

OPEC ministers gather September 22 Caracas meet for maintaining output cuts till April 2000

CARACAS, Aug 29: Three of the world's leading oil producers, in an effort to dispel any doubt about near-term policy, said yesterday that output cuts which they spearheaded over the past 18 months should be kept in place until next April at least, reports Reuters.

After a one-day meeting hosted by Venezuela's oil minister, Ali Rodríguez, with Saudi Arabia's Ali Naimi and non-OPEC Mexico's Luis Téllez in attendance, the three said in a joint statement that "the stability and sustainability of oil prices requires that the production cuts be kept in place until the end of March 2000."

The meeting comes just three weeks ahead of the next scheduled OPEC ministerial meeting on September 22 and seeks to quell speculation that producers might seek to ease output after seeing oil prices double since February.

Delegates said after the meeting that the ministers focused on the fact that the rebound in oil prices in recent months was the result of nearly full compliance with cuts, while growth in world oil demand remained fairly limp.

In their statement, the three said the objective is to bring world petroleum inventories "to normal levels and allow a sustained increase in world oil demand and supply," adding that "the ministers are convinced that OPEC member countries and other oil exporters will continue complying with the output agreements until inventories return to normal levels."

The Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), together with Mexico and two other non-OPEC producers have taken a total of nearly five million barrels per day (BPD) off world markets since spring 1998. However, only the most recent round of cuts in March proved effective, doubling oil prices from the lowest levels in two decades as the cuts finally began to eat into the world oil glut.

While inventories have been falling sharply in recent months, they still remain high compared with the average over

the past five years. And after falling slightly last year, world oil demand growth this year is expected to be only between one and two per cent.

Mexico's Téllez told reporters after the meeting, "The only feasible strategy is to continue with what we are doing."

The three also said they floated ideas about how to stabilise prices in future, including a proposal by Venezuela which calls for an automatic mechanism designed to manage oil supply so as to keep prices within a specified range.

According to Venezuelan government sources, Caracas would wish to have the band at a fairly wide range initially, at \$16-\$20 per barrel for world benchmark grade North Sea Brent, and narrow it over time.

Rodríguez told reporters he had discussed the idea with his counterparts at Saturday's meeting, but emphasised that it is still at a very early stage. "It's just an idea, for the first time today we talked about it," Rodríguez said.

The Saudi and Mexican oil ministers said the idea was under discussion, though none of the ministers would give much detail about the various proposals under discussion to keep prices stable while raising supply.

"We have no conflict with the idea of the band. It is being put forward and it is being studied," Naimi told reporters.

Téllez said, "We are planning a strategy but I really cannot reveal it at this stage. March is still six months ahead so there is still time to go."

Mexico, Saudi Arabia and Venezuela had been locked in a battle in recent years to become the largest supplier of oil to the United States, the world's largest market. Facing a collapsing oil price, they put aside their differences in spring 1998 to form the historic "Riyadh Pact," where they agreed to lead efforts to restrain output.

On Saturday, the ministers said they agreed that they would meet more frequently, though they did not say when their next confab would take place.

Australia blasts world commodity subsidies

BUEENOS AIRES, Aug 29: An Australian official yesterday blasted world commodity subsidies as a harmful "knee-jerk reaction" and criticised US farm assistance proposals at a meeting of agriculture exporting nations, reports Reuters.

As the 19th annual meeting of the 15-member Cairns Group opened, Australian Trade Minister Mark Vaile denounced the "massive distortion" of commodity prices due to subsidies, saying he was particularly troubled by a \$7.6 billion farm aid package currently in the US Congress.

"I would be less than honest not to acknowledge the recent approval from the US Senate of an additional emergency farm assistance package worth some \$7.65 billion," said Vaile, who also serves as coordinator of the Cairns Group.

"Although it's not yet law it's a worrying development," he added.

The Cairns Group, formed at the start of the last round of world agriculture trade talks, is meeting on Saturday and Sunday in Argentina's capital in an effort to reach consensus on agriculture policy before World Trade Organisation negotiations in November.

The members of the group are: Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Fiji, the Philippines, Indonesia, Malaysia, New Zealand, Paraguay, South Africa, Thailand and Uruguay.

The group, which accounts for roughly 20 per cent of world farm exports, is seeking more transparent markets and a healthy reduction in subsidies.

The US aid package comes on the heels of the US government's \$6 billion in aid to American farmers last year.

