US offers to mediate in the dispute over Kashmir.

Prime Minister Atal Behari Vajpayee said Saturday India would not sign the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty (CTBT) during the visit.

"We are not going to sign CTBT during Clinton's visit, but the issue will be discussed," Vajpayee told reporters. United States' superpower sta-

Foreign Minister Jaswant Singh said Friday: "Our experience of any kind of third party facilitation, intervention or mediation in South Asia through historical precedents is not happy at all."

The Line of Control dividing Indian- and Pakistan-administered Kashmir witnessed a bloody two-month conflict last year, and the current level of tensions is fuelling fears of a similar confrontation this

In the run-up to the presi-dent's arrival, New Delhi has sought to shift the focus away from contentious issues and push the visit as the beginning of a fresh Indo-US relationship founded on strengthened eco-

"A new dawn and a new opportunity beckons for both of us and it is best that our two countries step forward together," said Singh, stressing India would not be overawed by the

"It is not as if the US is meeting India to confer upon India something or to give it some-thing. The two big democracies are meeting as equals and are looking ahead," he said.

During his March 21-25 state trip, Clinton will visit the infotech showcase city of Hyderabad, as well as India's financial centre, Bombay.

Before that he will make a one-day visit to Bangladesh on Monday -- the first by a US president since the former East Pakistan won its independence in 1971.

The trip will end with a controversial stopover in Pakistan, which the administration has repeatedly insisted is in no way an endorsement of Musharraf's military rule

"I want to do what I can to support the restoration of democratic rule in Pakistan." Clinton said.

Pakistan pins Kashmir Taiwan polls shows hopes on Clinton tour

ISLAMABAD, Mar 19: Pakistan is pinning its hopes on US President Bill Clinton to help Pakistan and India have fought solve the explosive Kashmir issue as he starts a landmark trip disputed Himalayan region

to South Asia, reports AFP. istan onto his itinerary after during fierce fighting last year. weeks of uncertainty -- will stop Bangladesh and India.

Kashmir as "the most dangerous a solution in Kashmir," said place in the world today" has raised hopes the United States head of the government in Pakmay seek to push for a resolution of the issue.

Clinton has offered to broker a solution to the dispute, provided India and Pakistan both agree to mediation. While Pakistan is keen to internationalise the dispute, India is adamantly opposed to any

refugees.

third-party interference.

Newly nuclear-armed rivals two of their three wars over the since 1947 and came close to Clinton -- who tacked Pak- another full-blown conflict

"We earnestly hope President off in Islamabad after visits to Clinton will launch a tangible initiative on Kashmir as he has Clinton's description of recognized that peace hinges on Sultan Mahmood Chaudhry, istani Kashmir.

"The Kashmir volcano will burst again if the dispute is allowed to drag on," Chaudhry told a news conference here Sunday.

Chaudrhy said a European parliament resolution passed last Thursday which called for India and Pakistan to consider leader.

UN mediation to end their stand-off represented a "diplomatic and moral victory for Kashmiris."

Former Pakistani prime minister Benazir Bhutto, in a statement from London released by her party here, urged Clinton to focus on Kashmir.

Clinton "can use quiet diplomacy effectively to get peace moving. His visit offers hope to tens of thousands of Kashmiris living in the shadows of Indian control," Bhutto

Clinton last year helped defuse the Kargil conflict when then Pakistani prime minister Nawaz Sharif withdrew Islamic fighters from occupied peaks in Indian Kahsmir after a Washington meeting with the US

- AFP photo

vitality of its democracy: Clinton

WASHINGTON, Mar 19: President Bill Clinton hailed the election of pro-independence leader Chen Shui-bian as president of Taiwan, saying it highlighted the strength and vitality of the island's young democracy, reports AFP.

"I congratulate Mr. Chen Shui-bian on his victory." Clinton said in a statement released Saturday by the White House. "This election demonstrates clearly the strength and vitality of Taiwan's democracy."

"I believe the election provides a fresh opportunity for both sides to reach out and resolve their differences peacefully through dialogue," Clinton

Chen's victory was seen as a pointed snub at Beijing, which had waged a tense war of words against the island, clearly warning voters not to support the strong pro-independence candidate.

Former Chinese political prisoner Harry Wu, speaking

saluted the high voter turn-out and the ascension of an opposition leader after more than 50 years of rule by the Nationalist Kuomintang party.

"We really have to applaud and feel very grateful," said Wu, who spent 19 years in Chinese prisons before emigrating to the United States in 1985.

"Zhu Rongji tried to make some impact and actually got the reverse," Wu said, referring to the Chinese premier's threats of military action if Taiwan dragged its feet on opening reunification talks.

