The Midnight File

Manpower export to Malaysia

'Unscrupulous agents to face tough action'

By Staff Correspondent

The government will take cumstances of travel by their tough action against illegal export of manpower to Malaysia, warned a Foreign Office spokesman yesterday.

Speaking at a press briefing. Foreign Secretary Farooq Sobhan said that 32 Bangladeshis have died in the Malaysian detention camps. Another 2,259 who entered that country illegally are currently being held in the

The Foreign Secretary held talks on the issue with the Malaysian authorities during a recent visit to Kuala Lumpur to attend the OIC contact group meeting on Bosnia.

Faroog Sobhan said that the demand for workers in Malaysia was unlimited. "But they are willing to take more people through the front door" and added that "government to government level contact will now be strengthened.

He said there was need for massive publicity among the intending job seekers to go through proper channels avoiding "unscrupulous agents.

Responding to a volley of questions from newsmen, the Foreign Secretary said the unfortunate deaths were not due to maltreatment but because of ailments and mal nourishment due to 'rigorous of travel through difficult terrain by the illegals."

He said that the Malaysians have denied that the conditions in the camps were deplorable and that the incidents of torture were not

"It is true we have previously faced problems regarding access by High Commission officials to the different camps. But now Kuala Lumpur has given unlimited access and 95 visits by embassy officials have taken place since 1993," he said.

The Foreign Secretary noted that nearly 90 per cent of the deaths in the eight detention camps involved Bangladeshis. The number of Indonesians detained was of deaths involving them were far less, as "the cir- 70,000.

illegal immigrants are not the same or as rigorous as

those from Bangladesh." Most of the people who have been detained in the camps are "people who have entered Malaysia illegally."

The Kuala Lumpur authorities have informed that thousands of Bangladeshis illegals enter Malaysia with the help of "Irresponsible recruiting agents" through southern Thailand. They often spent a month in the jungles waiting to be transported across the border. "These people are sported through the jungles of south Thailand and have to face tremendous ordeals. These rigorous travels lead to diseases like beri-beri, gastric and severe malnutrition

The Foreign Secretary said that there are an estimated 40,000 Bangladeshis waiting in the jungles of Thailand to cross into

The Foreign Secretary said the government has asked the Malaysian authorities to provide access to Bangladeshi doctors in the letention camps regularly.

Giving further details, Farooq Sobhan said some 26,240 illegal Bangladeshis have been detained by the Kuala Lumpur authorities between 1993 and June 95. The majority of them, he said, had been released by the Malaysian authorities.

An appeal has also been made by the Bangladesh Foreign Minister to the Malaysian authorities to regularise the 2,259 illegal workers who are currently detained, the Foreign Secretary informed.

According to the figures conveyed by the Malaysian authorities presently there are some 1,61,000 Bangladeshis working legally. But there is a higher figure with our High Commission," the Foreign Secretary pointed out.

Asked what could be the number of illegal Bangladeshis in that country, the almost twice, but the number Foreign Secretary said it ranged between 60,000 to

There is also the point of

democratic practice. If one

has a right to do 'hartal', then

another should, and must

have the right not to take

part in it. Talks of becoming

victims of 'public agitation' or

'public wrath' is nothing

more than intimidation of the

general mass. And political

leaders know more than

many of us that intimidations

do not work in gaining pub-

lic support. In fact it works

in the very opposite direc-

tion. While political parties

agitate and speak out, public

reacts in silence. Nobody re-

ally can gauge how much

people's sentiment has been

hurt by the public humiliation

the opposition will no doubt

say that we are making too

much out of a single incident.

eters were involved in this

three-day countrywide strike,

and only in one case did the

"stripping" occur. In reply we

can only remind them of a

song that inspired us so

much during our Liberation

War. "Amora ekti phoolkey

banchabo bole juddo kori"

(To save even one single

flower of our land, we wage

much about the masses, as it

is about individuals. When

one of us suffers indignity, we

are all lowered as a nation.

