## Pressure mounts on Netanyahu to pull out troops from S Lebanon

JERUSALEM, Nov 28: There have been seven military funerals over the past 10 days. Again and again, Israel's nightly news has led with anguished parents sobbing as the caskets of their sons, soldiers in their teens or early 20s, were lowered into the ground, reports AP.

Sensing the growing popular pressure to get the troops out of Lebanon, Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu on Friday promised a thorough review of Israel's policy, saying he cut short a trip to Europe and returned home to "make decisions."

He called a Sunday meeting of Cabinet Ministers and generals to discuss Lebanon, one of many attempts, all unsuccessful, in recent months to "rethink" the policy.

Israel invaded Lebanon twice, in 1978 and 1982, to drive back guerillas with the Shi'ite Muslim group Hezbollah. Israel set up a self-proclaimed "security zone" in southern Lebanon after withdrawing from the rest of Lebanon in 1985.

The Israeli rationale for maintaining the security zone Syria in the 1967 war. is to prevent Hezbollah from approaching Israeli villages

#### LTTE rebels operating aircraft

COLOMBO, Nov 28: Sri Lanka's Tamil Tiger guerillas have for the first time announced they are operating aircraft and said they were used to drop flowers over a "martyrs cemetery," Tamil sources said today, reports AFP.

The separatist Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) said in their clandestine voice of Tigers Radio today that helicopters were used in a ceremony at Muliyawli in the north-east of the country on Friday.

Tamil sources who monitored rebel radio in the northern town of Vavuniya 260 kilometres north of here, said the rebels' ceremony marked the culmination of their 'Heroes Week" which commemorated thousands of fighters killed in the separatist conflict.

The radio announcement was the first admission by the guerillas that they were operating aircraft.

The radio said while its 'Air Tigers' carried out the operation to drop flowers over the cemetery where their cadres are buried, anti -aircraft guns were brought into the area to keep away Sri Lankan airforce planes.

along border. Israel's history is spotted with bloody terror attacks in cities and towns near the border, including assaults on a school and a kindergarten.

Netanyahu said Friday he would only pull Israeli troops out of southern Lebanon if this did not expose northern Israel to Hezbollah attacks.

With Hezbollah unwilling to give such guarantees, it is unlikely Israeli troops will re-deploy any time soon.

Hezbollah commander Sheikh Nabil Kaouk on Friday offered little encouragement that an Israeli troop withdrawal would quickly end the conflict. He warned that "any adventure by the Israeli occupiers to try and change the status quo in south Lebanon will serve to increase its losses."

Since 1985, Israel's policy has been based on the belief that it can only pull out its troops as part of a peace agreement with Lebanon. However, Syria, the main power in Lebanon, is unlikely to permit such talks until Israel withdraws from the Golan Heights, a strategic plateau captured from

hand back the Golan, thus mak-

ing a peace agreement with Syria or Lebanon in the nearfuture unlikely.

The Israeli daily Yediot Ahronot quoted Netanyahu as saying in London that he did not reject out of hand a plan by Foreign Minister Ariel Sharon under which Israel would withdraw gradually and strike Hezbollah if it attacked north-

ern Israel. However, upon his return home Netanyahu appear to be sticking closer to Israel's longstanding policy. "As long as we don't have an alternative, we'll stay in Lebanon in order to defend northern Israel," he said.

Still, the rising death toll is increasing Israeli popular pressure to end Israel's occupation of south Lebanon. In all, 23 Israelis have died in Lebanon this

A poll in the Israeli newspaper Maariv on Friday indicated that 40 per cent of Israelis support a unilateral withdrawal. compared to only 16 per cent in February 1997. The survey was conducted among 560 adults and had a margin of error of 4.5 percentage points. A signed front-page com-

called on Netanyahu to "take an area would leave for good.

initiative," cut through the tangle of Israel's involvement in Lebanon and order a pullout.

Many Israelis say that if the Israeli army is no longer in Lebanon, Hezbollah will have no reason to attack. The Lebanese government endorses that argument.

But Hezbollah, sponsored by Iran and driven by an extremist ideology that leaves no room for a Jewish state in the Middle East, has given no such assur-

A unilateral Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon would be a "gamble," Israeli army Lt. Gen. Shaul Mofaz has said.

The grim choice facing Israel's leaders may well be choosing between army casualties and civilian casualties, say opponents of an Israeli pullout. They say Syria would have an interest in wearing Israel down by encouraging Hezbollah attack against Israeli villages.

