Election to Parliaments of Bangladesh

by Osman Ghani Khan

Among the elections to the seven parliaments of Bangladesh, the election to the 5th Parliament dated February 27, 1991, under the interim government headed by Chief Justice Shahabuddin was 'free and fair', and perhaps the best of elections in the country. The election to the seventh Parliament, dated June 12, 1996, under the caretaker government headed by the retired Chief Justice Habibur Rahman, has also been praised by international observers as 'free and fair'.

T LECTION is the process of filling up political positions by votes. Parliamentary election in Bangladesh is held for a term of five years. on the basis of adult franchise. There is one Election Commission set up under provisions of Article 118 of the Constitution of Bangladesh. A citizen of not less than 18 years of age is entitled to be enrolled on the electoral roll for a constituency delimited. unless he is declared by a competent court to be of unsound mind

The Parliament has 300 general seats for direct election, and there are 30 seats reserved for women to be filled by indirect election. Elections to seven Parliaments of Bangladesh were held up to June. 1996.

The seventh election was held on June 12, 1996 under a caretaker government headed by a retired Chief Justice Mr Habibur Rahman, with a team of advisers constituted according to the provisions of the Thirteenth Amendment to the Constitution. Eighty-one political parties, and 2,574 members contested for the 300 seats. The number of voters was 5.67.16.935, and the voter turnout was 73 per cent. The result was: AL won 146 seats. BNP won 116 seats. JP won 32 seats, Jamaat-e-Islami 3 seats, two minor parties won one seat each, and one independent candidate won 1

Going backwards, election to the Sixth Parliament was held under the BNP regime. under parliamentary form of government on February 15. 1996. There was 5.67.00.000 voters approximately with turnout of approximately 15 per cent, as was stated at page 29 of The Economist, dated February 24, 1996. Only BNP and Freedom Party contested the election. All major parties boycotted the election. BNP won 298 seats approximately. The nomination committee of BNP did not give nomination to the sitting BNP member of Pabna-2 constituency in which he had defeated his nearest rival in the 1991 election to the Fifth Parliament by about 20,000 votes. In the June 12 election to the 7th Parliament, the BNP lost this seat and two other seats of the Pabna district (Pabna-3 and Pabna-4). Regarding nomination, there were many complaints in the newspapers.

By the Twelfth Amendment to the Constitution of the Republic (Act XXVIII of 1991 with effect from Sept 18. 1991), the form of government was changed from presidential to parliamentary. Seventy-six political parties and 2.787 candidates contested the election which was praised by distinguished international observers as free and fair'. The voter turnout was 55.35 per cent. BNP won 142 seats. AL won 92 seats, JP won 35 seats. Jamaat-e-Islami won 18 seats and other minor parties and independent candidates won 13 seats.

Election to the 3rd and 4th Parliaments took place under the Jatiya Party regime, under Presidential form of government, on May 7, 1986 and March 3, 1988 respectively. For the May 7, 1986 election, 28 parties and 1,527 contesting members participated. Number of voters was 4.73.25.886 and voter turnout was 50.28 per cent. There was influence on nomination in the JP, rigging ' in voting and interference in declaration of results. The JP won 183 seats. AL won 76 seats, Jamaat-e-Islami won 10 seats, other minor parties and independents won 31 seats. For the March 3, 1988 election to the 4th Parliament, there was a combined opposition which secured 19 seats. JP won 251 seats, two minor parties won 5 seats, and independents 25 seats. The number of voters was 4,98,63,829 and voter turnout was 54.93 per cent. This election was also rigged.

Election to the 2nd Parliament was held on February 18, 1979, under the BNP regime under presidential form of government. Twentynine parties and 2,125 candidates contested. Number of voters was 3.83,63,858 and voter turnout was 50.24 per cent. BNP won 220 seats, AL won 39 seats, other minor parties and independents won 41

Election to the First parliament was held on March 7. 1973, under AL regime, under parliamentary form of government. One thousand ninetyone candidates contested. The number of voters was 3,52,05,652 and voter turnout was 55.62 per cent. AL won 293 seats, two minor parties won I seat each, and independents 5 seats.