The United States, which embraces a "one-China" policy, has said it will maintain that policy toward both Beijing and Taipei, while urging the rival governments to resolve their differences peacefully.

"The United States strongly supports ... dialogue, and is committed to promoting peace, stability and prosperity in the region," Clinton said, vowing to conduct "close unofficial ties



President Bill Clinton said on Friday he hoped to ease tensions between India and Pak-

The key issues facing Clinton during his one-week journey to India, Pakistan and Bangladesh will be trying to persuade Islamabad and New Delhi to rein in their nuclear programmes and to ease strains over the disputed Himalayan region of Kashmir.

Kashmir has been the flashpoint for two of the three wars the countries have fought since they won independence from Britain in 1947, a history of conflict that has become more worrisome to the West since their May 1998 nuclear tests.

"I want to do what I can to reduce tensions on the Indian subcontinent, to reduce the likelihood of weapons proliferation and the likelihood of conflict," Clinton told reporters on Friday, a day before setting off for South Asia.

support the restoration of ies saw little prospect of democratic rule in Pakistan progress either on nuclear isand to continue our cooperation sues or on Kashmir, where with them against terrorism and in many other ways that we have both profited from over many decades," he added.

both countries to take four steps: joining the Comprehenistan during his visit but secu- sive Test Ban Treaty (CTBT), rerity analysts said it will be a straining their nuclear prodaunting task at best, reports grammes, ceasing to produce fissile material and tightening their export controls.

But security analysts said it will be difficult, if not impossible, to achieve any of those aims in the short term.

US officials and analysts note that Pakistan's foreign minister recently made the case for his country to sign the CTBT early, but few were willing to predict that this might actually take place anytime soon.

"It's not good for any Indian or Pakistani leader to appear to be doing the bidding of the United States on nuclear issues," said Michael Krepon of the Henry L. Stimson Centre arms control think tank in

Washington. "A (CTBT) signature in the near term in Pakistan would certainly suggest exactly that, so I still am sceptical."

Glynn Wood of the Monterey "I want to do what I can to Institute of International Studclashes continue between what are believed to be Pakistanibacked militants and Indian forces.

Clinton to ask for nuclear restraint The six-day trip marks the can to support the restoration President Bill Clinton em- first presidential trip to India of democratic rule in Pakistan

US President Bill Clinton waves from Marine One Saturday on the south lawn of the

White House in Washington, DC. Clinton departs for a trip to India, Bangladesh and

Pakistan, the first US president to travel to South Asia in over twenty years.

barked Saturday on long-delayed journey to South Asia ready to caution India and Pakistan to curb their nuclearweapons competition, reports Clinton cancelled an ex-

pected formal departure statement. "Gotta Go," he shouted at well-wishers as he walked from the White House to Marine I, the presidential helicopter, his arm draped around the shoulders of his daughter, Chelsea, and his mother-in-law, Dorothy Rod-

The first lady, Hillary Rodham Clinton, passed up the trip because of her campaign for the US Senate in New York.

In discussing the trip with reporters Friday, Clinton said he will make clear to the governments of India and Pakistan and for the world."

"We have a lot of things we can do together, a lot of mutual reduce tensions on the Indian interests," Clinton said. "Obvi- subcontinent, to reduce that ously what I hope to do first is likelihood of weapons prolifto rekindle the relationship between the United States and In- conflict," the president said

in 22 years and the first to Pakistan since 1969. Clinton also will be the first American president ever to visit Bangladesh, one of the world's poorest nations, the former eastern half o Pakistan, which gained independence in the 1971 India-

Pakistan war.

Pakistan and India have given few if any indications they will heed Clinton's plea to step back from a nuclear-armed future and embrace nonproliferation. Both countries tested nuclear weapons in 1998. While both have said they plan no further tests, neither has moved to sign the international nuclear test-ban treaty.

The president's efforts to persuade the bickering subcontinental neighbours are handicapped by the Senate's vote last "our view that a nuclear future fall to reject US participation is a dangerous future from them in the Comprehensive Test Ban

"I want to do what I can to eration and the likelihood of

Friday. "And I want to do what I tory of Kashmir.

and to continue our cooperation with them against terrorism.

- AFP photo

Clinton also hopes to rekindle relations with India, the world's largest democracy, now that tensions generated by the Cold War with the former Soviet Union, India's friend, have cooled.

"We want to deepen ties between our governments, our private sectors, our scientists. our citizens," said Sandy Berger, Clinton's national security adviser.