"The farm economy is not very good anywhere in the world, and this makes discussion of farm, economics and open markets a lot more difficult," US Agriculture Secretary Dan Glickman told reporters earlier.

The United States is not a member of the group, but Glickman attended the meeting as an invited guest.

Four straight years of near-record global crop production, coupled with sliding demand hastened by overall poor world economic performance, have helped push commodity prices down 35 per cent in the last couple of years.

As a result, the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) gave farmers support estimated at \$362 billion in 1998, 8 per cent higher than the previous year.

Exchange Rates

American Express Bank Ltd foreign exchange rates (indicative) against the Taka to major currencies					
Currency	Selling T. & O.D.	Selling B.C.	Buying T. Clean	Buying O.D. Sight	Buying O.D. Export Transfer
US Dollar	49.7300	49.7700	49.3200	49.1570	49.0650
Pound Sdg	79.4685	79.5325	77.7776	77.5206	77.4070
Deutsche Mark	27.3488	27.3708	26.3728	26.2696	26.2311
Swiss Franc	32.7602	32.7866	32.0614	31.9554	31.9086
Japanese Yen	0.4507	0.4510	0.4386	0.4371	0.4365
Dutch Guilder	24.2725	24.2920	23.4063	23.3147	23.2806
Danish Krona	7.0526	7.0583	6.8947	6.8719	6.8619
Australia \$	31.9018	31.9275	30.6277	30.5265	30.4818
Belgian Franc	1.3260	1.3270	1.2787	1.2736	1.2718
Canadian \$	33.7450	33.7721	32.7773	32.6690	32.6211
French Franc	8.1544	8.1610	7.8634	7.8327	7.8212
Hong Kong \$	6.4174	6.4225	6.3391	6.3181	6.3069
Italian Lira	0.0276	0.0276	0.0266	0.0265	0.0265
Norway Kroner	6.2897	6.2947	6.1893	6.1688	6.1598
Singapore \$	29.8231	29.8471	28.8674	28.7720	28.7298
Saudi Rial	13.2950	13.3057	13.1135	13.0702	13.0511
UAE Dirham	13.5778	13.5887	13.3909	13.3468	13.3271
Swedish Krona	5.9808	5.9856	5.9031	5.8836	5.8750
Catari Rial	13.6997	13.7107	13.5086	13.4640	13.4443
Kuwaiti Dinar	188.8048	188.7405	186.4969	185.9797	185.7512
Thai Baht	1.3000	1.3010	1.2872	1.2830	1.2811
Euro	53.4896	53.5326	51.5806	51.3789	51.3066

TT Doc	30 Days	60 Days	90 Days	120 Days	180 Days
49.2112	49.9800	49.4980	48.0870	47.6760	46.8540

US Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR)					
Buying Selling	Currency	Month	6 Months	9 Months	12 Months
49.0650	49.7300	USD	5.37063	5.50250	5.59500
77.4070	79.4685	GBP	5.06125	5.20388	5.26678
Cash/ T.C.	Cash/ T.C.	Euro	2.60188	2.69000	3.06000
				3.12750	3.23938

Exchange rates of some Asian currencies against US dollars					
Indian Rupee	Pak Rupee	Thai Baht	Malaysian Ringgit	Indonesian Rupiah	Korean Won
43.430/43.530	51.750/51.850	38.270/38.300	3.7995/3.8005	7550/7600	1182.0/1183.0

Amex notes on Sunday's market

The USD/BDT rates have gone down to 49.50/49.55 level from 49.60/49.65 level earlier this month due to liquidity of USD in the market. The level is expected to continue for the coming month.

Effective August 29, 1999 bank rate was set at 7 per cent down 1 per cent from the previous rate of 8 per cent. Call rates today ranged in the 6.00-6.50 percent level. Rates are expected to move down marginally in the coming week.

After being whipsawed by a week of often volatile trading, the exhausted dollar spent most of Friday's session in hibernation, ending the day barely softer against the Japanese yen and Europe's single currency. Disappointing performance in US stock and bond markets pulled the dollar lower late in the New York session, although it failed to shake the greenback from tight Friday ranges. The Dow ended more than 100 points lower at 11,090, while the benchmark 30-year bond stood more than a full point lower to yield 5.97 per cent. Comments from Federal Reserve Chairman Alan Greenspan that the Fed must watch asset prices in determining monetary policy, although he avoided commenting directly on the value of US stocks, spooked Wall Street and hurt the dollar. Greenspan seemed to be indicating that the US market is overvalued and traders are going to assume that the dollar could come under pressure if stocks sell off.