Some comments of the Time magazine, dated Dec 7 1987, and dated December 21, 1987, Bangladesh, Blow by Blow, regarding the May 7 1986 election are quoted be-

... He has been trying al-

most since the day he seized power in a military coup in 1982 to transform himself into a legitimate democratic leader. He formed Jatiya Party, dispensed patronage and tolerated corruption, all to build a political base. But when he staged a parliamentary election in May, 1986, his victorious party was charged with massive fraud. Five months later when Ershad finally stood for election as a civilian presidential candidate, opposition leaders rejused to participate citing the vote rigging that had taken place in May. This time, they are trying to bring him down, and he is responding in "Unfortunately for Ershad, his gambit appeared doomed to failure, as pressure mounted for the general to step down in favour of a caretaker government."

In an editorial titled "Nomination Hiccups". The Dathy Star. dated January 16. 1996, stated "Simmering dis-

content and outbursts have marked the ruling BNP's nominations of candidates for certain constituencies of the next parliamentary polls. From Narayanganj to Nilphamari. from Shariatpur to Sylhet to Rajshahi the internecine feud has been manifest, sometimes in an ugly form." In The Independent dated January 10, 1996, under the heading "50 injured, 30 vehicles smashed in districts", "Nominations spark off violenge" it was, inter alia, stated: "Feuds over nomination con-

tinued between BNP factions also in different parts of Pabna district. Nomination of local BNP leader Selim Reza Habib from Sujanagar, replacing former state minister Osman Ghani Khan triggered tension in the area... BNP nomination of Group Captain (Retd) Saiful Azam from Chatmohar-Ishurdi constituency caused protests and demonstrations from within the party." There were wide reports

about "rebellion in BNP," etc on the nomination issue published in the Janakantha dated January 12, 1996, January 13, 1996. January 11, 1996. January 16, 1996, January 18, 1996. Reports were also published about "violence" and "Hartal" etc. in The New Nation, dated February 11, 1996. The Daily Star. dated February 2, 1996, Janakantha, dated February 11, 1996, Feb. 13. 1996, February 6, 1996. Violence also occurred during election of the seventh Parliament on June 12, 1996, for which by-elections were arranged by the Election Commission for 27 constituencies with a large number of polling centres.

Among the elections to the seven parliaments of Bangladesh, the election to the 5th Parliament dated February 27, 1991, under the interim government headed by Chief Justice Shahabuddin was 'free and fair', and perhaps the best of elections in the country. The election to the seventh Parliament, dated June 12. 1996, under the caretaker government headed by the retired Chief Justice Habibur Rahman, has also been praised by international observers as free and fair' notwithstanding the violence at certain cen-

It may be mentioned that during the term of the 5th Parliament, 144 members of three major opposition parties. the AL. JP. Jamaat-e-Islami submitted resignation through the leaders of their parties, to the Speaker of the Parliament. They all absented from the Parliament up to the date of its dissolution — on November 24. 1995. Some details of their boycott of the Parliament may be found in the Article "Mass resignation — opposition parties seek to boycott Parliament in Bangladesh" by the Speaker. Shaikh Razzak Ali, MP, published in The Parliamentarian, the journal of the Parliaments of the Commonwealth, July 1995 LXXVI No. 3, page 184-

187. The event led to political tension, strikes and disruption of communication and hastened the thirteenth amendment to the Constitution. paving the way for a caretaker government for holding of

election to the seventh

Parliament. Though the election dated 12 June 1996, to the seventh Parliament was marked as 'free and fair' some rigging in polls and violence were also reported. In this connection, the article titled "Rush to Judgement" by Mr Abdur Rob Chaudhury, a contesting candidate of the BNP in the constituency 278. Lakshmipur-4.

published in the Holiday dated July 5, 1996, told a tale of largescale rigging and ballot-stuffing. Mr Kazi Zafar and Mr Monirul Huq Chowdhury of the JP, and Mr Shamsul Huq. AL candidate for a seat in Comilia district, had also their tales to