Let us not turn decency and

indecency into a numbers

game, which is to be counted

in averages. One act of indig-

nity directed to one single

Eye hospital

faulty cataract operation due

to 'negligence' by doctors

that led to the fungal infec-

tion and loss of the eye of

Moniruddin, 72, said his

Mokhdoom Ali, the younger

respondent yesterday, "I was

taken to the hospital

Director's room where four

doctors pressed me to with-

draw the lawsuit and threat-

ened with dire consequences

for non-compliance. They as-

sured free treatment for my

father if I withdraw the law-

Moniruddin, who remains

admitted in Bed No 16, Ward

"Three nurses attempted to

take my thumb print while I

was asleep and my sons were

No 2 at the hospital, said:

The lawsuit was filed by

Kamaluddin told this cor-

elder son Kamaluddin.

son of Moniruddin.

individual dishonours us all.

From Page 1

this war). Democracy is as

After all thousands of pick-

Some of my friends from

of one of them.

Commentary: Stop it

From Page 1 wholesale denouncing of this act and extending an apology to the victim. We feel that there is still time for such a course of action. The opposition parties can greatly regain their public esteem by following it.

There is another, and more practical, reason as to why we should condemn this incident immediately. We must put a stop to it before it spreads. Already there have been reports that several female garments workers in Shyamoli area of the city had their 'orna' removed for trying to go to work during hartal. One woman was physically pushed around till onlookers came to her rescue. We have earlier mentioned about commissioner Kabir. Can we not imagine the possible repercussions for our society as a whole if we do not immediately put a stop to this kind of public behavior? There are enough miscreants out there to take full advan-

tage of such a situation. I urge our political leaders to calm down and think things through. This particular movement is neither the beginning of a new dawn, nor the end of all our miseries. We will have to live with our misfortunes and struggles and of course hartals. There have been hartals in the past, and there will be hartals in the future — even if the current opposition should come to power. So do not destroy some basic social and cultural norms. Do not hand over your movement to the indecent elements. Political struggles are a part of the democratic process and, through trials and errors we have come a long way. Do not be shortsighted. It is easy to start indiscipline, but far more difficult to contain it. The indecency that is targeted at your 'enemy' today. may rebound to you tomor-

Opposition

From Page 1

Bangabandhu Avenue. Jatiya Party acting chairman Mizanur Rahman Chowdhury and Jamaat acting ameer Abbas Ali Khan announced the programme from their rallies in front of the Jatiya Press Club and the north gate of Baitul Mukarram mosque respectively.

The programme of Jatiya Party and Jamaat also includes mass contact throughoui the country from September 22 to 24.

Dhaka didn't need **BOP** support from IMF in '94-95

In a major shift from its traditional rigid lending approach, the International Monetary Fund now focuses also on social issues in member countries, apart from monetary matters, reports

Briefing on the IMF Annual Report 1995 here yesterday, a Fund official said social issues were being brought into consideration to derive broad-based support from society to the IMF programmes and objectives.

The report was released worldwide on September 14. Bangladesh did not receive any loan from IMF last vear because, the Fund official here said, the country "did not have any balance-ofpayment (BOP) problem."

IMF is traditionally a watchdog of global monetary system, and its lending programmes are usually restricted to short-term balance-of-payment support to member countries.

Beginning its new functional approach, IMF funded a programme in the former Soviet republic of Georgia for financial benefits to pensioners, and a refugee resettle programme Mozambique in 1994-95.

"The Fund is now stressing on quality growth... we are emphasising more on broadly focused objectives. the IMF official said.

3 killed From Page 1

One Jahanara Begum. 28 was killed by her step brothers at Muradnagar under Rangunia thana this morning. police said.

In another incident, a minor boy, Tajul Islam, died on the spot at Hathazari road when he was hit by a speeding truck in the morning.

PM: UN session From Page 1

briefing here yesterday. A formal announcement

will be made shortly, he said. Foreign Minister Mostafizur Rahman will lead the Bangladesh delegation at the current session of the United Nations General Assembly. The Foreign Minister who underwent a surgery at a New York hospital is now recovering well and is expected to be out of the hospital in 'a day or two,' Faroog Sobhan said.

The Foreign Secretary said that some 115 heads of state and government are likely to attend the 50th anniversary celebrations. The United Nations which began with 51 members, has now a strength of 185 member-na-

Replying to a question if the Farakka issue would be raised at the United Nations. Faroog Sobhan replied, "It is a bilateral matter and we will continue to hold bilateral discussions with India. However, it does not preclude raising the issue at global forums to sensitize the

people about the issue." Asked about the proposed Joint River Commission (JRC) talks, the Foreign Secretary expressed his optimism and said that both countries were trying to "find a mutually acceptable date."