The Fed earlier this week raised two key short-term interest rates by a quarter point and maintained its neutral monetary policy bias, which markets have interpreted to mean there would be no more rate rises this year. But market makers said the market would be eyeing key US employment data next week for further confirmation. Assumption is that if the data come in strong and tightening speculation does begin to pick up and it creates at bit of a problem for bonds and stocks, the Dollar probably weakens as a result.

At close of New York on Friday, the major currencies closed against USD at 111.35/111.40 JPY, 1.5236/1.5240 CHF, Euro at \$1.0475/1.0480 GBP at \$1.5871/1.5883.

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Office of the Project Director
Project for Setting up Veterinary Hospitals at District Level
Livestock Directorate
Khamar Bari Sarak, Dhaka
Memo No-Section Tender/PSVHD/1/99/2936 Dated: 18/8/99

Tender Notice

Scaled tenders are invited from manufacturers/suppliers for supply of pick-up (double cabine) as mentioned in the schedule for various district veterinary hospitals under a Project for Setting up Veterinary Hospitals at District Level, Livestock Directorate, Khamar Bari Sarak, Dhaka-1215 during 1999-2000 fiscal year.

Tenders will have to be dropped in the tender box kept at the Office of the Director General, Livestock Directorate, Farmgate, Dhaka and Office of the Divisional Commissioner Office, Segun Bagicha, 12 (twelve) storied Building, Dhaka from 21/9/99 to 23/9/99 from 10.00 AM to 1.00 PM and will be opened in this office on 23/9/99 at 3.00 PM in presence of contractors (if any one remains present).

Schedule of tender and terms and conditions will have to be purchased from 19/9/99 to 22/9/99 from the office of the Director General, Livestock Directorate, Farmgate, Dhaka and Divisional Commissioner Office, Segun Bagicha, Dhaka during office hours on cash payment of Taka 750/- (seven hundred and fifty taka) only. Money of schedule is non-refundable. No schedule will be sold on the day of opening tender.

Dr Md Sharif Uddowlah
Project Director
Project for Setting up Veterinary Hospitals at District Level
Livestock Directorate
Khamar Bari Sarak, Dhaka

DFP-18402-23/8
G-1593

SE Asian nations facing skilled labour shortage

SINGAPORE, Aug 29: Except for Singapore and the Philippines, Southeast Asian nations do not have a sizeable pool of skilled, well-educated labour crucial in the new millennium, an Asian poll shows, reports AFP.

Thailand, Malaysia, Vietnam and Indonesia will find it difficult to graduate into knowledge-based industries because of the limitations of their labour force, according to the survey by the Political and Economic Risk Consultancy Ltd. (PERC).

The Hong Kong-based think tank said in a report at the weekend that Taiwan, Japan and Hong Kong were giving emphasis to quality local education but South Korea had been spreading its skill level "too thin."

"The defining feature of a country's competitive advantage in the future will be the quality of its skilled workers," PERC said in the report ranking 12 Asian nations on the basis of their skilled labour quality.

Japan emerged tops, followed in that order, by Taiwan, Singapore, the Philippines, Hong Kong, India, South Korea, China, Thailand, Malaysia, Vietnam and Indonesia.

The grades were provided based on a poll of nearly 500 expatriate businessmen living in the countries being surveyed.

PERC said that since the Asian financial crisis which erupted in mid-1997, financial constraints have further reduced the number of people getting a higher education in countries like Thailand and Indonesia.

"This is probably the most damaging impact of the crisis in terms of its lasting effect. One of the lessons to be learned from the Asian crisis is that the countries of the region need to focus more on productivity. This will be easier to do if there is a sufficient pool of well-educated and skilled labour," explained the report.

PERC said that besides Singapore, the Philippines is the only Southeast Asian nation that possessed a labour force with the depth needed to move beyond a manufacturing focus to high value-added functions.

"If Manila plays its cards right, it should be able to profit from the labour shortcomings in other Asian countries," it said.

But PERC cautioned that the Philippine government was doing little to realise this potential, and many domestic forces were more concerned with protecting their position in the local market than with giving the country a more external orientation.