The elections to

Bangladesh Parliaments have taught us some lessons. One lesson learnt from the results of all the elections to the seven - Parliaments is that in spite of all inadequacies of democracy. the people in general ulti-mately vote for the right person. The second lesson is that the several minor political parties are being gradually eliminated leading ultimately to two major parties game, for which the AL and the BNP show the sign of survival. The third party, JP, has also some important role, particularly in the matter of forming coalition government. In future absolute majority win can hardly be achieved, and a coalition government is almost a 'must. After election to the fifth Parliament, the BNP had to some nomination committees make coalition with the

Jamaat-e-Islami, Thirdly, defeat of many notable candidates, particularly more than twenty Ministers. Whips, Deputy Speaker, etc. meant a great casualty for the BNP.

Such spectacular defeat of notables indicated that winning a parliamentary seat is not easy . It was also demonstrated that name of a party is not necessarily above the qualities of the contesting candidates, their knowledge and fund of experience. Air-Vice Marshal A K Khondker, Shamsul Huda Chowdhury Justice Nurul Islam of the AL; Mr Moudud Ahmed, Mr Kazi Zafar, Mr Shah Moazzem, Sarder Amzad Hossain of JP; Moulana Matiur Rahman Nizami, Mr Abbas Ali Khan. Moulana Abdus Sobhan, and Sk Ansar Ali of the Jamaat-e-Islami, Dr Kamal Hossain of Gono Forum; Rashed Khan Menon of the Workers Party: Salman F Rahman of Samriddha Bangladesh were also. defeated. Fourthly, leadership of some parties is weak and were not free from bias, and

they did not properly evaluate the knowledge and experience of the contesting candidates; this is a notorious hole in the organisation of some important parties. Fifthly, defective composition of the various committees of the party, and failure to organise the district and thana committees and to nurse these committees properly. This is particularly applicable to the BNP. Sixthly. appointment of a minister of state from Natore to be incharge of Pabna district caused considerable damage to the party in that district, and it was largely responsible for loss of three seats, viz. Pabna-2. Pabna-3, and Pabna-4 in the election dated, June 12, 1996 to the 7th Parliament. The BNP not only lost three seats in Pabna district, but also the defeat of the Secretary General of the party. Abdus Salam Talukder of Jamalpur, Major General (Retd) Majidul Huq of Magura, Tariqui Islam of Jessore, Col (Retd) Mustafizur Rahman of Bagerhat, Dr Mosharraf Hossain of Comilla. Nurul Huda of Chandpur,

Abdullah-Al Noman, L K

Siddiqi of Chittagong, Brig (Retd) Hannan Shah, Prof A Mannan of Gazipur, A Matin Choudhury of Narayanganj, Shajahan Siraj, Humayun Khan Panni and Maj. Gen (Retd) Mahmudul Hassan of Tangail. Lt. Gen (Retd) Mir Shawkat Ali, Mirza Abbas, Abul Hasnat, and Abdul Man-nan of Dhaka,

Prof Jahanara Begum of Rajbari, Abdur Rab Choudhury of Lakshmipur and many other prominent leaders of the party demonstrated that it was standing on a sandy base. But these were all good lessons in-deed. They will help purging some parties and their nomination committees of their evils, and promote the onward march of democracy in the country.

The writer is a former Defence Secretary, Finance Secretary, Auditor General of Bangladesh and Member/ Chairman of UN Board of Audi tors. He was also a Member of the Fifth Parliament and Minister of State for Establishment from March 20 to September 19, 1991.

Children Learn to Live with Scars of War

OTHING prepared young psychologist Darka Minic for the stories she hears from the children of

Bosnia and Herzegovina.

"They saw things I could not imagine," says 24-year-old Minic, who works at a rehabilitation centre for Bosnian children. "I knew there was shelling, but what they said was incredible to me. I didn't know they had been in jails. that they were mistreated by people who had been their friends.

People such as Minic are trying to pick up the pieces both mental and physical - left by the civil wars that torn through the Balkans over the past five years.

The peace agreement clinched in Dayton, Ohio. in late 1995 may have halted the fighting, but the scars remain. They are in evidence at the rehabilitation centre in Igalo on the Montenegrin coast. Every month, two coachloads of children arrive from Bosnia to fill the centre's 87 beds.