"If all of us had not legit imised the appointment of the then vice-president Shahabuddin Ahmed, appointment of the Prime Minister would not have got legitimacy. We brought the Eleventh and Twelfth Amendments for the interest of the people," Hasina commented

About the Prime Minister's allegation that they (Awami League) had joined hands with the 'autocrats', Hasina said, "We are on streets and we can not prevent anybody from coming to streets.

"But, what does the Prime Minister do?" Hasina retorted, claiming that she (Khaleda) had sheltered in her party a person who was roaming around in Madaripur with firearms to rig elections for the former autocrat. "Even, the PM has sheltered an ally of Ershad who was known as the thief of Baghdad.

Earlier, party leaders Abdul Mannan, Zillur Rahman, Sajeda Chowdhury, Amir Hossain Amu, Abdur Razzak, Tofael Ahmed, Suranjit Sengupta. Mohammad Nasim, Mohammad Hanif and Matia Chowdhury also addressed the meeting.

Jamaat From Page 1 in the afternoon

Khan congratulated the people for the observance of the 72-hour hartal ending yesterday morning. supporting the opposition demand for caretaker administration to conduct national poils.

Jamaat Secretary General Matiur Rahman Nizamit accused the Prime Minister of 'double standard in leadership,' saying that she had supported the caretaker government idea before going to power, but was now rejecting

"Democracy will flourish if the nation gets rid of such leadership," he said, blaming the present government for blocking the way of free and fair elections for petty party interest.

The Baily Star

Indian opposition activists perform a mock hanging of Prime Minister P V Narasimha Rao and Chandraswamy, a controversial godman, in New Delhi yesterday. - AFP/UNB photo

Hasina: Constitution

From Page

their fists in support. Hasina further said the government was always taking plea of the Constitution regarding the Opposition demand but it did not hold by-elections on schedule and kept mum when the Speaker violated the Constitution by rejecting resignation of Opposition MPs.

This government is staying in power by force and running the country in an autocratic style although the people have expressed their "no-confidence" against it and gave a clear mandate for the elections under a neutral caretaker government, she

Referring to the PM's speech in Madaripur on Monday, Hasina, the former Leader of Opposition in Parliament, said, on November 6, 1990, she (Hasina) gave the outline for appointment of a vice-president for Ershad's resignation as per Article 51 and 55 of the Constitution.

Khaleda Zia at her public meeting at Shibchar in Madaripur said, in 1990. when the Ershad government was toppled in a mass movement, there was constitutional provision for appointing an unelected person as vice-president.

Gaddafi's fear

TUNIS, Sept 19: Libya and Iran will be the next targets for NATO air strikes after the Serbs in Bosnia, Libyan leader Muammar Gaddafi said in a speech to Sufi Muslims, reports AFP.

"NATO's military operations in Bosnia are to test arms ... to prepare for attack on Muslims," Gaddafi said in a speech carried by the Libyan news agency Jana on Sunday night. "We are hearing the

drumbeat of NATO attacks against us ... they are massing their arms for attacks against us," he added in his speech in the coastal town of Misurata.

RU reopens today

From RU Correspondent RAJSHAHI, Sept 19: Rajshahi University will reopen

tomorrow. The university was closed after clashes between the activists of the Jatiyatabadi Chhatra Dal (JCD) and the Islami Chhatra Shibir (ICS) on July 22 in which over 50 students were injured.

All residential halls reopened this evening.

Meanwhile, the university authorities have asked all students to carry their identity cards with them on the campus. The students were also advised to enter the halls by 10 pm.

All kinds of processions and railies are prohibited on the campus for the last two

The Vice Chancellor, Prof. M Eusuf Ali, at a press conference at his residence this evening sought cooperation of all quarters for maintaining peaceful and congenial atmosphere on the campus.

Dhaka backs Japan

From Page actively involved with func-

tions of the United Nations. "Bangladesh is one of the top four countries which have contributed troops to the United Nations peace keeping operations," the Foreign Secretary added.

ECOSOC membership

Bangladesh is a candidate for membership of the ECOSOC (Economic and Social Council), a leading organ of the United Nations.

Disclosing this, Foreign Secretary Faroog Sobhan said yesterday, "We have every reason to believe that we will be elected. We are campaign ing vigorously."