The report also said it would be much more difficult for Thailand, Malaysia, Vietnam and Indonesia to stake out a claim for themselves in real "knowledge" industries and move up the value-added chain.

Malaysia may have a head start over the others but still the limitations of the local labour force were evident:



A dragon dance officiates the opening of the Grand Hyatt Shanghai, which occupies the top 35 floors of the 88-storey Jinmao Tower Saturday. The five-star hotel described as the "highest hotel in the world", was formally opened in spectacular fashion in Shanghai. —AFP photo

Office of the Executive Engineer
Rangamati O&M Division
BWDB, Rangamati

Notice Inviting Tender

01. Tender No : T-04/1999-2000.
02. Name of work and estimated cost : Group-A: Bank protective work on the right bank of Kamafull river at Wagga BDR Camp from Ch. 162.50 M to 202.50 M in PS Kaptai, Rangamati Hill District. Tk 24,67,104/- (Taka twenty-four lac sixty-seven thousand one hundred four) only.
Group-B: Bank protective work of the right bank of Kamafull river at Wagga BDR Camp from Ch. 202.50 M to 242.00 M in PS Kaptai, Rangamati Hill District. Tk 24,90,341/- (Taka twenty-four lac ninety thousand three hundred forty-one) only.
Group-C: Bank protective work on the right bank of Kamafull river at Wagga BDR Camp from Ch. 242.00 M to 282.50 M in PS Kaptai, Rangamati Hill District. Tk 24,68,241/- (Taka twenty-four lac sixty-eight thousand two hundred forty-one) only.

03. Tender security : Taka 2.5% of the estimated amount. Fixed deposit holder shall have to deposit a token tender security @ 1% of the estimated amount.

04. Date and time of the receiving tender : 05.9.99 & 06.9.99 during office hours and on 07.9.99 up to 12.00 hours (Noon).

05. Date and time of opening the tender : 07.9.99 at 12-30 hours.

06. Eligibility of contractors to take part for tender : A&B class enlisted contractor of BWDB valid for the year 1999-2000.

07. Name and address where the tender documents will be available : 1. The Divisional Commissioner, Chittagong.
2. The Manager, Sonali Bank, WAPDA Branch, Motijheel C/A, Dhaka.
3. The Manager, Sonali Bank, Bahadderhat Branch, Chittagong.
4. The Manager, Sonali Bank, Kaptai Branch, Kaptai.
5. The Manager, Sonali Bank, Kathal Tali Branch, (Bonorupa) Rangamati.

08. Name and address where the tender documents will be received : 1. The Divisional Commissioner, Chittagong.
2. The Superintending Engineer, Dhaka O&M Circle, BWDB, Dhaka.
3. The Executive Engineer, Chittagong O&M Division-1, BWDB, Chittagong.
4. The Executive Engineer, Rangamati O&M Division, BWDB, Rangamati.

09. Name & address of the advertiser : **Md Mohsin Ali**
Executive Engineer,
Rangamati O&M Division,
BWDB, Rangamati

PANI/29/1999-2000
GD-775

Russian businessman laughs off money laundering

MOSCOW, Aug 29: A Russian businessman whose name has been linked to a possible global money laundering scheme involving billions of dollars laughed off the allegations in a rare interview published yesterday, reports Reuters.

US, British and Russian investigators are probing claims that Russian mobsters, businessmen and senior officials may have funneled as much as \$15 billion out of Russia through the Bank of New York.

"If I could earn — I don't mean steal — just a third of that money, I could count my life a success," the businessman, Semyon Mogilevich, told Moskovsky Komsomolyets newspaper.

"Alas I can only read about such sums," he added.

Asked whether he had ever "laundered" money, he joked: "Once I accidentally washed five dollars I'd left in a shirt pocket. I must say they looked a lot cleaner and brighter after that. And the exchange bureau happily changes them for me."

He said the allegations against him were dreamt up by the FBI which he said was constantly trying to win more funds from the US Congress with scare stories about the Russian mafia.

Mogilevich, who is resident in Hungary, said US investigators had often tried to persuade him to arrest him but had failed to produce any evidence that he had committed any offence.

"Surely one single Jew from Kiev with an economic education who went to live abroad is not stronger or more cunning than the world's security forces," he said.

The newspaper did not say where he interviewed Mogilevich, who holds dual Russian-Israeli citizenship. According to Hungary's Magyar Hirlap daily, Mogilevich left Hungary about three weeks ago and is currently in Moscow.