Most turn up alone, but there are also 26 beds for parents to accompany children with special needs. The centre cares for youngsters disturbed by war and also those with serious illnesses, for which treatment is unavailable in One mother, Mira, is staying

with her four-year-old daughter Natasha, who suffers from eerebral palsy. With the help of a physiotherapist. Natasha is struggling gamely to improve her walking.

"At home it was very difficult." says Mira. "We were stuck in our apartment because it was too dangerous to go out.

Backed by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), the centre offers psycho-social care for youngsters suffering from war-related trauma and stress.

For example, surveys have shown that almost all children in the cities of Mostar and Sarajevo have experienced shelling. More than half those in Sarajevo has been shot at. In Mostar three-quarters of those surveyed had their Tim Weaver writes from Igalo, Yugoslavia

The Dayton peace agreement has brought hope to Bosnia and surrounding regions, where people are picking up the pieces of lives and lands torn by conflict. Many children were traumatised by the fighting, and Gemini News Service reports how they are being given special help to heal.

Patchwork peace: the Dayton deal Territory held by Muslim/Croat federation, to be returned to Serbs) Posavina corridor International arbitration will decide Serb request 15mls/24km for widening of corridor to include the towns of **Brcko and Gradacac**) Sarajevo Bosnia's capital will be eintegrated in Muslim/Croat federation as a united city. Serbs will cade land in suburba and surrounding hills, but Serb population can Mrkonj BOSNIA Muslim/Croat 1) Gorazde corridor Permanent land link Serb ceded to between Muslim Gorazde enclave and Muslim/Croat federation. New road will be built) Mostar Town to be united under Muslim/Croat authority 6) Eastern Slavonia MONTENEGRO Croatia to retain control within two years) Prevlaka corridor M Serb access to sea psychoterapists also learned

homes attacked and 57 per cent reported having a wounded parent.

In Igalo, such children can benefit from psychotherapy Counsellors encourage their young patients to open up and express their shock, fear and anger, through talking, playing games drawing and other out-

To help set up the programme. UNICEF provided \$75,000 and organised specialised training for stall. The how to manage their own jobrelated stress One problem they face is the

sense of frustration at not being able to do more to help. The demand for places is high Because of this, most children can stay for little more than a month. But this is not enough. savs Minic.

"Even short-term therapy should last six months. If you open the trauma, you have to be able to close it, and you cannot do that in a month.

Sometimes it is better not to start the treatment at all. especially when the children have lost their parents. There is not enough time for the

not do that for everyone." Minic tells of one young girl who came to the centre grieving for a brother who was killed in fighting. The girl had worn black for a year and had not laughed. At the centre, she

grieving process to be com-

pleted. At first I wanted all the

children to stay, and I can ask

some to stay longer, but I can-

learned to live again and to laugh. "But I knew that when she went home, things would return to the way they were."

In nearby Croatia, another UNICEF-assisted programme is using art to help lift the spirits of children who witnessed the horrors of war.

School children in the industrial town of Slavonski Brod, on the border with Bosnia, are creating dramas and pictures celebrating peace and tolerance. Their inspiration is the work of a Croatian writer, Ivana Brlic-Mazuranic, who wrote folklore tales of human triumph over evil supernatural forces.

Slavonski Brod suffered extensive damage during the fighting that followed the creation of an independent Croatia in 1991. The locals' former antagonists live just across the River Sava in Bosnia, and the Serb-held re gion of East Slavonia lies to the

The idea of using moralistic fairy tales to impress upon the children that war is not the natural state of affairs is championed by Verica Vukelic, who for 20 years worked for the town's culture fund. She has been helped by her husband. Mato, the town mayor.

He and counterparts from 11 other former front-line towns in Croatia have declared themselves "defenders of children" as part of a global initia tive, launched by mayors and municipal leaders in 1992, to ensure that voungsters needs are met in accordance with the international Convention on the Rights of the Child.