Bangladesh, he said, was elected member of the ECOSOC twice earlier.

Jatiya Party

From Page

ple for observing the 72-hour hartal and called for intensifying the movement to realise elections under caretaker government. Chowdhury also demanded

the release of former President H M Ershad.

Top leaders of JP Kazi Zafar Ahmed, Shah Moazzem Hossain, Moudud Ahmed and general secretary Anwar Hossain Manju were present in the meeting but could not address the people as the meeting was hurriedly called off due to rains. The meeting presided

over by the JP city president Col (Retd) A Malik was addressed by Shah Mohammad Abu Zafar, Shamim al Mamun and other leaders of the party's city unit and front organizations.

Govt-MQM talks resume ISLAMABAD, Sept 19: Talks between the government and opposition Mohajir Qaumi Movement (MQM) on

stemming the prolonged violence in Pakistan's largest city of Karachi resumed here today. "Our main concern is to bring peace to Karachi as soon as possible," the government's chief negotiator, law minister Nabi Dad Khan, told reporters before the meeting, reports AFP.

WB asks govt to reduce role in labour market

The government intervention to determine wages and other working conditions in the formal sector has politicised industrial relations and often led to inefficient and inequitable results, reports

Observing this, the World Bank in a recent report suggested that the government reduce its role in the country's formal sector labour market of about 12 per cent of the estimated total 59 million workforce.

The labour force is grow ing by about 3 per cent or 1.8 million every year, the Bank pointed out in its report on "Labour Market Policies for Higher Employment."

Of the total workforce. renowned economist Dr Wahiduddin Mahmud said, 90 per cent labourers are in informal sector including the agriculture and small industries. Their wage determination in the informal sector is not directly affected by any policy intervention.

Dr Mahmud, Chairman of the Economics Department of the Dhaka University, said it is in the formal sector that government wage setting may have direct and indirect affect. Public sector enterprises may account for one third to half of the formal sector employment.

Stripped man

From Page 1

similar manner near SM Hall at about 1:30 pm on the same day is a government employee, police sources added. Meanwhile. Md Alam ar-

rested for the stripping incident at Doel Chattar was produced before the CMH's court vesterday and was sent to the Dhaka Central Jail. Sources said that Alam

gave a confessional statement under Section 164 to a first class magistrate. Alam confessed that nine others were also involved in the two incidents of humiliation at Doel Chattar and near SM Hall. sources added

The Detective Branch police arrested Alam from Shahbagh area in the evening Saturday. A case has been filed with the Ramna thana in this connection Monday.

किलावग्राह्म है। किलावग्रह्म केलियावहरव

व्यक्ति गादक्ष क्षावातात वास तक है। सन्त

The WB report said industrial relations need to be depoliticised, which can only be achieved if the government's role in setting wages and benefits is greatly reduced Wages in private sector should be determined through collective bargaining with little government inter-

Privatising public enterprises will also reduce the scope of the government's wage-setting role and should be accelerated.

Khurshid Jahan

From Page 1

trying to disrupt peace in Dinajpur, capitalising the unfortunate incident of Yasmin Referring to her attendance in conferences dealing with women's right, she said even they have cast aspersions on her attending the confer-

She referred to the reports published in a section of the press regarding her absence from the Prime Minister's entourage of Dinajpur on September 12 and said after her return from Beijing on September 11 night, she was feeling tired and unwell and that was why she could not accompany the Prime Minister.

Mrs Huq said the reports published by certain newspapers regarding her return to the country on September 10 was unfortunate. Refuting the allegations that the Dinappur district administration had been enjoying certain facilities under her patronage, she said all these reports were motivated.

She said some people with a view to achieving their political motives had been trying to mislead the people by making false propaganda against her and trying to impair her personal dignity.

Mrs Hug described the newspapers as the conscience of the nation and expressed the hope that the newspapers would not publish such news items instigated by others. She said it is expected that like in the past the writeups of the journalists would help maintain the process of democracy.

DUCSU reunion tomorrow

From Page 1 president, the vice president and the secretary. The vice president and the secretary were to be students. They were to hold office until their successors were appointed.

The constitution was amended in 1939 as the students of the university wanted to free the DUSU from the control of the university authorities. The students had to resort to strike and even hunger strike to realise their demands.