Newspapers have quoted investigators as saying Mogilevich has ties to a company called Benex, which set up fund transfer accounts at the Bank of New York. Those accounts related to Benex are now under investigation by the authorities.

The bank says it is cooperating with the investigation and no allegations of wrongdoing have been made against it.

On Friday Hungary's Tax Office told Reuters it had extended an existing investigation into Mogilevich on possible breaches of accountancy rules.

Mogilevich, who was born in Ukraine and whose wife is Hungarian, set up headquarters in Hungary in the early 1990s. Police in Hungary have never charged him with any crime. He has kept a low profile and has proven almost impossible for reporters to reach for comment on the claims about him.

World's highest hotel opens in Shanghai

SHANGHAI, Aug 29: The Grand Hyatt Shanghai, described as the "highest hotel in the world" by the Hyatt group and Chinese officials, was formally opened in spectacular fashion here yesterday, reports AFP.

The five-star hotel occupies the top 35 floors of the recently-completed 88-storey Jinmao Tower, the third tallest building in the world at more than 421 metres (1,389 feet) in height.

In lieu of the traditional ribbon-cutting, corporate and government dignitaries at a grand opening gala in the hotel placed their palms on an electronic device, setting off a display which lit up Shanghai's skyscraper-crowded night-time skyline.

The tower's floors from the ground up illuminated one by one, until the entire hotel stretch at the top was illuminated in colour by laser cannons, as hundreds of balloons soared skyward.

The hotel, which features a dramatic 31-storey atrium, overlooks the Huangpu river from Pudong riverbank, which has been designated by Beijing as China's "Wall Street" for the 21st century.

\$400m IMF loan deal gives hope to ailing Ecuador

QUITO (Ecuador), Aug 29: The announcement of a deal with the International Monetary Fund has brought hope to embattled Ecuador, but economists and businessmen were divided yesterday over the subsequent resignation of Finance Minister Ana Lucia Armijos, reports Reuters.

President Jamil Mahuad late on Friday said Ecuador had secured a \$400 million loan from the IMF, which will support its efforts to become the first country ever to renegotiate its so-called Brady bond debt, which totals \$6 billion.

Brady bonds, issued after the Latin American debt crisis of the 1980s, are named after former US Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady, who drafted the plan.

Mahuad said that Armijos, whose tough approach has produced many enemies, would resign. She is scheduled to remain on the job until Tuesday, when Economy Minister Guillermo Lasso takes over.

The small Andean nation of 12 million people is suffering its worst economic crisis in decades after being rocked by El Nino storm damage, falling international oil prices and the international financial crisis.

Ecuador's foreign debt has reached about \$13 billion and 60 per cent of the population lives in poverty. A 1 per cent contraction in GDP is projected this year, along with inflation of up to 60 per cent.

Economist Jorge Abraham called Mahuad's announcement "very positive," and said he was not worried about the departure of Armijos after seven months on the job.

"I don't think that Armijos's going will have any effect. However, I do believe that the new minister should carry on as she did," he said.

But Raul Mendizabal, President of the Small Industry Chamber of the Pichincha region around the capital Quito, said he thought Armijos should have stayed.

"Ana Lucia Armijos should conclude the negotiations, otherwise there will be a lack of coordination with the interna-

Mexican farmers protest Zedillo's economic policies

MEXICO CITY, Aug 29: Tens of thousands of people took to Mexico City's streets Saturday to protest President Ernesto Zedillo's economic policies, particularly the privatisations of state-run companies, reports AFP.

The crowds of protesters, hailing from unions, universities and other non-government organisations, numbered over 100,000 according to demonstration organisers, though government estimates put the figure at 30,000.

The marchers came from all over the country to join the demonstration. Union members of the state-run Federal Electricity Commission and Central Light and Power Company, waved signs with slogans like "Defend Mexico's Sovereignty, Don't Sell It" and "Zedillo - Don't Sell Out! Say No To Privatisation!"

Demonstrators also warned that privatisation the power sector would result in higher prices and massive layoffs.