Along the Israeli border, many residents are nervous about the prospect of an Israeli army pullout. A mayor of one of the border towns estimated that if a terror attack follows an Israeli military withdrawal. 20 Netanyahu is unwilling to mentary in Yediot Ahronot per cent of the residents of the



Hadassah Gez, sister of fallen Israeli soldier Eyal Cohen, is comforted by relatives as she grieves Friday over his flower-covered grave at the military cemetery in Bersheba. Eyal Cohen was one of seven Israeli soldiers killed in South Lebanon in the past ten days. Sensing pressure to get the Israeli troops out of Lebanon, Premier Benjamin Netanyahu - AP/UNB Photo cut short his trip to Europe to deal with the problem.

# Iraq submits distribution

UNITED NATIONS, Nov 28: Iraq submitted on Friday a plan for the distribution of food, medicine and other supplies. thereby moving closer to implementation of a new phase of the UN oil-for-food plan, Iraqi

Approval of the distribution plan by UN Secretary-General Kofi Annan's office is necessary before Iraq will resume oil exports and continue the plan

months. But Iraq intends to wait for the distribution plan to be approved before it resumes

The oil-for-food plan, which began in December 1996, is an exception to stringent trade sanctions imposed after Iraqi troops invaded Kuwait in August 1990. It allowed Baghdad to sell a specific amount of oil every six months to purchase food, medicine and other necessities.

for 5.25 billion dollars. But Iraq in the last six months sold only 3 billion dollars worth because of low oil prices and its dilapidated oil industry equip-

Nizar Hamdoon, Iraq's UN ambassador, said he did not expect delays in UN approval of its distribution plan because it closely followed the one adopted over the past six

International oil traders had predicted a gap of at lest three weeks for Iraqi oil ex-

handed over to the UN centre in Baghdad a 42-page report, drawn up on September 10, on chemical analyses of samples from special missile warhead fragments taken in July. These fragments are at the centre of

But in answer to information of missile engine components produced by Iraq, he said all documents had been handed over to UNSCOM and its "request for analysis is not justified on technical or scientific grounds."



#### **ULFA rebels blow** up oil pipeline, 2 bridges in Assam

GUWAHATI, India, Nov 28: Separatist guerillas blew up an oil pipeline and two major bridges in the north-eastern Indian sate of Assam today, crippling supplies, police said, report AFP.

Guerillas from the outlawed United Liberation Front of Assam (ULFA) set off explosives by remote control at Morigaon. about 70 kilometers (43 miles) east of here, a police spokesman said.

The explosion destroyed parts of an oil pipeline of the state-run Indian Oil Corp (IOC), snapping oil supplies from Assam to the rest of the country.

The blast also destroyed a railway bridge nearby, crippling rail services in the region. A second blast blew up a key road bridge in northern Assam's Darrang district.

The attacks came a day after ULFA militants gunned down five Indian soldiers and blasted a pipeline in the oil and tearich state. Today's was the fifth attack

in five years on Assam oil facilities, the police said a large fire was raging at Morigaon following the pre-dawn attack.

"It will take at last three days to restore the pipeline," an officer told AFP. The ULFA observed Novem-

ber 27 as a protest day to denounce New Delhi's decision to launch a military offensive against the group in 1990.

#### Court delays hearing on Anwar's bail

KUALA LUMPUR, Nov 28: Jailed politician Anwar Ibrahim's hearing on an appeal to free him on bail was adjourned till next week to allow his defense layers more time to prepare their case, reports AP.

Anwar's layers on Saturday told the three-member Court of Appeal they needed at least 24 hours to study a new court ruling that could potentially disqualify any further attempts to free Anwar on bail.

The higher court moved the hearing to Dec. 5.

Anwar's bail application has been turned down by a lower court once and an appeal against it also failed. Trial Judge Augustine Paul said Anwar's layers weren't able to prove that he would not tamper with witnesses if released on

#### Cold wave claims over 50 in Poland

WARSAW, Nov 28: More than 50 people many of them homeless street dwellers have

died in Poland in the past two weeks as a result of the bitter cold weather which has hit central and eastern Europe earlier than usual, reports AFP. Police said at least half of the 55 deaths so far recorded were of heavy consumers of al-

cohol usually men over 50 living in rural areas in many cases they went to sleep in the snow on their way home, and their frozen corpses were discovered the next day by children going to school. The remaining victims were

homeless people of which Poland is estimated to have more than 34,000.

The government has declined any responsibility for the wave of deaths which has put Poland at the head of a macabre league table of countries affected by the cold snap.