The amended constitution excluded the university authorities from the management of the union. The new constitution provided that the president and the office bearers of the union were to be elected from the elected student representatives of the three halls.

The establishment of a fourth hall, Fazlul Haq Muslim Hall, in July 1940 rendered some provisions of the constitution ineffective and as a result, some changes were necessary for proper functioning of the union. A board was formed to

draft a workable constitution

but it failed. The Union func-

tioned without a constitution for a long time. In 1944-45, the executive council approved a new constitution but no new union committee was formed. The

Union did not function from July 1948 to June 1953. In July 1953, a committee was formed by the executive council to revise the constitution of the DUSU. Under

the new constitution, the Union was renamed as the Dacca University Central Students Union (DUCSU).

Under the new constitution, the Vice Chancellor was made the ex-officio president of the DUCSU. The executive council of the union was to be composed of the president (VC), treasurer (a teacher) and 16 student representatives elected by the hall unions. Ten office-bearers of the union were elected from among them.

The DUCSU started func-

tioning from the 1953-54 academic session. Again in 1960, the constitution of the DUCSU was amended. The executive council was renamed as the executive committee and the number of its members was increased to 18. The number of representatives from each hall union for any particular session would be determined by the VC in consultation with the Provosts. The offices of the DUCSU would also be distributed by the VC in the same manner but no hall should have both the offices of VP and GS. The treasurer of the union would be nominated by the VC from among

In 1970, a very important clause was added to the DUCSU constitution providing that nine office-bearers and nine members of its executive committee, except the president and the treasurer, were to be directly elected by the members of , the union.

the teachers.

After the independence of Bangladesh, the first DUCSU election was held on May 20. 1972. In 1973, some minor changes were brought to the constitution under which the number of office bearers was raised to 10 from 9.

The constitution and activities of the student union remained suspended till 1978 as some untoward incidents took place during the DUCSU election in 1974. In the 1978-79 session, the DUCSU resumed functioning under the amended constitution. The election was held on July 24, 1979 in a peaceful atmosphere.

The DUCSU election for the session 1979-80 was held on November 17, 1980. A F M Mahmudur Rahman (Manna) and Akhtaruzzaman were elected VP and GS respectively. The DUCSU election was

held as scheduled in the 1980-81 and 1982-83 sessions. But for some reasons, the DUCSU elections were not held till 1988. The election was held again in 1989-90 session. The last DUCSU election was held on June 6. 1990. The term of the present

DUCSU expired on June 8. 1991, Most of the members of the present DUCSU have also completed their studies in the university. Though the university authorities had twice tried to

hold the DUCSU elections,

they could not do it because

of the opposition of some

student fronts.

TE 18 19 23622/39/2

अधाण याश्य দেৰ ও জাতির সেবাম প্রতিক্রতিবছ একটি ব্যাহক

সাফল্য খুব সহজ না হলেও দুর্লভ নয়। ব্যাংকিং কার্যক্রমের প্রেক্ষাপট বিচার

করলেই বোঝা যায়, কৃষি, শিল্প, ব্যবসা-বাণিজ্যের উনুতি সাধনে অগ্রণী ব্যাংক

কতটা সূজনশীল।

দীর্ঘদিনের নিরলস প্রচেষ্টা, আন্তরিকভার সাথে সেবা প্রদান, আর গ্রাহকদের

প্রচন্ড আগ্রহ প্রমান করে আমাদের কোন পিছুটান নেই। বর্তমান ৯০১ তম শাখাই

তার জ্বলন্ত নিদর্শন।

উদ্যুম, সততা, আত্মবিশ্বাস, আর সেবাদানের অক্লান্ত প্রচেষ্টাই আমাদের

একমাত্র পুঁজি

Editor: Mahfuz Anam Printed & Published by A. S. Mahmud, Managing Director, on behalf of Mediaworld Ltd, 52, Motijheel C/A, Dhaka-1000, from City Publishing House Ltd, 90 Kakrail, Dhaka-1000 Editorial, News & Commercial Offices: House No: 11, Road No: 3, Dhanmandi R/A, Dhaka-1205. PABX: 500092-4,

Commercial: 500091 (Direct), Fax No: 88-02-863035, GPO Box No: 3257, Cable: DAILYSTAR, DHAKA.

वात्नस