Shipping Intelligence

Chittagong port
Berth position and performance of vessels as on 29.8.99

Berth No	Name of vessels	Cargo	L Port	Local call agent	Date of arrival	Leaving
J/1	Ever brisk	G	Sing	RML	19/8	30/8
J/2	Handy Silver	Wheat(P)	Sing	MSA	17/8	5/9
J/3	Banglar Mamata	Rice(P)/GAI	Kaki	BSC	19/8	31/8
J/4	General Mojca	G(D,P)	Sing	Seaglor	9/8	2/9
J/5	Sun Bright	G	Sing	MSA	12/8	3/9
J/6	Love Me Tender	Gl/Wheat(P)	Vala	Rainbow	12/8	3/9
J/7	Delight Glory	G	Chn	Seacom	18/8	5/9
J/8	Duden	Wheat(P)	Hust	Litmond	1/8	2/9
J/9	QC Teal	Cont	Sing	QCSL	28/8	31/8
J/10	Winner	C Clink(Contd)	Panj	MBL	19/8	2/9
J/11	Feng	Wheat(P)	Newo	OWSL	8/7	2/9
J/12	Banglar Robi	Cont	Sing	BSC	27/8	30/8
CCT/1	Xpress Makalu	Cont	Mong	BARIDH	26/8	30/8
CCT/2	Tiger River	Cont	Sing	Nsl	26/8	30/8
CCT/3	Xpress Resolve	Cont	Sing	NSL	25/8	30/8
RM/14	ARJ Anand	C Clink (Diamond)	Sing	Apex	18/8	5/9
RM/15	Phaethon	Idle	Durb	OWSL	10/6	2/9
OCJ	Ocean Merit	C Clink	Sing	OTL	8/8	2/9
TSF	Navigator	RPhos	Nanj	SEACOM	15/8	5/9
RM/6	Atlantic	HSD/SKO	Sing	EOSL	30/8	5/9
RM/3	Sea World	Repair	CCNL	R/A	30/8	30/8
CUFLJ	Banglar Shourabh	Repair	BSC	R/A	31/8	31/8
	Revenge	Idle	Mumb	Sunshine	3/8	

Vessels due at outer anchorage					
Name of vessels	Date of arrival	L Port	Local agent	Cargo	Loading port
Annikal	29/8	Psaid	Ancient	wheat(G)	
Dafa(Cont)17/8	31/8	Vizak	RSL	Cont	Sing
Bunga Mas Enam(Cont)18/8	30/8	P Kel	EOSL	Cont	Sing
Kota Berjaya(Cont)19/8	29/8	Sing	PIL(Bd)	Cont	Sing
Martina	29/8	Mong	SMSL	Survey Purpose	
Sun	29/8	Pira	UMTL	Scraping	
Lian Huet No 1	30/8	RML	G		
Karunia Pacific	30/8	Pada	SMSL	Cement	
Eastern Victory	30/8	Hal	Everett	Urea	
Star Glory	10/8	PSAL		Cement	
Jaya Mars(Cont)23/8	30/8	Buriah		Cont	Col
Banglar Gourab	10/8	Kochi	BSC	Rice(P)/G	
Kota Singa(Cont)22/8	30/8	Sing	PIL(Bd)	Cont	Sing
Kota Naga(Cont)22/8	2/9	Sing	PIL(Bd)	Cont	Sing
Madina-1(Ex Takushin Maru)	1/9	Sing	BBA	Ship	
Nordkap(Cont)25/8	1/9	Sing	RSL	Cont	Sing
QC Pintall(Cont)22/8	2/9	Sing	QCSL	Cont	Sing
Sin Hai(Cont)25/8	3/9	Sing	RSL	Cont	Sing
Banga Biraj(Cont)17/8	2/9	Sing	Bdship	Cont	Sing
Jun Cheng	2/9	Sing	Bdship	G	Chin
Cardhu	2/9	Sing	Everett	G	
Banglar Moni(Cont)22/8	2/9	Sing	BSC	Cont	Sing
Jamali(48)12/8	3/9	Cal	Royal	G(Coil)	
Jurong Balsam(Cont)24/8	3/9	Sing	Nol	Cont	Sing
Bunga Mas Lapari(Cont)24/8	3/9	P Kel	EOSL	Cont	Sing
Kochi Ace(48)25/8	6/9	Sing	Everett	G	
Bunga Mas Lima(Cont)24/8	3/9	P Kel	EOSL	Cont	Sing
Eliza(Cont)25/8	5/9	Sing	Baridh	Cont	Col
Banglar Shikha(Cont)25/8	5/9	Sing	BSC	Cont	Sing
Gold Mekong(48)26					