The Croatian mayors have stated projects based on various themes. Dubrovnik, for instance, has taken the lead in educating young people about the dangers of land-mines and unexploded devices.

Slavonski Brod's mayor and his fellow civic leaders are driven by the desire to rebuild for the young. He says: "There is no more important thing in the town than the children."

The writer is a freelance journalist currently based in Crontin.

The Daily Star Entertainment Guide

Monday 22nd July (All programmes are in local

time. We recommend programmes printed in bold. There may be changes in the programmes

BTV,

3:00 Upening a Duran Programme Summary 3:10 Recutation From the Bible 3:15 Cartoon Film. Macron 3:45 Drama series Retelecast of Selected Dramas 4:00 News in Bangla 4:45 Rumihum Children's Dance Programme 5:00 News in Bangla 5.25 Nazrul Songs 5:50 Sports Programme 6:00 News in Bangla 6:30 Tarunnya: Youngmen's Magazine Programme 7:00 The News 7:05 Open University 7:25 Unish Bish: Quiz Programmes with the Participation of School Students 8:00 News in Bangla 8:40 Package Drama 10:00 News m English 10:30 Shasthatatha 10:35 Janomat: Family planning programme 10:55 Comedy series Coach 11:30 News in Bangla 11:35 Tuesday's programme 11 40 Close down

BBC

6:00 BBC Newsroom inc. World Business Report/Asia Today/24 Hours 9:00 BBC World Headlines 9:05 The Money Programme 10:00 BBC Newsday 1:00pm BBC World News 1:15 The Money Programme 2:88 BBC World News 2:30 Time Out Top Gear 3:00 BBC World News 3.30 Time Out : Food And Drmk 4:00 BBC Newsdesk 6:00 BBC News Headlines 6:05 Correspondent 7:00 BBC World News 7:15 World Business Report 7:30 BBC Newshour Asia & Pacific 8:38 Time Dut . The Contenders 9:00 BBC World News 9:15 The Money Programme 10:00 BBC World News 10:30 Tomorrow's World 11:00 The World Today 1:00 BBC

World meadlines 1:05 The Money Programme 1:50 Earth Report 2:00 BBC World News 2:30 Time Out Summer Holiday 3:00 BBC World Report inc. World Business Report/24 Hours 5:00 BBC World News 5:10 Newsnight

Jump Start VJ Trey 9:00 Frame by Frame 12:00noon The Vibe VJ Luke 1:00 By Demand VJ Trey 2 00 Hewind VJ Sophiya 3:00 Big sang VJ Alessandra 4:30 By Demand VJ Trey 5:38 Rewind VJ Sophiya 6:30 The Vibe VJ Luke 7:30 First Day First Show 8:00 Lunchpad 9:00 BPL Oye! 10:00 Big Bang VJ Alessandra 10-30 First Day First Show 11:00 Re Aimd V.: Sophic - 11:30 The Ride VJ Trev 12:00mm Over The Edge VJ Sophiya 12:30 Music Master Bes Shoof 1:00 Haysah 2:00 By Demand VJ Trey 3:00 Asian Top 20 VJ Nonie 5:00 Frame by Frame

STAR PLUS

6:30 Voltron 7:00 Teenage Mu tant Ninya Turtles 7:30 6 I Joe Lost In Space 7:00 Home and Stryker" 10:30 The Bold & The 12:00mn The New Twilight Zone 12:30 Hearts Afire 1:00 Grace Under Fire 1:30 Barnaby Jones 2:30 Videofashion News Pop.

CHANNEL V 7:00 Sewind VJ Sophiya 8:00

8:00 Saber Rider And The Star Sherrif 8:30 The Adventures Of Black Beauty 9:00 Aerobics 02 Style 9:30 Nanny and the Professor 10:00 Mr Belvedere 10:30 Cooking Secrets Of The CIA 11:00 Videofashion News: Pop Explosion 11:30 Gabrielle 12:30 Santa Barbara 1:30 The Bold & The Beautiful 2:00 The Oprah Winfrey Show 3:00 Remington Steele 4:00 Filler 4:30 Videofashion News Pop Explosion 5:00 Teenage Mutant Ninja Turtles 5:30 The Adventures Of Black Beauty 6:00 Away 7:30 Charles in Charge 8:00 MASH 8:30 Mystery Movies: "BL Beautiful 11:00 Santa Barbara