The majority of victims are irresponsible people who abused alcohol, said government spokesman Jaroslaw Selliin, I don't see what the government can do about someone who drinks too much then goes to sleep outdoors.

#### Mexico's Popo volcano erupts again

MEXICO CITY, Nov 28: Mexico's Popocatepetl Volcano

erupted again on Friday, twice spewing a column of red-hot lava and noxious gases up to two and a half miles into the air as it rumbled ominously, reports Reuters. Officials said the snowcapped 5,452 metre volcano 40 miles southeast of Mexico City

erupted in late morning. spreading a shower of ash on nearby villages and frightening residents with the thunder of its explosion. "The eruption sent fragments of lava over a radius of

just under 1 mile," the Disaster Prevention Service said in a bulletin. The volcano, commonly

known as "Popo," had a second, stronger eruption in the early afternoon, which also hurled blazing rocks up to nearly a mile away and sent a smoke column soaring 2-1/2 miles into the sky.

#### Gaddafi terms opening of Gaza airport a farce TRIPOLI, Nov 28: The open-

ing this week of Gaza International Airport, hailed by the Palestinians as a symbol of national sovereignty, was a farce, Libyan leader Moammer Gaddafi said Friday, reports AFP.

Quoted by the official Jana news agency, Gaddafi said the airport was under Israeli occupation, and he condemned Arab leaders who "distorted reality ... in an attempt to give legitimacy to Zionism. Under an agreement between

Israel and the Palestinians, Israel has to authorise every flight using the airport and supervises the movements of pas-\_ AP/UNB photo | sengers and freight.

## MQM leader warns of 'revolution' in Pakistan

LONDON, Nov 28" Altaf Hussain, leader of the Muttahida Qaumi Movement (MQM), has warned Pakistani leaders of a "revolution" and said that a brought to book." time would come when the nation's estimated 22 million Mohajirs would say "we don't want to live in Pakistan," re-

ports IANS. Mohajirs, the name given to Indian Muslims who migrated to Pakistan after the partition of the Indian subconfinent in 1947, have long been accused by the Pakistani establishment of loyalties to India.

Altaf Hussain was quoted in an interview to the Dawn newspaper as saying that if pushed to the wall. Mohajirs might say goodbye to Pakistan. "When they (Mohajirs) will not get justice from anywhere, when they will be declared terrorists and subjected to army aggression, when extra-judicial killings will take place, ultimately a time will come when they will be forced to say that -- no, we don't want to live in Pakistan."

Altaf Hussain had issued similar warnings in a number of earlier interviews. Last week he spoke of a coming "revolution" to The News of Pakistan. The country is moving towards

a revolution," he said. "This will not come today or tomorrow (but) the time is not far when the corrupt will be

"The awareness is spreading all over the country and there is widespread resentment in all sections of the society, even in the rank and file of the armed forces," Hussain said.

The MQM leader warned the Pakistan government against attempts to "capture" Karachi. Stating that any attempt to declare Karachi a federal territory would be the first step towards the "breaking up and disintegration of the country", Hussain said, "We would never allow the government to run Karachi as a federal territory after capturing it to establish PML (Pakistan Muslim League) rule here."

Hussain has spoken repeatedly and strongly of his determination to resist Pakistani government attempts to "capture" Karachi and launch "aggression" against the smaller provinces.

Demanding autonomy for the provinces. Hussain said, "If you want to maintain Pakistan you will have to give autonomy to the provinces."

The MQM leader, who has a

commanding hold over the Mohajirs of Pakistan from his London headquarters, has warned that the dangers for Pakistan also lie in Punjab and

not just Karachi. "Different Punjab-based religious groups, with foreign affiliations, are fighting each other and the ongoing Shia-Sunni clashes have caused re-

gional and international consequences," he said. Altaf Hussain, who has been accused by the Pakistani government of statements that are implicitly pro-India, balanced his new warnings to the Pakistan government with nationalistic statements against In-

Accusing Sharif of playing into India's hands, Hussain said, "We will never accept India's supremacy over Pakistan at any cost. If we accept Indian supremacy, that would mean we

are not a free nation." Hussain alleged Sharif had already accepted Indian hegemony in the region by agreeing to sign the NPT ( Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty), the CTBT (Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty) and also the FMCT (Fissile Material Cutoff Treaty).