In Pakistan, Clinton is expected to urge that deposed Prime Minister Nawas Sharif be spared execution if he is convicted on charges of hijacking, kidnapping and attempted

Clinton also will deliver a live television address to press for a return to democratic rule in Pakistan after last year's military coup in which Sharif was deposed. And he is expected to raise US complaints about terrorism and tensions between Pakistan and India over the bitterly disputed Himalayan terri-

Our Heartiest Greetings

Tibetans dressed in traditional costumes hold US flags during a peace march by Tibetan

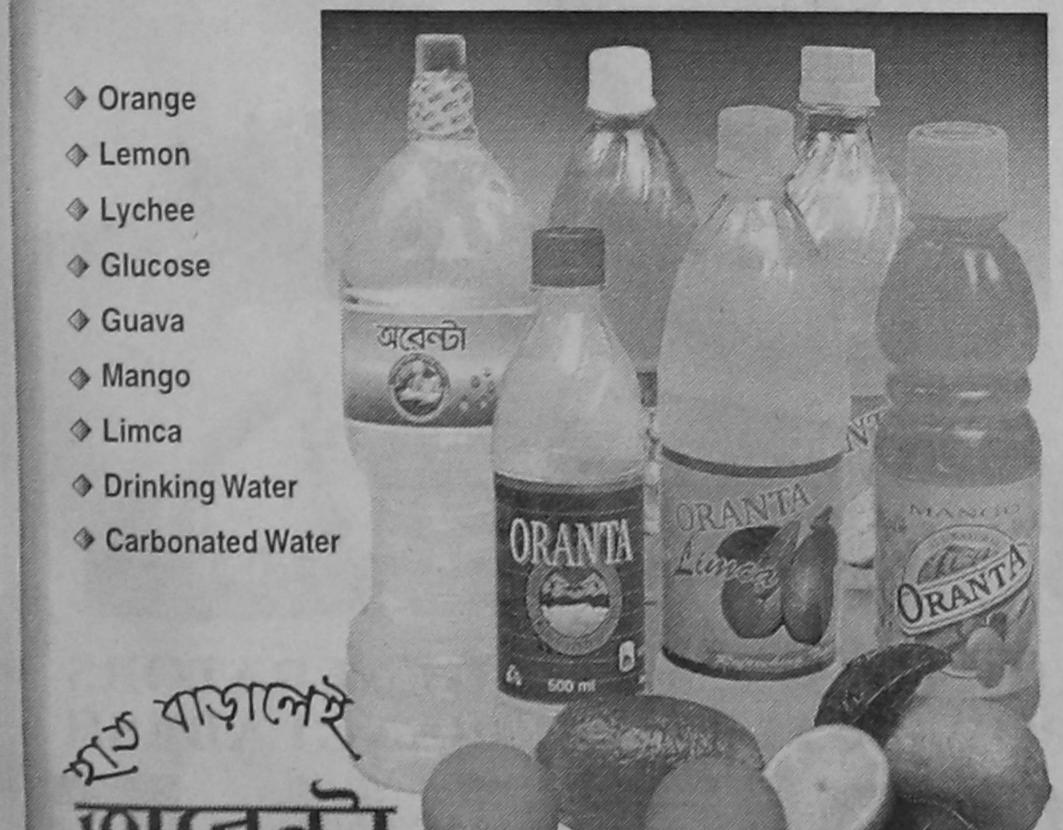
activists near parliament in New Delhi yesterday to welcome US President Bill Clinton.

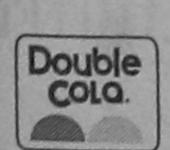
The activists urged Clinton to take action during his visit to India, with regards to the

appalling human rights situation in Tibet, which is home to some 100,000 Tibetan

William Jefferson Clinton From the House of

Double - Cola, USA





Bottler: MTC Beverage Ltd.

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Blast kills 1 near Agra ahead of Clinton visit NEW DELHI, Mar 19: One

person was killed and 16 injured in a bus bomb blast near the Taj Mahal city of Agra, four days ahead of US President Bill Clinton's visit there, domestic news agencies said, reports

The bus was on its way to New Delhi from the northern town of Aligarh when a bomb hidden under the seat went off, injuring four passengers seriously on Saturday at around 6:30 p.m. (7:00 pm BST), PTI

A.K. Jain, a senior police official in Agra said one person died of his injuries but said it was too early to link the blast to Clinton's impending visit to

The blast took place when the bus was passing a village around 20 kilometres (12.4 miles) from Agra. It occurred when a woman accidentally touched a blue bag, in which the bomb was concealed, with her

Clinton was due to arrive in India late Sunday for a six-day tour of South Asia, marking the first visit by a US president to the region for more than two decades.

He will visit the Taj Mahal -built by Moghul emperor Shah Jahan between 1631 and 1653 as a gesture of undying love for his second wife Mumtaz Mahal -- on March 22, the second day of his five-day state visit.