Close-up Antakshari on Zee TV, Tonight at 11:30

Explosion 3 00 The Oprah Wintrey Show 4:00 Hooperman 4:30 Home and Away 5:00 The Sullivans 5:30

STAR Sports

6:80 International Motor sports News Inside PGA Tour 7:00 World Rally Champs 7:30 Asia Sport Show 8:00 Inside PGA Tour 8:30 This is The PGA Tour 10:00 Cricket '96 Sunday League (AXA Equity & Law Sunday League Northamptonshire vs Middlesex 2:30 Gillette World Sport 3:00 inside PGA Tour 3:30 The Asian Football Show 4:38 High 5 III 5:00 World Windsurfing H/L 5:30 Asia Sport Show 6:00 Futbol Mundial 6:30 Trans World Sport 7:30 World Superbike Championship 1996 From Laguna Seca 9:00

Indian Football Federation Cup Pre Quarters Churchill Bros vs 11:00 Super 8's New Zealand vs Australia 'A' vs India From Kuala Lumpur 1:00 Super 8's Australia vs New Zealand From Juala Lumpur 3:00 Super 8's South Africa vs Asia From Kuala Lumpur 5:00 Australian Football League Highlights

STAR MOVIES

7:30 Comedy Mystery Date 15 (Arabic Subtitles) 9:30 Western Return Of The Texan PG (Arabic Subtrities: 11:38 Family . Hamboni And Hille 12 (Hindi Subtitles) 1:36 Adventure Capricorn 1 (Hind Subtitles 3:30 Family : The Silen One 12 (Hindi Subtitles) 5:31 Its A Wonderful Life (Hindi Dubbed | 7:38 Film Fiction

Drauma 1. Hindi Sub: 9 00 20 30 Deccan Dream 9:30 21:00 This Week That Year 10:30 Com The Couch Trip 18(Hindi Subtitles 11:30 World Cinema Cria Cuervos (English Subtitles) 1.30 Film Club The Unbelievable Truth 18 (Arabic Subtitles) 3:38 Thriller: Police Python 357 18 Arabic Subtitles) 5:30 Future The Quet Earth 18 Arabic Subtitles

PTV

8:00 am Tdawat Aur Tarjuma /Hamd/Naat 8:20 Cartoon 8:39 Khabram 8:45 Abb Pata Challa 9:05 Khat Farmaish 9:20 Sargam Sargam 9:45 Ilaaj-Bill-Ghiza Paki stan 10:05 Shab Daigh 10:35 Coulish Film : Goof Troop 10:55 ffilli Naghma 11:00 Khabrain :1:10 The Saint (Roger Moor 12:00 Shama (Drama Serial) 12:55pm Quran e-Hakeem 1:02 Bismillah 1:15 Angaar (Drama Se (all) 2:00 Shehrad (Drama Se ill 2:50 The Face Of Cultural 3:15 Roushni 3:30 Paimaney 4:00 Ghardari 4:35 Biology for 10th Geo: ¿phy/ Chemistry 5:55 Inter College Quiz 6:25 Aiou Courses 7:00 Taranum (Drama Senal) 7:45 English News 8:00 Patluck 8:20 Ali Baba 8:45 Tum Se Kahan Tha (Serial) 9:00 Break for Headline News 10:00 Khabarnama 11:15 Classics Drama Serial: Janglee 12:20 Special: TBA 1:00 Khas Khas Khabrain/ Close down BY IAN FLEMING

SONY ET

8:30am Yaadon Ki Baarat 9:00

The Three Stooges 9:30 Dennis The Menace 10:00 | Dream Of Jeannie 10:30 Raja Rani Aur Jokar 11:00 Sunday Ki Sunday (Serial) 11:30 Cine Matinee-Hindi Feature Film 2:30 Kismat 3:00 Zamin Asman 3:30 Mere Message Meri Geet 4:99 Surf-Wheel Of Fortune (Game Show) 4:30 The Rasoi Show 5:00 The World Cup Count down-Cricket 5:30 The Three