#### Final death toll in India train crash 208

### Corpses removed from accident site

KHANNA, Nov 28: Scores of plain wooden coffins were loaded into open trucks Saturday and taken for identification or mass cremation. Authorities cleared away the last of the wreckage from a twotrain collision and declared a final death toll of 208, reports

Two days after one of the worst accidents in recent history, about 80 bodies remained unidentified and unclaimed. Video cameras filmed the corpses and belongings for showing later on national television, in the hope that relatives would step forward. Police said they would hold

the bodies in a mortuary in Patiala for a few days, then any remaining corpses would be cremated together. Patiala is 200 kilometers (124 miles) northwest of New Delhi.

In pre-dawn mist Thursday, the Calcutta-bound Sealdah Express collided with cars that had uncoupled from the Frontier Mail en route from New Delhi and toppled into the path of the oncoming train on a parallel track.



of one another, pinning dead and injured under tons of sheared metal. It took more than 24 hours to move giant cranes through the surrounding wheat fields to untangle the No survivors were found

since midday Thursday.

The national railways began an investigation into what caused the last four cars of the Frontier Mail to decouple and separate from the rest of the train.

### Honesty still the best policy for some

BANGKOK, Nov 28: A Thai construction engineer considered suicide after leaving five million baht (139,000 US dollars) in a taxi, but was soon all smiles when the next passenger handed the cash in, the Bangkok Post reported Today, says Reuters. Businessman Soroj Thee-

munity radio programme when he found a blue holddall containing the money in the back of a taxi on Friday, the paper said. The cash was claimed by Patpong Srisupak, who said it

kasathien contacted a com-

was for wages for his workers and building materials. "I would have jumped to my death had I not regained the

money," the paper quoted Patpong as saying. "My company is tacing a liq-uidity problem. The cash I lost in the cab was a loan from my

relatives. I am extremely lucky

to get it back and to know a very good man I owe him a lot." Patpong offered Soroj 300,000 baht as a reward.



A Cuban government supporter, left, fights a political dissident, right, outside of Cuba's former capital building in Havana Friday. Police carried off at least 5 people after government supporters clashed with a group of dissidents before the scheduled trial of fellow dissident Mario Viera. Viera had been scheduled to appear in court under criminal charges of defamation. AP/UNB photo

#### F-16 fighters

## US yet to pay off Pakistan

WASHINGTON, Nov 27: U.S. President Bill Clinton may have some good news for Pakistani Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif when the latter visits him next week, reports IANS. The Clinton administration

has been negotiating with New Zealand and believes it may have convinced the Kiwis to purchase the 28 F-16 fighter aircraft manufactured for Pakistan nearly a decade ago but never delivered. The aircraft have been sitting in the Arizona desert because the Pressler Amendment came into effect. The amendment was triggered in October 1990 when then President George Bush was unable to provide the annual certification required by Congress if Islamabad was to continue receiving American economic and military largesse - that Pakistan was not developing a nuclear device.

Since then Pakistan has been demanding that if the U.S. can't supply it with the planes. Washington should at least give its money back. Both Clinton and Congress agree that Pakistan's request is only fair, but finding buyers for the aircraft, which are virtually obsolete now, hasn't been easy. The U.S. has tried to sell the planes over the years to Bahrain, the Philippines and Indonesia. among others, but the deals have fallen through for one reason or the other. Bahrain and the Philippines drove a hard bargain and wanted the planes

titted with the latest avionics to make them on a par with the newest top-of-the-line aircraft. But they did not want to pay the full price for them, which meant that Pakistan would not be fully reimbursed.

A couple of years ago the deal with Indonesia was almost through till Congress decided to spike it because of the country's human rights violations in East Timor. Even though the administration believed it had the votes to push the proposal through Congress, the Indonesians got riled over some of the lawmakers' critical remarks and told the U.S. they could buy fighter aircraft from someone

#### Clinton to address Palestinian Nat'l Council in Gaza

WASHINGTON, Nov 28: President Bill Clinton will travel to Gaza to address the Palestinian National Council and oversee implementation of one critical element of the Israeli-Palestinian accord negotiated last month in Maryland, the White

House said Friday, reports AP. The council, meeting Dec. 14, is due to reaffirm the revocation of clauses in the Palestine Liberation Organization charter calling for Israeli destruction.

were then in limbo, but took on new urgency when Islamabad said it would sue Washington if it were not given either the planes or the money back. Pakistan's counsel and lobbyist in Washington, Lanny Davis of the firm Patton Boggs, was told to prepare the legal papers before the statute of limitations ran out in February 1999. Three years ago, \$150 million was returned to the Pakistanis, but they are still owed over \$400 million and there is no way the administration can convince Congress to provide an appropriate to repay the money. The only way out for the U.S.