Stooges 6:00 Dennis The Menace 6:30 Mere Message Meri Geet 7:00 | Dream of Jeannie 7:30 Premier 8:00 Surt-Wheel Of Fortune 8:30 Taak Jhaank 9:00 Dekh Tamasa Dekh 9:30 Yeh Sadi Nahi Ho Sakti 10:00 Chamatkar (Drama Serial 10:30 Cine Prime-Hindi Feature Film 1:30 Mere Message Men Geet 2:00 Yaadon Ki Barat 2:30 Closed

EL TV

06 00am Dance Dance 7:00 :-of the Best 8:00 Tarana Aut Fasane 9:00 Music Time 10:00

DRAWING BY HORAK

Navaras 4:30 The Music Real Count Down 5 00 Teen Jo Paanch 5:30 Special 6:30 similal 7:30 Awaz Natu Angaz Wats 88:00 Top of the Tops 8:30 Dance Mama 9:00 Sorry Mery Lorry 9:30 Karz (Serial) 10:00 Chalo Cinema 10:30 Silsila 11 00 Special 12:30 Ched Chad 1 00 Music Time 2:00 Tarana Aur Fasane

Taranmum 10:30 Kal Bhi Aai Bhi

11.00 Tere V Chup 11.30 Amar

Prem 12:00 Special 1:00 Special

3:00 Shatrani 3:30 \ Three 4:00

ZEE CINEMA 9:30 Man Gaya Usta 12:30 - ship

LOOKING

YOU HAVE

YEAH - AN' I KEEP IT RAZOR - SHARP

FOR BUCKRA LIKE

6:00 The News 6:30 Jagran 7:00 A to Z of Computer the Management Course 8:00 Zee Education

Hoon Baharon Ka 3:45 Bida: 6:30

Varhadi Ani Vaiantri (Marathi

10:00 Ilzaam 12:45 Jaam

Hathelipe 4:00 Durga

ZEE TV Programme 8:30 The Dream Merchants 9:00 Hum Zameen 930 Gaane Anjaane 10:00 Zaike K - Safar 10:30 Sailab 11:00 Daak Ghar Apna Ghar 11:30 Gopaljee 12:00 Janbaaz 12:30 Shuno 2:30 Infotainment (TMM)

keting 2:30 Tara 3:00 Filmi Chakkar 3:30 Mere Ghar Ana Zindagi 4:00 Mano Ya Na Mang 4:30 Vimal Nave Tarane 5:00 A to 2 of Computer the Management Prog 5:30 Akbar Birbal 6:00 Cartoon 6:30 Positive Health Show 7:00 ZED 7:30 Gaane Anjaane 8:00 Tol Mol Ke Bol 8:30 TVS Saregama 9:15 Akar Jhalak 9:30 Campus 10:00 Daraar 10:30 The News 11:00 No Problem 11:30 Close Up Antakshan 12:00 Tara 12:30 Andaz 1:00 9 Malabar Hills 1:30 Tumhare Live 2:00 FLU

Shuno Iring Tring 1:00 A to Z of

Computer 1:30 Asian Sky - Mar

DD 7 10:30 Janmadin 10:35 Educ Prog 11:00 Narrulgeetin11:15 Folk

Songs Padabah Kirtan 12:30 Ek Silpi Onek Gaan 1:00 Janani 2:30 Ek Diner Sultan 3:00 Gaan Nive 3:30 Irsha 4:00 Janani 5:05 Nepali Programme 5:30 News 5:35 Desh Bidesher Khela 6:00 Palli Katha 6:30 Batavan 6:55 Arati 7:30 Bangla Sambad 7:55 Dinindan 8:00 Dik Darshan 8:45 Saptahiki 9:00 Pracheer 9:30 TBA 10:00 Bengali Movie Club Film Show : Agni Sambharba 1:00 Closed

AS THE TRAIN

ARTS THROUGH

THE TREES AND ON TO THE TRACK!

TOM and JERRY