The efforts to sell the planes

is to try and sell the planes to anybody who will have them. A senior administration official, asked why the U.S. was trying to push the aircraft to New Zealand, quipped: "Well, they've got money. There's a definite interest on their part." But apparently the New Zealanders are also driving a hard deal. They want to lease them first, with an option to buy if they feel like it down the road.

The administration would very much like to sell these aircrafts, return the money to Pakistan and be done with it because the F-16 issue is a festering irritant. It is the only facet of U.S.-Pakistan relations where Islamabad can put Washington on the defensive by saying the latter is holding on to something paid for.

#### belonging to Suharto unearthed JAKARTA, Nov 28: Former found more than 350,000 President Suharto and his fam- hectares of land in the form of a ily were found to own or have palm oil plantation owned by the former first family. shares in nearly three million hectares (7.4 million acres) of

Indian lawmaker held for poaching:

Murad Lari, a member of the Uttar Pradesh state assembly

A provincial lawmaker in northern India was arrested on

charges of shooting two deers in violation of wildlife law. a

was taken into custody earlier in the week after he allegedly

Bus driver shot dead in Seattle:

Seattle bus driver died on Friday after he was shot by a

passenger and the crowded vehicle careered out of control.

long, articulate Dking county metro bus crashed shortly after 3

6 dissidents held in Cuba: AT least six

dissidents were detained Friday after engaging in a shouting match with supporters of the Castro regime outside a

president of the Human Rights and National Reconciliation

German to extradite suspect to US: A
German court accepted Friday a demand from the United States

for the extradition of a suspected aide of Saudi millionaire and

alleged terrorist Osama bin Laden, defence lawyers said, AFP

had been informed of the decision by telephone, but stressed

that the court had not decided whether to grant or refuse the

7.4m acres of land

Lawyers for Sudanese Mamduh Mahmud Salim said they

Five others may have been arrested, said Elizardo Sanchez.

They said dozens of passengers were hurt when the extra-

news report said yesterday, AFP reports from New Delhi.

shot the spotted deer at a wildlife sanctuary.

courthouse, a dissident told AFP in Havana.

crashing off a flyover, police said.

pm (6 pm EST/2300 GMT).

Commission.

request.

reports from Munich.

land in four Indonesian provinces, a report here said yesterday, reports AFP. Some 2.44 million hectares were in forested areas of East Kalimantan, where Suharto

and his family owned 12 log-

ging concessions. "The findings have been reported to the attorney general's office," the head of the east Kalimantan higher attorney's office, Mansyur Kertayasa, was quoted as saying by the Kompas

Daily. Some 16.2 million hectares of 77 per cent of East Kalimantan, which is located in the island of Borneo, are forest areas. Some of the concessions were held jointly with Suharto's business partner, plywood tycoon Bob Hasan, some wholly owned and others as individual or Suharto-foundation shares in joint-venture foreign logging companies.

Kertayasa said that besides the land holdings, his office had traced 29 additional assets in the form of chemical and coal companies, as well as factories and buildings.

Meanwhile the south Kalimantan higher attorney's office

The National Land Agency (BPN) in west Sumatra has also

traced some 38,280 hectares of

palm oil plantations belonging

to the family while Yugyakar-

ta's higher attorney's office

found 150 hectares of land used for several businesses including a hotel and a car-racing circuit. The national land agency is working with the attorney general's office on a nationwide probe into the wealth of

Suharto and his family. Last week the BPN provincial office in Sumatra's Jambi province reportedly traced 122.4 billion rupiah (15.5 million dollars) of land and assets owned by the Suharto family.

Earlier this week reports

said the former president and

his family members owned

174,490 hectares (430990 acres)

in West Java province, and

346,002 hectares (854,624 acres)

in the province of north Suma-

On November 11 the BPN reportedly located 687 hectares of Suharto land in east Java, while a second report on November 17 said the Suharto family owned thousands of hectares in remote Irian Java

### Food-for-oil programme

# plan to UN

and UN official said, reports

Reuters which expired on Thursday.

The UN Security Council approved on Tuesday and Baghdad officially accepted the programme for another six

oil exports.

The latest renewal, the same as in the last six months, was

months.

Al-Qaysi also said he had

the VX dispute.



Benazir Bhutto, Pakistani opposition leader and former prime minister, left, comes out from Lahore Airport Friday.